



Natural Resources Conservation Service In cooperation with United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management; University of Idaho, College of Agriculture; and Idaho Soil Conservation Commission



# **How To Use This Soil Survey**

#### **General Soil Map**

The general soil map, which is a color map, shows the survey area divided into groups of associated soils called general soil map units. This map is useful in planning the use and management of large areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the map, identify the name of the map unit in the area on the color-coded map legend, then refer to the section **General Soil Map Units** for a general description of the soils in your area.

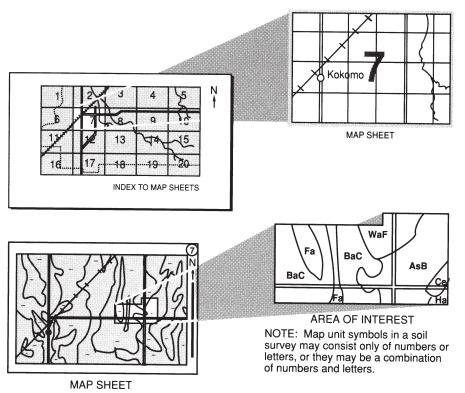
#### **Detailed Soil Maps**

The detailed soil maps can be useful in planning the use and management of small areas.

To find information about your area of interest, locate that area on the **Index to Map Sheets**. Note the number of the map sheet and turn to that sheet.

Locate your area of interest on the map sheet. Note the map unit symbols that are in that area. Turn to the **Contents**, which lists the map units by symbol and name and shows the page where each map unit is described.

The **Contents** shows which table has data on a specific land use for each detailed soil map unit. Also see the **Contents** for sections of this publication that may address your specific needs.



#### **National Cooperative Soil Survey**

This soil survey is a publication of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (formerly the Soil Conservation Service) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Major fieldwork for this soil survey was completed in 1994. Soil names and descriptions were approved in 1997. Unless otherwise indicated, statements in this publication refer to conditions in the survey area in 1994. This survey was made cooperatively by the Natural Resources Conservation Service; the United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management; the University of Idaho, College of Agriculture; and the Idaho Soil Conservation Commission. The survey is part of the technical assistance furnished to the Franklin Soil and Water Conservation District.

Soil maps in this survey may be copied without permission. Enlargement of these maps, however, could cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping. If enlarged, maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a larger scale.

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#### **Cover Caption**

View looking southwest along the Oneida Narrows Reservoir. Dranburn-Robin complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, is on the north-facing slope in the foreground. Bergquist-Softback complex, 25 to 65 percent slopes, is on the west-facing slopes at the left. Bergquist-Vitale complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes, is in the background.

Additional information about the Nation's natural resources is available online from the Natural Resources Conservation Service at http://www.nrcs.usda.gov.

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# **Foreword**

This soil survey contains information that affects land use planning in this survey area. It contains predictions of soil behavior for selected land uses. The survey also highlights soil limitations, improvements needed to overcome the limitations, and the impact of selected land uses on the environment.

This soil survey is designed for many different users. Farmers, ranchers, foresters, and agronomists can use it to evaluate the potential of the soil and the management needed for maximum food and fiber production. Planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers can use the survey to plan land use, select sites for construction, and identify special practices needed to ensure proper performance. Conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, wildlife management, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the survey to help them understand, protect, and enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. The information in this report is intended to identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. Statements made in this report are intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are shallow to bedrock. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

These and many other soil properties that affect land use are described in this soil survey. Broad areas of soils are shown on the general soil map. The location of each soil is shown on the detailed soil maps. Each soil in the survey area is described. Information on specific uses is given for each soil. Help in using this publication and additional information are available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

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United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, in cooperation with United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management; University of Idaho, College of Agriculture; and the Idaho Soil Conservation Commission

Franklin County Area is in the southeastern part of Idaho, at the northern end of Cache Valley (fig. 1). It includes all areas of Franklin County, except for the part in the Caribou National Forest. The total area is 305,600 acres, or about 478 square miles. Nearly 60 percent of the population in Franklin County comes from rural areas. The county had a population of 9,232 in 1990. In that year, Preston, the county seat, had a population of about 3,700.

The survey area consists mainly of north-south trending valleys bounded on the west by the Bannock and Malad Ranges, on the east by the Bear River Range of the Wasatch Front, and on the north by the Portneuf Range. The area is drained by the Bear River and its tributaries. The Bear River flows from the northeast through Mound Valley and Oneida Narrows and to the south through Cache Valley into Utah.

The highest elevation in the survey area, about 7,960 feet above sea level, is on Thatcher Hill, in the Portneuf Range. The lowest, about 4,435 feet, is in the southern part of the survey area, where the Bear River leaves Franklin County.

# **General Nature of the Survey Area**

This section gives general information about the survey area. It describes history and development, natural resources, agriculture, and climate.

### **History and Development**

Cache Valley, originally named Willow Valley, was given its present name by the mountain men who used the valley to hide the furs taken from the Bear River and its tributaries. Captain John Weber, Jim Bridger, William Sublette, and a party from the

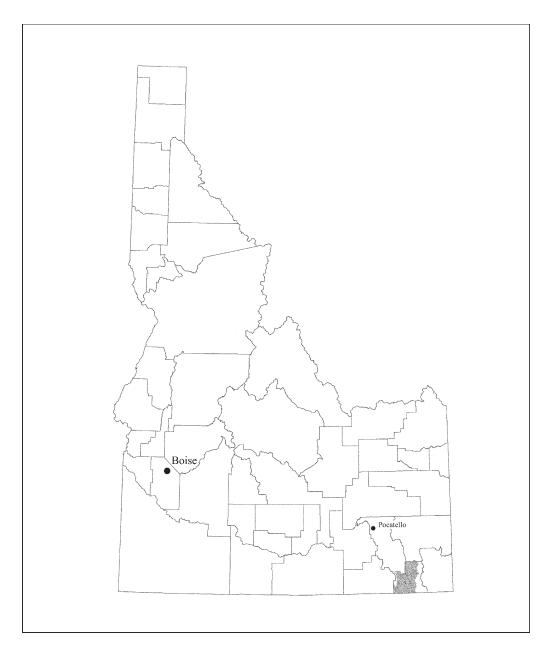


Figure 1.—Location of Franklin County Area in Idaho.

Rocky Mountain Fur Company entered the valley in the fall of 1824. They made the valley their winter headquarters, probably in an area along the Cub River. Men from the Hudson Bay and Missouri Fur Companies came to the valley for beaver. Warren Angus Ferris, from the American Fur Company, described Cache Valley as one of the most beautiful valleys of the Rocky Mountain Range.

The Native Americans of Cache Valley were hunters who ranged over a large area in search of food. Almost all of the Native Americans around the area were of the Shoshoni or Bannock Tribes. Later, other tribes either lived permanently in the valley or considered it their hunting grounds. At the time of the Battle of Bear River in 1863, there were hundreds of Native Americans in the valley. Many of them lived in the northern part of the survey area.

The town of Franklin is the first permanent town in Idaho. A small number of Mormon pioneer families arrived by covered wagon and settled at the current site of Franklin on April 14, 1860. They all moved their wagons close together for protection, removed the wagon boxes (which they used for homes), and used the wagon gears to haul logs from the canyons to build their homes. They formed these homes into a square fort to protect themselves from local tribes. In the years that followed, other early settlements, such as Oxford, Weston, and Dayton, were established. By 1890, Preston was becoming the dominant location for settlers within northern Cache Valley.

Idaho's first reported irrigation took place in 1860 with water from Spring Creek, near the town of Franklin. Later, many other irrigation canals were developed, making water available to many areas.

In January 1913, Franklin County was officially established and separated from Oneida County. In 1946, the Oxford and Thatcher areas were annexed and the present county boundaries were established.

#### **Natural Resources**

Soil and water are the most important natural resources in the survey area. The Bear River, which runs northeast to south through the county, is the largest drainage on the North American continent that does not reach the ocean (Randolph, 1978). Among the marketable products derived from the soil are small grains, hay, fruits and vegetables, and sand and gravel.

Water in the survey area is used primarily for domestic purposes, livestock, and irrigation. Springs and deep wells supply most of the water used for domestic purposes throughout the county. Perennial streams, springs, and wells provide adequate supplies of water for livestock in most parts of the survey area. Irrigation water in the valley is supplied by more than a dozen reservoirs developed for water storage. Water is diverted from major streams to irrigate small acreages in and along the adjacent bottom land.

Water also is used to generate electricity on Mink Creek, the Glendale Reservoir, and the Oneida Narrows Reservoir. Geothermal springs along the Bear River have given rise to recreational development and the potential for aquaculture and greenhouse specialty crops.

The mountains in the area offer many opportunities for recreation. Hunting, fishing, boating, and camping are the dominant recreational activities during the warmer months. Snow sports of all kinds are popular in winter.

Most mining activity in the county is for sand, gravel, and limestone. In the past, manganese, barite, specularite, and pyrite mines were worked.

#### Agriculture

The farming and livestock industries in the survey area have flourished since the coming of the railroad. The first settlers quickly discovered the favorable combination of climate and fertile soil in the area. They began to plow up the sagebrush and plant crops. With the development of the tractor and bigger and better machinery, especially after World War II, large acreages of rangeland were converted to cropland. The acreage of nonirrigated and irrigated cropland is nearly equal in the survey area. Over 70 percent of the farmers irrigate their cropland (Idaho Department of Commerce, 1992). The irrigated areas are primarily on the valley floors.

About 67 percent of the agricultural income in the survey area is derived from the sale of livestock, poultry, and dairy products. The sale of dairy products is the largest single source of income. Crops account for 33 percent of the agricultural income. Wheat, barley, alfalfa, and some safflower and canola are the dominant crops grown

in the nonirrigated areas. Alfalfa, barley, and wheat are the major crops grown in the irrigated areas. A small irrigated acreage is used for silage corn or green beans. Small areas are used for meadow hay southeast of Oxford, along the Oxford Slough, and along the Bear River bottoms. Some vegetable and fruit crops are grown for local canneries. Most of the farms and ranches in the area have combined farming and livestock operations.

Most of the nonirrigated cropland in the survey area is gently sloping to moderately steep. As early as 1930, farmers took note of erosion and siltation along streams as land was converted from rangeland to cropland. They realized the need for soil and water conservation measures and practices to control the effects of soil erosion. As a result, on December 17, 1947, the Franklin Soil and Water Conservation District was established.

There are more than 700 farms in the county, and the average farm size is nearly 400 acres (Idaho Department of Commerce, 1992).

#### Climate

Table 1 gives data on temperature and precipitation for the survey area as recorded at Preston, Idaho, in the period 1966 to 1990. Table 2 shows probable dates of the first freeze in fall and the last freeze in spring. Table 3 provides data on length of the growing season.

In winter, the average temperature is 23 degrees F and the average daily minimum temperature is 13 degrees. The lowest temperature on record, which occurred on December 23, 1990, is -31 degrees. In summer, the average temperature is 66 degrees and the average daily maximum temperature is 83 degrees. The highest recorded temperature, which occurred on July 10, 1985, is 101 degrees.

Growing degree days are shown in table 1. They are equivalent to "heat units." During the month, growing degree days accumulate by the amount that the average temperature each day exceeds a base temperature (40 degrees F). The normal monthly accumulation is used to schedule single or successive plantings of a crop between the last freeze in spring and the first freeze in fall.

The total annual precipitation is about 16 inches. Of this, 8.2 inches, or 51 percent, usually falls in April through September. The growing season for most crops falls within this period. In 2 years out of 10, the rainfall in April through September is less than 2.8 inches. The heaviest 1-day rainfall during the period of record was 2.2 inches on September 28, 1986. Thunderstorms occur on about 24 days each year, and most occur in July.

The average seasonal snowfall is about 35.1 inches. The greatest snow depth at any one time during the period of record was 35 inches.

The average relative humidity in midafternoon is about 44 percent. Humidity is higher at night, and the average at dawn is about 72 percent. The sun shines 79 percent of the time possible in summer and 44 percent in winter. The prevailing wind is from the southwest. Average windspeed is highest, 11.7 miles per hour, in April.

# **How This Survey Was Made**

This survey was made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The information includes a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location and a discussion of their suitability, limitations, and management for specified uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They dug many holes to study the soil profile, which is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends

from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept or model of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

This survey area was mapped at two levels of detail. At the more detailed level, map units are narrowly defined and boundaries were plotted and verified at closely spaced intervals. At the less detailed level, map units are broadly defined and boundaries were plotted and verified at wider intervals. The detail of mapping was selected to meet the anticipated long-term use of the survey.

# **General Soil Map Units**

The general soil map in this publication shows broad areas that have a distinctive pattern of soils, relief, and drainage. Each map unit on the general soil map is a unique natural landscape. Typically, it consists of one or more major soils or miscellaneous areas and some minor soils or miscellaneous areas. It is named for the major soils or miscellaneous areas. The components of one map unit can occur in another but in a different pattern.

The general soil map can be used to compare the suitability of large areas for general land uses. Areas of suitable soils can be identified on the map. Likewise, areas where the soils are not suitable can be identified.

Because of its small scale, the map is not suitable for planning the management of a farm or field or for selecting a site for a road or building or other structure. The soils in any one map unit differ from place to place in slope, depth, drainage, and other characteristics that affect management.

Some of the boundaries on the general soil map of the survey area do not match those on the maps of adjacent survey areas, and some of the soil names and descriptions do not fully agree. Differences result mainly from improvements in the classification of soils, particularly modifications or refinements in soil series concepts. Some differences result from variations in the intensity of mapping or in the extent of the soils in the survey areas.

#### Soils on Low Terraces and Flood Plains

This group consists of three map units. It makes up about 12 percent of the survey area. The soils in this group are on stream terraces, lake terraces, and flood plains along the Bear River and the Cub River. They formed in alluvium and lacustrine deposits derived from mixed sources.

#### 1. Lando-Battle Creek-Trenton

Very deep, nearly level to gently sloping, somewhat poorly drained and moderately well drained, silty and clayey soils (fig. 2)

Percentage of survey area: 7

Landform:

Lando—stream terraces
Battle Creek—lake terraces
Trenton—lake terraces

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,200 feet Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches

Minor components: Parleys, Kidman, and Maplecreek soils

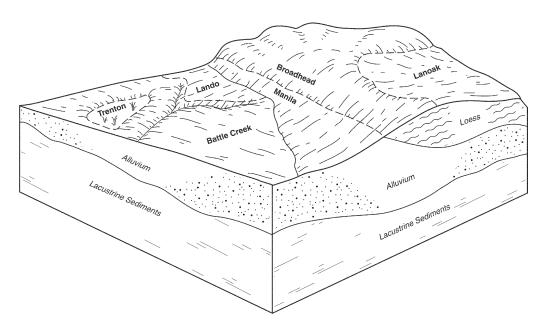


Figure 2.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map units 1 (Lando-Battle Creek-Trenton) and 10 (Manila-Lanoak-Broadhead).

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

#### 2. Windernot-Delish-Lewnot

Very deep, nearly level, moderately well drained to poorly drained, sandy and loamy soils (fig. 3)

Percentage of survey area: 2

Landform:

Windernot—stream terraces Delish—stream terraces Lewnot—stream terraces

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches

Minor components: Cachecan, Stinkcreek, and Battle Creek soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

#### 3. Picabo-Thatcherflats-Bear Lake

Very deep, nearly level, somewhat poorly drained and poorly drained, silty and clayey soils (fig. 4)

Percentage of survey area: 3

Landform:

Picabo—stream terraces and flood plains Thatcherflats—stream terraces Bear Lake—flood plains

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,100 feet Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches

Minor components: Downata, Merkley, and Lago soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

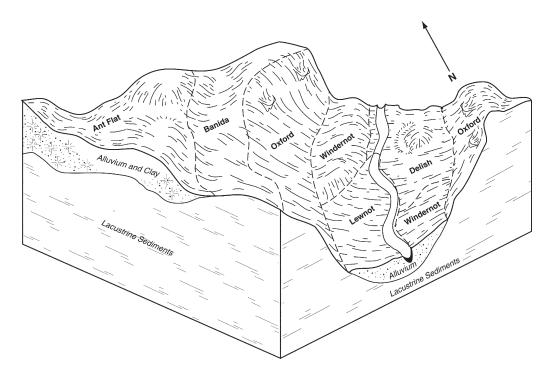


Figure 3.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map units 2 (Windernot-Delish-Lewnot) and 6 (Oxford-Ant Flat-Banida).

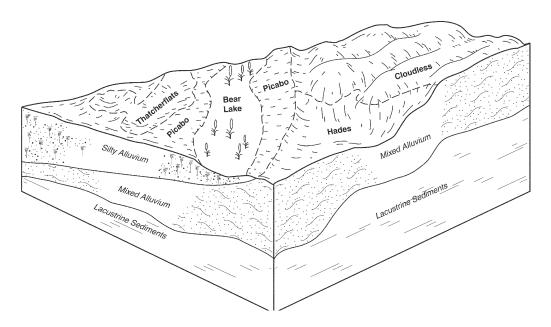


Figure 4.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map units 3 (Picabo-Thatcherflats-Bear Lake) and 12 (Cloudless-Hades).

## Soils on Medium to High Terraces

This group consists of four map units. It makes up about 36 percent of the survey area. The soils in this group are on lake terraces, stream terraces, and hills of ancient Lake Bonneville. They formed in alluvium and lacustrine deposits derived from mixed sources.

#### 4. Welby-Kidman-Preston

Very deep, nearly level to very steep, well drained to excessively drained, loamy and sandy soils (fig. 5)

Percentage of survey area: 8

Landform:

Welby—lake terraces

Kidman—stream terraces and lake terraces

Preston—dunes

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 17 inches

Minor components: Maplecreek, Layton, and Parleys soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, rangeland, and building site development

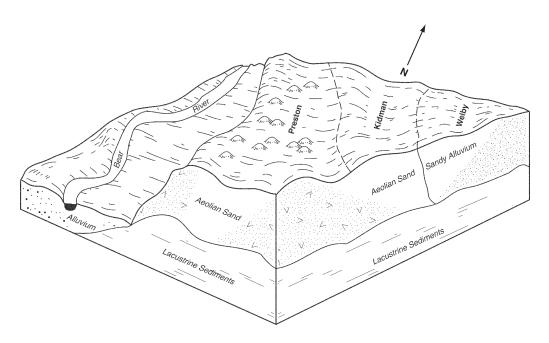


Figure 5.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map unit 4 (Welby-Kidman-Preston).

#### 5. Parleys-Ant Flat-Winwell

Very deep, nearly level to moderately steep, well drained and moderately well drained, clayey and silty soils (fig. 6)

Percentage of survey area: 6

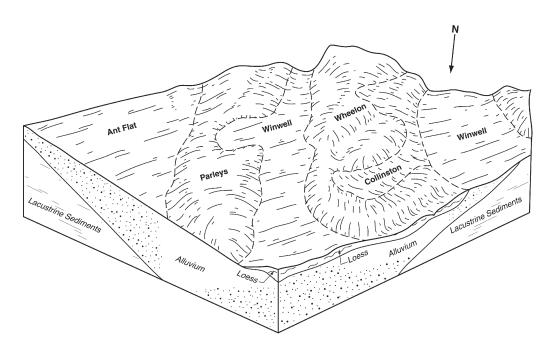


Figure 6.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map units 5 (Parleys-Ant Flat-Winwell) and 7 (Wheelon-Collinston-Winwell).

#### Landform:

Parleys—lake terraces Ant Flat—lake terraces Winwell—lake terraces

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,500 feet Frost-free period: 90 to 130 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches

Minor components: Trenton, Kidman, and Welby soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

#### 6. Oxford-Ant Flat-Banida

Very deep, nearly level to steep, well drained and moderately well drained, clayey soils (fig. 3)

Percentage of survey area: 15

Landform:

Oxford—lake terraces Ant Flat—lake terraces Banida—lake terraces

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,500 feet Frost-free period: 90 to 120 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches

Minor components: Manila, Brifox, and Hades soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, and building site development

#### 7. Wheelon-Collinston-Winwell

Very deep, nearly level to very steep, well drained, silty and clayey soils (fig. 6)

Percentage of survey area: 7

Landform:

Wheelon—lake terraces Collinston—lake terraces Winwell—lake terraces

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,200 feet Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches

Minor components: Parleys, Dirtyhead, and Huffman soils

Current uses: Cropland (fig. 7), hayland, and building site development



Figure 7.—An area of summer fallow in the Wheelon-Collinston-Winwell general soil map unit.

Detailed map unit 158 (Wursten-Dirtyhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes) is on the hills to the left. Detailed map unit 93 (Manila-Lonigan complex, 6 to 40 percent slopes) is on the slopes in the middle ground. The mountains in the background are part of the Malad Range in the Caribou National Forest.

# Soils on Mountains, Hills, and Fan Remnants

This group consists of five map units. It makes up about 52 percent of the survey area, including 1 percent bodies of water (lakes, ponds, and other areas that are covered with deep water for most of the year). The soils in this group are on mountain slopes, hillslopes, and fan remnants of the Bear River Range of the Wasatch Mountains. They formed in alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from mixed metasedimentary and igneous rocks and somewhat influenced by loess.

#### 8. Yeates Hollow-Vitale-Northwater

Very deep to moderately deep, steep and very steep, well drained, gravelly and loamy soils (fig. 8)

Percentage of survey area: 13

Landform:

Yeates Hollow—mountain slopes and hillslopes

Vitale—mountain slopes, mountain summits, and hillslopes

Northwater—mountain slopes

Elevation: 5,000 to 8,000 feet Frost-free period: 30 to 95 days

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 30 inches

Minor components: Dranburn, Ireland, and Povey soils

Current uses: Rangeland and forest land

#### 9. Yeates Hollow-Manila-Softback

Very deep, moderately steep and steep, well drained, gravelly and clayey soils (fig. 8)

Percentage of survey area: 12

Landform:

Yeates Hollow—mountain slopes and hillslopes

Manila—mountain slopes, hillslopes, and fan remnants

Softback—mountain slopes and hillslopes

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,600 feet Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

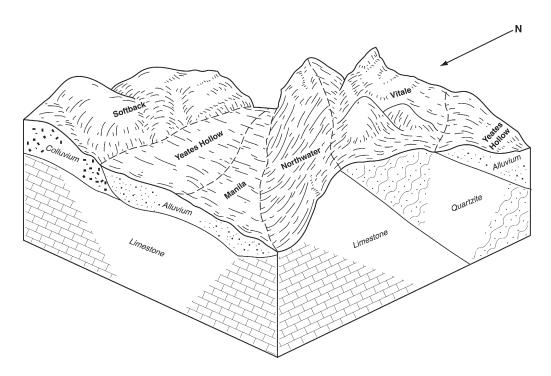


Figure 8.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map units 8 (Yeates Hollow-Vitale-Northwater) and 9 (Yeates Hollow-Manila-Softback).

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches

Minor components: Foxol, Vitale, and Parkay soils

Current uses: Rangeland, forest land, and building site development

#### 10. Manila-Lanoak-Broadhead

Very deep, nearly level to steep, well drained, clayey and silty soils (fig. 2)

Percentage of survey area: 6

Landform:

Manila—mountain slopes, hillslopes, and fan remnants

Lanoak—mountain slopes and hillslopes Broadhead—mountain slopes and hillslopes

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,900 feet Frost-free period: 55 to 100 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 20 inches

Minor components: Lizdale, Hondoho, and Hades soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, rangeland, and building site development

#### 11. Wormcreek-Lonigan-Manila

Moderately deep and very deep, moderately steep to very steep, well drained, gravelly, ashy, and clayey soils (fig. 9)

Percentage of survey area: 18

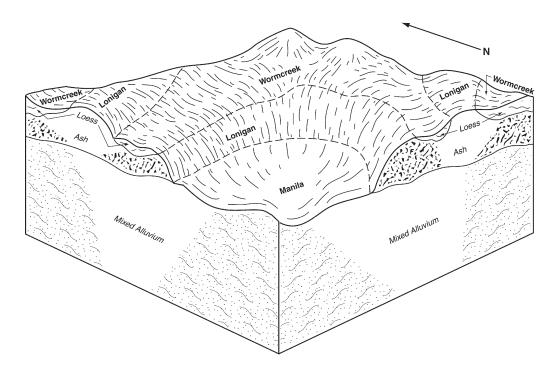


Figure 9.—Typical pattern of soils and underlying material in general soil map unit 11 (Wormcreek-Lonigan-Manila).

#### Soil Survey of Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Landform:

Wormcreek—mountain slopes Lonigan—mountains slopes and hillslopes Manila—mountain slopes, hillslopes, and fan remnants

Elevation: 4,600 to 6,600 feet Frost-free period: 60 to 110 days

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 20 inches

Minor components: Yeates Hollow, Broadhead, and Copenhagen soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, pasture, rangeland, and building site development

#### 12. Cloudless-Hades

Very deep, gently sloping to moderately steep, well drained, loamy soils (fig. 4)

Percentage of survey area: 2

Landform:

Cloudless—fan remnants Hades—mountain slopes, hillslopes, and fan remnants

Elevation: 4,800 to 6.700 feet Frost-free period: 60 to 100 days

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 20 inches

Minor components: Ant Flat, Lanoak, and Yeates Hollow soils

Current uses: Cropland, hayland, rangeland, and building site development

# **Detailed Soil Map Units**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in this survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this section, along with the maps, can be used to determine the suitability and potential of a unit for specific uses. They also can be used to plan the management needed for those uses.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. The contrasting components are mentioned in the map unit descriptions. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives the principal properties and qualities to be considered in planning for specific uses.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis

of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Parleys silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Parleys series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes or associations.

A complex consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Vitale-Bergquist-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Lonigan-Ricrest association, 50 to 80 percent slopes, is an example.

This survey includes *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Pits, gravel, is an example.

Table 4 gives the acreage and proportionate extent of each map unit. Other tables give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. The Glossary defines many of the terms used in describing the soils or miscellaneous areas.

In the map unit descriptions that follow, a semitabular format is used. In this format the major headings are centered in the column (for example, *Map Unit Setting*). They identify the information grouped directly below them. Introducing each item of information under the centered heading is a term or phrase (for example, *General Landscape*) that identifies or describes the information. Many of the centered headings and introductory terms are self-explanatory; however, some of them need further explanation and are defined in the Glossary. Explanations of the headings and introductory phrases are provided in the following paragraphs, generally in the order in which they are used in the map unit descriptions.

Map Unit Setting is given for the entire map unit. This section identifies the general landscape in which the map unit is located. The landscape positions given for the entire map unit generally are broader than those given for each component. The MLRA, or major land resource area, is listed next. The MLRA is a broad ecological area with characteristic climate, topography, vegetation, water resources, soils, and land use (USDA, 1981).

Map Unit Composition is given for the major components (soils or miscellaneous areas) identified in the name of the map unit as well as for the minor components. Dissimilar minor components are inextensive soils or miscellaneous areas that differ in use and management from the soils or miscellaneous areas for which the map unit is named. As explained above, minor components can either be similar or dissimilar. In the composition section, a single percentage is provided for a named soil and its similar soils because their use and management are similar.

Characteristics of the major components are given after the composition section. These include items of component setting, such as landform, slope shape, and aspect. Component properties and qualities give information on parent material, slope, depth to a restrictive feature, drainage class, available water capacity, and other important properties of the soil. Also provided are important interpretive groups, including land capability classifications and ecological site names and numbers. A brief typical profile description is given with horizons, horizon depth, and texture.

Dissimilar Minor Components are identified after the characteristics of the major soils are described. The extent of each minor component in the unit is indicated. The heading Major Uses follows the description of dissimilar minor components.

## 1—Airport silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

*Elevation:* 4,440 to 4,460 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 140 days

**Map Unit Composition** 

Airport and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### **Characteristics of the Airport Soil**

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Calcareous, silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 36 inches Salinity (maximum): Strongly saline (about 18.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 28.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4w

Ecological site: Semiwet Saline Meadow (R028AY001ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 4 inches; silty clay loam Btn—4 to 16 inches; silty clay loam Bk—16 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Sandy and loamy, stratified soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Delish soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Cachecan soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Stinkcreek soils—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

# 2—Ant Flat silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 120 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Ant Flat and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Ant Flat Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake plains and lake terraces

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southwest Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam

Bt—8 to 24 inches; clay Bk1—24 to 42 inches; clay

Bk2-42 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Aquolls—5 percent of the map unit
- Banida soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a thin dark surface layer—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are calcareous throughout—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have less than 35 percent clay in the subsoil—1 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and building site development

# 3—Ant Flat silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 120 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Ant Flat and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Ant Flat Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake plains and lake terraces

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam

Bt—8 to 24 inches; clay Bk1—24 to 42 inches; clay

Bk2-42 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Banida soils on convex slopes and narrow ridges—10 percent of the map unit
- · Pollynot soils on convex slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Oxford soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and building site development

## 4—Ant Flat silty clay loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 120 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Ant Flat and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Ant Flat Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam

Bt—8 to 24 inches; clay Bk1—24 to 42 inches; clay

Bk2-42 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

• Cloudless soils that have slopes of 6 to 12 percent—10 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 5—Ant Flat-Oxford complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

# Map Unit Composition

Ant Flat and similar soils—65 percent Oxford and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

# Characteristics of the Ant Flat Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam

Bt—8 to 24 inches; clay Bk1—24 to 42 inches; clay

Bk2—42 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Oxford Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 6 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silty clay Bw—5 to 26 inches; silty clay Bky—26 to 63 inches; clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Cloudless soils that have slopes of 6 to 12 percent—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 6—Ant Flat-Oxford complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Ant Flat and similar soils—50 percent Oxford and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Ant Flat Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Penrosentative aspect: Souther

Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

# Typical profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam

Bt—8 to 24 inches; clay Bk1—24 to 42 inches; clay

Bk2—42 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Oxford Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silty clay Bw—5 to 26 inches; silty clay Bky—26 to 63 inches; clay

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Winwell soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 20 percent—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and hayland (fig. 10)



Figure 10.—Hayland in an area of Ant Flat-Oxford complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes, near Lamont Reservoir. Sterling and Cedarhill soils are on the hills past the reservoir. The Wasatch Range of the Cache National Forest is in the background.

# 7—Arbone loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 100 days

# Map Unit Composition

Arbone and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

# Characteristics of the Arbone Soil

## Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 8 inches; loam Bw—8 to 21 inches; loam

Bk—21 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Oxford soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on linear slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 8—Banida silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4.700 to 5.200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 110 days

# Map Unit Composition

Banida and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Banida Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silty clay loam Bw1—6 to 22 inches; silty clay Bw2—22 to 35 inches; silty clay Bk—35 to 64 inches; silty clay

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Ant Flat soils on concave slopes and in depressions—10 percent of the map unit
- Oxford soils on convex slopes and narrow ridges—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and building site development

# 9—Banida silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 110 days

# Map Unit Composition

Banida and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Banida Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silty clay loam Bw1—6 to 22 inches; silty clay Bw2—22 to 35 inches; silty clay Bk—35 to 64 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- · Oxford soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on concave slopes and in depressions—10 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 10—Battle Creek silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Battle Creek and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Battle Creek Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam AB—8 to 11 inches; silty clay Bt—11 to 19 inches; silty clay Btk—19 to 40 inches; silty clay Bk—40 to 60 inches; silty clay

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Somewhat poorly drained soils—10 percent of the map unit
- Aquolls—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 11—Battle Creek silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Battle Creek and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

### Characteristics of the Battle Creek Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.7 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam AB—8 to 11 inches; silty clay Bt—11 to 19 inches; silty clay Btk—19 to 40 inches; silty clay Bk—40 to 60 inches; silty clay

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- · Poorly drained soils—10 percent of the map unit
- Trenton soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 12—Battle Creek silty clay loam, 4 to 8 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Battle Creek and similar soils—95 percent Dissimilar minor components—5 percent

#### Characteristics of the Battle Creek Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.7 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam AB—8 to 11 inches; silty clay Bt—11 to 19 inches; silty clay Btk—19 to 40 inches; silty clay Bk—40 to 60 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Somewhat poorly drained soils—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 8 percent—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 13—Bear Lake-Chesbrook-Picabo complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 95 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bear Lake and similar soils—40 percent Chesbrook and similar soils—30 percent Picabo and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Bear Lake Soil

## Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Occasional Ponding: Occasional

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 inches Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Chesbrook Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 6 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 12.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 2 inches; slightly decomposed plant material

Akg—2 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg—20 to 48 inches; silty clay loam Ckg—48 to 62 inches; silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Picabo Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 48 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 19.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 13.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R028AY029ID)

# Typical profile

Ak—0 to 4 inches; silt loam ABk—4 to 16 inches; silt loam Bk1—16 to 45 inches; silt loam Bk2—45 to 51 inches; silt loam Bkg—51 to 65 inches; silt loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Iphil soils on convex slopes and the higher stream terraces—5 percent of the map unit
- Merkley soil on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Lago soils on slightly convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

# 14—Bear Lake-Downata complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Bear Lake and similar soils—50 percent Downata and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bear Lake Soil

# Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Frequent Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Downata Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Frequent Ponding: Frequent

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 12.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w

Ecological site: Marsh Scac/tyla (R028AY030ID)

# Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

Ag-1 to 12 inches; silt loam

2Bgb—12 to 59 inches; silty clay loam 2Cgb—59 to 63 inches; silt loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

• Picabo soils on the slightly higher convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit

• Thatcherflats soils on the slightly higher concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

# 15—Bear Lake-Downata-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bear Lake and similar soils—50 percent Downata and similar soils—25 percent Thatcherflats and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—5 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bear Lake Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Frequent Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Downata Soil

## Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Frequent Ponding: Frequent

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 0 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 12.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w

Ecological site: Marsh Scac/tyla (R028AY030ID)

# Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

Ag-1 to 12 inches; silt loam

2Bgb—12 to 59 inches; silty clay loam 2Cgb—59 to 63 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Thatcherflats Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 36 to 48 inches

Salinity (maximum): Slightly saline (about 6.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 83.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4s

Ecological site: Alkali Flats 8-12 Save4/elel5 (R028AY011ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

Btn—4 to 16 inches; silty clay loam Btkn—16 to 61 inches; silty clay loam

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

• Picabo soils on the slightly higher convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

# 16—Bear Lake-Lago complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

*Elevation:* 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Bear Lake and similar soils—65 percent Lago and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—5 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bear Lake Soil

# Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Occasional Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

# Characteristics of the Lago Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 18 to 36 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4w
Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4w

Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R013XY039ID)

# **Typical profile**

A—0 to 9 inches; silt loam Bk—9 to 16 inches; silt loam Bkg—16 to 45 inches; silt loam Cg—45 to 60 inches; sandy loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that are on concave slopes and have 5 to 15 percent gravel—2 percent of the map unit
- Moderately well drained soils—2 percent of the map unit
- Picabo soils on convex slopes on stream terraces—1 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 17—Bearhollow-Brifox-Iphil complex, 20 to 35 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,400 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bearhollow and similar soils—30 percent Brifox and similar soils—25 percent Iphil and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

### Characteristics of the Bearhollow Soil

# Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to northwest (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 35 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 7.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.8 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; gravelly loam A—4 to 9 inches; gravelly loam Bk1—9 to 22 inches; gravelly loam Bk2—22 to 43 inches; gravelly loam Bk3—43 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

# Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to northwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material:

Slope: 20 to 35 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

# Characteristics of the Iphil Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to northwest (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 20 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 10.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam AB—8 to 15 inches; silt loam Bk—15 to 60 inches; silt loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have less than 18 percent clay in the subsoil—10 percent of the map unit
- Cedarhill soils on steep south-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

# 18—Bergquist-Rubble land complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bergquist and similar soils-60 percent

Rubble land—15 percent

Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Bergquist Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: Northeast to east (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 50 to 75 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.5 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; very gravelly loam Bw—5 to 12 inches; very gravelly loam

C—12 to 54 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

R—54 to 64 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Rubble Land

Rubble land occurs as scree slopes made up dominantly of cobbles, stones, and boulders. These slopes support little, if any, vegetation.

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 50 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- Foxol soils on convex slopes and on ridges—10 percent of the map unit
- Valmar soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

# Rangeland

# 19—Bergquist-Softback complex, 25 to 65 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13
Elevation: 4,900 to 6,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bergquist and similar soils—45 percent Softback and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Bergquist Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 25 to 65 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; very gravelly loam Bw—5 to 12 inches; very gravelly loam

C—12 to 54 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

R—54 to 64 inches; unweathered bedrock

### Characteristics of the Softback Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium

Slope: 25 to 65 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.6 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

## Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A1—1 to 4 inches; gravelly silt loam A2—4 to 10 inches; gravelly silt loam A3—10 to 24 inches; very cobbly silt loam

Bt1—24 to 30 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt2—30 to 39 inches; extremely gravelly clay loam

Bt3—39 to 63 inches; extremely gravelly silty clay loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Wet soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Vitale soils on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Foxol soils on the summits of ridges and on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Camelback soils on concave, east-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on concave, east-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 20—Bergquist-Vitale complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13
Elevation: 5,100 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Bergquist and similar soils—55 percent Vitale and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

# Characteristics of the Bergquist Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 15 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

# **Typical profile**

A—0 to 5 inches; very gravelly loam Bw—5 to 12 inches; very gravelly loam

C—12 to 54 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

R—54 to 64 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Backslopes and summits

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 15 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.8 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

R—26 to 36 inches; unweathered bedrock

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Wet soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 15 percent or more than 60 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop—5 percent of the map unit
- Foxol soils on the summits of ridges—3 percent of the map unit
- · Softback soils on north-facing, concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 21—Bothwell silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,100 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bothwell and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bothwell Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium and loess

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 25 inches; silt loam

Bt2—25 to 45 inches; silty clay loam BC—45 to 60 inches; silt loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- · Manila soils on linear, north- and east-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- · Lanoak soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 22—Bothwell silt loam, 12 to 30 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Bothwell and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bothwell Soil

### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium and loess

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 25 inches; silt loam

Bt2—25 to 45 inches; silty clay loam

BC-45 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- · Manila soils on linear, north- and east-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Kabear soils on linear slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 23—Bothwell-Hades-Justesen complex, 6 to 25 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Bothwell and similar soils—35 percent Hades and similar soils—30 percent Justesen and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bothwell Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium and loess

Slope: 6 to 25 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam

Bt1—6 to 25 inches; silt loam Bt2—25 to 45 inches; silty clay loam BC—45 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 6 to 25 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Justesen Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Backslopes and summits

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 25 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt—6 to 37 inches; silty clay loam Bk—37 to 60 inches; silt loam

### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Hondoho soils on convex slopes and on ridges—10 percent of the map unit
- Yeates Hollow soils on convex, south-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on concave, north- and east-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Vitale soils on footslopes—1 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 24—Bothwell-Thatcher complex, 4 to 8 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# Map Unit Composition

Bothwell and similar soils—40 percent Thatcher and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Bothwell Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium and loess

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 25 inches; silt loam

Bt2—25 to 45 inches; silty clay loam BC—45 to 60 inches; silt loam

# Characteristics of the Thatcher Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West
Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; loam

Bt—8 to 21 inches; silty clay loam Bk—21 to 60 inches: silt loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that are moderately deep to a cemented layer—10 percent of the map unit
- Vitale soils on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Harroun soils on convex, south-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Cedarhill soils on south-facing slopes and shoulders—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland (fig. 11)

# 25—Brifox-Huffman complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

*Elevation:* 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days



Figure 11.—Constructed terraces in an area of Bothwell-Thatcher complex, 4 to 8 percent slopes.

# **Map Unit Composition**

Brifox and similar soils—40 percent Huffman and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay

Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

# Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that are calcareous throughout—10 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Ricrest soils in depressions—3 percent of the map unit
- Niter soils on linear or concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 26—Brifox-Huffman complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Brifox and similar soils—40 percent Huffman and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material:

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Broadhead soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are calcareous throughout—10 percent of the map unit
- Ricrest soils in depressions—3 percent of the map unit
- Niter soils on linear or concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 27—Brifox-Niter complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Brifox and similar soils—55 percent Niter and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay

Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Niter Soil

# Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam Bss—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam Bkss—19 to 60 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 28—Brifox-Niter complex, 12 to 25 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Brifox and similar soils—65 percent Niter and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: West to north (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 25 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 6e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Niter Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: West to north (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 25 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 6e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam

Bss—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam Bkss—19 to 60 inches; silty clay

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that are calcareous throughout—5 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 25 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on concave slopes and have a thick dark surface layer—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 29—Brifox-Niter complex, 25 to 35 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Brifox and similar soils—55 percent Niter and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 25 to 35 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Niter Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 25 to 35 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam Bss—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam Bkss—19 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 25 percent or more than 35 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on convex or linear slopes—10 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

# 30—Broadhead-Hades-Yago complex, 4 to 20 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

*Elevation:* 6,400 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 22 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 80 days

## Map Unit Composition

Broadhead and similar soils—30 percent Hades and similar soils—25 percent Yago and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 4 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt-5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Yago Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 10 inches; extremely stony silty clay loam Bt—10 to 45 inches; extremely stony clay loam Bk—45 to 60 inches; extremely stony silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Wet soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 20 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Camelback soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Sedgway soils on linear slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Toponce soils on north-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

## 31—Broadhead-Yago complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13
Elevation: 5,760 to 6,040 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 22 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 80 days

## Map Unit Composition

Broadhead and similar soils—40 percent Yago and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to southwest (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Yago Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

## **Typical profile**

A—0 to 10 inches; extremely stony silty clay loam Bt—10 to 45 inches; extremely stony clay loam Bk—45 to 60 inches; extremely stony silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have a high shrink-swell potential in the surface layer—5 percent of the map unit
- · Hades soils on concave, north- and east-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils underlain by ashy tuff—5 percent of the map unit
- Camelback soils on convex, north- and east-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Toponce soils on north-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Bancroft soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

## 32—Camelback-Lonigan complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Camelback and similar soils—55 percent Lonigan and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Camelback Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1—14 to 22 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt2—22 to 32 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam
Bt3—32 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam
BC—50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Wormcreek soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Staberg soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Nyman soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—3 percent of the map unit

· Rock outcrop—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 33—Camelback-Valmar-Hades complex, 20 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Camelback and similar soils—40 percent Valmar and similar soils—20 percent Hades and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Camelback Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: Northeast to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1—14 to 22 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt2—22 to 32 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam
Bt3—32 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam
BC—50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Valmar Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Shoulders and summits

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: Northeast to east (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 30 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## **Typical profile**

A—0 to 9 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bt—9 to 14 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bw—14 to 24 inches; extremely stony silt loam
R—24 to 34 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: Northeast to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt-5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Moonlight soils on concave, north- and east-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- · Huffman soils on toeslopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 30 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

# 34—Cedarhill very gravelly silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Cedarhill and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Cedarhill Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY008ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam ABk—8 to 17 inches; very gravelly loam Bk—17 to 60 inches; very gravelly silt loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 20 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Wursten soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

## 35—Cedarhill-Hades-Ricrest complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,700 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Cedarhill and similar soils—40 percent Hades and similar soils—25 percent Ricrest and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Cedarhill Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam ABk—8 to 17 inches; very gravelly loam Bk—17 to 60 inches; very gravelly silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Representative aspect. Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Ricrest Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.9 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—6 to 20 inches; gravelly silt loam Bk—20 to 60 inches; gravelly silt loam

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Moonlight soils on concave, north- and east-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Manila soils on concave, south- and west-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—2 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—1 percent of the map unit
- Ridgecrest soils on convex, south-facing slopes—1 percent of the map unit
- · Huffman soils on convex slopes—1 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 36—Cedarhill-Hondoho-Ridgecrest complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,300 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 80 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Cedarhill and similar soils—35 percent Hondoho and similar soils—30 percent Ridgecrest and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Cedarhill Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None

Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 8 inches; very gravelly silt loam ABk—8 to 17 inches; very gravelly loam Bk—17 to 60 inches; very gravelly silt loam

## Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A-0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

### Characteristics of the Ridgecrest Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Summits

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium and colluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Stony 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY026ID)

## **Typical profile**

A—0 to 14 inches; extremely stony silt loam Bk—14 to 27 inches; extremely stony silt loam R—27 to 37 inches; unweathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on footslopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—2 percent of the map unit
- Manila soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are shallow to bedrock—1 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

## 37—Chesbrook-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 95 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Chesbrook and similar soils—60 percent Bear Lake and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Chesbrook Soil

## Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 6 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 12.9 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 2 inches; slightly decomposed plant material

Akg—2 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg—20 to 48 inches; silty clay loam Ckg—48 to 62 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Bear Lake Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Occasional Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Dissimilar Minor Components

- · Moderately well drained soils in slightly elevated areas—10 percent of the map unit
- · Lago soils in slightly convex, elevated areas—10 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Hayland, pasture, and rangeland

## 38—Cloudless-Hades complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 Elevation: 5,000 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 95 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Cloudless and similar soils—50 percent Hades and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

## Characteristics of the Cloudless Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 15 inches; silt loam

Bt2—15 to 21 inches; silty clay loam

Bt3—21 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Howcan soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Justesen soils on linear slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- · Ant Flat soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and building site development

# 39—Cloudless-Hades-Howcan complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Cloudless and similar soils—35 percent Hades and similar soils—30 percent Howcan and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Cloudless Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bt1—6 to 15 inches; silt loam

Bt2—15 to 21 inches; silty clay loam

Bt3—21 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Howcan Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)

## **Typical profile**

A—0 to 8 inches; very gravelly loam Bt1—8 to 25 inches; very gravelly loam Bt2—25 to 36 inches; very cobbly loam BC—36 to 60 inches; very stony loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Justesen soils on linear slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- · Ant Flat soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

# 40—Copenhagen-Lonigan-Manila association, 12 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 6,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Copenhagen and similar soils—35 percent Lonigan and similar soils—30 percent Manila and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Copenhagen Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 12 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 7 inches; very channery loam Bw—7 to 13 inches; very channery loam R—13 to 23 inches; unweathered bedrock

## Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 12 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Cr-24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Manila Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Bergquist soils on convex slopes—4 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have more than 35 percent rock fragments—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—3 percent of the map unit
- Parkay soils on northeast-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Wet soils—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

## Rangeland

# 41—Delish-Cachecan-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Delish and similar soils—40 percent Cachecan and similar soils—25 percent Stinkcreek and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Delish Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Pondina: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 18 to 30 inches

Salinity (maximum): Slightly saline (about 5.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R028AY029ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; fine sandy loam Bw—3 to 7 inches; fine sandy loam

C-7 to 61 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Cachecan Soil

## Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 30 to 42 inches

Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 9.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.8 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R028AY029ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; silt loam
Bw—5 to 20 inches; silt loam
Bg—20 to 37 inches; silty clay loam
Cg—37 to 61 inches; silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Stinkcreek Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 22.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bk—11 to 21 inches; silty clay loam

2C1—21 to 40 inches; very gravelly loamy sand 2C2—40 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sand

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Sandy soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Stratified, loamy and sandy soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Airport soils on linear slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Hayland, pasture, and rangeland

## 42—Downata silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,700 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Downata and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Downata Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Frequent Ponding: Frequent

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 12.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w

Ecological site: Marsh Scac/tyla (R028AY030ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

Ag-1 to 12 inches; silt loam

2Bgb—12 to 59 inches; silty clay loam 2Cgb—59 to 63 inches; silt loam

#### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Bear Lake soils—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have gravel and cobbles throughout—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have more than 35 percent clay in the subsoil—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

## 43—Dranburn-Robin complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains (fig. 12)
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,400 to 7,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 17 to 22 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 41 degrees F

Frost-free period: 50 to 70 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Dranburn and similar soils—45 percent Robin and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

## Characteristics of the Dranburn Soil

## **Setting**

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)



Figure 12.—Dranburn-Robin complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes, in the area of trees in the foreground. Manila-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes, is on the farmed fields to the right. Ireland-Polumar complex, 25 to 55 percent slopes, is to the left, adjoining the Wasatch Range of the Cache National Forest in the background.

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 15 to 45 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy Mountain Slopes 16-22 Acgl/brca5 (R013XY020ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 17 inches; silt loam

AB-17 to 22 inches; silty clay loam

Bt-22 to 48 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

BC—48 to 61 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Robin Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Loess Slope: 15 to 45 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: High Mountain Loam 25-35 Acsag2/phma5/brca5 (R047XY010ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 2 inches; silt loam A2—2 to 23 inches; silt loam BA—23 to 27 inches; silt loam Bt—27 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

Parkay soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

- Wet soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Vitale soils on convex slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Povey soils on convex slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Northwater soils on steep, concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 15 percent or more than 45 percent—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Rangeland and building site development

## 44—Enochville silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,760 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 42 degrees F

Frost-free period: 50 to 65 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Enochville and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Enochville Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Frequent Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 12 to 24 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.5 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R013XY039ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 12 inches; silt loam Cg—12 to 43 inches; silt loam

2Cg—43 to 60 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have a water table at or near the surface—10 percent of the map unit
- Poorly drained soils that have more than 35 percent rock fragments—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of more than 1 percent—2 percent of the map unit
- · Holmes soils on terrace risers—2 percent of the map unit
- Poorly drained soils that have a clayey subsoil—1 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

## 45—Foxol-Vitale complex, 20 to 55 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,500 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 19 to 25 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 70 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Foxol and similar soils—45 percent Vitale and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Foxol Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from quartzite

Slope: 20 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 14 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Shallow Stony 12-16 Arar8/pssp6 (R013XY014ID)

## **Typical profile**

A1—0 to 3 inches; very stony loam A2—3 to 9 inches; very stony loam

Bw—9 to 17 inches; extremely stony loam R—17 to 27 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

R—26 to 36 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Povey soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 55 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Dranburn soils on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

# 46—Hades-Camelback-Hondoho complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hades and similar soils—35 percent Camelback and similar soils—20 percent Hondoho and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Camelback Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1—14 to 22 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt2—22 to 32 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam
Bt3—32 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam
BC—50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Manila soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Cedarhill soils on convex, south-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Ridgecrest soils on convex, south- and west-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are somewhat poorly drained—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

## Rangeland

# 47—Hades-Lanoak-Camelback complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,900 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hades and similar soils—25 percent Lanoak and similar soils—25 percent Camelback and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: Northwest to northeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 40 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: Northwest to northeast (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 21 inches; silt loam Bt—21 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Characteristics of the Camelback Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: Northwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bt1—14 to 22 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt2—22 to 32 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam Bt3—32 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam

BC—50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have a mean annual soil temperature of less than 43 degrees F—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are moderately well drained or somewhat poorly drained—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- · Cedarhill soils on convex, south- and west-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- · Valmar soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 48—Haploxerolls-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 120 days

## Map Unit Composition

Haploxerolls and similar soils—45 percent Xerorthents and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Haploxerolls

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 20 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY032ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 6 inches; silt loam

Bw—6 to 17 inches; gravelly loam

Bk—17 to 60 inches; stratified gravelly loamy sand to very gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Xerorthents

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly loam

C—3 to 11 inches; extremely channery loam Cr—11 to 21 inches; weathered bedrock

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have more than 35 percent clay in the subsoil—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are somewhat poorly drained or poorly drained—5 percent of the map unit
- Sterling soils on convex, south-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Layton soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Vitale soils on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit
- Preston soils on linear or convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

## 49—Hendricks silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 5,100 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 44 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 125 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hendricks and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hendricks Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 10 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.2 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam
Bw—5 to 15 inches; silt loam
Bt—15 to 66 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 6 percent or more than 10 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Sterling soils—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated cropland and hayland

## 50—Holmes gravelly silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F Frost-free period: 85 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Holmes and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Holmes Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3c Ecological site: Riverbottom (R028AY020ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 4 inches; gravelly silt loam Bt—4 to 20 inches; very gravelly loam

2Cq-20 to 61 inches; extremely gravelly coarse sand

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have a seasonal high water table at a depth of 24 to 40 inches—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of more than 2 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have more clay and less than 35 percent rock fragments—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 51—Hondee gravelly loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 125 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hondee and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hondee Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 1 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2s

Ecological site: Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY024ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly loam
AB—6 to 16 inches; gravelly loam
Bk1—16 to 19 inches; very gravelly loam
Bk2—19 to 39 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

2Bk3—39 to 60 inches; very gravelly loamy coarse sand

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils on linear or slightly concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a seasonal high water table at a depth of 40 to 60 inches—5
  percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 52—Hondee gravelly loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F Frost-free period: 110 to 125 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hondee and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hondee Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY024ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly loam
AB—6 to 16 inches; gravelly loam
Bk1—16 to 19 inches; very gravelly loam
Bk2—19 to 39 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
2Bk3—39 to 60 inches; very gravelly loamy coarse sand

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## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments—10 percent of the map unit
- Sterling soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Collinston soils on the upper slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Winwell soils near toeslopes—2 percent of the map unit
- · Vitale soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 53—Hondoho-Hades complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hondoho and similar soils—50 percent Hades and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None

Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Oxford soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Cedarhill soils on convex, south- and west-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Camelback soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- · Bancroft soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

# 54—Hondoho-Ricrest complex, 4 to 20 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hondoho and similar soils—50 percent Ricrest and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Ricrest Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: Southwest Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.9 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—6 to 20 inches; gravelly silt loam Bk—20 to 60 inches; gravelly silt loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

 Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 20 percent—10 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 55—Hondoho-Sprollow-Hades complex, 12 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Hondoho and similar soils—35 percent Sprollow and similar soils—30 percent Hades and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Sprollow Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bw—3 to 14 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bk—14 to 39 inches; very cobbly silt loam
R—39 to 49 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 12 to 25 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Lizdale soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hymas soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

## Rangeland

# 56—Hondoho-Vitale complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 5,600 to 6,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Hondoho and similar soils—45 percent Vitale and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.8 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam R—26 to 36 inches: unweathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- · Hades soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Yeates Hollow soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Ricrest soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Ireland soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

# 57—Huffman silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Huffman and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Brifox soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Niter soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 58—Huffman silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Huffman and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Brifox soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Niter soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 59—Huffman-Dirtyhead complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Huffman and similar soils—45 percent Dirtyhead and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## Characteristics of the Dirtyhead Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Northeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and residuum

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 25 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.8 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 6 inches; very gravelly loam

Bk—6 to 38 inches; very gravelly sandy loam Cr—38 to 48 inches; weathered bedrock

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- · Lanoak soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Harroun soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 60—Huffman-Harroun-Lanoak complex, 2 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 5,300 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Huffman and similar soils—35 percent Harroun and similar soils—30 percent Lanoak and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Harroun Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to a duripan

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 7 inches; very gravelly loam
Bk—7 to 15 inches; very gravelly loam
Bkqm—15 to 28 inches; cemented material
C—28 to 60 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

#### Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southeast Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 36 inches; silt loam Bt—36 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

Soils that are calcareous throughout and have more than 18 percent clay—10 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 61—Huffman-Wursten complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Huffman and similar soils—45 percent Wursten and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

## Characteristics of the Huffman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Representative aspect: Southwest Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bw—7 to 28 inches; silt loam Bk—28 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Wursten Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 9.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; loam
Bk1—5 to 17 inches; loam
Bk2—17 to 31 inches; loam

Bk3—31 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- Hondoho soils on slightly concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Arbone soils on linear or slightly convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 62—Iphil-Lonigan complex, 8 to 20 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Iphil and similar soils—60 percent Lonigan and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Iphil Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 8 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 10.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam AB—8 to 15 inches; silt loam Bk—15 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 8 to 20 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

• Copenhagen soils on ridges—10 percent of the map unit

- Manila soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on linear slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- · Downata soils—2 percent of the map unit

### Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 63—Ireland-Polumar complex, 25 to 55 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,500 to 6,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 85 days

## Map Unit Composition

Ireland and similar soils—50 percent Polumar and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Ireland Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to northwest (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 25 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Pondina: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 2 inches; very cobbly loam A2—2 to 7 inches; gravelly loam

Bk1—7 to 14 inches; very gravelly loam

Bk2—14 to 23 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam

R—23 to 33 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Polumar Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to northwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 25 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam
A2—6 to 11 inches; gravelly silt loam
A3—11 to 18 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bk—18 to 22 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bkq—22 to 46 inches; extremely cobbly loam
R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Hondoho soils on concave slopes at the lower elevations—10 percent of the map unit
- Softback soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Sprollow soils on convex slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Sanyon soils on convex, northeast-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—3 percent of the map unit
- Parkay soils on concave, north- and east-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

# 64—Kabear-Staberg-Copenhagen complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kabear and similar soils—50 percent Staberg and similar soils—25 percent Copenhagen and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kabear Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: Southwest Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; very fine sandy loam Bw—9 to 45 inches; fine sandy loam C—45 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

#### Characteristics of the Staberg Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southwest Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from shale

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; loam

BA—10 to 23 inches; gravelly loam
Bt—23 to 33 inches; very cobbly loam
C—33 to 38 inches; very cobbly sandy loam
Cr—38 to 48 inches; weathered bedrock

## Characteristics of the Copenhagen Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 7 inches; very channery loam Bw—7 to 13 inches; very channery loam R—13 to 23 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that are very deep and have more than 10 percent gravel—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 65—Kabear-Staberg-Copenhagen complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kabear and similar soils—50 percent Staberg and similar soils—25 percent Copenhagen and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kabear Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; very fine sandy loam Bw—9 to 45 inches; fine sandy loam C—45 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

## Characteristics of the Staberg Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from shale

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; loam

BA—10 to 23 inches; gravelly loam
Bt—23 to 33 inches; very cobbly loam
C—33 to 38 inches; very cobbly sandy loam
Cr—38 to 48 inches; weathered bedrock

## Characteristics of the Copenhagen Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Pondina: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 7 inches; very channery loam Bw—7 to 13 inches; very channery loam R—13 to 23 inches; unweathered bedrock

## Dissimilar Minor Components

 Soils that are very deep and have more than 10 percent gravel—5 percent of the map unit

- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 30 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 66—Kearns silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kearns and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kearns Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

## Typical profile

A—0 to 16 inches; silt loam Bk—16 to 38 inches; silt loam C—38 to 60 inches: silt loam

#### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Welby soils on convex, south-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- · Parleys soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Kidman soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 67—Kearnsar-Battle Creek complex, 0 to 4 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A Elevation: 4,400 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Kearnsar and similar soils—60 percent Battle Creek and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kearnsar Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; silt loam
A—9 to 23 inches; silty clay loam
Bk1—23 to 27 inches; silty clay loam
Bk2—27 to 45 inches; silt loam
Bk3—45 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Characteristics of the Battle Creek Soil

## Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam AB—8 to 11 inches; silty clay Bt—11 to 19 inches; silty clay Btk—19 to 40 inches; silty clay Bk—40 to 60 inches; silty clay

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Trenton soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Kearns soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Maior Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 68—Kidman fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A Elevation: 4,500 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kidman and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kidman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: Southeast Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 12 inches; fine sandy loam Bw—12 to 25 inches; fine sandy loam Bk—25 to 44 inches; very fine sandy loam BCk—44 to 60 inches; very fine sandy loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Preston soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a clayey subsoil at a depth of 28 to 60 inches—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a gravelly subsoil at a depth of 28 to 60 inches—2 percent of the map unit

#### Maior Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 69—Kidman fine sandy loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A Elevation: 4,500 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 119 to 135 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kidman and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kidman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2e

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 12 inches; fine sandy loam
Bw—12 to 25 inches; fine sandy loam
Bk—25 to 44 inches; very fine sandy loam
BCk—44 to 60 inches; very fine sandy loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Parleys soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Collinston soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Preston soils on convex slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are calcareous throughout—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 70—Kidman fine sandy loam, 20 to 40 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,600 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kidman and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kidman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 20 to 40 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY024ID)

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 12 inches; fine sandy loam
Bw—12 to 25 inches; fine sandy loam
Bk—25 to 44 inches; very fine sandy loam
BCk—44 to 60 inches; very fine sandy loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have a high water table within 18 inches of the surface—5 percent of the map unit
- Preston soils on dunes—5 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on linear or concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Collinston soils on linear or convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

# 71—Kidman fine sandy loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

## Map Unit Composition

Kidman and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kidman, wet Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 12 inches; fine sandy loam Bw—12 to 25 inches; fine sandy loam Bk—25 to 44 inches; very fine sandy loam BCk—44 to 60 inches; very fine sandy loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Layton soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a clayey subsoil at a depth of 28 to 60 inches—3 percent of the map unit
- Maplecreek soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a gravelly subsoil at a depth of 28 to 60 inches—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a high water table within a depth of 12 inches—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 72—Kidman-Sterling complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Kidman and similar soils—45 percent Sterling and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Kidman Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 12 inches; fine sandy loam Bw—12 to 25 inches; fine sandy loam Bk—25 to 44 inches; very fine sandy loam BCk—44 to 60 inches; very fine sandy loam

## Characteristics of the Sterling Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2s

## **Typical profile**

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam Bk—8 to 66 inches; very gravelly loam

### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Welby soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a dark surface layer that is 20 to 30 inches thick—10 percent of the map unit
- · Hondee soils in old channels—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 73—Lando silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Lando and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lando Soil

## Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 48 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2e

## **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam AB—5 to 14 inches; silty clay loam Bk—14 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bkg—33 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have more than 10 percent gravel in the subsoil—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on concave slopes and are poorly drained—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have more than 35 percent clay in the subsoil—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have light colored surface horizons—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 74—Lanoak silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,300 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 75 to 100 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Lanoak and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3c

## Typical profile

A—0 to 36 inches; silt loam

Bt—36 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Huffman soils on slightly convex slopes in draws—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of more than 4 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Arbone soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Downata soils—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 75—Lanoak silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,300 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 75 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lanoak and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Northeast Range in aspect: All aspects

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

A-0 to 36 inches; silt loam

Bt—36 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Huffman soils on slightly convex slopes in draws—10 percent of the map unit
- Cedarhill soils on footslopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 76—Lanoak-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,100 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 75 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lanoak and similar soils—45 percent Broadhead and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 36 inches; silt loam Bt—36 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## **Typical profile**

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Yeates Hollow soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 30 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Brifox soils on convex summits and on ridges—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 77—Lanoak-Broadhead-Hades complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

*Elevation:* 5,100 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lanoak and similar soils—35 percent Broadhead and similar soils—30 percent Hades and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 25 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 36 inches; silt loam Bt—36 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 25 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 35 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## **Typical profile**

Ap-0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have more than 15 percent fine sand and coarser sand—10 percent of the map unit
- Aquolls in depressions—5 percent of the map unit
- Brifox soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 78—Lanoak-Hades complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

*Elevation:* 5,500 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Lanoak and similar soils—40 percent Hades and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: Southeast to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 6 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 21 inches; silt loam Bt—21 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: Southeast to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 6 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have a mean annual soil temperature of less than 43 degrees F—5
  percent of the map unit
- Valmar soils on ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Moonlight soils on north- and east-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Camelback soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 6 percent or more than 20 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- · Cedarhill soils on convex, south- and west-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 79—Lanoak-Thatcher complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills and mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lanoak and similar soils—60 percent Thatcher and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Lanoak Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Footslopes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 36 inches; silt loam Bt—36 to 50 inches; silt loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Thatcher Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 8 inches; loam

Bt—8 to 21 inches; silty clay loam Bk—21 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 30 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on ridges and shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Arbone soils on ridges and shoulders—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 80—Layton loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

## Map Unit Composition

Layton and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Layton Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 60 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 13 inches; loamy fine sand A—13 to 19 inches; loamy fine sand Bk—19 to 34 inches; loamy sand C—34 to 64 inches; loamy sand

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Kearns soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Preston soils on backslopes and footslopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Kidman soils on convex slopes and narrow ridges—3 percent of the map unit
- Wet soils—2 percent of the map unit
- · Maplecreek soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 81—Layton sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

## Map Unit Composition

Layton and similar soils—80 percent
Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

## Characteristics of the Layton Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 60 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 13 inches; loamy fine sand A—13 to 19 inches; loamy fine sand Bk—19 to 34 inches; loamy sand C—34 to 64 inches; loamy sand

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Preston soils on terrace risers—5 percent of the map unit
- Kidman soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Battle Creek soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Maplecreek soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Wet soils—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 82—Lizdale very stony loam, 30 to 60 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lizdale and similar soils—80 percent
Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lizdale Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Gravelly South Slope 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY012ID)

## Typical profile

Ak—0 to 6 inches; very stony loam

ABk—6 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk1—13 to 52 inches; very gravelly sandy loam Bk2—52 to 64 inches; gravelly sandy loam

Bk3—64 to 76 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Yeates Hollow soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Sprollow soils on convex slopes and on ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Hondoho soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

## Rangeland

# 83—Lizdale-Searla complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lizdale and similar soils—55 percent Searla and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

## Characteristics of the Lizdale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

#### Typical profile

Ak—0 to 6 inches; very stony loam

ABk—6 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk1—13 to 52 inches; very gravelly sandy loam Bk2—52 to 64 inches; gravelly sandy loam

Bk3—64 to 76 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

#### Characteristics of the Searla Soil

## Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.5 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 9 inches; gravelly loam

Bt—9 to 28 inches; very gravelly clay loam

Bk-28 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Harroun soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 30 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments in the subsoil—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 84—Logan silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 140 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Logan and similar soils—90 percent
Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

## Characteristics of the Logan Soil

## Setting

Landform: Stream terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 12 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 9.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.7 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)

## Typical profile

Oe—0 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed plant material

A—2 to 15 inches; silty clay loam Bkg—15 to 28 inches; silty clay loam Cg1—28 to 47 inches; silty clay loam Cg2—47 to 62 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Somewhat poorly drained soils that have a water table below a depth of 18 inches—5 percent of the map unit
- Stratified, sandy and loamy soils—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Hayland and rangeland

# 85—Lonigan-Lizdale association, 6 to 40 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

*Elevation:* 4,800 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Lonigan and similar soils—40 percent Lizdale and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 12 to 40 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

## **Typical profile**

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Lizdale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ak—0 to 6 inches; very stony loam

ABk—6 to 13 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk1—13 to 52 inches; very gravelly sandy loam

Bk2—52 to 64 inches; gravelly sandy loam

Bk3—64 to 76 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have slopes of less than 6 percent or more than 40 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Pavohroo soils on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Manila soils on linear, lower slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Copenhagen soils on backslopes and footslopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 86—Lonigan-Ricrest association, 50 to 80 percent slopes

## **Map Unit Setting**

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,600 to 6,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Lonigan and similar soils—45 percent Ricrest and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 50 to 80 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Ricrest Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 50 to 80 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—6 to 20 inches; gravelly silt loam Bk—20 to 60 inches; gravelly silt loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 50 percent or more than 80 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Parkay soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Copenhagen soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Bergquist soils on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 87—Manila silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Manila Soil

## Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Broadhead soils on concave, north-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Yeates Hollow soils on convex slopes near draws and ridges—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 88-Manila silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,100 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Manila and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Manila Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## **Typical profile**

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Oxford soils on slightly concave slopes and in depressions—10 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Pollynot soils on linear or convex, south-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, rangeland, and building site development

# 89-Manila silt loam, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

## Characteristics of the Manila Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Yeates Hollow soils on convex slopes near draws and ridges—10 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 90—Manila-Bancroft complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 80 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—50 percent Bancroft and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Manila Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 15 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Bancroft Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Loess Slope: 6 to 15 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY001ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam Bt—7 to 37 inches; silty clay loam Bk—37 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- · Yago soils on convex slopes and on ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils on concave slopes and on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 6 percent or more than 15 percent—2 percent of the map unit
- Cedarhill soils on convex, south- and west-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on concave slopes—1 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 91—Manila-Broadhead complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—50 percent Broadhead and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Manila Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Yeates Hollow soils on linear slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Thatcher soils on south-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Oxford soils on concave slopes and on east-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Poorly drained soils that have a water table within a depth of 18 inches—3 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on convex, south-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and building site development

# 92—Manila-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—40 percent Broadhead and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Manila Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Yeates Hollow soils on convex slopes near draws and ridges—10 percent of the map unit
- · Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on linear or concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Cedarhill soils on footslopes and summits—3 percent of the map unit
- · Wursten soils on west-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Iphil soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

# 93—Manila-Lonigan complex, 6 to 40 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—50 percent Lonigan and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Manila Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 40 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 6 to 40 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Broadhead soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Copenhagen soils on the shoulders of ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Bergquist soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 94—Manila-Yeates Hollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Manila and similar soils—55 percent Yeates Hollow and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Manila Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: Northwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

## Characteristics of the Yeates Hollow Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: Northwest to northeast (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 6 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; cobbly silt loam

BA—8 to 16 inches; extremely cobbly loam

Bt1—16 to 19 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

Bt2—19 to 29 inches; very cobbly clay

Bt3—29 to 60 inches; very gravelly clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Broadhead soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Staberg soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, rangeland, and building site development

# 95—Maplecreek fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Maior land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Maplecreek and similar soils—95 percent Dissimilar minor components—5 percent

## Characteristics of the Maplecreek Soil

## Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 42 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

## Typical profile

A—0 to 14 inches; fine sandy loam Bk—14 to 35 inches; fine sandy loam C—35 to 60 inches; loamy fine sand

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- · Layton soils—2 percent of the map unit
- Lando soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a seasonal high water table within a depth of 12 inches—1 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 96—Maplecreek-Layton complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Maplecreek and similar soils—45 percent Layton and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

## Characteristics of the Maplecreek Soil

## Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 42 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

## Typical profile

A—0 to 14 inches; fine sandy loam Bk—14 to 35 inches; fine sandy loam C—35 to 60 inches; loamy fine sand

## Characteristics of the Layton Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 60 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 13 inches; loamy fine sand

A—13 to 19 inches; loamy fine sand Bk—19 to 34 inches; loamy sand C—34 to 64 inches; loamy sand

## Dissimilar Minor Components

- Kidman soils on linear slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Battle Creek soils on the higher linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Preston soils on terrace risers—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have a seasonal high water table within a depth of 12 inches—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 97—Merkley-Lago-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Merkley and similar soils—45 percent Lago and similar soils—20 percent Bear Lake and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Merkley Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and loess

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 48 to 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 4.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.2 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c

Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3c

Ecological site: Loamy Bottom 12-16 Artrt/leci4-Agrop (R013XY045ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; silt loam Bk1—5 to 31 inches; loam

Bk2—31 to 50 inches; fine sandy loam

2C-50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loamy sand

## Characteristics of the Lago Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 18 to 36 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.5 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4w

Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R013XY039ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 9 inches; silt loam Bk—9 to 16 inches; silt loam Bkg—16 to 45 inches; silt loam Cq—45 to 60 inches; sandy loam

#### Characteristics of the Bear Lake Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Flood plains
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Occasional Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; silty clay loam Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; silty clay loam Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have travertine bedrock at a depth of 15 to 35 inches—5 percent of the map unit
- Picabo soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Thatcherflats soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils in areas where the mean annual air temperature is more than 47 degrees F—3 percent of the map unit
- Downata soils—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 98—Moonlight-Camelback association, 30 to 60 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 47

Elevation: 5,400 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 40 to 90 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Moonlight and similar soils—40 percent Camelback and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Moonlight Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 12.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Loamy Mountain Slopes 16-22 Acgl/brca5 (R013XY020ID)

## Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

Oe—1 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed plant material

A—2 to 26 inches; silt loam Bw—26 to 62 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Camelback Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam

A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt1—14 to 22 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt2—22 to 32 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

Bt3—32 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam

BC-50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have a seasonal high water table within a depth of 60 inches—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop and talus on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Pavohroo soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 99—Niter-Brifox complex, 1 to 4 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

## Map Unit Composition

Niter and similar soils—60 percent Brifox and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Niter Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 1 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.3 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam Bss—8 to 19 inches; silty clay loam Bkss—19 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Brifox Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Slope: 1 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silty clay Bss—7 to 18 inches; silty clay Bkss—18 to 60 inches; silty clay

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of more than 4 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Thatcher soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Aquerts—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated cropland and hayland

# 100—Northwater-Foxol-Vitale complex, 50 to 80 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,600 to 6,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 25 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 70 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Northwater and similar soils—35 percent Foxol and similar soils—25 percent Vitale and similar soils—20 percent

Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

## Characteristics of the Northwater Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: North to east (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 60 to 80 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

## **Typical profile**

A—0 to 12 inches; gravelly very fine sandy loam Bt—12 to 28 inches; extremely gravelly loam BC—28 to 46 inches; extremely gravelly loam R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Foxol Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Summits and shoulders

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: North to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from quartzite

Slope: 60 to 80 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 14 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.3 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Shallow Stony 12-16 Arar8/pssp6 (R013XY014ID)

## Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very stony loam
A2—3 to 9 inches; very stony loam
Bw—9 to 17 inches; extremely stony loam
R—17 to 27 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: North to east (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 50 to 75 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.8 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam R—26 to 36 inches; unweathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Rock outcrop—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 50 percent or more than 80 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on south-facing slopes and have more than 35 percent clay in the subsoil—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 101—Northwater-Povey complex, 10 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13
Elevation: 6,000 to 7,960 feet

*ievalion.* 6,000 to 7,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 20 to 30 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

# Map Unit Composition

Northwater and similar soils—65 percent Povey and similar soils—25 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Northwater Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.6 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Mountain Loamy 22+ Psmeg/syor2 (R013XY017ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 12 inches; gravelly very fine sandy loam Bt—12 to 28 inches; extremely gravelly loam BC—28 to 46 inches; extremely gravelly loam R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

## Characteristics of the Povey Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 10 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 17 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—17 to 38 inches; very cobbly loam

C—38 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Parkay soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Dranburn soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Wet soils—2 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 10 percent or more than 30 percent—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Rangeland and forest land

# 102—Northwater-Povey complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,900 to 7,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 20 to 30 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Northwater and similar soils—65 percent Povey and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Northwater Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to northeast (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None

Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loamy 22+ Psmeg/syor2 (R013XY017ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 12 inches; gravelly very fine sandy loam Bt—12 to 28 inches; extremely gravelly loam BC—28 to 46 inches; extremely gravelly loam R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

# Characteristics of the Povey Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Summits and backslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to northeast (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 17 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—17 to 38 inches; very cobbly loam

C—38 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Polumar soils on toeslopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Poorly drained soils near seeps and in drainageways—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Rangeland and forest land

# 103—Nyman-Lonigan-Copenhagen complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,300 to 6,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Nyman and similar soils—50 percent Lonigan and similar soils—20 percent Copenhagen and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Nyman Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.5 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: High Mountain Loam 25-35 Acsag2/phma5/brca5 (R047XY010ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A1—1 to 6 inches; channery silt loam
A2—6 to 12 inches; channery loam
A3—12 to 20 inches; channery loam
Bw1—20 to 25 inches; very channery loam
Bw2—25 to 36 inches; very channery loam
R—36 to 46 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 30 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

# Characteristics of the Copenhagen Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 30 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.2 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 7 inches; very channery loam Bw—7 to 13 inches; very channery loam R—13 to 23 inches; unweathered bedrock

- · Wet soils near seeps—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Smidale soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- · Wormcreek soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- · Rock outcrop on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 104—Oxford-Banida complex, 2 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

# Map Unit Composition

Oxford and similar soils—45 percent Banida and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Oxford Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silty clay Bw—5 to 26 inches; silty clay

Bky—26 to 63 inches; clay

#### Characteristics of the Banida Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silty clay loam Bw1—6 to 22 inches; silty clay Bw2—22 to 35 inches; silty clay Bk—35 to 64 inches; silty clay

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 2 percent or more than 4 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- · Pollynot soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 105—Oxford-Banida complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Oxford and similar soils—45 percent Banida and similar soils—35 percent

#### Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Oxford Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silty clay Bw—5 to 26 inches; silty clay Bky—26 to 63 inches; clay

#### Characteristics of the Banida Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silty clay loam

Bw1—6 to 22 inches; silty clay Bw2—22 to 35 inches; silty clay Bk—35 to 64 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Pollynot soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland (fig. 13) and hayland

# 106—Oxford-Banida complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Oxford and similar soils—50 percent



Figure 13.—Wheat growing on Oxford-Banida complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes, in the foreground. Oxford-Banida complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes, is on the rolling hills in the middle of photo. The snow-capped mountains in the background are in the Bannock Range of the Caribou National Forest.

Banida and similar soils—35 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Oxford Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY032ID)

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silty clay Bw—5 to 26 inches; silty clay Bky—26 to 63 inches; clay

#### Characteristics of the Banida Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.7 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY032ID)

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silty clay loam Bw1—6 to 22 inches; silty clay Bw2—22 to 35 inches; silty clay Bk—35 to 64 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 30 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils in draws—5 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Collinston soils on toeslopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and rangeland

# 107—Oxford-Gullied land complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

# Map Unit Composition

Oxford and similar soils—65 percent

Gullied land—15 percent

Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Oxford Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.4 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY032ID)

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silty clay Bw—5 to 26 inches; silty clay Bky—26 to 63 inches; clay

## Characteristics of the Gullied Land

This miscellaneous land type occurs on lake terraces in the Riverdale area, north of Preston. It is characterized by an intricate network of eroding slopes and gullies that range from 5 to 20 feet in depth. Gullied land is in areas of very silty soils that formed in mixed lacustrine deposits. Most areas of this land support little or no vegetation. Small areas support basin big sagebrush, rabbitbrush, and wheatgrasses. Seeps support willows, Russian olive, and cottonwood trees.

## Typical profile

H1—0 to 60 inches; stratified loam to silty clay loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Wet soils near seeps—5 percent of the map unit
- Preston soils on linear slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Pollynot soils on toeslopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Banida soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 108—Parkay-Povey complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 6,000 to 7,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 26 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

### **Map Unit Composition**

Parkay and similar soils—45 percent Povey and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Parkay Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: High Mountain Loam 25-35 Acsag2/phma5/brca5 (R047XY010ID)

## **Typical profile**

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A1—1 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
A2—3 to 12 inches; gravelly silt loam
AB—12 to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1—21 to 29 inches; very gravelly loam
Bt2—29 to 47 inches; very gravelly clay loam
R—47 to 57 inches; unweathered bedrock

# Characteristics of the Povey Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 17 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—17 to 38 inches; very cobbly loam

C—38 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

#### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Poorly drained soils near seeps and drainageways—5 percent of the map unit

- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Polumar soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Northwater soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 109—Parleys silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Parleys and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Parleys Soil

## Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2e

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam A—4 to 13 inches; silt loam

Bt—13 to 18 inches; silty clay loam Bk1—18 to 35 inches; silty clay loam Bk2—35 to 50 inches; silty clay loam

C-50 to 60 inches; silt loam

- · Winwell soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit
- Trenton soils in depressions and draws—5 percent of the map unit
- Pollynot soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 110—Parleys silt loam, 4 to 8 percent slopes

# **Map Unit Setting**

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A
Elevation: 4,400 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Parleys and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Parleys Soil

## Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 4 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam A—4 to 13 inches; silt loam

Bt—13 to 18 inches; silty clay loam Bk1—18 to 35 inches; silty clay loam Bk2—35 to 50 inches; silty clay loam

C-50 to 60 inches; silt loam

- Wheelon soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- · Winwell soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 111—Parleys silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

*Elevation:* 4,400 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Parleys and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

# Characteristics of the Parleys, wet Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 48 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

# **Typical profile**

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam A—4 to 13 inches; silt loam

Bt—13 to 18 inches; silty clay loam Bk1—18 to 35 inches; silty clay loam Bk2—35 to 50 inches; silty clay loam

C-50 to 60 inches; silt loam

- Welby soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on linear slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 112—Pavohroo-Sedgway-Toponce complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 6,000 to 6,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 25 to 28 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 39 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 50 days

# Map Unit Composition

Pavohroo and similar soils—30 percent Sedgway and similar soils—30 percent Toponce and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Pavohroo Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.8 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loamy 22+ Psmeg/syor2 (R013XY017ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi-0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

Oe—1 to 3 inches; moderately decomposed plant material

A1-3 to 6 inches; silt loam

A2—6 to 29 inches; silt loam Bw—29 to 63 inches; stony loam

# Characteristics of the Sedgway Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loamy 22+ Psmeg/syor2 (R013XY017ID)

### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

Oe—1 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed plant material

A1—2 to 7 inches; gravelly silt loam A2—7 to 23 inches; very cobbly loam Bt—23 to 62 inches; very cobbly clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Toponce Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Moist Mountain Loam 20+ Potr5 (R013XY016ID)

# Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; silt loam A2—3 to 14 inches; silty clay loam

Bt-14 to 60 inches; clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Aquolls—5 percent of the map unit
- Camelback soils on south- and west-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Vitale soils on linear or convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Forest land

# 113—Picabo-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys and plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

# Map Unit Composition

Picabo and similar soils—45 percent Thatcherflats and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Picabo Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Flood plains and stream terraces

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 48 inches

Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 19.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very high (about 13.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

Ecological site: Semiwet Saline Meadow (R028AY001ID)

# Typical profile

Ak—0 to 4 inches; silt loam ABk—4 to 16 inches; silt loam Bk1—16 to 45 inches; silt loam Bk2—45 to 51 inches; silt loam Bkg—51 to 65 inches; silt loam

# Characteristics of the Thatcherflats Soil

## Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 36 to 48 inches

Salinity (maximum): Slightly saline (about 6.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 83.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4s

Ecological site: Alkali Flats 8-12 Save4/elel5 (R028AY011ID)

#### Typical profile

A-0 to 4 inches; silt loam

Btn—4 to 16 inches; silty clay loam Btkn—16 to 61 inches; silty clay loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Downata soils—10 percent of the map unit
- Bear Lake soils—10 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on high terraces—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, pasture, and rangeland

# 114—Pits, gravel

# Map Unit Composition

Pits, gravel—100 percent

# Characteristics of Pits, Gravel

These are open excavations in which the soil and part of the underlying sand, gravel, and cobbles have been removed. This unit is generally on terraces created by the ancient Bonneville Flood. The underlying material supports very little, if any, vegetation.

# Typical profile

H1—0 to 60 inches; gravel, cobbles

# 115—Pollynot gravelly loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

*Elevation:* 4,600 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

# Map Unit Composition

Pollynot and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Pollynot Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 7.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 9 inches; silt loam

A2—9 to 13 inches; silt loam
AB—13 to 15 inches; silt loam
Bt—15 to 26 inches; silty clay loam
Bk—26 to 44 inches; silt loam

2C—44 to 61 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Cloudless soils on linear or convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on linear slopes—5 percent
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 116—Pollynot silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

# Map Unit Composition

Pollynot and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Pollynot Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: North
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 7.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

A1—0 to 9 inches; silt loam
A2—9 to 13 inches; silt loam
AB—13 to 15 inches; silt loam
Bt—15 to 26 inches; silty clay loam
Bk—26 to 44 inches; silt loam
2C—44 to 61 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Banida soils on slightly convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Ant Flat soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 117—Pollynot silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

# Map Unit Composition

Pollynot and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Pollynot Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 7.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

A1—0 to 9 inches; silt loam
A2—9 to 13 inches; silt loam
AB—13 to 15 inches; silt loam
Bt—15 to 26 inches; silty clay loam
Bk—26 to 44 inches; silt loam
2C—44 to 61 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Ant Flat soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Oxford soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit
- Banida soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 118—Pollynot silt loam, 4 to 20 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

# Map Unit Composition

Pollynot and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Pollynot Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 7.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

A1—0 to 9 inches; silt loam
A2—9 to 13 inches; silt loam
AB—13 to 15 inches; silt loam
Bt—15 to 26 inches; silty clay loam
Bk—26 to 44 inches; silt loam
2C—44 to 61 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Ant Flat soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Banida soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit
- · Oxford soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 119—Polumar-Ireland complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 47 and 13

Elevation: 5,700 to 6,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 17 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 85 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Polumar and similar soils—45 percent Ireland and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Polumar Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.3 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

# Typical profile

A1—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam
A2—6 to 11 inches; gravelly silt loam
A3—11 to 18 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bk—18 to 22 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bkq—22 to 46 inches; extremely cobbly loam
R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Ireland Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 2 inches; very cobbly loam A2—2 to 7 inches; gravelly loam Bk1—7 to 14 inches; very gravelly loam

Bk2—14 to 23 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam

R—23 to 33 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Ricrest soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Parkay soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hondoho soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—2 percent of the map unit
- Robin soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—1 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

# Rangeland

# 120—Polumar-Sprollow-Ireland complex, 40 to 70 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,600 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 85 days

## Map Unit Composition

Polumar and similar soils—30 percent Sprollow and similar soils—30 percent Ireland and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Polumar Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 40 to 70 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.3 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

# Typical profile

A1—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam
A2—6 to 11 inches; gravelly silt loam
A3—11 to 18 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bk—18 to 22 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bkq—22 to 46 inches; extremely cobbly loam
R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Sprollow Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex

Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 40 to 70 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bw—3 to 14 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bk—14 to 39 inches; very cobbly silt loam
R—39 to 49 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Ireland Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 40 to 70 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.0 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 2 inches; very cobbly loam A2—2 to 7 inches; gravelly loam

Bk1—7 to 14 inches; very gravelly loam

Bk2—14 to 23 inches; extremely cobbly sandy loam

R—23 to 33 inches; unweathered bedrock

- Northwater soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hondoho soils on linear or slightly convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 40 percent or more than 70 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—3 percent of the map unit
- Parkay soils on concave, north-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- · Hymas soils on ridges—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 121—Povey-Hades-Hondoho complex, 10 to 50 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,700 to 6,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 90 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Povey and similar soils—35 percent Hades and similar soils—30 percent Hondoho and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Povey Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 10 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

A—0 to 17 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—17 to 38 inches; very cobbly loam

C—38 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

## Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 10 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

# Typical profile

Ap-0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt—5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 10 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Poorly drained soils near seeps and in drainageways—5 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Ireland soils on convex, east- and southeast-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hymas soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 122—Povey-Parkay complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 6,000 to 7,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 26 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Povey and similar soils—45 percent Parkay and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

# Characteristics of the Povey Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to southeast (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

## Typical profile

A—0 to 17 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw-17 to 38 inches; very cobbly loam

C—38 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

# Characteristics of the Parkay Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: Northwest

Range in aspect: Southwest to northeast (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: High Mountain Loam 25-35 Acsag2/phma5/brca5 (R047XY010ID)

#### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A1—1 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam

A2—3 to 12 inches; gravelly silt loam AB—12 to 21 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt1—21 to 29 inches; very gravelly loam

Bt2—29 to 47 inches; very gravelly clay loam

R—47 to 57 inches; unweathered bedrock

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Ireland soils on convex, east- and southeast-facing slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- · Rock outcrop on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit
- Hondoho soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hymas soils on concave, north-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Poorly drained soils near seeps and in drainageways—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

# Rangeland

# 123—Preston fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Preston and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Preston Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Dunes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Sandy eolian material

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.9 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4s

Ecological site: Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy (R028AY009ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; fine sand A—8 to 15 inches; fine sand

C-15 to 65 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have slopes of more than 2 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on concave slopes and are noncalcareous—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, rangeland, and building site development

# 124—Preston fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

# **Map Unit Setting**

General landscape: Plains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Preston and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Preston Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Dunes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Sandy eolian material

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.9 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy (R028AY009ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; fine sand A—8 to 15 inches; fine sand

C-15 to 65 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that are on concave slopes and are noncalcareous—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 2 percent or more than 6 percent—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, rangeland (fig. 14), and building site development



Figure 14.—Rangeland in an area of Preston fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes.

# 125—Preston loamy sand, 6 to 30 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Preston and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Preston Soil

# Setting

Landform: Dunes

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Sandy eolian material

Slope: 6 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.9 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy (R028AY009ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; fine sand A—8 to 15 inches; fine sand

C—15 to 65 inches; loamy fine sand

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have slopes of less than 6 percent or more than 30 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are noncalcareous—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on convex slopes and are calcareous throughout—3 percent of the map unit
- · Poorly drained soils near seeps—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 126—Preston-Xerorthents complex, 35 to 60 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Preston and similar soils—55 percent Xerorthents and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Preston Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Dunes on hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Sandy eolian material

Slope: 35 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 4.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy (R028AY009ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; fine sand A—8 to 15 inches; fine sand

C-15 to 65 inches; loamy fine sand

#### Characteristics of the Xerorthents

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 35 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.1 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly loam

C—3 to 11 inches; extremely channery loam Cr—11 to 21 inches; weathered bedrock

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that are on concave slopes and are noncalcareous—10 percent of the map unit
- Layton soils near seeps—5 percent of the map unit
- Hondee soils on convex, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

- Poorly drained soils near seeps—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on convex slopes and are calcareous throughout—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Pasture and rangeland

# 127—Ricrest gravelly silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

# Map Unit Composition

Ricrest and similar soils—90 percent
Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Ricrest Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; gravelly silt loam Bw—6 to 20 inches; gravelly silt loam Bk—20 to 60 inches; gravelly silt loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- · Winwell soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have more than 35 percent rock fragments throughout—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 128—Sanyon-Staberg-Kabear complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Sanyon and similar soils—30 percent Staberg and similar soils—30 percent Kabear and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

# Characteristics of the Sanyon Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from tuff

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; very gravelly loam

Bk—5 to 17 inches; extremely gravelly loam R—17 to 27 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Staberg Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from shale

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; loam

BA—10 to 23 inches; gravelly loam
Bt—23 to 33 inches; very cobbly loam
C—33 to 38 inches; very cobbly sandy loam
Cr—38 to 48 inches; weathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Kabear Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.4 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 9 inches; very fine sandy loam Bw—9 to 45 inches; fine sandy loam C—45 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

- Shallow soils that are on ridges and have a surface layer of very stony loam—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 50 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Moderately deep soils that have a surface layer of very stony loam—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 129—Smidale very channery silt loam, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Smidale and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Smidale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Colluvium derived from shale

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

# **Typical profile**

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 9 inches; very channery silt loam Bw1—9 to 26 inches; very channery silt loam Bw2—26 to 39 inches; very channery silt loam Bw3—39 to 46 inches; very channery silt loam Bw4—46 to 61 inches; very channery silt loam

### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Sanyon soils on convex slopes and the summits of ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Nyman soils near the summits of ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Staberg soils on linear slopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 130—Smidale-Staberg complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13
Elevation: 4,600 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

# Map Unit Composition

Smidale and similar soils—45 percent Staberg and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

#### Characteristics of the Smidale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Colluvium derived from shale

Slope: 20 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A—1 to 9 inches; very channery silt loam
Bw1—9 to 26 inches; very channery silt loam
Bw2—26 to 39 inches; very channery silt loam
Bw3—39 to 46 inches; very channery silt loam
Bw4—46 to 61 inches; very channery silt loam

# Characteristics of the Staberg Soil

# Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North

Range in aspect: West to east (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from shale

Slope: 20 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap-0 to 10 inches; loam

BA—10 to 23 inches; gravelly loam
Bt—23 to 33 inches; very cobbly loam
C—33 to 38 inches; very cobbly sandy loam
Cr—38 to 48 inches; weathered bedrock

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Sanyon soils on convex slopes and the summits of ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Nyman soils near the summits of ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 60 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Softback soils on linear or convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

# Rangeland

# 131—Sprollow-Hondoho complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,100 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

# Map Unit Composition

Sprollow and similar soils—45 percent Hondoho and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

# Characteristics of the Sprollow Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bw—3 to 14 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bk—14 to 39 inches; very cobbly silt loam
R—39 to 49 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Hondoho Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A-0 to 3 inches; stony silt loam

Bw—3 to 19 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—19 to 60 inches; very gravelly loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Hymas soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Bergquist soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Parkay soils on concave, north-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Ireland soils on convex slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—1 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 132—Sprollow-Hymas complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 85 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Sprollow and similar soils—40 percent Hymas and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Sprollow Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 3 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bw—3 to 14 inches; gravelly silt loam
Bk—14 to 39 inches; very cobbly silt loam
R—39 to 49 inches; unweathered bedrock

# Characteristics of the Hymas Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Summits and backslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium and colluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.9 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Shallow Stony 12-16 Arar8/pssp6 (R013XY014ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bw—14 to 17 inches; extremely cobbly loam
R—17 to 27 inches; unweathered bedrock

- · Lizdale soils on concave or linear, south-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Hondoho soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Arbone soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Ireland soils on convex slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- · Rock outcrop on shoulders—2 percent of the map unit

### Major Use

Rangeland

# 133—Sterling gravelly loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains and valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Sterling and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Sterling Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces and fan remnants

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: East Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.8 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY008ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam

Bk—8 to 66 inches; very gravelly loam

- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments throughout—10 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, rangeland, and building site development

# 134—Sterling gravelly loam, 4 to 10 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Sterling and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Sterling Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 4 to 10 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam

Bk—8 to 66 inches; very gravelly loam

- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 10 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments throughout—5 percent of the map unit
- Xerorthents on backslopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

# 135—Sterling gravelly loam, 10 to 20 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 5,100 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Sterling and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

# Characteristics of the Sterling Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 10 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam

Bk—8 to 66 inches; very gravelly loam

- Soils that have slopes of less than 10 percent or more than 20 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments throughout—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 136—Sterling very gravelly loam, 20 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Alluvial plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Sterling and similar soils—85 percent
Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Sterling Soil

# Setting

Landform: Fan remnants
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 20 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY008ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam Bk—8 to 66 inches; very gravelly loam

- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 60 percent—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments throughout—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 137—Sterling-Parleys complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Sterling and similar soils—50 percent Parleys and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

# Characteristics of the Sterling Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 0 to 6 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.8 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2e

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; gravelly loam

Bk-8 to 66 inches; very gravelly loam

# Characteristics of the Parleys Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 6 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam A—4 to 13 inches; silt loam

Bt—13 to 18 inches; silty clay loam Bk1—18 to 35 inches; silty clay loam Bk2—35 to 50 inches; silty clay loam

C—50 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Wursten soils on linear or convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Kidman soils on linear slopes—10 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 138—Thatcher-Bearhollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

# Map Unit Composition

Thatcher and similar soils—45 percent

Bearhollow and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Thatcher Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 6 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; loam

Bt—8 to 29 inches; silty clay loam Bk1—29 to 58 inches; silt loam Bk2—58 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Bearhollow Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Northeast

Range in aspect: Northwest to southeast (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 7.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.8 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; gravelly loam A—4 to 9 inches; gravelly loam Bk1—9 to 22 inches; gravelly loam Bk2—22 to 43 inches; gravelly loam Bk3—43 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that are moderately deep to a duripan and are on west-facing slopes—5
  percent of the map unit
- Searla soils on the north-facing backslopes of ravines—5 percent of the map unit
- Harroun soils on convex, south-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Cedarhill soils on south-facing slopes and shoulders—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 139—Toponce-Broadhead association, 6 to 30 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 6,200 to 6,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 28 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 40 to 95 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Toponce and similar soils—50 percent Broadhead and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

# Characteristics of the Toponce Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Moist Mountain Loam 20+ Potr5 (R013XY016ID)

### Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; silt loam A2—3 to 14 inches; silty clay loam

Bt-14 to 60 inches; clay

# Characteristics of the Broadhead Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to north (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 6 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—10 to 60 inches; silty clay loam

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Yago soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Hades soils on toeslopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Sedgway soils on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

# 140—Trenton-Battle Creek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 16 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Trenton and similar soils—50 percent Battle Creek and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

#### Characteristics of the Trenton Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 30 to 42 inches

Salinity (maximum): Slightly saline (about 5.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 29.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam Btn—8 to 32 inches; silty clay loam Bk—32 to 46 inches; silty clay C—46 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Battle Creek Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam AB—8 to 11 inches; silty clay Bt—11 to 19 inches; silty clay Btk—19 to 40 inches; silty clay Bk—40 to 60 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Seasonally ponded, poorly drained or very poorly drained soils—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on concave slopes and are strongly alkaline—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 141—Trenton-Battle Creek complex, cool, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Trenton and similar soils—50 percent Battle Creek and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

# Characteristics of the Trenton, Cool, Soil

# Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: West
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 30 to 42 inches

Salinity (maximum): Slightly saline (about 5.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 29.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam Btn—8 to 32 inches; silty clay loam Bk—32 to 46 inches; silty clay C—46 to 60 inches; silty clay

# Characteristics of the Battle Creek, Cool, Soil

### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: West Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 42 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.7 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam AB—8 to 11 inches; silty clay Bt—11 to 19 inches; silty clay Btk—19 to 40 inches; silty clay Bk—40 to 60 inches; silty clay

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Aquolls—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on concave slopes and are strongly alkaline—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 142—Trenton-Parleys complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Trenton and similar soils—45 percent Parleys and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Trenton Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 30 to 42 inches

Salinity (maximum): Slightly saline (about 5.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 29.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silty clay loam Btn—8 to 32 inches; silty clay loam Bk—32 to 46 inches; silty clay C—46 to 60 inches; silty clay

#### Characteristics of the Parleys Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South
Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 48 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 4 inches; silt loam A—4 to 13 inches; silt loam

Bt—13 to 18 inches; silty clay loam Bk1—18 to 35 inches; silty clay loam Bk2—35 to 50 inches; silty clay loam

C-50 to 60 inches; silt loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Aquolls—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of more than 2 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on concave slopes and are strongly alkaline—5 percent of the map unit
- Battle Creek soils—5 percent of the map unit

### Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, and pasture

# 143—Valmar-Camelback-Hades complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 6,500 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

# Map Unit Composition

Valmar and similar soils—40 percent Camelback and similar soils—25 percent Hades and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Valmar Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear

Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 9 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bt—9 to 14 inches; very cobbly silt loam
Bw—14 to 24 inches; extremely stony silt loam
R—24 to 34 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Camelback Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

# Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 3 inches; very gravelly silt loam
A2—3 to 14 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt1—14 to 22 inches; very gravelly silt loam
Bt2—22 to 32 inches; very gravelly silty clay loam

Bt3—32 to 50 inches; very gravelly silt loam BC—50 to 61 inches; very gravelly loam

#### Characteristics of the Hades Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.2 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 5 inches; silt loam

Bt-5 to 60 inches; gravelly silty clay loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Shallow soils on the summits of ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have less than 18 percent clay in the subsoil—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—2 percent of the map unit
- · Cedarhill soils on south-facing slopes—2 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop on shoulders—1 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

# Rangeland

# 144—Vitale-Bergquist-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 47 and 13

Elevation: 5,300 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Vitale and similar soils—40 percent Bergquist and similar soils—25 percent Rock outcrop—15 percent of the map unit Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam R—26 to 36 inches; unweathered bedrock

# Characteristics of the Bergquist Soil

#### Settina

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY003ID)

# Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; very gravelly loam Bw—5 to 12 inches; very gravelly loam

C—12 to 54 inches; extremely gravelly sandy loam

R-54 to 64 inches; unweathered bedrock

# Characteristics of the Rock Outcrop

Rock outcrop is a miscellaneous land type consisting of broad bands of exposed bedrock on ridgetops and shoulder slopes.

#### Typical profile

R—0 to 60 inches; unweathered bedrock

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Softback soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have more than 35 percent clay in the subsoil—5 percent of the map unit
- Foxol soils on ridges—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Rangeland

# 145—Vitale-Yeates Hollow-Northwater complex, 12 to 40 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 47 and 13

Elevation: 5,400 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 30 inches Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 80 days

# Map Unit Composition

Vitale and similar soils—35 percent Yeates Hollow and similar soils—25 percent Northwater and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 12 to 40 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

#### Typical profile

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam R—26 to 36 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Characteristics of the Yeates Hollow Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; cobbly silt loam

BA—8 to 16 inches; extremely cobbly loam

Bt1—16 to 19 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

Bt2—19 to 29 inches; very cobbly clay Bt3—29 to 60 inches; very gravelly clay loam

#### Characteristics of the Northwater Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Representative aspect: North Range in aspect: All aspects

# **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 40 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 12 inches; gravelly very fine sandy loam Bt—12 to 28 inches; extremely gravelly loam BC—28 to 46 inches; extremely gravelly loam R—46 to 56 inches; unweathered bedrock

#### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Manila soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Rock outcrop—5 percent of the map unit
- · Foxol soils on ridges—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 40 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are near seeps and are poorly drained—2 percent of the map unit

#### Major Use

Rangeland

# 146—Welby silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

*Elevation:* 4,700 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Welby and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

# Characteristics of the Welby Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southeast
Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 13.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 12 inches; silt loam
Bk—12 to 40 inches; silt loam
C—40 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Trenton soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit
- · Maplecreek soils on slightly concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 147—Welby silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A Elevation: 4,700 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# **Map Unit Composition**

Welby and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

# Characteristics of the Welby Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 4 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 13.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.8 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

# **Typical profile**

A—0 to 12 inches; silt loam
Bk—12 to 40 inches; silt loam
C—40 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Maplecreek soils on slightly concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Trenton soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 148—Welby silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

*Elevation:* 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Welby and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

# Characteristics of the Welby Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 48 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

#### Typical profile

A—0 to 12 inches; silt loam
Bk—12 to 40 inches; silt loam
C—40 to 60 inches; fine sandy loam

# Dissimilar Minor Components

- Maplecreek soils on slightly concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Trenton soils in depressions—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are near seeps and are poorly drained—5 percent of the map unit

#### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and building site development

# 149—Wheelon-Collinston complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Wheelon and similar soils—40 percent Collinston and similar soils—40 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

#### Characteristics of the Wheelon Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: East Range in aspect: All aspects

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 8.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bk—6 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Collinston Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

# Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

#### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bk1—8 to 12 inches; silt loam Bk2—12 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Winwell soils on linear slopes at the lower elevations—10 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 4 percent or more than 12 percent—3 percent of the map unit

Parleys soils on linear or concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 150—Wheelon-Collinston complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

# Map Unit Composition

Wheelon and similar soils—40 percent Collinston and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Wheelon Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

#### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 8.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bk—6 to 60 inches; silt loam

#### Characteristics of the Collinston Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Silty alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 12 to 20 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

# Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bk1—8 to 12 inches; silt loam Bk2—12 to 60 inches; silt loam

# **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have high hydraulic conductivity and that are calcareous—10 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on terrace risers and are moderately deep to bedrock—5 percent of the map unit

# Major Use

Nonirrigated cropland

# 151—Wheelon-Collinston complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes

# Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

#### Map Unit Composition

Wheelon and similar soils—45 percent Collinston and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

#### Characteristics of the Wheelon Soil

#### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 20 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 8.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY032ID)

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 6 inches; silt loam Bk—6 to 60 inches; silt loam

### Characteristics of the Collinston Soil

### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 20 to 60 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slope 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY032ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bk1—8 to 12 inches; silt loam Bk2—12 to 60 inches; silt loam

## Dissimilar Minor Components

Sandy soils on narrow interfluves—10 percent of the map unit

- · Lanoak soils on concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Oxford soils on convex slopes at the higher elevations—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 152—Windernot-Lewnot-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Windernot and similar soils—40 percent Lewnot and similar soils—20 percent Stinkcreek and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

## Characteristics of the Windernot Soil

### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 54 to 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 1.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3s Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3s

Ecological site: Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY024ID)

### Typical profile

A1—0 to 6 inches; gravelly sandy loam
A2—6 to 18 inches; gravelly sandy loam
Bk—18 to 23 inches; very gravelly sandy loam
2Ck—23 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sand

### Characteristics of the Lewnot Soil

### Setting

Landform: Stream terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest
Range in aspect: All aspects

Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 24 to 42 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.7 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

Ecological site: Semiwet Meadow (R028AY029ID)

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; fine sandy loam

Bw—10 to 38 inches; stratified fine sandy loam to loam to silt loam

2C—38 to 60 inches; very gravelly loamy sand

### Characteristics of the Stinkcreek Soil

### Settina

Landform: Stream terraces and flood plains

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear

Representative aspect: Southwest Range in aspect: All aspects

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 0 to 18 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm) Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 22.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 5w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 5w Ecological site: Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 11 inches; silty clay loam Bk—11 to 21 inches; silty clay loam

2C1—21 to 40 inches; very gravelly loamy sand 2C2—40 to 60 inches; extremely gravelly sand

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have less than 35 percent rock fragments throughout—10 percent of the map unit
- Kidman soils on terrace risers—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are near seeps and are poorly drained—3 percent of the map unit
- Lando soils on concave slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Parley soils on toeslopes below terrace risers—2 percent of the map unit
- Layton soils on slightly convex slopes on the higher terraces—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated cropland, hayland, pasture, and rangeland

## 153—Winn silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Valleys

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 5,100 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Winn and similar soils—90 percent Dissimilar minor components—10 percent

## Characteristics of the Winn Soil

## Setting

Landform: Stream terraces Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South Range in aspect: All aspects

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: Rare Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): About 30 to 42 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3w Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3w

### Typical profile

A—0 to 13 inches; silt loam C—13 to 60 inches; loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Poorly drained soils that have a water table within a depth of 18 inches—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are on convex slopes and have more than 10 percent gravel—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Irrigated cropland

## 154—Winwell silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 130 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Winwell and similar soils—80 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Winwell Soil

### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2c Land capability subclass (irrigated): 2c

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt—10 to 22 inches; silty clay Btk—22 to 30 inches; silty clay Bk—30 to 51 inches; silty clay loam C—51 to 60 inches; silt loam

### Dissimilar Minor Components

- Soils that have a very gravelly horizon in the subsoil—10 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on linear or concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of more than 2 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are in depressions and are strongly alkaline—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland, hayland, and building site development

## 155—Winwell-Collinston complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Lake plains Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 130 days

## Map Unit Composition

Winwell and similar soils—45 percent Collinston and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Winwell Soil

### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 5.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 11.3 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 2e

Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 10 inches; silty clay loam Bt—10 to 22 inches; silty clay Btk—22 to 30 inches; silty clay Bk—30 to 51 inches; silty clay loam C—51 to 60 inches; silt loam

### Characteristics of the Collinston Soil

### Setting

Landform: Lake terraces
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East
Range in aspect: All aspects

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Silty alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 8 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0
Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 12.0 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 3e Land capability subclass (irrigated): 3e

### Typical profile

Ap—0 to 8 inches; silt loam Bk1—8 to 12 inches; silt loam Bk2—12 to 60 inches; silt loam

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Wheelon soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Parleys soils on all aspects—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 2 percent or more than 8 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Deep soils underlain by consolidated lacustrine deposits—2 percent of the map unit

### Major Uses

Irrigated and nonirrigated cropland and hayland

# 156—Wormcreek-Copenhagen complex, 15 to 55 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Wormcreek and similar soils—50 percent Copenhagen and similar soils—30 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Wormcreek Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash and alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from

tuff

Slope: 15 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.2 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 9 inches; gravelly clay loam

Bk1—9 to 22 inches; very gravelly clay loam Bk2—22 to 48 inches; extremely cobbly loam Cr—48 to 58 inches; weathered bedrock

## Characteristics of the Copenhagen Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Concave
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: Southeast

Range in aspect: Northeast to southwest (clockwise)

### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 15 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.2 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 7 inches; very channery loam Bw—7 to 13 inches; very channery loam R—13 to 23 inches; unweathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that are on convex slopes and do not have a thick dark surface horizon—10
  percent of the map unit
- · Moderately deep soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 157—Wormcreek-Lonigan complex, 15 to 55 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

## Map Unit Composition

Wormcreek and similar soils—45 percent Lonigan and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Wormcreek Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash and alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from

tuff

Slope: 20 to 55 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.2 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

## Typical profile

A-0 to 9 inches; gravelly clay loam

Bk1—9 to 22 inches; very gravelly clay loam Bk2—22 to 48 inches; extremely cobbly loam Cr—48 to 58 inches; weathered bedrock

## Characteristics of the Lonigan Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 15 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches Salinity (maximum): Very slightly saline (about 3.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 3.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

### Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; gravelly silt loam

Bw—8 to 11 inches; very gravelly silt loam Bk—11 to 24 inches; very gravelly silt loam Cr—24 to 34 inches; weathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Moderately deep soils on convex slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 15 percent or more than 55 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Badland on shoulders—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Nonirrigated cropland and rangeland

## 158—Wursten-Dirtyhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 28A

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Wursten and similar soils—45 percent Dirtyhead and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Wursten Soil

### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 9.0 Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 9.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY024ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 5 inches; loam Bk1—5 to 17 inches; loam Bk2—17 to 31 inches; loam

Bk3—31 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

### Characteristics of the Dirtyhead Soil

## Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: East

Range in aspect: North to south (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and residuum

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 25 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 2.8 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Shallow Loamy 8-12 Arno4/pssp6 (R028AY013ID)

### Typical profile

A-0 to 6 inches; very gravelly loam

Bk—6 to 38 inches; very gravelly sandy loam Cr—38 to 48 inches; weathered bedrock

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Hondoho soils on linear or slightly concave slopes—10 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 30 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Ricrest soils on linear or slightly convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 159—Xerochrepts-Wormcreek-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 70 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 110 days

### **Map Unit Composition**

Xerochrepts and similar soils—30 percent Wormcreek and similar soils—25 percent Xerorthents and similar soils—20 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

### Characteristics of the Xerochrepts

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 40 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline

Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 3.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 8.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6e

Ecological site: Juniper Breaks 13-16 Juos/pssp6 (R028AY027ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 8 inches; silt loam BA—8 to 14 inches; silt loam Bw—14 to 26 inches; silt loam Bk—26 to 60 inches; silt loam

### Characteristics of the Wormcreek Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Linear Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

#### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Volcanic ash and alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from

tuff

Slope: 20 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Low (about 5.2 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Ashy Loam 13-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY009ID)

### Typical profile

A—0 to 9 inches; gravelly clay loam

Bk1—9 to 22 inches; very gravelly clay loam Bk2—22 to 48 inches; extremely cobbly loam

Cr—48 to 58 inches; weathered bedrock

### Characteristics of the Xerorthents

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 70 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Juniper Breaks 13-16 Juos/pssp6 (R028AY027ID)

### Typical profile

A-0 to 3 inches; gravelly loam

C—3 to 11 inches; extremely channery loam

Cr—11 to 21 inches; weathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 20 percent or more than 70 percent—7 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Copenhagen soils on south-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Broadhead soils on concave, north-facing slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Rock outcrop on shoulders—3 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

# 160—Xerorthents, 30 to 60 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 110 days

### **Map Unit Composition**

Xerorthents and similar soils—75 percent Dissimilar minor components—25 percent

### Characteristics of the Xerorthents

### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Convex
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: West

Range in aspect: South to northwest (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 60 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline (about 1.0 mmho/cm)
Sodicity (maximum): Sodium adsorption ratio of about 2.0

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.1 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7e

Ecological site: Steep Slopes 12-16 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY008ID)

### Typical profile

A-0 to 3 inches; gravelly loam

C—3 to 11 inches; extremely channery loam Cr—11 to 21 inches; weathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 30 percent or more than 60 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Oxford soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Hondoho soils on toeslopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Brifox soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- · Broadhead soils on concave, north-facing slopes—3 percent of the map unit
- Huffman soils on concave slopes—2 percent of the map unit

### Maior Use

Rangeland

# 161—Yeates Hollow extremely stony loam, 12 to 35 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains

Major land resource area (MLRA): 47 and 13

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Yeates Hollow and similar soils—85 percent Dissimilar minor components—15 percent

### Characteristics of the Yeates Hollow Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: Southwest

Range in aspect: Southeast to northwest (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 12 to 35 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

## **Typical profile**

A-0 to 8 inches; cobbly silt loam

BA—8 to 16 inches; extremely cobbly loam Bt1—16 to 19 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

Bt2—19 to 29 inches; very cobbly clay

Bt3—29 to 60 inches; very gravelly clay loam

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 35 percent—5 percent of the map unit
- Softback soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Manila soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit

### Major Use

Rangeland

# 162—Yeates Hollow-Manila-Softback complex, 12 to 40 percent slopes

### Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Hills

Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,200 to 6,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## Map Unit Composition

Yeates Hollow and similar soils—40 percent Manila and similar soils—25 percent Softback and similar soils—15 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Yeates Hollow Soil

### Settina

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Linear
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 12 to 40 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

### Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; cobbly silt loam

BA—8 to 16 inches; extremely cobbly loam Bt1—16 to 19 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

Bt2—19 to 29 inches; very cobbly clay Bt3—29 to 60 inches; very gravelly clay loam

Characteristics of the Manila Soil

### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Convex
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None

Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): High (about 10.4 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 4e

Ecological site: Loamy 16-22 Artv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)

## Typical profile

Ap—0 to 7 inches; silt loam

Bt1—7 to 33 inches; silty clay loam Bt2—33 to 50 inches; cobbly clay loam Bk—50 to 60 inches; gravelly loam

### Characteristics of the Softback Soil

### Setting

Landform: Hillslopes
Down-slope shape: Linear
Across-slope shape: Concave
Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

### Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium

Slope: 12 to 40 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.6 inches)

## Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 6s

Ecological site: Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)

### Typical profile

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material

A1—1 to 4 inches; gravelly silt loam

A2—4 to 10 inches; gravelly silt loam

A3—10 to 24 inches; very cobbly silt loam

Bt1—24 to 30 inches; very gravelly silt loam

Bt2—30 to 39 inches; extremely gravelly clay loam Bt3—39 to 63 inches; extremely gravelly silty clay loam

### **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Vitale soils on convex slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils in draws—5 percent of the map unit
- · Hades soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Soils that have slopes of less than 12 percent or more than 40 percent—3 percent of the map unit
- Soils that are near seeps and are poorly drained—2 percent of the map unit

## Major Uses

Rangeland and building site development

# 163—Yeates Hollow-Vitale complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes

## Map Unit Setting

General landscape: Mountains (fig. 15)
Major land resource area (MLRA): 13 and 47

Elevation: 5,400 to 6,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

## **Map Unit Composition**

Yeates Hollow and similar soils—45 percent Vitale and similar soils—35 percent Dissimilar minor components—20 percent

### Characteristics of the Yeates Hollow Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## **Properties and qualities**

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 25 to 50 percent

Restrictive feature: None within a depth of 60 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Moderate (about 6.5 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Stony Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY019ID)

### Typical profile

A-0 to 8 inches; cobbly silt loam

BA—8 to 16 inches; extremely cobbly loam Bt1—16 to 19 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam

Bt2—19 to 29 inches; very cobbly clay

Bt3—29 to 60 inches; very gravelly clay loam

### Characteristics of the Vitale Soil

### Setting

Landform: Mountain slopes



Figure 15.—An area of Yeates Hollow-Vitale complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes. Vitale extremely stony loam is in the foreground and background. Yeates Hollow cobbly silt loam is in the saddle in the middle of photo.

Geomorphic position (two-dimensional): Summits and backslopes

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Representative aspect: South

Range in aspect: East to west (clockwise)

## Properties and qualities

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 25 to 50 percent

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Flooding: None Ponding: None

Seasonal high water table (minimum depth): More than 72 inches

Salinity (maximum): Nonsaline Sodicity (maximum): Nonsodic

Available water capacity (entire profile): Very low (about 1.8 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability subclass (nonirrigated): 7s

Ecological site: Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artv/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)

## **Typical profile**

A1—0 to 1 inch; extremely stony loam

A2—1 to 15 inches; very cobbly loam

Bt—15 to 26 inches; extremely cobbly clay loam R—26 to 36 inches; unweathered bedrock

## **Dissimilar Minor Components**

- Rock outcrop—5 percent of the map unit
- Manila soils on concave slopes—5 percent of the map unit
- Lanoak soils on north-facing slopes that support maple trees—5 percent of the map unit
- Dranburn soils on north-facing slopes that support maple trees—5 percent of the map unit

## Major Use

Rangeland

## 164—Water

This map unit consists of areas that are covered by water most of the year.

# **Use and Management of the Soils**

This soil survey is an inventory and evaluation of the soils in the survey area. It can be used to adjust land uses to the limitations and potentials of natural resources and the environment. Also, it can help to prevent soil-related failures in land uses.

In preparing a soil survey, soil scientists, conservationists, engineers, and others collect extensive field data about the nature and behavioral characteristics of the soils. They collect data on erosion, droughtiness, flooding, and other factors that affect various soil uses and management. Field experience and collected data on soil properties and performance are used as a basis in predicting soil behavior.

Information in this section can be used to plan the use and management of soils for crops and pasture; as rangeland; as sites for buildings, sanitary facilities, highways and other transportation systems, and parks and other recreational facilities; and for agricultural waste management. It can be used to identify the potentials and limitations of each soil for specific land uses and to help prevent construction failures caused by unfavorable soil properties.

Planners and others using soil survey information can evaluate the effect of specific land uses on productivity and on the environment in all or part of the survey area. The survey can help planners to maintain or create a land use pattern in harmony with the natural soil.

Contractors can use this survey to locate sources of sand and gravel, roadfill, reclamation material, and topsoil. They can use it to identify areas where bedrock, wetness, or very firm soil layers can cause difficulty in excavation.

Health officials, highway officials, engineers, and others may also find this survey useful. The survey can help them plan the safe disposal of wastes and locate sites for pavements, sidewalks, campgrounds, playgrounds, lawns, and trees and shrubs.

# Interpretive Ratings

The interpretive tables in this survey rate the soils in the survey area for various uses. Many of the tables identify the limitations that affect specified uses and indicate the severity of those limitations. The ratings in these tables are both verbal and numerical.

## **Rating Class Terms**

Rating classes are expressed in the tables in terms that indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect a specified use or in terms that indicate the potential of the soils for the use. Terms for limitation classes are *not limited*, *somewhat limited*, and *very limited*. Terms indicating potential are *good*, *fair*, and *poor*.

## **Numerical Ratings**

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the relative severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.00 to 1.00. They indicate

gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation. The limitations appear in order from the most limiting to the least limiting. Thus, if more than one limitation is identified, the most severe limitation is listed first and the least severe one is listed last.

## Crops and Pasture

Shawn McVey, soil scientist, and David Curtis, district conservationist, helped prepare this section.

General management needed for crops and pasture is suggested in this section. The estimated yields of the main crops and pasture plants are listed, the system of land capability classification used by the Natural Resources Conservation Service is explained, and prime farmland is described.

Planners of management systems for individual fields or farms should consider the detailed information given in the description of each soil under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units." Specific information can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Cooperative Extension Service.

The survey area has about 175,000 acres of cropland, hayland, or pasture. Of this acreage, approximately 75,000 acres is nonirrigated cropland, 70,000 acres is irrigated cropland, and 30,000 acres is hayland or pasture. The climate in the area and the slope of the cultivated soils dictate what varieties of crops can be grown. The soils are generally grouped into five major slope categories—0 to 2 percent, 2 to 4 percent, 4 to 12 percent, 12 to 20 percent, and more than 20 percent.

The irrigated soils occur almost exclusively in areas where slopes are 0 to 12 percent. The major crops grown in the irrigated areas are alfalfa, barley, and wheat. The large dairy industry in the survey area strongly influences the extent of alfalfa and barley production. The cropping sequence on irrigated farms is generally 2 or 3 years of small grains and 5 to 7 years of alfalfa. Shortages of precipitation occur in 5 out of 10 years. Because of the storage capacity of area reservoirs, shortages of irrigation water occur in 3 out of 10 years. Applications of irrigation water should be adjusted to the available water capacity, water intake rate, and depth of the soil and the needs of the crop. Yields for irrigated small grains of 85 bushels per acre are common.

In irrigated areas proper management includes not only conservation cropping sequences and crop residue management but also irrigation water management and nutrient and pesticide management. These practices help to ensure that sediment and the associated nutrients and pesticides are not creating undesirable offsite effects.

A small acreage of irrigated soils is used for silage corn or green beans. There is a potential market for fresh vegetables and truck crops because of the proximity of the survey area to other communities. Fruits and vegetables are grown on a limited acreage in the area. They include apples, cabbage, carrots, cucumbers, grapes, red and russet potatoes, and sweet corn.

Approximately 9,000 acres of hayland or pasture is subirrigated. Most of this acreage is in riparian areas along the Bear and Cub Rivers and in the Oxford Slough area. Because of seasonal high water tables and the hazard of flooding, these areas are not used for annual crops, such as small grains. They are commonly used for livestock wintering and wild hay production. The management of these areas should include irrigation water management as well as nutrient and pesticide management. In the areas used for livestock grazing, appropriate watering facilities and fencing are needed to minimize the impacts of livestock on the associated riparian zones. Typical soils in these areas are those of the Bear Lake, Delish, and Downata series.

Nonirrigated crops are grown on all of the slope groups. They include wheat, barley and alfalfa, and some safflower and canola. Typical nonirrigated cropping

sequences include wheat-fallow and wheat-barley-fallow. Annual cropping is becoming increasingly popular, especially in the areas of higher precipitation. Under good management, annual yields of nonirrigated cereal grain average 35 bushels per acre. Loss of surface soil to sheet and rill erosion is a serious problem on nonirrigated cropland. Productivity is reduced as the surface soil is lost and part of the less productive subsoil becomes incorporated into the plow layer. Erosion caused by concentrated flow creates deep gullies on moderate to steep slopes and is a considerable hazard affecting the operation of farm machinery. The most serious erosion occurs in early spring, when the snow accumulated in winter rapidly melts and the meltwater runs off the surface, causing catastrophic erosion rates that can approach 35 tons of sediment per acre. Soil that is eroded from cropland and transported to streams reduces the quality of water for municipal and recreation uses and for fish and wildlife and reduces the storage capacity of irrigation reservoirs.

Erosion-control measures on all of the slope groups should include a conservation cropping sequence that maintains a sufficient cover of plants or crop residue to adequately protect the surface and reduce erosion losses to levels that do not reduce the productive capability of the soils. Including grasses and legumes in the crop rotation help to control erosion and maintain soil fertility and tilth. Soils with good tilth generally have granular structure, are porous, and have a high rate of water infiltration. Minimum tillage and no-till practices minimize soil compaction and help to maintain soil tilth.

Maintaining a cover of crop residue on the surface at planting time, especially on Wheelon, Collinston, and similar soils, increases the rate of water infiltration, helps to dissipate the energy of high-intensity rainstorms, and reduces the runoff rate and the hazard of erosion.

Terraces and diversions reduce the length of slopes and thus help to prevent excessive runoff and erosion. They are most practical on very deep, well drained soils that have long, uniform slopes of as much as 14 percent. Where concentrated flows have created gullies, water- and sediment-control structures or grassed waterways can help to prevent further gullying, ensuring that more valuable cropland is not lost. Ant Flat, Banida, Collinston, Lanoak, Oxford, and Wheelon soils are suitable for terraces and diversions. Other suitable erosion-control practices include, contour farming, cross-slope farming, and stripcropping. Information about the design of erosion-control measures is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

The Bear River Range to the east of the survey area traps and collects nearly half of the annual precipitation in the form of snow. The subsequent snowmelt then becomes the source of most of the available irrigation water. Surface irrigation methods are used on about 15 percent of the irrigated acreage, and sprinkler irrigation is used on 85 percent. The water resources in the survey area have been widely developed in the past. Franklin County has more than a dozen reservoirs, including Foster, Glendale, and Twin Lakes.

The Mink Creek drainage, on the eastern side of the county, is of special significance because it has a large number of dairies in a confined watershed area. Because of steep slopes and limited areas of cropland, waste disposal can create a potential water-quality problem.

Most of the soils used as cropland in the survey area have a surface layer of silt loam, silty clay loam, or loam. This layer is moderately low in content of organic matter, unlike the surface layer in Bear Lake, Downata, and other wetland soils. Regular additions of crop residue and manure can help to maintain or increase the content of organic matter, improve soil structure and fertility, and increase the available water capacity and the rate of water infiltration.

Grain, hay and pasture crops respond well to applications of fertilizer. Barley, wheat, and pasture grasses respond well to applications of nitrogen, phosphorus,

and sulfur. Legumes respond well to applications of phosphorus and sulfur. More fertilizer should be applied on irrigated soils than on nonirrigated soils.

On all soils, the addition of fertilizer should be based on the results of soil tests, the needs of the crop, and the expected level of yields. A good fertilization program is essential for high crop production.

In areas used for pasture, proper grazing is essential for the production of high-quality forage, stand survival, and erosion control. It helps plants to maintain sufficient and generally vigorous top growth during the growing season. Brush control is essential in many areas, and weed control generally is needed. Rotation grazing and renovation also are important management practices.

## Yields per Acre

The average yields per acre that can be expected of the principal crops under a high level of management are shown in table 5. In any given year, yields may be higher or lower than those indicated in the table because of variations in rainfall and other climatic factors. The land capability classification of map units in the survey area also is shown in the table.

The yields are based mainly on the experience and records of farmers, conservationists, and extension agents. Available yield data from nearby counties and results of field trials and demonstrations also are considered.

The management needed to obtain the indicated yields of the various crops depends on the kind of soil and the crop. Management can include drainage, erosion control, and protection from flooding; the proper planting and seeding rates; suitable high-yielding crop varieties; appropriate and timely tillage; control of weeds, plant diseases, and harmful insects; favorable soil reaction and optimum levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and trace elements for each crop; effective use of crop residue, barnyard manure, and green manure crops; and harvesting that ensures the smallest possible loss.

For yields of irrigated crops, it is assumed that the irrigation system is adapted to the soils and to the crops grown, that good-quality irrigation water is uniformly applied as needed, and that tillage is kept to a minimum.

The estimated yields reflect the productive capacity of each soil for each of the principal crops. Yields are likely to increase as new production technology is developed. The productivity of a given soil compared with that of other soils, however, is not likely to change.

Pasture yield estimates commonly are indicated in animal unit months (AUMs). An animal unit month is the amount of forage required by one mature cow of approximately 1,000 pounds weight, with or without a calf, for 30 days. The local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service can provide information about forage yields.

Crops other than those shown in table 5 are grown in the survey area, but estimated yields are not listed because the acreage of such crops is small. The local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service can provide information about the management and productivity of the soils for those crops.

## Land Capability Classification

Land capability classification shows, in a general way, the suitability of soils for most kinds of field crops. Crops that require special management are excluded. The soils are grouped according to their limitations for field crops, the risk of damage if they are used for crops, and the way they respond to management. The criteria used

in grouping the soils do not include major and generally expensive landforming that would change slope, depth, or other characteristics of the soils, nor do they include possible but unlikely major reclamation projects. Capability classification is not a substitute for interpretations designed to show suitability and limitations of groups of soils for rangeland, for forestland, or for engineering purposes.

In the capability system, soils are generally grouped at three levels—capability class, subclass, and unit (USDA, 1961). Only class and subclass are used in this survey.

Capability classes, the broadest groups, are designated by the numbers 1 through 8. The numbers indicate progressively greater limitations and narrower choices for practical use. The classes are defined as follows:

Class 1 soils have slight limitations that restrict their use.

Class 2 soils have moderate limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require moderate conservation practices.

Class 3 soils have severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require special conservation practices, or both.

Class 4 soils have very severe limitations that restrict the choice of plants or that require very careful management, or both.

Class 5 soils are subject to little or no erosion but have other limitations, impractical to remove, that restrict their use mainly to pasture, rangeland, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 6 soils have severe limitations that make them generally unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to pasture, rangeland, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 7 soils have very severe limitations that make them unsuitable for cultivation and that restrict their use mainly to grazing, forestland, or wildlife habitat.

Class 8 soils and miscellaneous areas have limitations that preclude commercial plant production and that restrict their use to recreational purposes, wildlife habitat, watershed, or esthetic purposes.

Capability subclasses are soil groups within one class. They are designated by adding a small letter, e, w, s, or c, to the class numeral, for example, 2e. The letter e shows that the main hazard is the risk of erosion unless close-growing plant cover is maintained; w shows that water in or on the soil interferes with plant growth or cultivation (in some soils the wetness can be partly corrected by artificial drainage); s shows that the soil is limited mainly because it is shallow, droughty, or stony; and c, used in only some parts of the United States, shows that the chief limitation is climate that is very cold or very dry.

In class 1 there are no subclasses because the soils of this class have few limitations. Class 5 contains only the subclasses indicated by *w, s,* or *c* because the soils in class 5 are subject to little or no erosion. They have other limitations that restrict their use to pasture, rangeland, forestland, wildlife habitat, or recreation.

The capability classification of map units in this survey area is given in the section "Detailed Soil Map Units" and in table 5.

### Prime Farmland

Prime farmland is one of several kinds of important farmland defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. It is of major importance in meeting the Nation's short- and long-range needs for food and fiber. Because the supply of high-quality farmland is limited, the U.S. Department of Agriculture recognizes that responsible levels of government, as well as individuals, should encourage and facilitate the wise use of our Nation's prime farmland.

Prime farmland, as defined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is land that has the best combination of physical and chemical characteristics for producing food,

feed, forage, fiber, and oilseed crops and is available for these uses. It could be cultivated land, pastureland, forestland, or other land, but it is not urban or built-up land or water areas. The soil qualities, growing season, and moisture supply are those needed for the soil to economically produce sustained high yields of crops when proper management, including water management, and acceptable farming methods are applied. In general, prime farmland has an adequate and dependable supply of moisture from precipitation or irrigation, a favorable temperature and growing season, acceptable acidity or alkalinity, an acceptable salt and sodium content, and few or no rocks. It is permeable to water and air. It is not excessively erodible or saturated with water for long periods, and it either is not frequently flooded during the growing season or is protected from flooding. Slope ranges mainly from 0 to 6 percent. More detailed information about the criteria for prime farmland is available at the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

A recent trend in land use in some parts of the survey area has been the loss of some prime farmland to industrial and urban uses. The loss of prime farmland to other uses puts pressure on marginal lands, which generally are more erodible, droughty, and less productive and cannot be easily cultivated.

The map units in the survey area that are considered prime farmland are listed in this section. Only the soils considered prime farmland are listed. Urban land or built-up areas of the soils listed are not considered prime farmland. This list does not constitute a recommendation for a particular land use. On some soils included in the list, measures that overcome a hazard or limitation, such as flooding and droughtiness, are needed. Onsite evaluation is needed to determine whether or not the hazard or limitation has been overcome by corrective measures. The extent of each listed map unit is shown in table 4. The location is shown on the detailed soil maps. The soil qualities that affect use and management are described under the heading "Detailed Soil Map Units."

The map units that meet the requirements for prime farmland are:

- 2 Ant Flat silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 3 Ant Flat silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes
- 7 Arbone loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- 10 Battle Creek silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 11 Battle Creek silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes
- Holmes gravelly silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- Hondee gravelly loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes
- 57 Huffman silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- 66 Kearns silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- Kidman fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- Kidman fine sandy loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes
- 71 Kidman fine sandy loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 72 Kidman-Sterling complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes (where irrigated)
- Lando silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- 74 Lanoak silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- 80 Layton loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes (where irrigated)
- Layton sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 87 Manila silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- Maplecreek fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 97 Merkley-Lago-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes (where protected from flooding or not frequently flooded during the growing season)
- 109 Parleys silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- 110 Parleys silt loam, 4 to 8 percent slopes
- 111 Parleys silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 116 Pollynot silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 117 Pollynot silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes

- Preston fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes (where irrigated)
- Preston fine sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes (where irrigated)
- 133 Sterling gravelly loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes
- 137 Sterling-Parleys complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes
- 146 Welby silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 147 Welby silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes
- 148 Welby silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes
- 154 Winwell silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

## Rangeland

Scott Engle, district conservationist, helped prepare this section.

Rangeland makes up about 105,500 acres, or nearly 35 percent of the land, in the survey area. Approximately 15 percent of the rangeland is administered by the Bureau of Land Management, 15 percent is administered by the State, and 70 percent is privately owned. A National Forest, which is not included in the survey area, makes up 20 percent of the acreage in Franklin County and includes large areas of rangeland.

The most important livestock industry in Franklin County is dairying. Most dairies are confinement operations with no livestock on pasture or only dry stock and young stock on pasture.

The most common livestock operation on the rangeland is the raising of beef cattle. Cow-calf operations are the most numerous. Many cow-calf operators use the National Forest ranges for summer pasture. Private range is used for spring-fall pasture or spring-summer-fall pasture.

A few range sheep operations use private or State-owned ranges for spring-fall pasture or National Forest ranges for summer pasture. Farm sheep flocks use irrigated, subirrigated, or dryland pastures for summer feed.

Most of the grazing occurs on native range. The range is used primarily for grazing by domestic livestock; however, it also is used as wildlife habitat, for recreation, and for watershed, and it has esthetic value.

## Range Condition

Range condition is based on a comparison of the present plant community with the potential natural plant community on a particular range site. The more closely the existing community resembles the natural community, the better the range condition.

Abnormal disturbances that change the natural plant community include repeated overuse by livestock, excessive burning, erosion, and plowing. Grazing animals select the most palatable plants. These plants will eventually die if they are continually grazed. A very severe disturbance can completely destroy the natural community. Under these conditions, the less desirable plants, such as annuals and weedlike plants, can invade. If the plant community has not deteriorated significantly, it eventually can return to dominantly natural plants if proper grazing management is applied.

Four range condition classes show the degree of deterioration of the natural plant community. An area of rangeland is in *excellent condition* if more than 75 percent of the present plant community is the same as the natural plant community. It is in *good condition* if the natural plants make up 51 to 75 percent of the present plant community, in *fair condition* if those plants make up 26 to 50 percent, and in *poor condition* if they make up 25 percent or less.

Knowledge of the rangeland ecological site and condition is necessary as a basis for planning and applying the management needed to maintain or improve the desired plant community for selected uses. Such information is needed to determine

management objectives, proper grazing systems and stocking rates, suitable wildlife management practices, the potential for recreational uses, and the condition of watersheds.

In areas that have similar climate and topography, differences in the kind and amount of rangeland or forest understory vegetation are closely related to the kind of soil. Effective management is based on the relationship between the soils and vegetation and water.

Table 6 shows, for each soil that supports vegetation suitable for grazing, the ecological site; the total annual production of vegetation in favorable, normal, and unfavorable years; the characteristic vegetation; and the average percentage of each species. An explanation of the column headings in table 6 follows.

An *ecological site* is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It has characteristic soils that have developed over time throughout the soil development process; a characteristic hydrology, particularly infiltration and runoff, that has developed over time; and a characteristic plant community (kind and amount of vegetation). The hydrology of the site is influenced by development of the soil and plant community. The vegetation, soils, and hydrology are all interrelated. Each is influenced by the others and influences the development of the others. The plant community on an ecological site is typified by an association of species that differs from that of other ecological sites in the kind and/or proportion of species or in total production. Descriptions of ecological sites are provided in the Field Office Technical Guide, which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Total dry-weight production is the amount of vegetation that can be expected to grow annually in a well managed area that is supporting the potential natural plant community. It includes all vegetation, whether or not it is palatable to grazing animals. It includes the current year's growth of leaves, twigs, and fruits of woody plants. It does not include the increase in stem diameter of trees and shrubs. It is expressed in pounds per acre of air-dry vegetation for favorable, normal, and unfavorable years. In a favorable year, the amount and distribution of precipitation and the temperatures make growing conditions substantially better than average. In a normal year, growing conditions are about average. In an unfavorable year, growing conditions are well below average, generally because of low available soil moisture. Yields are adjusted to a common percent of air-dry moisture content.

Characteristic vegetation—the grasses, forbs, and shrubs that make up most of the potential natural plant community on each soil—is listed by common name. Under rangeland composition, the expected percentage of the total annual production is given for each species making up the characteristic vegetation. The amount that can be used as forage depends on the kinds of grazing animals and on the grazing season.

## Rangeland Management

Rangeland management requires knowledge of the kinds of soil and of the potential natural plant community. It also requires an evaluation of the present range condition.

The objective in rangeland management is to control grazing so that the plants growing on a site are about the same in kind and amount as the potential natural plant community for that site. Such management generally results in the optimum production of vegetation, reduction of the extent of the less desirable species, conservation of water, and control of erosion. Sometimes, however, a range condition somewhat below the potential meets grazing needs, provides wildlife habitat, and protects soil and water resources.

Grazing management is the most important part of any rangeland management program. Proper grazing use, timely deferment of grazing, and planned rotation grazing systems are key practices. The experience of ranchers and research have shown that if no more than one-half of the current year's growth is grazed, a plant community in good or excellent condition can be maintained and one in fair condition can be improved. The remaining one-half enables plants to make and store food for regrowth and root development. As a result, the desirable plants remain healthy and are not replaced by less desirable grasses and weeds. Also, the plant cover protects the soil from water erosion and soil blowing, improves tilth, increases the rate of water infiltration, and helps to control runoff.

Certain practices commonly are needed to obtain a uniform distribution of grazing. These include developing livestock watering facilities, fencing, properly locating salt and mineral supplements, constructing livestock trails in steeply sloping areas, and riding or herding.

Various kinds of grazing systems can be used in range management. No single grazing system is best under all conditions. The grazing system should increase the quantity and improve the quality of the range vegetation, should meet the needs of the individual operator, and should be designed according to the topography, the type of grazing animals, and the resource management objectives.

Special improvement practices are needed in areas where management practices do not achieve the desired results or where recovery is too slow under forage management alone. These include range seeding, brush management, water spreading, prescribed burning, and mechanical treatment.

Some soils are suited to mechanical treatment for range improvement. On other soils, however, only proper grazing management can improve the range. Many soils in capability classes 1 through 4 are suited to such practices as seeding, mechanical brush and weed control, and water spreading. Those in capability classes 7 and 8, however, are not suitable for these practices. Many soils in capability classes 1 through 4 are suited to tillage for seedbed preparation before native or introduced forage species are seeded. Soils in capability class 6 may be suited to limited surface disturbance, such as scarification, for the purpose of seeding and as a means of increasing the rate of water infiltration for seed germination.

Where feasible, mechanical renovation practices, such as shallow chiseling, can help to speed recovery of the desired plants. These practices open up the surface and thus allow the absorption of more moisture and production of the more desirable plants. Mechanical renovation, brush management, and timely deferment of grazing allow recovery of the desired plants.

Seeding may be needed in areas where the less desirable plants are dominant. A clean, firm seedbed should be prepared, suitable species should be selected for seeding, and rest periods should be long enough to allow the new plants to become established.

Special improvement practices can be effective only if the management system helps to keep the desirable plants healthy.

Franklin County has a range problem that is uncommon in most of Idaho. Bigtooth maple increases in density on the sites where it occurs and then invades adjacent ecological sites. It forms dense thickets that intercept most of the light and water and thus hamper the growth of other vegetation. The invasion of bigtooth maple has virtually eliminated forage production in some areas and threatens many other areas.

There are several theories on the cause of maple invasion. These include overgrazing, lack of fire, and livestock damage to the roots, which causes sprouting. Northern Utah ranges also have the problem of maple invasion. The range of bigtooth maple extends slightly north and west of Franklin County. In Idaho, this invasion appears to be most common Franklin County.

## **Forest Land Management and Productivity**

This survey area has about 3,500 acres of forest land. This acreage is only about 1 percent of the total acreage in the survey area. Three forested soils were identified and mapped during the survey process. These are the Northwater, Pavohroo, and Sedgway soils.

The forested soils are on mountain foothills. They are transitional between the lower rangeland and brush fields on the drier landscapes and the more traditional forests at the wetter and higher elevations in the survey area. The areas of extensive forest land in the county are within the jurisdiction of the U.S. Forest Service and are not included in this survey area.

The forests in this survey area begin on favorable soils and aspects near elevations of 5,800 feet. They extend to the elevations of 8,000 feet, where they border lands in the adjacent National Forests. Douglas-fir is the most common commercial timber species throughout the entire range of forested soils within the survey area. A very limited acreage of forested soils in the area supports subalpine fir and lodgepole pine.

The forested soils are generally classified in the Douglas-fir/ninebark or Douglas-fir/mountain maple habitat type. The U.S. Forest Service publication "Forest Habitat Types of Eastern Idaho-Western Wyoming" (Steele, 1983) provides additional information about the ecology, silviculture, and management of the forest resources in the survey area.

The forests in the survey area, especially those at the lower elevations, are characterized by sparse stand densities, low basal areas, and low or moderate potential production levels. The site index productivity values of the forested soils range from 48 to 53 (Brickell, 1968), according to data shown for the defined forest habitat types of these soils (Steele, 1983, p. 117). Yield estimations were not made because of the scarcity of sample data for the forested soils in the survey area.

Natural regeneration can occur in small openings on these soils. Brush competition is often severe, however, and can limit seedling establishment and survivability, as well as the total wood production of the stand. The dominant brush species include aspen, mountain maple, ninebark, common snowberry, and mountain sweet-root. These soils can revert to perpetual serial brush stands if the overstory of mature Douglas-fir is removed and if natural regeneration and establishment of Douglas-fir seedlings are retarded by the resulting increased brush competition. In these cases, forests stands can be reestablished only through hand planting along with adequate site preparation.

The steeper slopes limit the type and use of timber-harvesting equipment. The soils on these slopes are valuable for wildlife resources, for watershed protection, and for esthetic enjoyment and recreation. Some forest stands can provide firewood.

# Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

Windbreaks protect livestock, buildings, yards, fruit trees, gardens, and cropland from wind and snow; help to keep snow on fields; and provide food and cover for wildlife. Field windbreaks are narrow plantings made at right angles to the prevailing wind and at specific intervals across the field. The interval depends on the erodibility of the soil.

Environmental plantings help to beautify and screen houses and other buildings and to abate noise. The plants, mostly evergreen shrubs and trees, are closely spaced. To ensure plant survival, a healthy planting stock of suitable species should be planted properly on a well prepared site and maintained in good condition.

Table 7 shows the height that locally grown trees and shrubs are expected to reach in 20 years on various soils. The estimates in table 7 are based on

measurements and observation of established plantings that have been given adequate care. They can be used as a guide in planning windbreaks and screens. Additional information on planning windbreaks and screens and planting and caring for trees and shrubs can be obtained from the local office of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or of the Cooperative Extension Service or from a commercial nursery.

## Recreation

The soils of the survey area are rated in tables 8 and 9 according to limitations that affect their suitability for recreation. The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect the recreational uses. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Somewhat limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

The ratings in the tables are based on restrictive soil features, such as wetness, slope, and texture of the surface layer. Susceptibility to flooding is considered. Not considered in the ratings, but important in evaluating a site, are the location and accessibility of the area, the size and shape of the area and its scenic quality, vegetation, access to water, potential water impoundment sites, and access to public sewer lines. The capacity of the soil to absorb septic tank effluent and the ability of the soil to support vegetation also are important. Soils that are subject to flooding are limited for recreational uses by the duration and intensity of flooding and the season when flooding occurs. In planning recreational facilities, onsite assessment of the height, duration, intensity, and frequency of flooding is essential.

The information in tables 8 and 9 can be supplemented by other information in this survey, for example, interpretations for building site development, construction materials, sanitary facilities, and water management.

Camp areas require site preparation, such as shaping and leveling the tent and parking areas, stabilizing roads and intensively used areas, and installing sanitary facilities and utility lines. Camp areas are subject to heavy foot traffic and some vehicular traffic. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing camp areas and the performance of the areas after development. Slope, stoniness, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan are the main concerns affecting the development of camp areas. The soil properties that affect the performance of the areas after development are those that influence trafficability and promote the growth of vegetation, especially in heavily used areas. For good trafficability, the surface of camp areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

*Picnic areas* are subject to heavy foot traffic. Most vehicular traffic is confined to access roads and parking areas. The ratings are based on the soil properties that

affect the ease of developing picnic areas and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of picnic areas. For good trafficability, the surface of picnic areas should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Playgrounds require soils that are nearly level, are free of stones, and can withstand intensive foot traffic. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of developing playgrounds and that influence trafficability and the growth of vegetation after development. Slope and stoniness are the main concerns affecting the development of playgrounds. For good trafficability, the surface of the playgrounds should absorb rainfall readily, remain firm under heavy foot traffic, and not be dusty when dry. The soil properties that influence trafficability are texture of the surface layer, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, permeability, and large stones. The soil properties that affect the growth of plants are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, permeability, and toxic substances in the soil.

Paths and trails for hiking and horseback riding should require little or no slope modification through cutting and filling. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and erodibility. These properties are stoniness, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, and texture of the surface layer.

Off-road motorcycle trails require little or no site preparation. They are not covered with surfacing material or vegetation. Considerable compaction of the soil material is likely. The ratings are based on the soil properties that influence erodibility, trafficability, dustiness, and the ease of revegetation. These properties are stoniness, slope, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and texture of the surface layer.

Golf fairways are subject to heavy foot traffic and some light vehicular traffic. Cutting or filling may be required. Irrigation is not considered in the ratings. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established. The properties that affect plant growth are reaction; depth to a water table; ponding; depth to bedrock or a cemented pan; the available water capacity in the upper 40 inches; the content of salts, sodium, or calcium carbonate; and sulfidic materials. The properties that affect trafficability are flooding, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, stoniness, and the amount of sand, clay, or organic matter in the surface layer. The suitability of the soil for traps, tees, roughs, and greens is not considered in the ratings.

## Wildlife Habitat

Prepared by Ronald Gill, biologist, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Soils affect the kind and amount of vegetation that is available to wildlife as food and cover. They also affect the construction of water impoundments and other practices. The kind and abundance of wildlife depend largely on the amount and distribution of food, cover, and water. If the soils have potential for habitat development, wildlife habitat can be created or improved by planting appropriate vegetation, properly managing the existing plant cover, and fostering the natural establishment of desirable plants.

The wildlife resources in this survey area are largely determined by the suitability of the habitat, which includes the supply of food, the amount of cover, and the amount of available water. Habitats differ in their capacity to provide these essential ingredients. Some deficiencies in habitat result from the characteristics of the soils, while others are the result of poor management. Good management practices are

needed to improve the habitat for wildlife. They should be integrated with other uses of the soils.

The following paragraphs relate the general soil map units in the survey area to the expected occurrences of certain wildlife species. Wildlife in an area is typically related to the current vegetation. The vegetation is closely related to the soil and the capability of the soil to produce herbaceous and woody vegetation.

The survey area supports a variety of game and nongame fish and wildlife species. Mammals, birds, amphibians, reptiles, and fish all use the area for certain life requisites. Migratory wildlife species, mainly avian species, seasonally visit the survey area.

The wide array of wildlife species in the survey area is possible because of a wide variety of habitats. Mountains, hills, flood plains, and water bodies and their associated topography, soils, precipitation, and land uses, provide a diverse habitat in the area.

Several habitat types are common across many of the general soil map units in the survey area. With only a few exceptions, these different units host many of the same wildlife species.

Habitats at the higher elevations have juniper, sagebrush, quaking aspen, and smaller amounts of pine, spruce, and fir. Shrubby vegetation includes serviceberry, snowberry, sagebrush, mountain mahogany, and antelope bitterbrush in these mountainous areas.

Intermediate elevations support sagebrush, antelope bitterbrush, rabbitbrush, and wheatgrasses. Springs and wet meadows are in scattered areas. The flood plain along the Bear River provides the largest wet meadows. Riparian zones occur as linear ribbons, frequently extending through two or more general soil map units. The vegetation associated with these areas includes willow, cottonwood, dogwood, alder, sedges, rushes, and water-loving grasses.

### Ungulates

The ungulates in the survey area include mule deer, elk, and moose. Mule deer occur throughout the area. Their range extends from the foothills and mountainous areas in the summer to the lower foothills and bottom lands in the winter. Mule deer populations are dependent on available winter and summer habitat. Quaking aspen is a major component of the mule deer habitat in the survey area. Mountain brush communities made up of juniper, sagebrush, antelope bitterbrush, rabbitbrush, snowberry, and quaking aspen are common in areas of summer habitat for mule deer. Summer range for mule deer is typically associated with general soil map units 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

Winter range is a critical component of mute deer habitat in the area. Juniper, mountain maple, mountain mahogany, and quaking aspen are common cover types in areas of winter range. Grasses, maple, quaking aspen, and antelope bitterbrush provide important winter forage. Depredation and mortalities are common during severe winters. Winter range is typically on south-facing slopes at the lower elevations in general soil map units 3, 6, 8, and 9.

The elk population in the survey area is estimated to be 200 to 300. It is increasing. It is highest in the north-central part and the southeast corner of the survey area. These areas correlate with general soil map units 6, 8, and 9. They are characterized by rolling hills and mountains that typically support juniper, mountain mahogany, quaking aspen, sagebrush, rabbitbrush, and bluebunch wheatgrass. Limited available winter cover may restrict the elk population.

Moose are in the northern parts of the survey area. They are associated with Cottonwood, Williams, Mink, and Strawberry Creeks and may occur in areas along

several other creeks. They prefer shrubby mixed coniferous and deciduous forests, especially those near water bodies. They are common in areas of general soil map units 6, 8, 9, and 11 in the immediate vicinity of lakes and riparian areas, where food, such as willows and submerged vegetation, is available. The survey area has an estimated 30 to 40 moose.

### **Avians**

Common upland game birds in the survey area include pheasant, gray partridge, mourning dove, sage grouse, sharp-tailed grouse, blue grouse, and ruffed grouse. Wild turkeys were introduced in the Riverdale area during the winter of 1963 and during several periods since then in an attempt to build their numbers.

The birds associated with agricultural areas are pheasant and gray partridge and, to a lesser extent, sharp-tailed grouse. Pheasant and gray partridge are associated with areas of general soil map units 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7. These areas are typically farmed and provide limited habitat for these species. Winter habitat is associated with woody vegetation in the same general map units and also in riparian areas of general soil map units 2 and 3. Pheasant and partridge populations are dependent on undisturbed nesting and enough woody vegetation for the birds to survive harsh winters.

Sharp-tailed grouse occur in the north-central part of the survey area, in areas of general soil map units 6, 8, 9, and 11. They use grasslands mixed with brushy cover (sagebrush, antelope bitterbrush, and serviceberry) during the summer months. In areas of cropland, they feed on seeds and cultivated grains in late summer and in fall. Brush species provide food in late fall and in winter and are an extremely important component of the habitat for sharp-tail grouse during severe winters.

Sage grouse densities are highest in the north-central and western parts of the survey area. Areas of general soil map units 6, 7, 8, 9, and 11 provide limited seasonal habitat for the sage grouse. These areas are typically characterized by a vegetative community dominated by sagebrush, grasses, and forbs. The sage grouse migrate from summer to winter ranges, both of which are dominated by sagebrush. Forbs are important for brood rearing. Because of its reliance on sagebrush-grass dominated communities, this species is extremely vulnerable to land use management practices that disrupt these communities.

Ruffed grouse and blue grouse inhabit the forested areas in the mountains. These species occur in areas of general soil map units 8, 9, 10, and 11. The southeastern part of the survey area has the highest concentrations of ruffed grouse, in areas along Sugar and Maple Creeks. Ruffed grouse are typically associated with riparian areas dominated by stands of quaking aspen. Blue grouse are typically associated with fir and pine stands at the higher elevations.

Waterfowl are concentrated along streams, rivers, and reservoirs. The waterfowl species in the survey area include Canada geese, mallard, gadwall, teal, redhead, and merganser. Other waterfowl species may be evident during migration periods. The main concentrations of waterfowl occur in areas of general soil map units 2, 3, and 4. General soil map unit 3 provides the most available habitat. The many reservoirs provide limited habitat. Poor nesting and brood-rearing cover limit the waterfowl population in the survey area.

Sandhill cranes, white-faced ibis, blue herons, long-billed curlew, egrets, pelicans, and cormorants are typically associated with the reservoirs and river systems throughout the survey area.

Raptors occur throughout the survey area and inhabit all of the general soil map units. Golden eagles, bald eagles, red-tailed hawks, northern harrier, kestrel, Coopers hawks, sharp-shined hawks, and goshawks have been known to use the survey area.

The survey area has many species of nongame birds, including kingfishers, woodpeckers, larks, swallows, magpies, crows, chickadees, wrens, thrashers, thrushes, flycatchers, starlings, vireos, warblers, finches, blackbirds, tanagers, and sparrows. The riparian areas have the greatest concentrations of these species. Poor management of these areas may restrict the diversity of vegetative communities and thus limit the population of these birds.

# **Amphibians and Reptiles**

Amphibians include salamanders, frogs, and toads. They require water or a damp substrate to complete their life cycle. In contrast, reptiles are adapted to a completely terrestrial life cycle.

The soils associated with water features, wetlands, or wet meadows provide habitat for amphibians. Hydric soils that are ponded are most likely to provide habitat for amphibians. Downata, Bear Lake, and Chesbrook soils and small areas of wet soils that occur as minor components in several map units in the survey area support amphibians.

The only salamander in the area is the tiger salamander. The tiger salamanders collected in the area are olive gray with a few scattered black spots. Seldom seen in the daytime, they are most likely encountered at night or during rainy periods of the day. The salamanders inhabit ponds, including those formed by irrigation runoff. They are often sold as fish bait, and the chance for accidental or deliberate introduction of the species is high.

The most common frog in the survey area is the leopard frog, which occurs in a variety of moist habitats, including areas influenced by irrigation. The frogs hibernate in ponds or other aquatic areas, becoming active when the water temperature reaches 10 degrees C. The striped chorus frog lives in damp grassy areas and is common in irrigated lawns. It breeds in areas of temporary or permanent water in ditches, ponds, and the shallow backwaters of lakes and streams. The survey area has few other frogs or toads. The western toad and Woodhouse's toad may occur in the area.

Reptiles in the survey area include lizards and snakes. The area has no turtles. An occasional turtle may be discovered, but it is likely to be a former pet that has been released.

The survey area has several species of lizards. The most common one is the sagebrush lizard. This species lives on the ground and is noted for its fast retreat.

The best known reptile, and the only species of rattlesnake in the survey area, is the western rattlesnake. In this survey area, the recognized subspecies is the Great Basin rattlesnake. The rattlesnakes in the area occupy a wider range of habitat and elevations than any other reptile. In the fall, they den in unshaded, rocky areas on south-facing slopes. The Great Basin rattlesnake can hibernate for 210 days.

Gopher snakes also occur in the survey area. They are common in most habitats. They avoid only dense forests and high mountains. They are abundant in dry areas adjacent to farms. Other snakes in the survey area include racer, ringnecked snake, western terrestrial garter snake, and common garter snake.

#### **Furbearers**

Furbearers, such as otter, beaver, mink, raccoon, skunk, bobcat, mountain lion, coyote, weasel, badger, and muskrat, are associated with most of the general soil map units in the survey area. The highest concentrations are typically in riparian areas adjacent to rivers, creeks, and reservoirs.

### **Fisheries**

The fisheries in the survey area are associated with the creeks, the reservoirs, and the Bear River. Oneida Narrows Reservoir, on the mainstem of the Bear River, is operated for power production. The other reservoirs, located on creeks and canals, were built primarily for storage of irrigation water. The most popular fishing reservoirs in the area are Twin Lakes, Glendale, Condie, Foster, Johnson, Lamont, and Oneida Narrows. Stream fishing occurs in the part of the Bear River below the Oneida Dam and on tributaries, such as Mink Creek.

The survey area has a wide range of game fish. Walleye and yellow perch are the game fish in the Oneida Narrows Reservoir. All other reservoirs have annually stocked rainbow trout. The population of walleyes and rainbow trout is maintained by annual stocking. Most of the irrigation reservoirs have largemouth bass, bluegill, and yellow perch. The game fish in the streams include rainbow, brown brook, cutthroat trout, and mountain whitefish. Cutthroat trout and mountain whitefish are native. All other game fish are introduced.

The Oneida Narrows Reservoir has several nongame species, including carp and suckers. The only irrigation storage reservoir with a significant population of nongame fish is Twin Lakes, which has an abundant carp population.

The fisheries throughout the survey area are limited by land and water management. Reservoir fishing is excellent, especially in years when the amount of precipitation is adequate to ensure sufficient pool depth and dissolved oxygen through the winter and cool temperatures in summer. Stream fisheries are severely limited by land and water management. Damage to habitat, dewatering of spawning streams, migration barriers, and losses of juveniles into diversion ditches have resulted in major declines in the population of native species.

# **Threatened and Endangered Species**

The peregrine falcon is the only endangered species in this survey area. Peregrine falcons once nested on cliffs near Oxford. They have been observed in the survey area, but there have been no recent observations.

# **Engineering**

This section provides information for planning land uses related to urban development and to water management. Soils are rated for various uses, and the most limiting features are identified. Ratings are given for building site development, sanitary facilities, agricultural waste management, construction materials, and water management. The ratings are based on observed performance of the soils and on the data in the tables described under the heading "Soil Properties."

Information in this section is intended for land use planning, for evaluating land use alternatives, and for planning site investigations prior to design and construction. The information, however, has limitations. For example, estimates and other data generally apply only to that part of the soil between the surface and a depth of 5 to 7 feet. Because of the map scale, small areas of different soils may be included within the mapped areas of a specific soil.

The information is not site specific and does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation of the soils or for testing and analysis by personnel experienced in the design and construction of engineering works.

Government ordinances and regulations that restrict certain land uses or impose specific design criteria were not considered in preparing the information in this section. Local ordinances and regulations should be considered in planning, in site selection, and in design.

Soil properties, site features, and observed performance were considered in determining the ratings in this section. During the fieldwork for this soil survey, determinations were made about particle-size distribution, liquid limit, plasticity index, soil reaction, depth to bedrock, hardness of bedrock within 5 to 7 feet of the surface, soil wetness, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, likelihood of flooding, natural soil structure aggregation, and soil density. Data were collected about kinds of clay minerals, mineralogy of the sand and silt fractions, and the kinds of adsorbed cations. Estimates were made for erodibility, permeability, corrosivity, shrink-swell potential, available water capacity, and other behavioral characteristics affecting engineering uses.

This information can be used to evaluate the potential of areas for residential, commercial, and industrial uses; make preliminary estimates of construction conditions; evaluate alternative routes for roads, streets, highways, pipelines, and underground cables; evaluate alternative sites for sanitary landfills, septic tank absorption fields, and sewage lagoons; plan detailed onsite investigations of soils and geology; locate potential sources of gravel, sand, roadfill, reclamation material, and topsoil; plan structures for soil and water conservation; and predict performance of proposed small structures and pavements by comparing the performance of existing similar structures on the same or similar soils.

The information in the tables, along with the soil maps, the soil descriptions, and other data provided in this survey, can be used to make additional interpretations.

Some of the terms used in this soil survey have a special meaning in soil science and are defined in the Glossary.

# **Building Site Development**

Soil properties influence the development of building sites, including the selection of the site, the design of the structure, construction, performance after construction, and maintenance. Tables 10 and 11 show the degree and kind of soil limitations that affect dwellings with and without basements, small commercial buildings, local roads and streets, shallow excavations, and lawns and landscaping.

The ratings in the tables are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect building site development. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Somewhat limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

Dwellings are single-family houses of three stories or less. For dwellings without basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. For dwellings with basements, the foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of about 7 feet. The ratings for dwellings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that

affect the load-supporting capacity include depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility. Compressibility is inferred from the Unified classification. The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Small commercial buildings are structures that are less than three stories high and do not have basements. The foundation is assumed to consist of spread footings of reinforced concrete built on undisturbed soil at a depth of 2 feet or at the depth of maximum frost penetration, whichever is deeper. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the capacity of the soil to support a load without movement and on the properties that affect excavation and construction costs. The properties that affect the load-supporting capacity include depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), and compressibility (which is inferred from the Unified classification). The properties that affect the ease and amount of excavation include flooding, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, and the amount and size of rock fragments.

Local roads and streets have an all-weather surface and carry automobile and light truck traffic all year. They have a subgrade of cut or fill soil material; a base of gravel, crushed rock, or soil material stabilized by lime or cement; and a surface of flexible material (asphalt), rigid material (concrete), or gravel with a binder. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading and the traffic-supporting capacity. The properties that affect the ease of excavation and grading are depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, the amount of large stones, and slope. The properties that affect the traffic-supporting capacity are soil strength (as inferred from the AASHTO group index number), subsidence, linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential), the potential for frost action, depth to a water table, and ponding.

Shallow excavations are trenches or holes dug to a maximum depth of 5 or 6 feet for graves, utility lines, open ditches, or other purposes. The ratings are based on the soil properties that influence the ease of digging and the resistance to sloughing. Depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, hardness of bedrock or a cemented pan, the amount of large stones, and dense layers influence the ease of digging, filling, and compacting. Depth to the seasonal high water table, flooding, and ponding may restrict the period when excavations can be made. Slope influences the ease of using machinery. Soil texture, depth to the water table, and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential) influence the resistance to sloughing.

Lawns and landscaping require soils on which turf and ornamental trees and shrubs can be established and maintained. Irrigation is not considered in the ratings. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth and trafficability after vegetation is established. The properties that affect plant growth are reaction; depth to a water table; ponding; depth to bedrock or a cemented pan; the available water capacity in the upper 40 inches; the content of salts, sodium, or calcium carbonate; and sulfidic materials. The properties that affect trafficability are flooding, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, stoniness, and the amount of sand, clay, or organic matter in the surface layer.

# **Sanitary Facilities**

Tables 12 and 13 show the degree and kind of soil limitations that affect septic tank absorption fields, sewage lagoons, sanitary landfills, and daily cover for landfill. The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which

the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect these uses. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Somewhat limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

Septic tank absorption fields are areas in which effluent from a septic tank is distributed into the soil through subsurface tiles or perforated pipe. Only that part of the soil between depths of 24 and 60 inches is evaluated. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption of the effluent, construction and maintenance of the system, and public health. Permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and flooding affect absorption of the effluent. Stones and boulders, ice, and bedrock or a cemented pan interfere with installation. Subsidence interferes with installation and maintenance. Excessive slope may cause lateral seepage and surfacing of the effluent in downslope areas.

Some soils are underlain by loose sand and gravel or fractured bedrock at a depth of less than 4 feet below the distribution lines. In these soils the absorption field may not adequately filter the effluent, particularly when the system is new. As a result, the ground water may become contaminated.

Sewage lagoons are shallow ponds constructed to hold sewage while aerobic bacteria decompose the solid and liquid wastes. Lagoons should have a nearly level floor surrounded by cut slopes or embankments of compacted soil. Nearly impervious soil material for the lagoon floor and sides is required to minimize seepage and contamination of ground water. Considered in the ratings are slope, permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, flooding, large stones, and content of organic matter.

Soil permeability is a critical property affecting the suitability for sewage lagoons. Most porous soils eventually become sealed when they are used as sites for sewage lagoons. Until sealing occurs, however, the hazard of pollution is severe. Soils that have a permeability rate of more than 2 inches per hour are too porous for the proper functioning of sewage lagoons. In these soils, seepage of the effluent can result in contamination of the ground water. Ground-water contamination is also a hazard if fractured bedrock is within a depth of 40 inches, if the water table is high enough to raise the level of sewage in the lagoon, or if floodwater overtops the lagoon.

A high content of organic matter is detrimental to proper functioning of the lagoon because it inhibits aerobic activity. Slope, bedrock, and cemented pans can cause construction problems, and large stones can hinder compaction of the lagoon floor. If the lagoon is to be uniformly deep throughout, the slope must be gentle enough and the soil material must be thick enough over bedrock or a cemented pan to make land smoothing practical.

A trench sanitary landfill is an area where solid waste is placed in successive layers in an excavated trench. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil excavated at the site. When the trench is full, a final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution, the ease of excavation,

trafficability, and revegetation. These properties include permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, flooding, texture, stones and boulders, highly organic layers, soil reaction, and content of salts and sodium. Unless otherwise stated, the ratings apply only to that part of the soil within a depth of about 6 feet. For deeper trenches, onsite investigation may be needed.

Hard, nonrippable bedrock, creviced bedrock, or highly permeable strata in or directly below the proposed trench bottom can affect the ease of excavation and the hazard of ground-water pollution. Slope affects construction of the trenches and the movement of surface water around the landfill. It also affects the construction and performance of roads in areas of the landfill.

Soil texture and consistence affect the ease with which the trench is dug and the ease with which the soil can be used as daily or final cover. They determine the workability of the soil when dry and when wet. Soils that are plastic and sticky when wet are difficult to excavate, grade, or compact and are difficult to place as a uniformly thick cover over a layer of refuse.

The soil material used as the final cover for a trench landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium or salts and should not be too acid. The surface layer generally has the best workability, the highest content of organic matter, and the best potential for plants. Material from the surface layer should be stockpiled for use as the final cover.

In an area sanitary landfill, solid waste is placed in successive layers on the surface of the soil. The waste is spread, compacted, and covered daily with a thin layer of soil from a source away from the site. A final cover of soil material at least 2 feet thick is placed over the completed landfill. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect trafficability and the risk of pollution. These properties include flooding, permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, slope, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan.

Flooding is a serious problem because it can result in pollution in areas downstream from the landfill. If permeability is too rapid or if fractured bedrock, a fractured cemented pan, or the water table is close to the surface, the leachate can contaminate the water supply. Slope is a consideration because of the extra grading required to maintain roads in the steeper areas of the landfill. Also, leachate may flow along the surface of the soils in the steeper areas and cause difficult seepage problems.

Daily cover for landfill is the soil material that is used to cover compacted solid waste in an area sanitary landfill. The soil material is obtained offsite, transported to the landfill, and spread over the waste. The ratings in the table also apply to the final cover for a landfill. They are based on the soil properties that affect workability, the ease of digging, and the ease of moving and spreading the material over the refuse daily during wet and dry periods. These properties include soil texture, depth to a water table, ponding, rock fragments, slope, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, and content of salts, sodium, or lime.

Loamy or silty soils that are free of large stones and excess gravel are the best cover for a landfill. Clayey soils may be sticky and difficult to spread; sandy soils are subject to wind erosion.

Slope affects the ease of excavation and of moving the cover material. Also, it can influence runoff, erosion, and reclamation of the borrow area.

After soil material has been removed, the soil material remaining in the borrow area must be thick enough over bedrock, a cemented pan, or the water table to permit revegetation. The soil material used as the final cover for a landfill should be suitable for plants. It should not have excess sodium, salts, or lime and should not be too acid.

# **Agricultural Waste Management**

Soil properties are important considerations in areas where soils are used as sites for the treatment and disposal of organic waste and wastewater. Selection of soils with properties that favor waste management can help to prevent environmental damage.

Tables 14, 15, and 16 show the degree and kind of soil limitations affecting the treatment of agricultural waste, including municipal and food-processing wastewater and effluent from lagoons or storage ponds. Municipal wastewater is the waste stream from a municipality. It contains domestic waste and may contain industrial waste. It may have received primary or secondary treatment. It is rarely untreated sewage. Food-processing wastewater results from the preparation of fruits, vegetables, milk, cheese, and meats for public consumption. In places it is high in content of sodium and chloride. In the context of these tables, the effluent in lagoons and storage ponds is from facilities used to treat or store food-processing wastewater or domestic or animal waste. Domestic and food-processing wastewater is very dilute, and the effluent from the facilities that treat or store it commonly is very low in content of carbonaceous and nitrogenous material; the content of nitrogen commonly ranges from 10 to 30 milligrams per liter. The wastewater from animal waste treatment lagoons or storage ponds, however, has much higher concentrations of these materials, mainly because the manure has not been diluted as much as the domestic waste. The content of nitrogen in this wastewater generally ranges from 50 to 2,000 milligrams per liter. When wastewater is applied, checks should be made to ensure that nitrogen, heavy metals, and salts are not added in excessive amounts.

The ratings in the tables are for waste management systems that not only dispose of and treat organic waste or wastewater but also are beneficial to crops (application of manure and food-processing waste, application of sewage sludge, and disposal of wastewater by irrigation) and for waste management systems that are designed only for the purpose of wastewater disposal and treatment (overland flow of wastewater, rapid infiltration of wastewater, and slow rate treatment of wastewater).

The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect agricultural waste management. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Somewhat limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

Application of manure and food-processing waste not only disposes of waste material but also can improve crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. Manure is the excrement of livestock and poultry, and food-processing waste is damaged fruit and vegetables and the peelings, stems, leaves, pits, and soil particles removed in food preparation. The manure and food-processing waste are either solid, slurry, or liquid. Their nitrogen content varies. A high content of nitrogen limits the application rate. Toxic or otherwise dangerous wastes, such as those mixed with the lye used in food processing, are not considered in the ratings.

The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the waste is applied, and the method by which the waste is applied. The properties that affect absorption include permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and available water capacity. The properties that affect plant growth and microbial activity include reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood that wind erosion or water erosion will transport the waste material from the application site. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste. Permanently frozen soils are unsuitable for waste treatment.

Application of sewage sludge not only disposes of waste material but also can improve crop production by increasing the supply of nutrients in the soils where the material is applied. In the context of this table, sewage sludge is the residual product of the treatment of municipal sewage. The solid component consists mainly of cell mass, primarily bacteria cells that developed during secondary treatment and have incorporated soluble organics into their own bodies. The sludge has small amounts of sand, silt, and other solid debris. The content of nitrogen varies. Some sludge has constituents that are toxic to plants or hazardous to the food chain, such as heavy metals and exotic organic compounds, and should be analyzed chemically prior to use.

The content of water in the sludge ranges from about 98 percent to less than 40 percent. The sludge is considered liquid if it is more than about 90 percent water, slurry if it is about 50 to 90 percent water, and solid if it is less than about 50 percent water.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, the rate at which the sludge is applied, and the method by which the sludge is applied. The properties that affect absorption, plant growth, and microbial activity include permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, available water capacity, reaction, salinity, and bulk density. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood that wind erosion or water erosion will transport the waste material from the application site. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of sludge. Permanently frozen soils are unsuitable for waste treatment.

Disposal of wastewater by irrigation not only disposes of municipal wastewater and wastewater from food-processing plants, lagoons, and storage ponds but also can improve crop production by increasing the amount of water available to crops. The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the design, construction, management, and performance of the irrigation system. The properties that affect design and management include the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, slope, and flooding. The properties that affect construction include stones, cobbles, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, depth to a water table, and ponding. The properties that affect performance include depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, bulk density, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, reaction, and the cation-exchange capacity, which is used to estimate the capacity of a soil to adsorb heavy metals. Permanently frozen soils are not suitable for disposal of wastewater by irrigation.

Overland flow of wastewater is a process in which wastewater is applied to the upper reaches of sloped land and allowed to flow across vegetated surfaces, sometimes called terraces, to runoff-collection ditches. The length of the run generally is 150 to 300 feet. The application rate ranges from 2.5 to 16.0 inches per week. It commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. The wastewater leaves solids and nutrients on the vegetated surfaces as it flows

downslope in a thin film. Most of the water reaches the collection ditch, some is lost through evapotranspiration, and a small amount may percolate to the ground water.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, and the design and construction of the system. Reaction and the cation-exchange capacity affect absorption. Reaction, salinity, and the sodium adsorption ratio affect plant growth and microbial activity. Slope, permeability, depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, stones, and cobbles affect design and construction. Permanently frozen soils are unsuitable for waste treatment.

Rapid infiltration of wastewater is a process in which wastewater applied in a level basin at a rate of 4 to 120 inches per week percolates through the soil. The wastewater may eventually reach the ground water. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. Vegetation is not a necessary part of the treatment; hence, the basins may or may not be vegetated. The thickness of the soil material needed for proper treatment of the wastewater is more than 72 inches. As a result, geologic and hydrologic investigation is needed to ensure proper design and performance and to determine the risk of ground-water pollution.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect the risk of pollution and the design, construction, and performance of the system. Depth to a water table, ponding, flooding, and depth to bedrock or a cemented pan affect the risk of pollution and the design and construction of the system. Slope, stones, and cobbles also affect design and construction. Permeability and reaction affect performance. Permanently frozen soils are unsuitable for waste treatment.

Slow rate treatment of wastewater is a process in which wastewater is applied to land at a rate normally between 0.5 inch and 4.0 inches per week. The application rate commonly exceeds the rate needed for irrigation of cropland. The applied wastewater is treated as it moves through the soil. Much of the treated water may percolate to the ground water, and some enters the atmosphere through evapotranspiration. The applied water generally is not allowed to run off the surface. Waterlogging is prevented either through control of the application rate or through the use of tile drains, or both.

The ratings in the table are based on the soil properties that affect absorption, plant growth, microbial activity, erodibility, and the application of waste. The properties that affect absorption include the sodium adsorption ratio, depth to a water table, ponding, available water capacity, permeability, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, reaction, the cation-exchange capacity, and slope. Reaction, the sodium adsorption ratio, salinity, and bulk density affect plant growth and microbial activity. The wind erodibility group, the soil erodibility factor K, and slope are considered in estimating the likelihood of wind erosion or water erosion. Stones, cobbles, a water table, ponding, and flooding can hinder the application of waste. Permanently frozen soils are unsuitable for waste treatment.

#### **Construction Materials**

Tables 17 and 18 give information about the soils as potential sources of gravel, sand, topsoil, reclamation material, and roadfill. Normal compaction, minor processing, and other standard construction practices are assumed.

Sand and gravel are natural aggregates suitable for commercial use with a minimum of processing. They are used in many kinds of construction. Specifications for each use vary widely. In table 17, only the likelihood of finding material in suitable quantity is evaluated. The suitability of the material for specific purposes is not evaluated, nor are factors that affect excavation of the material. The properties used to evaluate the soil as a source of sand or gravel are gradation of grain sizes (as indicated by the Unified classification of the soil), the thickness of suitable material,

and the content of rock fragments. If the bottom layer of the soil contains sand or gravel, the soil is considered a likely source regardless of thickness. The assumption is that the sand or gravel layer below the depth of observation exceeds the minimum thickness.

The soils are rated *good*, *fair*, or *poor* as potential sources of sand and gravel. A rating of *good* or *fair* means that the source material is likely to be in or below the soil. The bottom layer and the thickest layer of the soils are assigned numerical ratings. These ratings indicate the likelihood that the layer is a source of sand or gravel. The number 0.00 indicates that the layer is an unlikely source. A number between 0.00 and 1.00 indicates the degree to which the layer is a likely source.

The soils are rated *good, fair,* or *poor* as potential sources of topsoil, reclamation material, and roadfill. The features that limit the soils as sources of these materials are specified in the tables. The numerical ratings given after the specified features indicate the degree to which the features limit the soils as sources of topsoil, reclamation material, or roadfill. The lower the number, the greater the limitation.

Topsoil is used to cover an area so that vegetation can be established and maintained. The upper 40 inches of a soil is evaluated for use as topsoil. Also evaluated is the reclamation potential of the borrow area. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect plant growth; the ease of excavating, loading, and spreading the material; and reclamation of the borrow area. Toxic substances, soil reaction, and the properties that are inferred from soil texture, such as available water capacity and fertility, affect plant growth. The ease of excavating, loading, and spreading is affected by rock fragments, slope, depth to a water table, soil texture, and thickness of suitable material. Reclamation of the borrow area is affected by slope, depth to a water table, rock fragments, depth to bedrock or a cemented pan, and toxic material.

The surface layer of most soils is generally preferred for topsoil because of its organic matter content. Organic matter greatly increases the absorption and retention of moisture and nutrients for plant growth.

Reclamation material is used in areas that have been drastically disturbed by surface mining or similar activities. When these areas are reclaimed, layers of soil material or unconsolidated geological material, or both, are replaced in a vertical sequence. The reconstructed soil favors plant growth. The ratings in the table do not apply to quarries and other mined areas that require an offsite source of reconstruction material. The ratings are based on the soil properties that affect erosion and stability of the surface and the productive potential of the reconstructed soil. These properties include the content of sodium, salts, and calcium carbonate; reaction; available water capacity; erodibility; texture; content of rock fragments; and content of organic matter and other features that affect fertility.

Roadfill is soil material that is excavated in one place and used in road embankments in another place. In this table, the soils are rated as a source of roadfill for low embankments, generally less than 6 feet high and less exacting in design than higher embankments.

The ratings are for the whole soil, from the surface to a depth of about 5 feet. It is assumed that soil layers will be mixed when the soil material is excavated and spread.

The ratings are based on the amount of suitable material and on soil properties that affect the ease of excavation and the performance of the material after it is in place. The thickness of the suitable material is a major consideration. The ease of excavation is affected by large stones, depth to a water table, and slope. How well the soil performs in place after it has been compacted and drained is determined by its strength (as inferred from the AASHTO classification of the soil) and linear extensibility (shrink-swell potential).

# **Water Management**

Table 19 gives information on the soil properties and site features that affect water management. The degree and kind of soil limitations are given for pond reservoir areas; embankments, dikes, and levees; and aquifer-fed excavated ponds. The ratings are both verbal and numerical. Rating class terms indicate the extent to which the soils are limited by all of the soil features that affect these uses. *Not limited* indicates that the soil has features that are very favorable for the specified use. Good performance and very low maintenance can be expected. *Somewhat limited* indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use. The limitations can be overcome or minimized by special planning, design, or installation. Fair performance and moderate maintenance can be expected. *Very limited* indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. The limitations generally cannot be overcome without major soil reclamation, special design, or expensive installation procedures. Poor performance and high maintenance can be expected.

Numerical ratings in the tables indicate the severity of individual limitations. The ratings are shown as decimal fractions ranging from 0.01 to 1.00. They indicate gradations between the point at which a soil feature has the greatest negative impact on the use (1.00) and the point at which the soil feature is not a limitation (0.00).

Pond reservoir areas hold water behind a dam or embankment. Soils best suited to this use have low seepage potential in the upper 60 inches. The seepage potential is determined by the permeability of the soil and the depth to fractured bedrock or other permeable material. Excessive slope can affect the storage capacity of the reservoir area.

Embankments, dikes, and levees are raised structures of soil material, generally less than 20 feet high, constructed to impound water or to protect land against overflow. Embankments that have zoned construction (core and shell) are not considered. In this table, the soils are rated as a source of material for embankment fill. The ratings apply to the soil material below the surface layer to a depth of about 5 feet. It is assumed that soil layers will be uniformly mixed and compacted during construction.

The ratings do not indicate the ability of the natural soil to support an embankment. Soil properties to a depth even greater than the height of the embankment can affect performance and safety of the embankment. Generally, deeper onsite investigation is needed to determine these properties.

Soil material in embankments must be resistant to seepage, piping, and erosion and have favorable compaction characteristics. Unfavorable features include less than 5 feet of suitable material and a high content of stones or boulders, organic matter, or salts or sodium. A high water table affects the amount of usable material. It also affects trafficability.

Aquifer-fed excavated ponds are pits or dugouts that extend to a ground-water aquifer or to a depth below a permanent water table. Excluded are ponds that are fed only by surface runoff and embankment ponds that impound water 3 feet or more above the original surface. Excavated ponds are affected by depth to a permanent water table, permeability of the aquifer, and quality of the water as inferred from the salinity of the soil. Depth to bedrock and the content of large stones affect the ease of excavation.

# **Soil Properties**

Data relating to soil properties are collected during the course of the soil survey. Soil properties are ascertained by field examination of the soils and by laboratory index testing of some benchmark soils. Established standard procedures are followed. During the survey, many shallow borings are made and examined to identify and classify the soils and to delineate them on the soil maps. Samples are taken from some typical profiles and tested in the laboratory to determine particle-size distribution, plasticity, and compaction characteristics.

Estimates of soil properties are based on field examinations, on laboratory tests of samples from the survey area, and on laboratory tests of samples of similar soils in nearby areas. Tests verify field observations, verify properties that cannot be estimated accurately by field observation, and help to characterize key soils.

The estimates of soil properties are shown in tables. They include engineering index properties, physical and chemical properties, and pertinent soil and water features.

# **Engineering Index Properties**

Table 20 gives the engineering classifications and the range of index properties for the layers of each soil in the survey area.

*Depth* to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Texture is given in the standard terms used by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. These terms are defined according to percentages of sand, silt, and clay in the fraction of the soil that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter. "Loam," for example, is soil that is 7 to 27 percent clay, 28 to 50 percent silt, and less than 52 percent sand. If the content of particles coarser than sand is 15 percent or more, an appropriate modifier is added, for example, "gravelly." Textural terms are defined in the Glossary.

*Classification* of the soils is determined according to the Unified soil classification system (ASTM, 2001) and the system adopted by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO, 2000).

The Unified system classifies soils according to properties that affect their use as construction material. Soils are classified according to particle-size distribution of the fraction less than 3 inches in diameter and according to plasticity index, liquid limit, and organic matter content. Sandy and gravelly soils are identified as GW, GP, GM, GC, SW, SP, SM, and SC; silty and clayey soils as ML, CL, OL, MH, CH, and OH; and highly organic soils as PT. Soils exhibiting engineering properties of two groups can have a dual classification, for example, CL-ML.

The AASHTO system classifies soils according to those properties that affect roadway construction and maintenance. In this system, the fraction of a mineral soil that is less than 3 inches in diameter is classified in one of seven groups from A-1 through A-7 on the basis of particle-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index. Soils in group A-1 are coarse grained and low in content of fines (silt and clay). At the other extreme, soils in group A-7 are fine grained. Highly organic soils are classified in group A-8 on the basis of visual inspection.

If laboratory data are available, the A-1, A-2, and A-7 groups are further classified as A-1-a, A-1-b, A-2-4, A-2-5, A-2-6, A-2-7, A-7-5, or A-7-6. As an additional refinement, the suitability of a soil as subgrade material can be indicated by a group index number. Group index numbers range from 0 for the best subgrade material to 20 or higher for the poorest.

Rock fragments larger than 10 inches in diameter and 3 to 10 inches in diameter are indicated as a percentage of the total soil on a dry-weight basis. The percentages are estimates determined mainly by converting volume percentage in the field to weight percentage.

Percentage (of soil particles) passing designated sieves is the percentage of the soil fraction less than 3 inches in diameter based on an ovendry weight. The sieves, numbers 4, 10, 40, and 200 (USA Standard Series), have openings of 4.76, 2.00, 0.420, and 0.074 millimeters, respectively. Estimates are based on laboratory tests of soils sampled in the survey area and in nearby areas and on estimates made in the field.

Liquid limit and plasticity index (Atterberg limits) indicate the plasticity characteristics of a soil. The estimates are based on test data from the survey area or from nearby areas and on field examination.

The estimates of particle-size distribution, liquid limit, and plasticity index are generally rounded to the nearest 5 percent. Thus, if the ranges of gradation and Atterberg limits extend a marginal amount (1 or 2 percentage points) across classification boundaries, the classification in the marginal zone is generally omitted in the table.

# **Physical Properties**

Table 21 shows estimates of some physical characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Clay as a soil separate consists of mineral soil particles that are less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. In table 21, the estimated clay content of each soil layer is given as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The amount and kind of clay affect the fertility and physical condition of the soil and the ability of the soil to adsorb cations and to retain moisture. They influence shrink-swell potential, permeability, plasticity, the ease of soil dispersion, and other soil properties. The amount and kind of clay in a soil also affect tillage and earthmoving operations.

Moist bulk density is the weight of soil (ovendry) per unit volume. Volume is measured when the soil is at field moisture capacity, that is, the moisture content at ½- or ½-

Permeability (Ksat) refers to the ability of a soil to transmit water or air. The term "permeability," as used in soil surveys, indicates saturated hydraulic conductivity (Ksat). The estimates in the table indicate the rate of water movement, in inches per

hour, when the soil is saturated. They are based on soil characteristics observed in the field, particularly structure, porosity, and texture. Permeability is considered in the design of soil drainage systems and septic tank absorption fields.

Available water capacity refers to the quantity of water that the soil is capable of storing for use by plants. The capacity for water storage is given in inches of water per inch of soil for each soil layer. The capacity varies, depending on soil properties that affect retention of water. The most important properties are the content of organic matter, soil texture, bulk density, and soil structure. Available water capacity is an important factor in the choice of plants or crops to be grown and in the design and management of irrigation systems. Available water capacity is not an estimate of the quantity of water actually available to plants at any given time.

Linear extensibility refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>- or <sup>1</sup>/<sub>10</sub>-bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. The volume change is reported in the table as percent change for the whole soil. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil.

Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. The shrink-swell potential is low if the soil has a linear extensibility of less than 3 percent; moderate if 3 to 6 percent; high if 6 to 9 percent; and very high if more than 9 percent. If the linear extensibility is more than 3, shrinking and swelling can cause damage to buildings, roads, and other structures and to plant roots. Special design commonly is needed.

*Organic matter* is the plant and animal residue in the soil at various stages of decomposition. In table 21, the estimated content of organic matter is expressed as a percentage, by weight, of the soil material that is less than 2 millimeters in diameter.

The content of organic matter in a soil can be maintained by returning crop residue to the soil. Organic matter has a positive effect on available water capacity, water infiltration, soil organism activity, and tilth. It is a source of nitrogen and other nutrients for crops and soil organisms.

Erosion factors are shown in table 21 as the K factor (Kw and Kf) and the T factor. Erosion factor K indicates the susceptibility of a soil to sheet and rill erosion by water. Factor K is one of several factors used in the Universal Soil Loss Equation (USLE) and the Revised Universal Soil Loss Equation (RUSLE) to predict the average annual rate of soil loss by sheet and rill erosion in tons per acre per year. The estimates are based primarily on percentage of silt, sand, and organic matter and on soil structure and permeability. Values of K range from 0.02 to 0.69. Other factors being equal, the higher the value, the more susceptible the soil is to sheet and rill erosion by water.

*Erosion factor Kw* indicates the erodibility of the whole soil. The estimates are modified by the presence of rock fragments.

*Erosion factor Kf* indicates the erodibility of the fine-earth fraction, or the material less than 2 millimeters in size.

*Erosion factor T* is an estimate of the maximum average annual rate of soil erosion by wind or water that can occur without affecting crop productivity over a sustained period. The rate is in tons per acre per year.

Wind erodibility groups are made up of soils that have similar properties affecting their susceptibility to wind erosion in cultivated areas. The soils assigned to group 1 are the most susceptible to wind erosion, and those assigned to group 8 are the least susceptible. The groups are described in the "National Soil Survey Handbook" (USDA, NRCS).

Wind erodibility index is a numerical value indicating the susceptibility of soil to wind erosion, or the tons per acre per year that can be expected to be lost to wind erosion. There is a close correlation between wind erosion and the texture of the surface layer, the size and durability of surface clods, rock fragments, organic matter,

and a calcareous reaction. Soil moisture and frozen soil layers also influence wind erosion.

# **Chemical Properties**

Table 22 shows estimates of some chemical characteristics and features that affect soil behavior. These estimates are given for the layers of each soil in the survey area. The estimates are based on field observations and on test data for these and similar soils.

Depth to the upper and lower boundaries of each layer is indicated.

Cation-exchange capacity is the total amount of extractable bases that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. Soils having a low cation-exchange capacity hold fewer cations and may require more frequent applications of fertilizer than soils having a high cation-exchange capacity. The ability to retain cations reduces the hazard of ground-water pollution.

Effective cation-exchange capacity refers to the sum of extractable bases plus aluminum expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil. It is determined for soils that have pH of less than 5.5.

Soil reaction is a measure of acidity or alkalinity. The pH of each soil horizon is based on many field tests. For many soils, values have been verified by laboratory analyses. Soil reaction is important in selecting crops and other plants, in evaluating soil amendments for fertility and stabilization, and in determining the risk of corrosion.

Calcium carbonate equivalent is the percent of carbonates, by weight, in the fraction of the soil less than 2 millimeters in size. The availability of plant nutrients is influenced by the amount of carbonates in the soil. Incorporating nitrogen fertilizer into calcareous soils helps to prevent nitrite accumulation and ammonium-N volatilization.

*Gypsum* is expressed as a percent, by weight, of hydrated calcium sulfates in the fraction of the soil less than 20 millimeters in size. Gypsum is partially soluble in water. Soils that have a high content of gypsum may collapse if the gypsum is removed by percolating water.

Salinity is a measure of soluble salts in the soil at saturation. It is expressed as the electrical conductivity of the saturation extract, in millimhos per centimeter at 25 degrees C. Estimates are based on field and laboratory measurements at representative sites of nonirrigated soils. The salinity of irrigated soils is affected by the quality of the irrigation water and by the frequency of water application. Hence, the salinity of soils in individual fields can differ greatly from the value given in the table. Salinity affects the suitability of a soil for crop production, the stability of soil if used as construction material, and the potential of the soil to corrode metal and concrete.

Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) is a measure of the amount of sodium (Na) relative to calcium (Ca) and magnesium (Mg) in the water extract from saturated soil paste. It is the ratio of the Na concentration divided by the square root of one-half of the Ca + Mg concentration. Soils that have SAR values of 13 or more may be characterized by an increased dispersion of organic matter and clay particles, reduced permeability and aeration, and a general degradation of soil structure.

# **Water Features**

Table 23 gives estimates of various water features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the

soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The four hydrologic soil groups are:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

The *months* in the table indicate the portion of the year in which the feature is most likely to be a concern.

Water table refers to a saturated zone in the soil. Table 23 indicates, by month, depth to the top (upper limit) and base (lower limit) of the saturated zone in most years. Estimates of the upper and lower limits are based mainly on observations of the water table at selected sites and on evidence of a saturated zone, namely grayish colors or mottles (redoximorphic features) in the soil. A saturated zone that lasts for less than a month is not considered a water table.

Ponding is standing water in a closed depression. Unless a drainage system is installed, the water is removed only by percolation, transpiration, or evaporation. Table 23 indicates surface water depth and the duration and frequency of ponding. Duration is expressed as very brief if less than 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, rare, occasional, and frequent. None means that ponding is not probable; rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of ponding is nearly 0 percent to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs, on the average, once or less in 2 years (the chance of ponding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); and frequent that it occurs, on the average, more than once in 2 years (the chance of ponding is more than 50 percent in any year).

*Flooding* is the temporary inundation of an area caused by overflowing streams, by runoff from adjacent slopes, or by tides. Water standing for short periods after rainfall or snowmelt is not considered flooding, and water standing in swamps and marshes is considered ponding rather than flooding.

Duration and frequency are estimated. Duration is expressed as extremely brief if 0.1 hour to 4 hours, very brief if 4 hours to 2 days, brief if 2 to 7 days, long if 7 to 30 days, and very long if more than 30 days. Frequency is expressed as none, very rare, rare, occasional, frequent, and very frequent. None means that flooding is not probable; very rare that it is very unlikely but possible under extremely unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is less than 1 percent in any year); rare that it is unlikely but possible under unusual weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 1 to 5 percent in any year); occasional that it occurs infrequently under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is 5 to 50 percent in any year); frequent that it is likely to occur often under normal weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in any year but is less than 50 percent in all months in any year); and very frequent that it is likely to occur very often under normal

weather conditions (the chance of flooding is more than 50 percent in all months of any year).

The information is based on evidence in the soil profile, namely thin strata of gravel, sand, silt, or clay deposited by floodwater; irregular decrease in organic matter content with increasing depth; and little or no horizon development.

Also considered are local information about the extent and levels of flooding and the relation of each soil on the landscape to historic floods. Information on the extent of flooding based on soil data is less specific than that provided by detailed engineering surveys that delineate flood-prone areas at specific flood frequency levels.

# **Soil Features**

Table 24 gives estimates of various soil features. The estimates are used in land use planning that involves engineering considerations.

A restrictive layer is a nearly continuous layer that has one or more physical, chemical, or thermal properties that significantly impede the movement of water and air through the soil or that restrict roots or otherwise provide an unfavorable root environment. Examples are bedrock, cemented layers, dense layers, and frozen layers. The table indicates the hardness and thickness of the restrictive layer, both of which significantly affect the ease of excavation. *Depth to top* is the vertical distance from the soil surface to the upper boundary of the restrictive layer.

Potential for frost action is the likelihood of upward or lateral expansion of the soil caused by the formation of segregated ice lenses (frost heave) and the subsequent collapse of the soil and loss of strength on thawing. Frost action occurs when moisture moves into the freezing zone of the soil. Temperature, texture, density, permeability, content of organic matter, and depth to the water table are the most important factors considered in evaluating the potential for frost action. It is assumed that the soil is not insulated by vegetation or snow and is not artificially drained. Silty and highly structured, clayey soils that have a high water table in winter are the most susceptible to frost action. Well drained, very gravelly, or very sandy soils are the least susceptible. Frost heave and low soil strength during thawing cause damage to pavements and other rigid structures.

Risk of corrosion pertains to potential soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that corrodes or weakens uncoated steel or concrete. The rate of corrosion of uncoated steel is related to such factors as soil moisture, particle-size distribution, acidity, and electrical conductivity of the soil. The rate of corrosion of concrete is based mainly on the sulfate and sodium content, texture, moisture content, and acidity of the soil. Special site examination and design may be needed if the combination of factors results in a severe hazard of corrosion. The steel or concrete in installations that intersect soil boundaries or soil layers is more susceptible to corrosion than the steel or concrete in installations that are entirely within one kind of soil or within one soil layer.

For uncoated steel, the risk of corrosion, expressed as *low, moderate*, or *high*, is based on soil drainage class, total acidity, electrical resistivity near field capacity, and electrical conductivity of the saturation extract.

For concrete, the risk of corrosion also is expressed as *low, moderate*, or *high*. It is based on soil texture, acidity, and amount of sulfates in the saturation extract.

# Classification of the Soils

The system of soil classification used by the National Cooperative Soil Survey has six categories (USDA, 1975). Beginning with the broadest, these categories are the order, suborder, great group, subgroup, family, and series. Classification is based on soil properties observed in the field or inferred from those observations or from laboratory measurements. Table 25 shows the classification of the soils in the survey area. The categories are defined in the following paragraphs.

ORDER. Eleven soil orders are recognized. The differences among orders reflect the dominant soil-forming processes and the degree of soil formation. Each order is identified by a word ending in *sol*. An example is Mollisol.

SUBORDER. Each order is divided into suborders primarily on the basis of properties that influence soil genesis and are important to plant growth or properties that reflect the most important variables within the orders. The last syllable in the name of a suborder indicates the order. An example is Xeroll (*Xer*, meaning dry, plus *oll*, from Mollisol).

GREAT GROUP. Each suborder is divided into great groups on the basis of close similarities in kind, arrangement, and degree of development of pedogenic horizons; soil moisture and temperature regimes; type of saturation; and base status. Each great group is identified by the name of a suborder and by a prefix that indicates a property of the soil. An example is Argixerolls (*Argi*, meaning presence of an argillic horizon, plus *xeroll*, the suborder of the Mollisols that has a xeric moisture regime or an aridic moisture regime that borders on xeric).

SUBGROUP. Each great group has a typic subgroup. Other subgroups are intergrades or extragrades. The typic subgroup is the central concept of the great group; it is not necessarily the most extensive. Intergrades are transitions to other orders, suborders, or great groups. Extragrades have some properties that are not representative of the great group but do not indicate transitions to any other taxonomic class. Each subgroup is identified by one or more adjectives preceding the name of the great group. The adjective *Pachic* identifies the extragrade subgroup that has a thick, dark epipedon with no evidence of new material at the surface. An example is Pachic Argixerolls.

FAMILY. Families are established within a subgroup on the basis of physical and chemical properties and other characteristics that affect management. Generally, the properties are those of horizons below plow depth where there is much biological activity. Among the properties and characteristics considered are particle-size class, mineralogy class, soil temperature regime, soil depth, and reaction class. A family name consists of the name of a subgroup preceded by terms that indicate soil properties. An example is fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls.

SERIES. The series consists of soils within a family that have horizons similar in color, texture, structure, reaction, consistence, mineral and chemical composition, and arrangement in the profile. An example of a soil with the taxonomic classification given above is the Hades series.

# **Taxonomic Units and Their Morphology**

In this section, each major taxonomic unit recognized in the survey area is described. These taxonomic units are soil series, taxadjuncts to soil series, and higher category soils. Characteristics of the soil and the material in which it formed are identified for each series. A pedon, a small three-dimensional area of soil, that is typical of the series in the survey area is described. The detailed description of each soil horizon follows standards in the "Soil Survey Manual" (Soil Survey Division Staff, 1993). Many of the technical terms used in the descriptions are defined in "Soil Taxonomy" (USDA, 1975) and in "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1994). Unless otherwise indicated, colors in the descriptions are for dry soil. Following the pedon description is the range of important characteristics of the soils in the series.

The map units of each taxonomic unit are described in the section "Detailed Soil Map Units."

# **Airport Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Valleys Landform: Stream terraces

Parent material: Calcareous, silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 4,440 to 4,460 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 140 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Aquic Natrixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Airport silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes; in adjacent Cache County, Utah; about 400 feet south and 1,100 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 6, T. 12 N., R. 1 E.

- A—0 to 4 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak thin and medium platy structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many fine roots; common fine pores; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); clear smooth boundary.
- Btn—4 to 11 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; very hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; common fine roots; many fine pores; continuous clay films on faces of peds; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear smooth boundary.
- Btkn—11 to 16 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silty clay loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; weak medium prismatic structure; very hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; many fine pores; clay films lining pores; strongly effervescent; very strongly alkaline (pH 9.2); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—16 to 25 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silty clay loam, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) moist; massive; extremely hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many fine pores; violently effervescent; very strongly alkaline (pH 9.7); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk2—25 to 60 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silty clay loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) moist; massive; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many fine pores; common medium distinct brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) irregularly shaped

masses of iron accumulation; violently effervescent; very strongly alkaline (pH 9.9).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 14 inches

Depth to a natric horizon—4 to 12 inches

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—April, May, June, July, August, and

September; depth—2.0 to 3.0 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 15

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—4 to 32

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Btn and Btkn horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—25 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—15 to 40

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—4 to 32

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# Bk horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry or moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—25 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—15 to 40

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—4 to 32

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# **Ant Flat Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Landscape: Lake plains

Landform: Lake plains and lake terraces

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 20 percent

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 120 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Calcic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Ant Flat silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 4 miles north and 1 mile west of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,760 feet south and 1,200 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 33, T. 14 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/2) silty clay loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—8 to 16 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/3) clay loam, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak medium granular; very hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt—16 to 24 inches; reddish brown (5YR 5/3) clay, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very friable, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Btk—24 to 29 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/4) clay, reddish brown (5YR 5/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very friable, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine roots; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 3-centimeter-wide cracks filled with surface material; many fine irregular carbonate threads and masses; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—29 to 33 inches; pink (5YR 7/3) clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine roots; 2-centimeter-wide cracks filled with surface material in the upper part of the horizon; many fine and medium irregular carbonate threads; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—33 to 42 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/4) clay, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; many fine and medium carbonate threads and masses; violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk3—42 to 53 inches; pink (5YR 7/3) clay loam, light brown (7.5YR 6/4) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine irregular carbonate masses; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk4—53 to 57 inches; pinkish gray (5YR 7/2) silty clay loam, yellowish red (5YR 5/6) moist; massive; hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk5—57 to 60 inches; pink (5YR 7/3) clay loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; massive; hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; disseminated carbonates; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—5 to 16 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—18 to 30 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—7.5YR or 5YR

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### AB and Bt horizons

Hue-7.5YR or 5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—3 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam or clay

Content of clay—35 to 55 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 3 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### Btk and Bk horizons

Hue—7.5YR or 5YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam, clay loam,

or clay

Content of clay—27 to 55 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# **Arbone Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains
Landform: Fan remnants
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 12 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Arbone loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes; about 1 mile west and 1 mile south of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,350 feet south and 300 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 11, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.5); clear wavy boundary.
- A—8 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw—12 to 21 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk1—21 to 32 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—32 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/4) fine sandy loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 19 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 25 inches

#### Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—13 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bw horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—13 to 18 percent

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam or silt loam

Content of clay—8 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 18 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Bancroft Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes Parent material: Loess Slope: 6 to 15 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 80 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Bancroft silt loam, in an area of Manila-Bancroft complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes; about 3 miles north and 1 mile west of the town of Swan Lake, in Bannock County, Idaho; about 447 feet north and 1,115 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 21, T. 10 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine roots; many very fine irregular and common very fine tubular pores; slightly acid (pH 6.2); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—7 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; extremely hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; many faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly acid (pH 6.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; moderate coarse angular blocky structure parting to moderate medium angular blocky; extremely hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; neutral (pH 6.7); gradual wavy boundary.

- Bt3—23 to 37 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak coarse angular blocky structure parting to moderate fine and medium angular blocky; extremely hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; about 5 percent hard cicada krotovinas; neutral (pH 7.1); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Btk—37 to 41 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak coarse angular blocky structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; extremely hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—41 to 58 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; massive; extremely hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine tubular pores; many fine carbonate threads; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—58 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; massive; hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine tubular pores; common fine carbonate threads; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 19 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—7 to 20 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—19 to 41 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 20 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 32 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.8

#### Btk and Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 20 percent
Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2
Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# **Banida Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 30 percent Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 110 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Vertic Xerochrepts

#### **Typical Pedon**

Banida silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (fig. 16); about 8.5 miles northeast of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,800 feet north and 1,800 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 12, T. 14 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/2) silty clay loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium granular structure; slightly hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine and few coarse roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—6 to 9 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/2) silty clay, dark reddish gray (5YR 4/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine and few coarse roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bw1—9 to 22 inches; reddish brown (5YR 4/3) silty clay, dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) moist; weak medium prismatic structure parting to strong fine angular blocky; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few fine roots; common 1-to-1.5-centimeter-wide vertical cracks filled with brown (7.5YR 5/2) surface material; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw2—22 to 29 inches; reddish brown (5YR 5/3) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine roots; common 1-to-2.5-centimeter-wide vertical cracks filled with brown (7.5YR 5/2) surface material; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw3—29 to 35 inches; reddish brown (5YR 5/3) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine roots; common 1-to-4-centimeter-wide vertical cracks filled with brown (7.5YR 5/2) surface material; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—35 to 40 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/4) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 5/4) moist; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine roots; few fine

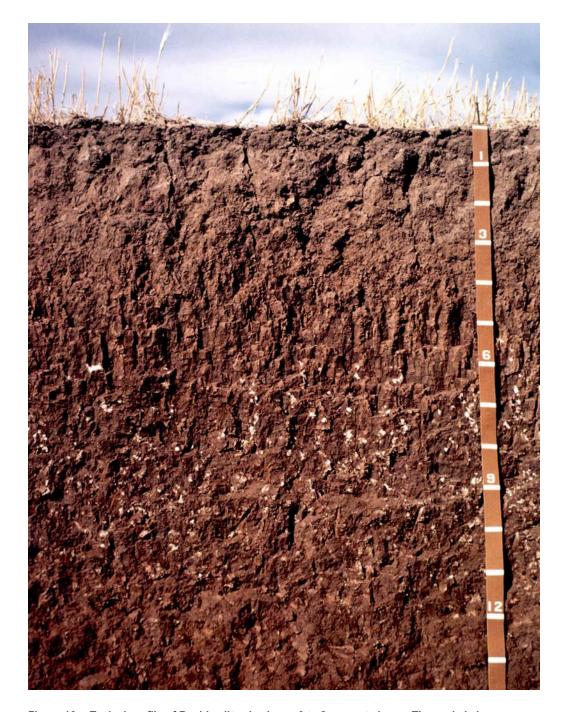


Figure 16.—Typical profile of Banida silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes. The scale is in decimeters.

carbonate threads; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.

Bk2—40 to 64 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/4) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 5/4) moist; massive; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; few fine distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Depth to secondary carbonates—20 to 36 inches

Ap horizon

Hue—7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—32 to 39 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

AB and Bw horizons

Hue—7.5YR or 5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay or clay

Content of clay-40 to 55 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 15 percent

Content of gypsum—0 to 5 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk horizons

Hue-7.5YR or 5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 or 5 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay or clay

Content of clay—40 to 55 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Battle Creek Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained or well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

*Elevation:* 4,400 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, mesic Vertic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Battle Creek silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 2.5 miles west of Franklin, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,640 feet north and 500 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 24, T. 16 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and few medium roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); abrupt smooth boundary.
- AB—8 to 11 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silty clay, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt—11 to 19 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/4) silty clay, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual smooth boundary.
- Btk—19 to 40 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) silty clay, light brown (7.5YR 6/4) moist; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; many distinct carbonate masses; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk—40 to 60 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) silty clay, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak fine prismatic structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—8 to 15 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—10 to 14 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 24 inches

#### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—March, April, May, June, July, and August; depth—3.5 to 6.0 feet

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—32 to 40 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

# AB horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay—32 to 45 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bt horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay or clay

Content of clay-40 to 60 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Btk horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay or clay

Content of clay-40 to 60 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

## Bk horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay—35 to 55 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—2 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Taxadjunct Feature**

The Battle Creek soil in map unit 141 (Trenton-Battle Creek complex, cool, 0 to 2 percent slopes) is a taxadjunct to the series because it has a frigid soil temperature regime. This difference, however, does not affect the use and management of the soil.

# **Bear Lake Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Plains Landform: Flood plains

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent Elevation: 4,600 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, frigid Typic Calciaquolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Bear Lake silty clay loam, in an area of Bear Lake-Downata complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes; about 1.5 miles east of Oxford, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,500 feet south and 2,300 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 26, T. 13 S., R. 38 E.

- A—0 to 11 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silty clay loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and fine roots; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- Bkg1—11 to 20 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; few hard carbonate nodules; disseminated carbonates (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bkg2—20 to 26 inches; light gray (10YR 7/1) silty clay loam, gray (10YR 6/1) and light gray (2.5Y 7/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common fine prominent pale olive (5Y 6/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; 20 percent, by volume, hard carbonate nodules; disseminated carbonates (30 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkg3—26 to 60 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/1) silty clay loam, gray (N 6/0) and olive gray (5Y 5/2) crushed and moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common medium prominent light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) and common fine faint pale olive (5Y 6/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; less than 5 percent, by volume, hard carbonate nodules; disseminated carbonates (30 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 22 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—6 to 16 inches Aquic conditions

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, June, and July; depth—0.0 to 1.5 feet

Ponding: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, June, and July; frequency—occasional; duration—brief; depth—0.0 to 0.5 foot

Flooding: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and June; frequency—frequent or occasional; duration—brief

#### A horizon

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or N

Value—2 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 7 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 34 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# Bkg1 horizon

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, 5Y, or N

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 34 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bkg2 and Bkg3 horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, 5Y, or N

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—15 to 34 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Bearhollow Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 35 percent

*Elevation:* 5,200 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcixerollic Xerochrepts

#### **Typical Pedon**

Bearhollow gravelly loam, in an area of Thatcher-Bearhollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes; about 1 mile south and 5 miles west of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,600 feet south and 500 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 30, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 4 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 30 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt smooth boundary.
- A—4 to 9 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 25 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—9 to 22 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—22 to 43 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) gravelly loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 30 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—43 to 60 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) gravelly loam, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the ochric epipedon—4 to 9 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—4 to 9 inches

#### Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—13 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—9 to 34 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist
Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam
Content of clay—10 to 16 percent
Content of rock fragments—9 to 34 percent gravel
Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 25 percent
Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 13
Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Bergquist Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 15 to 75 percent Elevation: 4,900 to 6,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Haploxerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Bergquist very gravelly loam, in an area of Bergquist-Softback complex, 25 to 65 percent slopes; about 4 miles northwest of the Oneida Narrows Dam, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,400 feet north and 700 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 28, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 5 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate very fine and fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium and few coarse roots; 35 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw—5 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium and few coarse roots; 35 percent gravel and 15 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); clear wavy boundary.
- C1—12 to 25 inches; reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) extremely gravelly sandy loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine to coarse roots; 50 percent gravel and 20 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); clear wavy boundary.
- C2—25 to 54 inches; reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) extremely gravelly sandy loam, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine to coarse roots; 60 percent gravel and 20 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.
- R—54 inches; quartzite.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 19 inches

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—7 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—25 to 45 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### Bw horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—35 to 55 percent gravel, 10 to 20 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### C horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—4 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—3 to 12 percent

Content of rock fragments—28 to 73 percent gravel, 6 to 25 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

# **Bothwell Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains and hills Landform: Fan remnants and hillslopes Parent material: Silty alluvium and loess

Slope: 4 to 30 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Bothwell silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 4 miles north and 6 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,800 feet south and 1,000 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 35, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; weak very fine, fine, and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine and fine and few medium tubular pores; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.

- BA—6 to 13 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine to medium tubular pores; 1 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt1—13 to 25 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine to medium tubular and few coarse vesicular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 1 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt2—25 to 36 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine to medium tubular and few coarse vesicular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt3—36 to 45 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine and medium prismatic structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 1 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- BC—45 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak fine prismatic structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 3 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 45 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—6 to 12 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

## BA and Bt1 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 7 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—22 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Bt2 and Bt3 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 7 dry, 2 to 4 moist Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

BC horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 7 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

# **Brifox Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Landscape: Hills and lake plains
Landform: Hillslopes and lake terraces
Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 1 to 35 percent Elevation: 4.900 to 5.600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Chromic Calcixererts

#### **Typical Pedon**

Brifox silty clay, in an area of Brifox-Huffman complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes; about 3 miles west of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,000 feet south and 1,300 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 3, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

Ap—0 to 7 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silty clay, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, very sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; disseminated carbonates (13 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.

Bw—7 to 12 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silty clay, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, very sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; few fine carbonate masses and threads; disseminated carbonates (14 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.

- Bss—12 to 18 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silty clay, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) moist; moderate fine prismatic structure; hard, firm, very sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine irregular pores; few intersecting slickensides; few fine carbonate masses and threads (14 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkss1—18 to 28 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silty clay, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; weak fine prismatic structure; hard, firm, very sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine irregular pores; few intersecting slickensides; common fine carbonate masses and threads; disseminated carbonates (19 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkss2—28 to 55 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silty clay, dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) moist; weak fine prismatic structure; hard, firm, very sticky, moderately plastic; few intersecting slickensides; common fine carbonate masses and threads; disseminated carbonates (14 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk—55 to 60 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silty clay, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, very sticky, moderately plastic; common fine carbonate masses and threads; disseminated carbonates (14 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 30 inches

Ap horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay

Content of clay—40 to 50 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bw and Bss horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bkss and Bk horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam, silty clay, or

clay

Content of clay—38 to 60 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 35 percent

Content of gypsum—0 to 15 percent Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Broadhead Taxadjunct**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 50 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 28 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 55 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Vertic Argixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Broadhead silt loam, in an area of Manila-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes; about 1 mile south and 7 miles west of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,500 feet south and 1,500 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 24, T. 16 S., R. 37 E.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—7 to 10 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine angular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common faint and few distinct clay films on faces of peds; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—10 to 22 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium prismatic structure; hard, friable, very sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; many distinct and common prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt3—22 to 37 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse prismatic structure; hard, friable, very sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; many distinct and common prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt4—37 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak fine prismatic structure; hard, firm, very sticky,

moderately plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common faint and few distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; neutral (pH 7.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 40 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—6 to 15 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 9 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 7.3

#### Bt1 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—25 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 9 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

## Bt2, Bt3, and Bt4 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 9 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### **Taxadjunct Feature**

The Broadhead soils in this survey area are taxadjuncts because the linear extensibility and shrink-swell potential are higher than is defined as the range for the series. These differences, however, do not affect the use and management of the soils for rangeland or cropland.

# **Cachecan Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Fluventic Xerochrepts

# **Typical Pedon**

Cachecan silt loam, in an area of Delish-Cachecan-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 2.75 miles west of Fairview, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,200 feet south and 1,800 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 29, T. 16 S., R. 39 E.

- A—0 to 5 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak thin platy structure parting to moderate very fine and fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine and common medium roots; few very fine and common fine irregular and tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw1—5 to 12 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) fine sandy loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; few very fine and common fine irregular and tubular pores; few fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); 2 percent gravel; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw2—12 to 20 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak thick platy structure parting to moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; few fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; disseminated carbonates (12 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bg—20 to 37 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) moist; moderate coarse prismatic structure; very hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common medium faint very dark gray (10YR 3/1) irregularly shaped iron depletions that are concentrated in the lower part of the horizon, below a depth of 30 inches; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Cg—37 to 61 inches; light gray (10YR 7/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) moist; massive; very hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common medium faint very dark gray (10YR 3/1) irregularly shaped iron depletions; disseminated carbonates (15 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; common crushed snail shell fragments; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Depth to the base of a cambic horizon—12 to 25 inches

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Irregular decrease in content of organic carbon Depth to iron depletions—20 to 36 inches

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and June; depth—2.5 to 3.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bw horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam or silt loam

Content of clay—5 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Ba horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—25 to 32 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

## Cg horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—32 to 40 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# Camelback Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 60 percent Elevation: 5,000 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Camelback very gravelly silt loam, in an area of Camelback-Lonigan complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes; about 3 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 950 feet south and 2,900 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 16, T. 15 S., R. 40 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine and medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—3 to 14 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—14 to 22 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay bridges; 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt2—22 to 32 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt3—32 to 50 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) very gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- BC—50 to 61 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine

roots; few very fine tubular and irregular pores; 35 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 35 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—10 to 35 inches

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—21 to 57 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—2 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—20 to 31 percent

Content of rock fragments—21 to 57 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

#### BC horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 or 5 moist Chroma—4 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—14 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—21 to 47 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

# **Cedarhill Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 50 percent Elevation: 4,900 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Cedarhill very gravelly silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes; about 1 mile north and 3 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 900 feet south and 1,200 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 17, T. 15 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many fine vesicular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 45 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- ABk—8 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 40 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk1—17 to 28 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 40 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk2—28 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 40 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 17 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 12 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 16 percent

Content of rock fragments—20 to 45 percent gravel, 0 to 11 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

#### ABk horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—7 to 51 percent gravel, 0 to 11 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

## Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 3 to 8 moist

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam
Content of clay—10 to 17 percent
Content of rock fragments—22 to 54 percent gravel, 0 to 25 percent cobbles
Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent
Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# **Chesbrook Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Plains Landform: Flood plains Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, frigid Typic Calciaquolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Chesbrook silty clay loam; in adjacent Caribou County, Idaho; about 700 feet north and 1,200 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 29, T. 6 S., R. 39 E.

Oi—0 to 2 inches; slightly decomposed plant material.

- Akg1—2 to 13 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; violently effervescent (34 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); gradual smooth boundary.
- Akg2—13 to 20 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; violently effervescent (37 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkg1—20 to 31 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak medium subangular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; strongly effervescent (47 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkg2—31 to 36 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) moist; massive; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; many light gray (10YR 7/2) iron depletions; strongly effervescent (75 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkg3—36 to 48 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silty clay loam, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) moist; massive; hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few

very fine and fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; few prominent yellow (2.5Y 7/6) masses of iron accumulation; strongly effervescent (47 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.

Ckg1—48 to 56 inches; white (5Y 8/1) silty clay loam, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) moist; massive; hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; few fine olive yellow (2.5Y 6/6) masses of iron accumulation; 2 percent snail shells; 25 percent <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>- by <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-inch lime nodules; strongly effervescent (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); 3 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear smooth boundary.

Ckg2—56 to 62 inches; pale yellow (5Y 8/3) silt loam, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; massive; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common fine olive yellow (2.5Y 6/6) and few fine light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) masses of iron accumulation; 30 percent <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub>- by <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>- inch lime nodules; slightly effervescent (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 30 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—11 to 24 inches

Depth to redoximorphic features—6 to 18 inches

Aquic conditions

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, June, and July; depth—0.5 foot to 1.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### Akg horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—25 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bka horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—35 to 40 percent
Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel
Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 75 percent
Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2
Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Ckg horizons

Hue—10YR, 2.5Y, 5Y, or N
Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist
Chroma—1 to 3 dry, 0 to 3 moist
Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam
Content of clay—20 to 32 percent
Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel
Calcium carbonate equivalent—25 to 40 percent
Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2
Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Cloudless Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains Landform: Fan remnants Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 20 percent

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 95 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Cloudless silt loam, in an area of Cloudless-Hades-Howcan complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes; about 3 miles west of Oxford, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,380 feet north and 2,500 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 19, T. 13 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine and few medium roots; common fine irregular and tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); gradual smooth boundary.
- AB—6 to 9 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine and few medium roots; many fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.1); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—9 to 15 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine and few medium roots; common fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); gradual smooth boundary.

- Bt2—15 to 21 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; strong medium subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine and medium roots; common fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt3—21 to 29 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) gravelly silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine and medium roots; few fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt4—29 to 44 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) gravelly silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine and medium roots; few medium tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt5—44 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) gravelly silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 25 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—6 to 18 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 9 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# AB and Bt1 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bt2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay-27 to 32 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

Bt3, Bt4, and Bt5 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 34 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 31 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# **Collinston Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 60 percent

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Collinston silt loam, in an area of Wheelon-Collinston complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 2 miles northwest of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 100 feet north and 1,800 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 3, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—8 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; carbonates segregated in few fine irregular masses and threads; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—12 to 20 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; carbonates segregated in many fine irregular masses and threads; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—20 to 29 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; carbonates segregated in many fine irregular masses and threads; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.

- Bk4—29 to 48 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; carbonates segregated in many fine irregular masses and threads; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- C—48 to 60 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 20 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—8 to 13 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

#### Bk1 horizon

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 30 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—30 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

#### Bk2, Bk3, and Bk4 horizons

Hue—10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 30 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

C horizon

Hue—10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—7 or 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 30 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# Copenhagen Series

Depth class: Shallow

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 4 to 55 percent

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Ashy-skeletal, frigid Lithic Haploxerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Copenhagen very channery loam, in an area of Nyman-Lonigan-Copenhagen complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 3 miles northeast of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 4,550 north and 1,600 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 16, T. 15 S., R. 40 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine and medium granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 20 percent gravel and 25 percent channers; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—3 to 7 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine and medium granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 15 percent gravel and 20 percent channers; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw—7 to 13 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very channery loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 15 percent gravel and 30 percent channers; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.

R—13 inches; tuff.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Content of volcanic glass—70 to 90 percent

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—15 to 57 percent gravel, 15 to 30 percent channers

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8 Bulk density—0.80 to 1.00

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.14 to 0.17 percent

Phosphorus retention—15 to 25 percent 15-bar water retention, dry—15 to 25 percent

#### Bw horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—15 to 59 percent gravel, 15 to 30 percent channers

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8 Bulk density—1.20 to 1.40

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.04 to 0.12 percent

Phosphorus retention—30 to 80 percent 15-bar water retention, dry—10 to 25 percent

# **Delish Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed (calcareous), mesic Oxyaquic

Xerofluvents

# **Typical Pedon**

Delish fine sandy loam, in an area of Delish-Cachecan-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 2 miles west of Fairview, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 100 feet south and 1,800 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 29, T. 16 S., R. 39 E.

- A—0 to 3 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) fine sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; few very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw—3 to 7 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; few very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (2 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt wavy boundary.
- C1—7 to 10 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate thick platy structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular and common very fine to coarse tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (2 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt wavy boundary.
- C2—10 to 13 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; moderate thick platy structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few very fine and fine irregular and tubular pores; few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; disseminated carbonates (2 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bwb1—13 to 15 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; common very fine irregular pores; few fine faint yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; disseminated carbonates (4 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bwb2—15 to 32 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; few fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates (7 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.
- C´1—32 to 56 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common fine and medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates (7 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); clear wavy boundary.
- C'2—56 to 61 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; few fine prominent strong brown

(7.5YR 4/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Irregular decrease in content of organic carbon Depth to redoximorphic features—10 to 22 inches

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and June; depth—1.5 to 2.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam

Content of clay—6 to 15 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 8

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bw and Bwb horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam, silt loam, or loam

Content of clay—8 to 15 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# C and C' horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam, silt loam, or loam

Content of clay-15 to 25 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Dirtyhead Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and residuum

Slope: 4 to 30 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcixerollic Xerochrepts

## **Typical Pedon**

Dirtyhead very gravelly loam, in an area of Huffman-Dirtyhead complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 6 miles northwest of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,900 feet north and 400 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 12, T. 16 S., R. 37 F

- A—0 to 6 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) very gravelly loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak very fine granular structure; soft, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; strongly effervescent (15 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—6 to 16 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) very gravelly loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine to medium roots; few very fine tubular pores; strongly effervescent (20 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); 45 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk2—16 to 26 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) very gravelly sandy loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; violently effervescent (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); 55 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk3—26 to 38 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) very gravelly sandy loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine tubular pores; violently effervescent (20 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); 60 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).
- Cr—38 inches; calcareous sandstone.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 25 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Diagnostic feature

Depth to a calcic horizon—5 to 12 inches

A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Content of rock fragments—26 to 51 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 5 or 6 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or sandy loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—34 to 60 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Downata Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Very poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Plains and valleys

Landform: Flood plains and stream terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 4,700 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed (calcareous), frigid Cumulic Endoaquolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Downata silt loam, in an area of Bear Lake-Downata-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes; about 0.5 mile east and 0.5 mile south of Oxford, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 450 feet south and 850 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 34, T. 13 S., R. 38 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

- Ag—1 to 7 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to strong fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bg—7 to 12 inches; black (10YR 2/1) silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (1 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear wavy boundary.
- 2Agb—12 to 22 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.

- 2Bgb1—22 to 37 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common fine faint light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); clear smooth boundary.
- 2Bgb2—37 to 51 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) moist; massive; very hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine tubular pores; few fine prominent light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- 2Bgb3—51 to 59 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) moist; massive; very hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine tubular pores; common fine prominent light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.
- 2Cgb—59 to 63 inches; light gray (10YR 7/1) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) moist; massive; very hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.3).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—24 to 40 inches Aquic conditions

## Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and June; depth—0.0 feet

Ponding: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and June; frequency—frequent; duration—brief; depth—0.0 to 1.0 foot

Flooding: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and June; frequency—frequent; duration—brief

## Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### Ag horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bg horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—2 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# 2Agb and 2Bgb1 horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 34 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# 2Bgb2, 2Bgb3, and 2Cgb horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 45 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Dranburn Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 15 to 45 percent Elevation: 5,400 to 7,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 17 to 22 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 41 degrees F

Frost-free period: 50 to 70 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed Argic Pachic Cryoborolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Dranburn silt loam, in an area of Dranburn-Robin complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes; about 3 miles northwest of Treasureton, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,000 feet north and 2,100 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 36, T. 12 S., R. 39 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

- A1—1 to 10 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; very hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine to medium and common coarse roots; many very fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—10 to 17 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine to medium and common coarse roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; 5 percent gravel and 2 percent cobbles; slightly acid (pH 6.5); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—17 to 22 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; 5 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—22 to 28 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 10 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—28 to 43 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) gravelly silty clay loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt3—43 to 48 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) gravelly silty clay loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear wavy boundary.
- BC—48 to 61 inches; brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) silty clay loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 30 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—16 to 23 inches

# Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### A1 and A2 horizons

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel, 0 to 5 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### AB horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—24 to 32 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 9 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—3 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 22 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### BC horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—3 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 22 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# **Enochville Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Low stream terraces Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 5,760 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 42 degrees F

Frost-free period: 50 to 65 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed Cumulic Cryaquolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Enochville silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes; about 3 miles southeast of Cottonwood Peak, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 60 feet north and 100 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 16, T. 12 S., R. 39 E.

- A1—0 to 2 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; strong medium granular structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; few very fine tubular and many very fine irregular pores; neutral (pH 6.9); abrupt wavy boundary.
- A2—2 to 12 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine and medium granular; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine and medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear smooth boundary.
- Bg—12 to 20 inches; dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) moist; moderate coarse prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; extremely hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Cg1—20 to 27 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) moist; massive; extremely hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; many medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8 dry and 10YR 5/6 moist) masses of iron accumulation; few fine round iron concretions; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Cg2—27 to 43 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) moist; massive; extremely hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; many medium prominent masses of iron accumulation, yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) dry and dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/6) moist; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Cg3—43 to 50 inches; pale olive (5Y 6/3) very gravelly sandy loam, olive (5Y 4/3) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium roots; many very fine irregular and common fine tubular pores; common medium prominent masses of iron accumulation, brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) dry and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) moist; 20 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2Cg4—50 to 60 inches; pale yellow (2.5Y 7/4) extremely gravelly sandy loam, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; common medium prominent masses of iron accumulation, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) dry and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) moist; 40 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 43 inches Aquic conditions

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—April, May, and June; depth—1.0 to 2.0

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, and June; frequency—frequent; duration—brief

#### A horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or N

Value—3 to 5 dry, 1 or 2 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—4 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

## Ba horizon

Hue—10YR, 2.5Y, 5Y, or N

Value—3 to 6 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Cg horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, 5Y, or N

Value—3 to 6 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—20 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

#### 2Cg horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 5 or 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—13 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—8 to 40 percent gravel, 5 to 25 percent cobbles, 0 to 8 percent stones

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

# **Foxol Series**

Depth class: Shallow

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from quartzite

Slope: 20 to 80 percent

Elevation: 5,500 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 25 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 70 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Lithic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Foxol very stony loam, in an area of Foxol-Vitale complex, 20 to 55 percent slopes; about 2 miles east of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 900 feet north and 1,320 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 4, T. 12 S., R. 41 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very stony loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine and medium roots; 10 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.5); clear wavy boundary.
- A2—3 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very stony loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine and medium roots; 15 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw—9 to 17 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/3) extremely stony loam, brown (7.5YR 4/2) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; 15 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 40 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.1); abrupt irregular boundary.

R—17 inches; quartzite

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 14 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 12 inches

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 17 percent gravel, 11 to 20 percent cobbles, 17 to 28 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bw horizon

Hue—7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry or moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel, 17 to 23 percent cobbles, 28 to 45 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

# **Hades Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains, hills, and mountains

Landform: Fan remnants, hillslopes, and mountain slopes Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 4 to 60 percent

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 22 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Hades silt loam, in an area of Bothwell-Hades-Justesen complex, 6 to 25 percent slopes; about 5 miles south of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 105 feet north and 2,600 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 19, T. 13 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; many fine irregular pores; 5 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); gradual smooth boundary.
- AB—5 to 11 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; common fine irregular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—11 to 23 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) gravelly silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bt2—23 to 37 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.3); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—37 to 60 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) gravelly silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 50 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—11 to 38 inches

Ap and AB horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam
Content of clay—18 to 25 percent
Content of rock fragments—0 to 15 percent gravel
Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 26 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

# **Haploxerolls**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 20 to 60 percent Elevation: 4,500 to 4,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 120 days

Taxonomic classification: Haploxerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Haploxerolls silt loam, in an area of Haploxerolls-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes; about 2 miles northwest of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 3,100 feet north and 700 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 17, T. 15 S., R. 39 F

- A—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine and medium granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw—6 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 20 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk—17 to 39 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate threads; slightly effervescent; 40 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.

BC—39 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/4) gravelly loamy sand, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; slightly effervescent; disseminated carbonates; 30 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—8 to 60 inches Depth to secondary carbonates—15 to 24 inches

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—5 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 77 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### Bw horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 77 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

#### Bk and BC horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or loamy sand

Content of clay—1 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 77 percent gravel, 0 to 28 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# **Harroun Taxadjunct**

Depth class: Shallow

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 12 percent

Elevation: 5,300 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid, shallow Typic Durixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Harroun very gravelly loam, in an area of Huffman-Harroun-Lanoak complex, 2 to 12 percent slopes; about 6 miles southwest of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,500 feet north and 300 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 24, T. 16 S., R. 37 F

- A—0 to 7 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) very gravelly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine to medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 25 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk—7 to 15 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (30 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bkqm—15 to 28 inches; strongly cemented material; 65 percent indurated laminae in the upper part; abrupt wavy boundary.
- C1—28 to 41 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) extremely gravelly sandy loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 50 percent gravel and 20 percent cobbles; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.
- C2—41 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly sandy loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (15 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 30 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to a duripan

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 12 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 12 inches

A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—7 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—11 to 33 percent gravel, 3 to 10 percent cobbles, 0 to 3 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 30 percent

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—7 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 45 percent gravel, 9 to 15 percent cobbles, 0 to 3 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—25 to 35 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

## Bkqm horizon

Cemented material

#### C horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—18 to 55 percent gravel, 9 to 20 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Taxadjunct Feature**

These soils are taxadjuncts to the series because they have a mollic epipedon. This difference, however, does not significantly affect the use and management of the soils.

# **Hendricks Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains
Landform: Lake terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 10 percent Elevation: 5,100 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 44 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 125 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Pachic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Hendricks silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes; in adjacent Cache County, Utah; about 50 feet south and 900 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 1, T. 13 N., R. 1 E.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium granular structure parting to moderate fine granular; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common fine roots; common fine pores; neutral (pH 6.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- AB—5 to 15 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common fine roots; common fine and medium and few coarse pores; slightly acid (pH 6.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—15 to 27 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common fine roots; many fine and few medium pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—27 to 48 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) moist; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; many fine pores; few prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly acid (pH 6.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—48 to 66 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few fine roots; common fine and few medium pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly acid (pH 6.3).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 40 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 19 inches

# Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—20 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### AB horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—20 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam
Content of clay—27 to 35 percent
Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2
Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# **Holmes Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 85 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Holmes gravelly silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 6 miles south of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,900 feet north and 450 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 36, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 4 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate very thick platy structure parting to moderate medium platy; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few very fine tubular and irregular and few fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel and 2 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); abrupt smooth boundary.
- ABt—4 to 11 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak thick platy structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 25 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—11 to 14 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 25 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt2—14 to 20 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular pores; few distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 25 percent gravel (10 percent fine gravel), 15 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.

- 2Cq1—20 to 43 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/3) very gravelly loamy coarse sand, dark brown (7.5YR 3/3) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular pores; thin silica coatings on the bottom of 20 percent of rock fragments; 30 percent gravel (10 percent fine gravel), 15 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); diffuse irregular boundary.
- 2Cq2—43 to 61 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) extremely gravelly coarse sand, brown (7.5YR 4/3) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; thin silica coatings on the bottom of 40 percent of rock fragments; 35 percent gravel (10 percent fine gravel), 25 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 16 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—2 to 19 inches

#### Water feature

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—17 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 32 percent gravel, 1 to 6 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### ABt and Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—9 to 48 percent gravel, 5 to 20 percent cobbles, 0 to 3 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### 2Cq horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy coarse sand or coarse sand

Content of clay—1 to 6 percent

Content of rock fragments—6 to 47 percent gravel, 9 to 30 percent cobbles, 3 to 30 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

# **Hondee Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 1 to 12 percent

Elevation: 4,700 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 125 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Calcic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Hondee gravelly loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes; about 0.5 mile south of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,240 feet south and 1,650 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 23, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; 30 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- AB—6 to 16 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 20 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk1—16 to 19 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 1-to-2-millimeter-thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of pebbles; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 40 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bk2—19 to 22 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) very gravelly sandy loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; 1-to-3-millimeter-thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of pebbles; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 45 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—22 to 39 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) extremely gravelly coarse sandy loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; soft, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; 1-millimeter-thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 65 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- 2Bk4—39 to 60 inches; multicolored very gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine tubular pores; common medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; 1-millimeter-thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of

rock fragments; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 30 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 19 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—10 to 20 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—16 to 32 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### AB horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—8 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—13 to 29 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 8 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam, sandy loam, or coarse sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—24 to 65 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 35 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### 2Bk horizon

Hue-multicolored

Value—4 to 8 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy coarse sand

Content of clay-2 to 6 percent

Content of rock fragments—23 to 43 percent gravel, 3 to 6 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Hondoho Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 60 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Hondoho stony silt loam, in an area of Sprollow-Hondoho complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 2 miles east of Treasureton Reservoir, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 800 feet north and 1,900 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 5, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) stony silt loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; strong very fine and fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common medium roots; many very fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel and 10 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- A2—3 to 11 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to strong fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine and common fine and medium irregular pores; 25 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw—11 to 19 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine and common medium and coarse irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 30 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk1—19 to 28 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and threads (35 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 45 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—28 to 45 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; massive; hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; many fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate masses and threads; carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 50 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.

Bk3—45 to 60 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) moist; massive; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; many fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate masses and threads; carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 50 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 15 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—8 to 15 inches

#### A1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—4 to 25 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles, 5 to 65 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

#### A2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—4 to 25 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles, 5 to 65 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

## Bw horizon

Hue—10YR

Value-4 to 6 dry or moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—13 to 57 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 30 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—11 to 55 percent gravel, 3 to 25 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Howcan Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains Landform: Fan remnants Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 12 to 20 percent Elevation: 4,800 to 5,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Howcan very gravelly loam, in an area of Cloudless-Hades-Howcan complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes; about 2 miles south of Oxford, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 200 feet north and 650 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 5, T. 14 S., R. 38 E.

- A1—0 to 8 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine and fine and common medium tubular pores; 30 percent gravel and 5 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.6); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—8 to 14 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine and fine and common medium tubular pores; 35 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—14 to 25 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 25 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 6.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt2—25 to 36 inches; light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) very cobbly loam, olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- BC—36 to 60 inches; light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) very stony loam, olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; 20 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.8).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—10 to 20 inches

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—8 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—23 to 38 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

#### Bt horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—19 to 40 percent gravel, 0 to 25 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

#### BC horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 to 5 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 21 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 26 percent gravel, 14 to 17 percent cobbles, 6

to 23 percent stones Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

# **Huffman Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and lake plains Landform: Hillslopes and lake terraces

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 30 percent Elevation: 4,900 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Huffman silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes; about 0.75 mile north of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,300 feet north and 1,200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap1—0 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine irregular and common fine irregular and tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Ap2—7 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate medium and thick platy structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bw1—12 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine irregular and few fine tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw2—17 to 28 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silt loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine and fine irregular pores; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—28 to 37 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) silty clay loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine irregular pores; common fine carbonate masses and threads; disseminated carbonates (20 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bk2—37 to 60 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) silty clay loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; layers that are light reddish brown (2.5YR 6/4) dry and reddish brown (2.5YR 5/4) moist; moderate thin and medium platy structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine irregular and tubular pores; common fine carbonate masses and threads; disseminated carbonates (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 20 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—15 to 30 inches

# Ap horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### Bw horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

Bk horizons

Hue—10YR, 7.5YR, 5YR, or 2.5YR Value—6 to 8 dry, 5 or 6 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# **Hymas Series**

Depth class: Shallow

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Alluvium and colluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 30 to 60 percent Elevation: 5,200 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 85 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Lithic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Hymas very gravelly silt loam, in an area of Sprollow-Hymas complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 1.25 miles south-southeast of Mapleton, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,250 feet south and 600 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 1, T. 16 S., R. 40 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate thick platy structure parting to moderate very fine and fine granular; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 35 percent gravel, 5 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—3 to 14 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (45 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw—14 to 17 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely cobbly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular and few very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (50 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel,

35 percent cobbles, and 25 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); abrupt wavy boundary.

R—17 inches; limestone.

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to lithic bedrock

## Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 14 inches

#### A1 horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 40 percent gravel, 3 to 25 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

#### A2 horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 54 percent gravel, 3 to 28 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 45 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bw horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 44 percent gravel, 6 to 37 percent cobbles, 0 to 25 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 50 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# **Iphil Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 8 to 30 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Iphil silt loam, in an area of Iphil-Lonigan complex, 8 to 20 percent slopes; about 7 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,200 feet south and 2,300 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 24, T. 15 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- AB—8 to 15 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—15 to 22 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (15 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk2—22 to 31 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; 5 percent, by volume, cicada krotovinas; disseminated carbonates (20 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk3—31 to 40 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; 10 percent, by volume, cicada krotovinas; disseminated carbonates (20 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk4—40 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine tubular pores; 20 percent, by volume, cicada krotovinas; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 16 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—7 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

#### AB horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 15

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

## Ireland Series

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 25 to 70 percent Elevation: 5,500 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 85 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Ireland very cobbly loam, in an area of Ireland-Polumar complex, 25 to 55 percent slopes; about 3 miles southeast of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,100 feet south and 2,550 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 16, T. 12 S., R. 41 E.

- A1—0 to 2 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine roots; many very fine tubular and common very fine irregular pores; 30 percent gravel and 20 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—2 to 7 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; 25 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—7 to 14 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 35 percent gravel and 15 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—14 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely cobbly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 50 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk3—17 to 23 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely cobbly sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular and many very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); carbonate coatings on the sides and tops of rock fragments; calcite crystals present in the horizon; violently effervescent; 15 percent gravel and 65 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.

R—23 inches: limestone.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 20 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 17 inches

A1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—14 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—12 to 36 percent gravel, 14 to 20 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

A2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—14 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—8 to 43 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk1 horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—14 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—6 to 57 percent gravel, 6 to 25 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk2 and Bk3 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam or loam

Content of clay—10 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 41 percent gravel, 20 to 65 percent cobbles, 0 to

31 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# Justesen Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 25 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Justesen silt loam, in an area of Bothwell-Hades-Justesen complex, 6 to 25 percent slopes; about 0.5 mile south of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,550 feet north and 1,300 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 25, T. 13 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine, fine, and medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine to medium tubular pores; 1 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—6 to 16 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate very fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 1 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—16 to 26 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium angular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; many fine and few very fine tubular pores; many faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.0); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—26 to 37 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium prismatic structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Btk—37 to 46 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; massive; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 3 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk—46 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/4) silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped relict masses of iron accumulation; many fine carbonate filaments; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 5 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—14 to 19 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—4 to 12 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—24 to 43 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—24 to 34 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Btk and Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—20 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 10 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Kabear Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 50 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Pachic Haploxerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Kabear very fine sandy loam, in an area of Kabear-Staberg-Copenhagen complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes; about 8 miles northeast of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,400 feet south and 800 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 26, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 9 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very fine sandy loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw1—9 to 17 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) fine sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw2—17 to 25 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) sandy loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; 10 percent very weakly cemented nodules 5 to 10 millimeters in diameter; neutral (pH 7.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw3—25 to 45 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly

sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); gradual wavy boundary.

C—45 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; neutral (pH 7.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 45 inches

Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—very fine sandy loam

Content of clay—4 to 14 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Bw horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam, sandy loam, or loam

Content of clay—4 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

C horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam or loamy fine sand

Content of clay—3 to 10 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

## **Kearns Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Calcic Haploxerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Kearns silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 3 miles south of Twin Lakes Reservoir, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 450 feet south and 1,700 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 1, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear smooth boundary.
- A—8 to 16 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—16 to 25 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; strong thin platy structure; hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk2—25 to 38 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; common medium carbonate veins; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- BC—38 to 50 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very fine sandy loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- C—50 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 18 inches Depth to secondary carbonates—14 to 25 inches

Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

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Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 24 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

BC and C horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 5 or 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or very fine sandy

Content of clay—15 to 19 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Kearnsar Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Elevation: 4.400 to 4.800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Pachic Calcixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Kearnsar silt loam, in an area of Kearnsar-Battle Creek complex, 0 to 4 percent slopes; about 1.5 miles north of Franklin, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,200 feet south and 10 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 16, T. 16 S., R. 40 E.

Ap—0 to 9 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium granular structure; soft, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.

A—9 to 23 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; soft, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.

- Bk1—23 to 27 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—27 to 45 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) silt loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk3—45 to 60 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 27 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—14 to 25 inches

Depth to redoximorphic features—40 to 60 inches

#### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—March, April, May, and June; depth—3.5 to 6.0 feet

## Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—24 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5 Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Kidman Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Well drained or moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains and valleys

Landform: Lake terraces and stream terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 40 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, mesic Calcic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Kidman fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 1 mile south and 2 miles west of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,300 feet north and 2,300 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 31, T. 15 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) fine sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak medium granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; many fine irregular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw—12 to 25 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; many fine irregular pores; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk—25 to 44 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine to medium roots; few fine irregular and tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- BCk—44 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very fine sandy loam, yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; few fine irregular and tubular pores; common medium faint pale brown (10YR 6/3) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—20 to 40 inches

Water feature

Seasonal high water table (where the soil is moderately well drained): Month(s)—January through December; depth—3.5 to 6.0 feet

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam

Content of clay—7 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

#### Bw horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam, very fine sandy loam, or loam

Content of clay—6 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizon

Hue-10YR, 7.5YR, or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam, fine sandy loam, or very fine sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### BCk horizon

Hue-10YR, 7.5YR, or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam or very fine sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# Lago Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Aquic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Lago silt loam, in an area of Merkley-Lago-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 0.5 mile northwest of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 260 feet south and 1,375 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 1, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 9 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk—9 to 16 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; strong very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; common fine irregularly shaped soft carbonate masses and filaments; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bkg1—16 to 27 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silt loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak medium prismatic structure parting to weak very fine subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4 moist) and common fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bkg2—27 to 35 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; moderate very fine subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4 moist) and common fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6 moist) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bkg3—35 to 45 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) moist; massive; very hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear smooth boundary.
- Cg—45 to 60 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) sandy loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) moist; massive; very hard, firm, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—8 to 19 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—8 to 19 inches Depth to redoximorphic features—15 to 29 inches

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, June, July,

and August; depth—1.5 to 3.0 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay-18 to 26 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

### Bk horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# Bkg horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—22 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# Cg horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry or moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam, fine sandy loam, or sandy loam

Content of clay—10 to 26 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

## Lando Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Valleys

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Pachic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Lando silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes; about 4 miles west of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 50 feet north and 2,350 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 5, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak thick platy structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 1 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—5 to 14 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) silty clay loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk1—14 to 23 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; few fine carbonate filaments and masses; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—23 to 33 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; common fine carbonate filaments and masses; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkg1—33 to 50 inches; gray (5Y 6/1) silty clay loam, very dark gray (5Y 3/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; many fine and medium carbonate filaments and masses; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bkg2—50 to 60 inches; gray (5Y 6/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (5Y 4/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; few fine prominent light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) masses of iron accumulation; common fine and medium carbonate filaments and masses; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—30 to 60 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—9 to 16 inches

#### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, and April; depth—2.0 to 4.0 feet

## Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 10 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

### AB horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bkg horizons

Hue-2.5Y or 5Y

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 40 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# **Lanoak Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 50 percent

Elevation: 4,900 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Pachic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Lanoak silt loam, in an area of Lanoak-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes; about 4 miles south of Mink Creek Church, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,500 feet south and 1,400 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 23, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and fine and few medium tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- A—5 to 21 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine and few medium tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt1—21 to 36 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine and few medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt2—36 to 50 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk—50 to 60 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 38 inches Depth to a cambic horizon—26 to 40 inches Depth to carbonates—44 to 60 inches

Ap and A horizons
Hue—10YR

Value—3 or 4 dry, 1 to 3 moist
Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam
Content of clay—10 to 20 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.8

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam Content of clay—10 to 20 percent Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.8

#### Bk horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist
Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam
Content of clay—18 to 27 percent
Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 15 percent
Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

# **Layton Taxadjunct**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Sandy, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Layton loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 1 mile south and 1 mile east of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 50 feet north and 500 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 19, T. 16 S., R. 39 E.

Ap—0 to 13 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) loamy fine sand, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine interstitial pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); clear smooth boundary.

A—13 to 19 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loamy fine sand, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine and few fine roots; common fine interstitial pores;

- disseminated lime; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—19 to 23 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) loamy sand, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine and fine roots; common fine interstitial pores; few fine carbonate veins; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—23 to 34 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loamy sand, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular and interstitial pores; few medium faint light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) iron depletions; few fine carbonate veins in old root channels; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- C—34 to 64 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) loamy sand, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; neutral (pH 7.0).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—12 to 19 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—19 to 40 inches

Depth to redoximorphic features—20 to 40 inches

#### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—April, May, and June; depth—3.5 to 5.0 feet

## Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy fine sand

Content of clay—3 to 12 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

## Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy sand

Content of clay—3 to 10 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 20 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# C horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy sand

Content of clay—3 to 10 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 10 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

## **Taxadjunct Feature**

These soils are taxadjuncts to the series because they have a calcic horizon. This difference, however, does not significantly affect the use and management of the soils.

# **Lewnot Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

*Elevation:* 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Coarse-loamy over sandy or sandy-skeletal, mixed,

mesic Aquic Xerochrepts

## **Typical Pedon**

Lewnot fine sandy loam, in an area of Windernot-Lewnot-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 1 mile south of Squaw Hot Springs, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,000 feet south and 2,450 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 20, T. 15 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap1—0 to 3 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak thin platy structure parting to moderate fine granular; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine irregular and tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Ap2—3 to 10 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate thick platy structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine roots; few very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—10 to 14 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (5 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw2—14 to 20 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.

- C1—20 to 38 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) very fine sandy loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; few fine faint light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) masses of iron depletion and few fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2C2—38 to 61 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly loamy sand, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) moist; single grain; loose; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (2 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 45 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Depth to a cambic horizon—8 to 14 inches

Depth to redoximorphic features—14 to 30 inches

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, and

June; depth—2.0 to 3.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

## Ap horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 10 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

## Bw and C1 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—coarsely stratified fine sandy loam to silt loam, averaging very fine sandy loam or loam

Content of clay—10 to 25 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 10 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### 2C2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy sand

Content of clay—3 to 5 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 80 percent gravel, 0 to 5 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5 Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Lizdale Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains, hills, and mountains

Landform: Fan remnants, hillslopes, and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 60 percent Elevation: 4,800 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Typic Calcixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Lizdale very stony loam, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 1 mile west of the town of Mink Creek, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,500 feet north and 2,200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 1, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- Ak—0 to 6 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very stony loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate very thick platy structure parting to strong very fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine and common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 15 percent gravel, 5 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- ABk—6 to 13 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine and fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to coarse roots; many very fine and common fine and medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (35 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 30 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bk1—13 to 27 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) very gravelly loam, light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; many medium irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; carbonate coatings on all surfaces of rock fragments (50 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 35 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—27 to 52 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) very gravelly sandy loam, light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; many medium irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; carbonate coatings on all surfaces of

rock fragments (65 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); abrupt smooth boundary.

Bk3—52 to 64 inches; pale yellow (2.5Y 7/3) gravelly sandy loam, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots; common very fine irregular and tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; many fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses (45 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 20 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.

Bk4—64 to 76 inches; pale yellow (2.5Y 7/3) extremely gravelly sandy loam, light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; many fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 55 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—5 to 15 inches

Ak horizon

Hue-10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—14 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 18 percent gravel, 3 to 17 percent cobbles, 11 to 20 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

ABk horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—12 to 41 percent gravel, 6 to 17 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—25 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

Bk1 and Bk2 horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or sandy loam

#### Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Content of clay—5 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 41 percent gravel, 8 to 17 percent cobbles, 0 to

6 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 70 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk3 horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 12 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 37 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 60 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk4 horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—50 to 80 percent gravel, 0 to 36 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—35 to 60 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Logan Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Valleys
Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 140 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mesic Typic Calciaquolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Logan silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes; in adjacent Cache County, Utah; about 1,100 feet south and 500 feet east of the northwest corner of  $NE^{1/4}$  sec. 16, T. 11 N., R. 1 E.

Oe—0 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed plant material; abrupt smooth boundary. A—2 to 15 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silty clay loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky,

- moderately plastic; many fine to coarse roots; common fine pores; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bkg—15 to 28 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silty clay loam, dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) moist; massive; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common fine and few medium roots; many fine and medium pores; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Cg1—28 to 47 inches; light gray (5Y 7/1) silty clay loam, gray (5Y 6/1) moist; massive; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few fine and medium roots; common fine pores; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Cg2—47 to 62 inches; light gray (5Y 7/1) silty clay loam, gray (5Y 6/1) moist; massive; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few fine and medium roots; common fine pores; common medium distinct zones of iron depletion, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 16 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—10 to 16 inches

Depth to redoximorphic features—more than 20 inches

Aquic conditions

## Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—May, June, July, August, and September;

depth—0.0 to 1.0 foot

Flooding: Month(s)—January through December; frequency—rare

### Oe horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent

Texture—moderately decomposed plant material

Content of clay—0 to 25 percent

Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

## A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 1 or 2 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—4 to 8 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay-27 to 36 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

## Bkg horizon

Hue-2.5Y, 5Y, or N

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 40 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 45 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8 Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

Cg horizons

Hue—2.5Y, 5Y, or N

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 40 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 45 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# **Lonigan Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum weathered from ashy tuff

Slope: 6 to 80 percent Elevation: 4,600 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 20 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Ashy-skeletal, frigid Vitrandic Haploxerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Lonigan gravelly silt loam, in an area of Iphil-Lonigan complex, 8 to 20 percent slopes; about 5 miles northeast of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,200 feet south and 400 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 14, T. 15 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak very fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; few fine tubular pores; 25 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw—8 to 11 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; 35 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk—11 to 24 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; carbonates segregated in masses and on the bottom of rock fragments; strongly effervescent; 45 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.

Cr-24 inches; tuff.

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 15 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—8 to 18 inches Content of volcanic glass—50 to 80 percent

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—5 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—13 to 37 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bw horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—3 to 7 dry, 2 to 6 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—20 to 51 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

## Bk horizon

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or N

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist Chroma—0 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 48 percent gravel, 0 to 23 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# Manila Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Alluvial plains, hills, and mountains

Landform: Fan remnants, hillslopes, and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 50 percent

Elevation: 4,800 to 6,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Manila silt loam, in an area of Manila-Yeates Hollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes; about 5 miles north and 2.5 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 500 feet south and 600 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 35, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 7 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak thin and medium platy structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few medium roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- BA—7 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine and common fine tubular pores; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—12 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate very fine and fine angular blocky structure; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—17 to 33 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; strong medium and coarse prismatic structure; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; common very fine and few fine roots concentrated on faces of prisms; common very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) organic stains on faces of prisms; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel, 1 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt3—33 to 50 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) cobbly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; strong medium and coarse prismatic structure; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots concentrated on faces of prisms; common very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) organic stains on faces of prisms; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel, 8 percent cobbles, and 2 percent stones; neutral (pH 7.3); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk—50 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) gravelly loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine tubular pores; many fine and medium carbonate nodules and filaments; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 4 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 20 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—5 to 18 inches Depth to secondary carbonates—more than 45 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR
Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist
Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

# Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

BA, Bt1, and Bt2 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 to 4 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—32 to 40 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel, 0 to 5 percent cobbles, 0 to 5

percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

Bt3 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 40 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 12 percent gravel, 0 to 10 percent cobbles, 0 to 5 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Bk horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam

Content of clay-18 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—3 to 16 percent gravel, 3 to 6 percent cobbles, 0 to 5 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Maplecreek Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Landscape: Lake plains
Landform: Lake terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, mesic Oxyaquic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Maplecreek fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 1.5 miles south of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 300 feet north and 200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 35, T. 15 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) fine sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; common fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- A—5 to 14 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) fine sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—14 to 23 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) fine sandy loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; few fine carbonate masses; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—23 to 27 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) fine sandy loam, light brown (7.5YR 6/4) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular and irregular pores; many medium and coarse carbonate masses; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk3—27 to 35 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) fine sandy loam, pinkish gray (7.5YR 6/2) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many medium and coarse carbonate masses; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); gradual smooth boundary.
- C—35 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) loamy fine sand, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common medium prominent brown (7.5YR 4/4) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—12 to 16 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 16 inches

# Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January, February, March, April, May, June, and July; depth—2.0 to 3.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

# Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# C horizon

Hue-10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 5 or 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy fine sand or fine sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 10 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Merkley Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys
Landform: Stream terraces

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and loess

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Merkley silt loam, in an area of Merkley-Lago-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 1.5 miles south of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,500 feet south and 1,850 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 13, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

A—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine irregular and tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 5 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear wavy boundary.

Bk1—5 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and few

- fine tubular pores; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments; strongly effervescent; 5 percent fine gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—12 to 19 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—19 to 31 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and few very fine irregular pores; 20 percent cicada krotovinas filled with material from the A horizon; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk4—31 to 50 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) fine sandy loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; massive; hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; 20 percent cicada krotovinas filled with material from the A horizon; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments; strongly effervescent; 5 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.
- 2C—50 to 61 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly loamy sand, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and common fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 50 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8).

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—5 to 14 inches

# Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, June, and July; depth—4.0 to 6.0 feet

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 10 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# Bk1, Bk2, and Bk3 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—10 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk4 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam or fine sandy loam

Content of clay—3 to 12 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 10 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### 2C horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy sand

Content of clay—1 to 5 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 65 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 10 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Moonlight Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent Elevation: 5,400 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 40 to 60 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Coarse-loamy, mixed Pachic Cryoborolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Moonlight silt loam, in an area of Moonlight-Camelback complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 6 miles east of Pocatello, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 365 feet south and 650 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 23, T. 6 S., R. 35 E.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.
- Oe—1 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed plant material.
- A1—2 to 5 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many very fine irregular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—5 to 11 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium and few coarse roots; many very fine irregular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.
- A3—11 to 26 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine irregular and common fine and medium tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bw1—26 to 41 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw2—41 to 56 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.7); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw3—56 to 62 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; 5 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.9).

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—30 to 45 inches

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### Oe horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—moderately decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR
Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist
Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—4 to 6 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent Content of rock fragments—5 to 15 percent gravel Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 7.3

Bw horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 15 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 7.3

# **Niter Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Landscape: Hills

Landform: Hillslopes and lake terraces Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 1 to 35 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 5,400 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Calcixererts

# **Typical Pedon**

Niter silty clay loam; about 1 mile northeast of Thatcher in adjacent Caribou County, Idaho; about 650 feet north and 1,025 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 41 E.

- Ap1—0 to 4 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) moist; weak thick and very thick platy structure parting to strong very fine and fine granular; soft, very friable, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine and common medium roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Ap2—4 to 8 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine and common medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bw—8 to 12 inches; grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine and common medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; cracks 0.5 inch to 1.5 inches wide and about 1.5 feet apart; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); abrupt smooth boundary.

- Bss—12 to 19 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) silty clay loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine and fine angular blocky; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine and common medium roots; few very fine tubular pores; cracks 0.5 inch to 1.5 inches wide and about 1.5 feet apart; few intersecting slickensides; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear smooth boundary.
- Bkss1—19 to 30 inches; light gray (2.5Y 7/2) silty clay loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common wedge-shaped peds inclined at 20 to 40 degrees; cracks 0.5 to 1 inch wide and about 1.5 feet apart; few intersecting slickensides; 10 percent hard (friable when moist) cicada nodules; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.
- Bkss2—30 to 40 inches; pale yellow (5Y 8/2) silty clay, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine and medium angular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; few wedge-shaped peds inclined at 20 to 40 degrees; cracks 0.25 to 0.75 inch wide and about 1.5 feet apart; few intersecting slickensides; 10 percent hard (friable when moist) cicada nodules; many fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bkss3—40 to 60 inches; pale yellow (5Y 7/3) silty clay, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium angular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; few wedge-shaped peds inclined at 20 to 40 degrees; few intersecting slickensides; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 20 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 37 inches

# Ap horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—30 to 40 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bw and Bss horizons

Hue—10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—1 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bkss horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.10 to 0.50 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam, silty clay, or

Content of clay—35 to 60 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 25 percent

Content of gypsum—0 to 5 percent Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Northwater Series**

Depth class: Deep or very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 80 percent Elevation: 5,400 to 8,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 30 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed Cryic Pachic Paleborolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Northwater gravelly silt loam, in an area of Northwater-Povey complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; Franklin County, Idaho; about 4 miles north of the town of Mink Creek, Idaho; about 1,100 feet north and 750 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 16, T. 13 S., R. 41 E.

- A1—0 to 2 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) gravelly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; strong very fine and fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 20 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.0); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—2 to 12 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) gravelly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and coarse and few fine roots; many very fine, few fine, and common medium tubular pores; 20 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.6); clear irregular boundary.
- A3—12 to 27 inches; dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) extremely cobbly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine, fine, and coarse roots; many very fine and common fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.6); gradual irregular boundary.

- Bt1—27 to 33 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely cobbly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and coarse and few fine roots; many very fine and common fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 30 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.6); clear irregular boundary.
- Bt2—33 to 43 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely cobbly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and coarse and few fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 30 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.6); clear irregular boundary.
- BC1—43 to 52 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely cobbly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; 25 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.6); clear irregular boundary.
- BC2—52 to 60 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely stony loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; few very fine and common medium and coarse roots; many very fine tubular pores; 25 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 30 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.6).

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 70 inches to lithic bedrock

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 45 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—24 to 37 inches

#### A1 and A2 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—5 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—8 to 45 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

# A3 horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 7 dry, 2 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—14 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 28 percent gravel, 20 to 40 percent cobbles, 5 to 30 percent stones

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry, 2 to 6 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or clay loam

Content of clay—10 to 34 percent

Content of rock fragments—4 to 40 percent gravel, 0 to 37 percent cobbles, 5 to 30 percent stones

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

## BC horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry, 2 to 6 moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—20 to 38 percent gravel, 12 to 34 percent cobbles, 5

to 30 percent stones

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# **Nyman Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Residuum weathered from tuff

Slope: 30 to 60 percent Elevation: 5,300 to 6,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 42 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 80 days

Taxonomic classification: Ashy-skeletal Vitrandic Cryoborolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Nyman channery silt loam, in an area of Nyman-Lonigan-Copenhagen complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 3 miles east-northeast of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 4,500 feet north and 1,900 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 16, T. 15 S., R. 40 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

A1—1 to 6 inches; black (10YR 2/1) channery silt loam, black (7.5YR 2.5/1) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine to very coarse roots; common very fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; 20 percent channers; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); abrupt irregular boundary.

A2—6 to 12 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) channery loam, black (7.5YR 2.5/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine to very coarse roots; common very

- fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; 15 percent channers; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- A3—12 to 20 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/2) very channery loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common fine to coarse roots; common very fine to coarse tubular pores; 25 percent channers and 10 percent flagstones; neutral (pH 7.3); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw1—20 to 25 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/2) very channery loam, brown (7.5YR 4/2) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine and medium tubular pores; 35 percent channers and 10 percent flagstones; neutral (pH 7.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw2—25 to 36 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/2) very channery loam, brown (7.5YR 4/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 40 percent channers and 10 percent flagstones; neutral (pH 7.2); abrupt irregular boundary. R—36 inches: tuff.

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—16 to 23 inches Content of volcanic glass—50 to 65 percent

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### A1 horizon

Hue—10YR, 7.5YR, or N
Value—2 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist
Chroma—0 to 3 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam
Content of clay—8 to 16 percent
Content of rock fragments—11 to 34 percent channers
Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8
Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.14 to 0.17 percent
Phosphorus retention—15 to 25 percent
15-bar water retention, dry—15 to 25 percent

# A2 and A3 horizons

Hue—10YR, 7.5YR, or N
Value—2 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist
Chroma—0 to 3 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam
Content of clay—8 to 16 percent
Content of rock fragments—9 to 58 percent channers, 0 to 17 percent flagstones
Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8
Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.14 to 0.17 percent

Phosphorus retention—15 to 25 percent

15-bar water retention, dry—15 to 25 percent

Bw horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—8 to 16 percent

Content of rock fragments—25 to 60 percent channers, 6 to 14 percent flagstones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.04 to 0.12 percent

Phosphorus retention—30 to 80 percent

15-bar water retention, dry-10 to 25 percent

# **Oxford Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Landscape: Lake plains and valleys

Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 2 to 50 percent Elevation: 4,700 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 90 to 105 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Vertic Xerochrepts

#### Typical Pedon

Oxford silty clay, in an area of Oxford-Banida complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 2.5 miles southeast of Banida, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 600 feet south and 2,400 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 18, T. 14 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 5 inches; reddish brown (5YR 5/3) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; soft, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—5 to 11 inches; reddish brown (5YR 5/3) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/3) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate medium granular; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few 0.25-to-0.5-inch-wide vertical cracks filled with surface material; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bw1—11 to 16 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/3) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common 0.25-to-0.5-inch-wide vertical cracks filled with surface material; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw2—16 to 26 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/3) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine

roots; common 0.25-to-1-inch-wide vertical cracks filled with surface material; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); clear smooth boundary.

- Bky1—26 to 38 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/3) clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few fine distinct red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; common 0.25-to-1.12-inchwide vertical cracks filled with surface material; large pressure faces with very dark gray (5YR 3/1) organic stains; disseminated carbonates; 4 percent gypsum; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bky2—38 to 47 inches; light reddish brown (5YR 6/3) clay, reddish brown (5YR 4/4) moist; strong medium angular blocky structure; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few fine prominent red (2.5YR 4/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; common 0.25-to-1.12-inchwide vertical cracks filled with surface material and extending to a depth of 44 inches; cracks and pressure faces with black (5YR 2.5/1) and very dark gray (5YR 3/1) organic stains; disseminated carbonates; 6 percent gypsum; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- By—47 to 63 inches; pinkish gray (5YR 7/2) silty clay, reddish brown (5YR 5/3) moist; massive; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; common medium distinct dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; few very dark gray (5YR 3/1) organic stains along pressure faces; common fine gypsum crystals in veins; disseminated carbonates; 3 percent gypsum; strongly effervescent in the matrix; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Depth to the base of a cambic horizon—15 to 45 inches

Ap and AB horizons

Hue—7.5YR or 5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay

Content of clay—40 to 45 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bw horizons

Hue-7.5YR or 5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay or clay

Content of clay—40 to 55 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# Bky and By horizons

Hue—7.5YR or 5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Chroma—2 to 5 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay or clay
Content of clay—40 to 65 percent
Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent
Content of gypsum—1 to 10 percent
Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4
Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Parkay Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 30 to 60 percent Elevation: 6,000 to 7500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 26 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 40 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed Argic Pachic Cryoborolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Parkay gravelly silt loam, in an area of Povey-Parkay complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 2 miles west-southwest of Clifton, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 700 feet north and 1,800 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 17, T. 14 S., R. 38 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

- A1—1 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate coarse and very coarse granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; 30 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.1); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—3 to 12 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 25 percent gravel and 2 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.
- AB—12 to 21 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very gravelly silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to coarse roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 30 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—21 to 29 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; 20 percent gravel and 15 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—29 to 42 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular

blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and irregular pores; 35 percent gravel and 2 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); clear wavy boundary.

Bt3—42 to 47 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and irregular pores; 30 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.2); abrupt irregular boundary.

R—47 inches; bedrock.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 35 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 21 inches

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### A1 horizon

Hue—10YR Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—9 to 37 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

## A2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—8 to 43 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

# AB horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—17 to 41 percent gravel, 6 to 14 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

## Bt1 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—22 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—16 to 41 percent gravel, 6 to 17 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Bt2 and Bt3 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—17 to 41 percent gravel, 0 to 14 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

# **Parleys Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Calcic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Parleys silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes; about 6 miles west of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,400 feet north and 2,360 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 23, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 4 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- A—4 to 13 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt—13 to 18 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—18 to 35 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) silty clay loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable,

moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.

- Bk2—35 to 50 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silty clay loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- C—50 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few distinct strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation that are redoximorphic features; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 20 inches

Depth to an argillic horizon—6 to 24 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—18 to 40 inches

#### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January through December; depth—4.0 to 6.0 feet

## Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay-16 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

#### Bt horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

## Bk horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—7 or 8 dry, 6 or 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

C horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—7 or 8 dry, 5 or 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 26 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Remarks

The Parleys soil in map unit 111 (Parleys silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes) is subject to rare flooding in February, March, April, and May.

# **Pavohroo Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent Elevation: 6,000 to 6,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 25 to 28 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 39 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 50 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed Pachic Cryoborolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Pavohroo silt loam; about 6 miles east of Pocatello, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 2,480 feet north and 420 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 25, T. 6 S., R. 35 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

Oe—1 to 3 inches: moderately decomposed plant material.

- A1—3 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine, common medium, and few coarse roots; many very fine irregular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.9); abrupt smooth boundary.
- A2—6 to 13 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine, common medium, and few coarse roots; many very fine irregular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.9); clear smooth boundary.
- A3—13 to 20 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine and medium subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine, common medium, and few coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.8); clear wavy boundary.

- A4—20 to 29 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine and medium subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; 5 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 6.9); abrupt irregular boundary.
- Bw—29 to 63 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) stony loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; neutral (pH 7.3).

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 30 inches

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### Oe horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—moderately decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

## A1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 1 to 3 moist Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—4 to 8 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—8 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—3 to 12 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### A2. A3. and A4 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—3 to 12 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bw horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—3 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 26 percent gravel, 0 to 12 percent cobbles, 0 to 10 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

# **Picabo Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Plains and valleys

Landform: Flood plains and stream terraces

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4.700 to 5.100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, carbonatic, frigid Oxyaquic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Picabo silt loam, in an area of Picabo-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes; about 0.5 mile east and 0.5 mile south of Oxford, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 500 feet south and 1,050 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 34, T. 13 S., R. 38 E.

- Ak—0 to 4 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine granular structure; soft, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (45 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.9); clear smooth boundary.
- ABk—4 to 16 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine granular structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; soft, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (50 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—16 to 34 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; soft, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; many very fine and few fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; common fine carbonate masses (55 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—34 to 45 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silt loam, gray (10YR 5/1) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; few fine distinct light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) masses of iron accumulation; common fine carbonate masses (65 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—45 to 51 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; few fine distinct light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) masses of iron accumulation; few fine carbonate

masses (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear smooth boundary.

Bkg1—51 to 58 inches; light olive gray (5Y 6/2) silt loam, olive gray (5Y 5/2) moist; massive; very hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; 10 percent hard nodules; few fine carbonate masses (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear wavy boundary.

Bkg2—58 to 65 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) silt loam, light gray (10YR 7/2) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine tubular pores; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; 10 percent hard nodules; few fine carbonate masses (30 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—5 to 16 inches

Depth to nodules-45 to 55 inches

#### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, June, and

July; depth—2.0 to 4.0 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

### Ak and ABk horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 55 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—13 to 25

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk1 and Bk2 horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 70 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—1 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bk3 horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam Content of clay—10 to 18 percent
Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 40 percent
Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4
Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

Bkg horizons

Hue—10YR or 5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 7 moist Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 15 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Calcium carbonate nodules, gravel size: 5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 4

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# **Pollynot Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 20 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 120 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-loamy, mixed, mesic Calcic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Pollynot silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 4 miles north and 3 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 50 feet south and 1,500 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 30, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- A1—0 to 9 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/2) silt loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; 3 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt smooth boundary.
- A2—9 to 13 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/2) silt loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 5 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—13 to 15 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/2) silt loam, brown (7.5YR 4/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 12 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.

- Bt—15 to 26 inches; reddish brown (5YR 5/3) silty clay loam, reddish brown (5YR 4/3) moist; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate medium subangular blocky; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and few distinct clay films lining pores; 13 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk—26 to 32 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) silt loam, light brown (7.5YR 6/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 2 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- C1—32 to 44 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) silt loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear smooth boundary.
- 2C2—44 to 61 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) loamy fine sand, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 17 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—10 to 19 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—20 to 40 inches

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 23 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# AB horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 17 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# Bt horizon

Hue—10YR, 7.5YR, or 5YR
Value—4 or 5 dry or moist
Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist
Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam
Content of clay—28 to 35 percent
Content of rock fragments—0 to 17 percent gravel
Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

Bk and C1 horizons

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 17 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—1 to 13

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

## 2C horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy fine sand

Content of clay—5 to 12 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—1 to 13

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Polumar Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Colluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 25 to 70 percent Elevation: 5.500 to 6.700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 75 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed Calcic Pachic Cryoborolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Polumar gravelly silt loam (fig. 17), in an area of Polumar-Ireland complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 3 miles southeast of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 650 feet north and 2,450 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 9, T. 12 S., R. 41 E.

- A1—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse granular structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine to coarse roots; many very fine and few fine irregular pores; 25 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—6 to 11 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to coarse roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and common very fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear irregular boundary.



Figure 17.—Typical profile of Polumar gravelly silt loam, in an area of Polumar-Ireland complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes. The scale is in feet.

A3—11 to 18 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very cobbly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to coarse roots; common very fine irregular and few very fine and fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.

Bk—18 to 22 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard,

friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); abrupt wavy boundary.

Bkq1—22 to 28 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely cobbly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine irregular and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (20 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; silica coatings on a few rock fragments; strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual irregular boundary.

Bkq2—28 to 46 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) extremely cobbly loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to coarse roots; common very fine irregular and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (25 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; silica coatings on a few rock fragments; violently effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 30 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); abrupt irregular boundary.

R—46 inches; limestone.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to lithic bedrock

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—18 to 35 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—15 to 25 inches

## A1 and A2 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 30 percent gravel, 2 to 23 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### A3 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—14 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 18 percent gravel, 25 to 38 percent cobbles, 3 to 11 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# Bk horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

# Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—14 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 16 percent gravel, 25 to 38 percent cobbles, 3 to 11 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# Bkq horizons

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 17 percent gravel, 25 to 38 percent cobbles, 11

to 20 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

# **Povey Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 10 to 60 percent Elevation: 5,700 to 8,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 30 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 36 to 41 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 60 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed Pachic Cryoborolls

## Typical Pedon

Povey gravelly silt loam, in an area of Parkay-Povey complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 6 miles northwest of Cleveland, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 700 feet south and 1,100 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 24, T. 12 S., R. 39 E.

- A1—0 to 6 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; strong fine and medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium and few coarse roots; many very fine and few fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel and 1 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.3); abrupt wavy boundary.
- A2—6 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and medium and few fine and coarse roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and common very fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel and 1 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.2); abrupt wavy boundary.

- Bw1—17 to 28 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and medium and few fine and coarse roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 20 percent gravel and 30 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.0); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bw2—28 to 38 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/4) extremely gravelly loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine and coarse roots; common very fine irregular and few fine tubular pores; 50 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.2); abrupt wavy boundary.
- C—38 to 60 inches; pink (7.5YR 7/4) extremely gravelly sandy loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine, fine, and coarse roots; common very fine irregular and few fine tubular pores; 55 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 1 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.8).

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—17 to 44 inches Depth to the base of a cambic horizon—27 to 54 inches

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay-10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—8 to 31 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

### Bw horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or sandy loam

Content of clay—10 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—15 to 51 percent gravel, 0 to 30 percent cobbles, 0 to 3 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

### C horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam or loam

Content of clay—8 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—8 to 71 percent gravel, 6 to 25 percent cobbles, 0 to 14 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# **Preston Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Landscape: Plains and valleys

Landform: Dunes

Parent material: Sandy eolian material

Slope: 0 to 60 percent

Elevation: 4,500 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Mixed, mesic Typic Xeropsamments

# **Typical Pedon**

Preston fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 2 miles south and 1 mile west of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 200 feet south and 200 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 34, T. 15 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) fine sand, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; single grain; loose; common fine and few very fine roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- A—8 to 15 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) fine sand, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; single grain; loose; common fine and few very fine roots; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- C—15 to 65 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) loamy fine sand, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; single grain; loose; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the ochric epipedon—6 to 15 inches

Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sand

Content of clay—1 to 5 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 1 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 7.8

#### C horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sand, loamy fine sand, or fine sand

Content of clay—3 to 10 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 10 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Ricrest Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills, lake plains, and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes, lake terraces, and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 80 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 6,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcic Pachic Haploxerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Ricrest gravelly silt loam, in an area of Hondoho-Ricrest complex, 4 to 20 percent slopes; about 1 mile south and 4 miles east of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,600 feet south and 2,250 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 1, T. 14 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak thin and medium platy structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine tubular pores; 25 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw—6 to 20 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) gravelly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—20 to 25 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 20 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—25 to 31 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) gravelly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 20 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk3—31 to 45 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) gravelly silt loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; carbonate coatings on the bottom of pebbles; strongly effervescent; 20 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk4—45 to 60 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; hard, firm, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; carbonate coatings on the bottom of pebbles; strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 35 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 30 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—13 to 32 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bw horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or clay loam

Content of clay—14 to 32 percent

Content of rock fragments—13 to 32 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam, loam, or clay loam

Content of clay—5 to 30 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 51 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Taxadjunct Feature**

The Ricrest soil in map unit 127 (Ricrest gravelly silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes) is a taxadjunct to the series because its soil temperature regime is mesic. This difference, however, does not affect the use and management of the soil.

# **Ridgecrest Taxadjunct**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Alluvium and colluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 20 to 50 percent Elevation: 5,300 to 6,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 18 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 80 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Typic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Ridgecrest extremely stony silt loam, in an area of Cedarhill-Hondoho-Ridgecrest complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes; about 6 miles northwest of Hawkins Reservoir, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 140 feet north and 1,855 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 32, T. 9 S., R. 35 E.

- Ak1—0 to 4 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) extremely stony silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; slightly effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Ak2—4 to 14 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely stony silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; strongly effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 10 percent cobbles, and 25 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear irregular boundary.
- Bk1—14 to 19 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely stony silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; violently effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 45 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.5); gradual irregular boundary.
- Bk2—19 to 27 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) extremely stony silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots that follow the wide cracks in the weathered and fractured limestone; many very fine irregular pores; thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; violently effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 55 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.5); abrupt irregular boundary.

R—27 inches; limestone.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 16 inches

Ak horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—8 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 30 percent gravel, 6 to 20 percent cobbles, 11 to 25 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 40 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—8 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 19 percent gravel, 9 to 25 percent cobbles, 25 to 65 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 70 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Taxadjunct Feature**

These soils are taxadjuncts to the series because they have a calcic horizon. This difference, however, does not significantly affect the use and management of the soils.

# **Robin Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes Parent material: Loess Slope: 15 to 45 percent Elevation: 5,400 to 7,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 17 to 22 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 41 degrees F

Frost-free period: 50 to 70 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed Cryic Pachic Paleborolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Robin silt loam, in an area of Dranburn-Robin complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes; about 3.5 miles northeast of the town of Mink Creek, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 600 feet north and 550 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 21, T. 13 S., R. 41 E.

- A1—0 to 2 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; strong fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; neutral (pH 7.2); abrupt smooth boundary.
- A2—2 to 12 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; strong fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.0); clear smooth boundary.
- A3—12 to 23 inches; dark brown (10YR 3/3) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to moderate fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.1); clear wavy boundary.
- BA—23 to 27 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard,

very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine tubular pores; neutral (pH 7.1); clear wavy boundary.

Bt—27 to 60 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; neutral (pH 7.2).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—24 to 32 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—21 to 45 inches

### A1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 20 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

### A2 and A3 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay-20 to 24 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

### BA horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay-20 to 24 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

### Bt horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—25 to 35 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

# Sanyon Series

Depth class: Shallow

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from tuff

Slope: 20 to 50 percent Elevation: 5,000 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 17 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Ashy-skeletal, frigid, shallow Vitrandic Calcixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Sanyon very gravelly loam, in an area of Sanyon-Staberg-Kabear complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes; about 2 miles south of the town of Mink Creek, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,700 feet south and 100 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 23, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 5 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 35 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—5 to 11 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; violently effervescent; 35 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—11 to 17 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) extremely gravelly loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments; violently effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 20 percent channers, and 15 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.

Cr—17 inches; tuff.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 20 inches to paralithic bedrock

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—8 to 15 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—3 to 8 inches Content of volcanic glass—70 to 90 percent

### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—19 to 40 percent gravel, 0 to 11 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

Bulk density—0.80 to 1.00

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.14 to 0.17 percent Phosphorus retention—15 to 25 percent 15-bar water retention, dry—15 to 25 percent

### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—18 to 35 percent gravel, 10 to 40 percent cobbles, 0 to 25 percent channers

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4 Bulk density—1.20 to 1.40

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.04 to 0.12 percent

Phosphorus retention—30 to 80 percent 15-bar water retention, dry—10 to 25 percent

# Searla Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains Landform: Fan remnants

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 12 to 30 percent Elevation: 5,200 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 65 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Searla gravelly loam, in an area of Lizdale-Searla complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes; about 4 miles west of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 650 feet north and 1,825 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 30, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- A—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; 25 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear smooth boundary.
- AB—3 to 9 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—9 to 15 inches; dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very gravelly clay loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/4) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine

roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 30 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); gradual wavy boundary.

- Bt2—15 to 28 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very gravelly clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 40 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bk—28 to 60 inches; pale yellow (2.5Y 8/2) extremely gravelly sandy loam, pale yellow (2.5Y 7/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine and fine roots; many very fine and few fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; strongly effervescent; 60 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 16 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—5 to 14 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—12 to 30 inches

### A and AB horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—7 to 32 percent gravel, 0 to 9 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy clay loam or clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—14 to 49 percent gravel, 3 to 12 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

### Bk horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—7 or 8 dry, 6 or 7 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam or loam

Content of clay—5 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 66 percent gravel, 5 to 20 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Sedgway Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 20 to 50 percent Elevation: 6,000 to 6,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 25 to 28 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 39 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 50 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed Boralfic Cryoborolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Sedgway gravelly silt loam; about 5.5 miles southeast of Arimo, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 100 feet north and 945 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 19, T. 10 S., R. 38 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

Oe—1 to 2 inches; moderately decomposed plant material.

- A1—2 to 7 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) gravelly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; weak coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; many very fine tubular and common very fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately acid (pH 5.7); abrupt smooth boundary.
- A2—7 to 14 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) very cobbly silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine tubular and few very fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; moderately acid (pH 5.7); clear smooth boundary.
- E—14 to 23 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) very cobbly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common coarse and few very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel, 30 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; moderately acid (pH 6.0); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt/E—23 to 29 inches; 80 percent yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist, and 20 percent pale brown (10YR 6/3) very cobbly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium and coarse angular blocky structure; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; common coarse and few very fine to medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; E material occurring in pockets and as skeletans on the faces of peds; 20 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; moderately acid (pH 6.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bt1—29 to 34 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) moist; moderate medium and coarse angular blocky structure; hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine to medium roots;

common very fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.3); gradual wavy boundary.

Bt2—34 to 62 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly clay loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium angular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.3).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 16 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—12 to 30 inches

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### Oe horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—moderately decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

# A1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 20 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

### A2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—3 to 22 percent gravel, 17 to 28 percent cobbles, 3 to 12 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

### E horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam, loam, or silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 27 percent gravel, 17 to 28 percent cobbles, 3 to 12 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

Bt/E and Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 34 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 27 percent gravel, 17 to 28 percent cobbles, 3 to

12 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

# **Smidale Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Colluvium derived from shale

Slope: 20 to 60 percent Elevation: 4,600 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Haploxerolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Smidale very channery silt loam, in an area of Smidale-Staberg complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes; about 6.5 miles northeast of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,800 feet south and 150 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 28, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material.

- A1—1 to 3 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; strong very fine and fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 35 percent channers (80 percent of which are less than 5 millimeters across); slightly acid (pH 6.5); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—3 to 9 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; strong very fine and fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine tubular and irregular and common fine tubular pores; 35 percent channers (80 percent of which are less than 5 millimeters across); neutral (pH 6.6); clear smooth boundary.
- Bw1—9 to 26 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 40 percent channers (80

percent of which are less than 5 millimeters across); neutral (pH 6.8); clear smooth boundary.

Bw2—26 to 39 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; 45 percent channers (80 percent of which are less than 5 millimeters across); neutral (pH 6.8); gradual wavy boundary.

Bw3—39 to 46 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 45 percent channers (80 percent of which are less than 5 millimeters across); neutral (pH 7.1); gradual wavy boundary.

Bw4—46 to 61 inches; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) very channery silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and medium and few coarse roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 50 percent channers (80 percent of which are less than 5 millimeters across); neutral (pH 7.1).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—more than 50 inches

### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—4 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 24 percent

Content of rock fragments—30 to 50 percent channers

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

### Bw1 and Bw2 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—30 to 50 percent channers

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

## Bw3 and Bw4 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry, 1 to 3 moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 4 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam, silt loam, or clay loam
Content of clay—24 to 30 percent
Content of rock fragments—35 to 55 percent channers
Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

# Softback Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed colluvium

Slope: 12 to 65 percent Elevation: 4,900 to 6,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 19 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Softback gravelly silt loam, in an area of Bergquist-Softback complex, 25 to 65 percent slopes; about 1 mile north of the Oneida Narrows Reservoir Dam, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,050 feet south and 1,350 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 24, T. 13 S., R. 40 E.

- Oi—0 to 1 inch; slightly decomposed plant material; abrupt smooth boundary.
- A1—1 to 4 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) gravelly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; strong fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular and tubular pores; 20 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.
- A2—4 to 10 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) gravelly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; 20 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear wavy boundary.
- A3—10 to 24 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) very cobbly silt loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to moderate very fine subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and medium and few fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—24 to 30 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/3) very gravelly silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 30 percent gravel and 20 percent cobbles; slightly acid (pH 6.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—30 to 39 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/3) very gravelly clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular and common very fine irregular pores;

common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 30 percent gravel and 15 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 6.9); gradual wavy boundary.

Bt3—39 to 63 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/3) extremely gravelly silty clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine and fine subangular blocky; hard, friable, moderately sticky, very plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine and few fine tubular and common very fine irregular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 35 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.9).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 26 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—20 to 26 inches

#### Oi horizon

Content of organic matter—60 to 95 percent Texture—slightly decomposed plant material Content of clay—0 to 25 percent Reaction—pH of 4.5 to 5.5

#### A1 and A2 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—6 to 31 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

### A3 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—6 to 28 percent gravel, 6 to 28 percent cobbles, 0 to 17 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

### Bt1 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—20 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—14 to 41 percent gravel, 6 to 23 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# Bt2 and Bt3 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 to 5 moist Chroma—2 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or clay loam

Content of clay-27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—13 to 44 percent gravel, 6 to 20 percent cobbles, 0 to

17 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# **Sprollow Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Alluvium and residuum derived from limestone

Slope: 20 to 70 percent Elevation: 5,100 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Calcixerollic

Xerochrepts

# **Typical Pedon**

Sprollow gravelly silt loam, in an area of Sprollow-Hondoho complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 3 miles east of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,250 feet north and 1,200 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 8, T. 12 S., R. 41 E.

- A—0 to 3 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) gravelly silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; moderate thick platy structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (35 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 25 percent gravel, 5 percent cobbles, and 2 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
- ABk—3 to 14 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) gravelly silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses (30 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel, 3 percent cobbles, and 2 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—14 to 27 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) very cobbly silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine and medium roots; common very fine and few fine and medium tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments (50 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 10 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.

Bk2—27 to 39 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) very cobbly silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; weak medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; common fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate masses; (40 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 15 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); abrupt irregular boundary.

R-39 inches; limestone.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

# Diagnostic feature

Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 15 inches

### A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—7 to 41 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 40 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

### ABk horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry or moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—7 to 41 percent gravel, 0 to 6 percent cobbles, 1 to 3 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 45 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—10 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 17 percent gravel, 20 to 38 percent cobbles, 5 to 14 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—40 to 75 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# Staberg Series

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from shale

Slope: 4 to 50 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 6,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 20 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Staberg loam, in an area of Kabear-Staberg-Copenhagen complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 3 miles south and 3 miles west of the town of Mink Creek, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 800 feet north and 1,100 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 25, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- Ap—0 to 10 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; 10 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.4); clear wavy boundary.
- BA—10 to 23 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine irregular and tubular pores; 15 percent gravel; neutral (pH 6.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt—23 to 33 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel and 35 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 6.6); clear wavy boundary.
- C—33 to 38 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very cobbly sandy loam, olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) moist; massive; hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular pores; 35 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 6.8); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Cr-38 inches; tuffaceous shale.

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to paralithic bedrock

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 40 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—14 to 25 inches

Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—3 to 18 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

### BA horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 24 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

### Bt horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 24 percent gravel, 17 to 38 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

### C horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 33 percent gravel, 20 to 45 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

# **Sterling Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Alluvial plains, lake plains, and valleys

Landform: Fan remnants, lake terraces, and stream terraces

Parent material: Alluvium derived from limestone

Slope: 0 to 60 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 135 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Loamy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Sterling gravelly loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes; about 1 mile south of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,100 feet south and 2,000 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 14, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak very fine granular structure; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium and coarse roots; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; 25 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bk1—8 to 18 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very gravelly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 35 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—18 to 26 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 35 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk3—26 to 66 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) very gravelly loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; soft, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 55 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 13 inches

#### Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 43 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 22 percent

Content of rock fragments—15 to 73 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# Stinkcreek Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Plains and valleys

Landform: Flood plains and stream terraces

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty over sandy or sandy-skeletal, mesic Aeric

Calciaquolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Stinkcreek silty clay loam, in an area of Windernot-Lewnot-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 0.3 mile northwest of Franklin City, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,600 feet north and 1,950 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 20, T. 16 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 11 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silty clay loam, black (10YR 2/1) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine to medium roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; very strongly alkaline (pH 9.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk—11 to 21 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silty clay loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common fine roots; few fine tubular pores; few fine and medium faint brown (10YR 5/3) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; very strongly alkaline (pH 9.2); abrupt wavy boundary.
- 2C1—21 to 40 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) very gravelly loamy sand, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; few fine faint brown (10YR 5/3) masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 50 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- 2C2—40 to 60 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) extremely gravelly sand, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; few very fine roots; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 75 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 18 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—10 to 16 inches

Depth to redoximorphic features—10 to 16 inches

Aquic conditions

Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—February, March, April, May, and June;

depth—0.0 to 1.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

A horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 or 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—13 to 30

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)-2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 9.1 to 11.0

## Bk horizon

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist (2 or more where hue is 2.5Y or yellower and faint redoximorphic features occur; 3 where hue is 2.5Y or yellower and distinct or prominent redoximorphic features occur)

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—18 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—13 to 30

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 9.1 to 11.0

### 2C1 horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loamy sand

Content of clay—1 to 5 percent

Content of rock fragments—50 to 85 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 11.0

### 2C2 horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sand

Content of clay—1 to 3 percent

Content of rock fragments—50 to 85 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 13

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 11.0

# **Thatcher Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills Landform: Hillslopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 30 percent

Elevation: 4,900 to 5,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Thatcher loam, in an area of Thatcher-Bearhollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes; about 1 mile south and 5 miles west of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 325 feet south and 2,550 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 19, T. 16 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and common medium roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; neutral (pH 7.1); 10 percent gravel; clear irregular boundary.
- Bt1—8 to 12 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; common faint clay films on faces of peds; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.1); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—12 to 21 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; weak fine prismatic structure parting to moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common faint and few distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 2 percent gravel; neutral (pH 7.1); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk1—21 to 29 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 2 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—29 to 58 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; 1 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—58 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 16 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 19 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—20 to 35 inches

# Ap horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—16 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 8.4

### Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 or 5 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam, fine sandy loam, or silt loam

Content of clay—12 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 25 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

# **Thatcherflats Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces Parent material: Silty alluvium

Slope: 0 to 1 percent

Elevation: 4,700 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 90 days

**Taxonomic classification:** Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Typic Natrixeralfs

### **Typical Pedon**

Thatcherflats silt loam, in an area of Picabo-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes; about 1.5 miles north and 1.5 miles west of Banida, in Franklin County, Idaho;

about 150 feet south and 500 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 36, T. 13 S., R. 38 E.

- A—0 to 4 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; strong very thick platy structure parting to moderate thin platy; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine and common medium and coarse roots; common very fine and few fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Btn—4 to 16 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) silty clay loam, grayish brown (10YR 5/2) moist; strong medium and coarse columnar structure parting to moderate fine and medium angular blocky; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine, medium, and coarse and few fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common medium prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; very strongly alkaline (pH 9.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Btkny—16 to 20 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silty clay loam, gray (10YR 5/1) moist; moderate fine and medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine angular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) organic staining on the top and some vertical faces of peds; common medium prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; common fine seams of granular gypsum; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); clear wavy boundary.
- Btkn—20 to 36 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) silty clay loam, dark gray (10YR 4/1) moist; weak medium prismatic structure parting to moderate fine and medium subangular blocky; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) organic staining on the top and some vertical faces of peds; common medium distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); gradual irregular boundary.
- Bkn1—36 to 45 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silty clay loam, pale brown (10YR 6/3) moist; massive; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; few fine distinct very dark gray (10YR 3/1) iron-manganese concretions; few fine distinct dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); clear smooth boundary.
- Bkn2—45 to 61 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silty clay loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) moist; massive; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine tubular pores; few fine distinct very dark gray (10YR 3/1) zones of iron depletion and few fine distinct irregularly shaped yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; slightly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Depth to a natric horizon—2 to 7 inches

Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—March, April, May, June, and July; depth— 3.0 to 4.0 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

### A horizon

Hue-10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist Chroma—2 or dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay-11 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 15

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

### Btn horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 or 6 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay-28 to 43 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—20 to 30

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 4

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# Btkny, Bknb, and Bkn horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—1 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—25 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 25 percent

Content of gypsum—0 to 5 percent Sodium adsorption ratio—45 to 120

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—4 to 8

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# **Toponce Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 6 to 30 percent

Elevation: 6,000 to 6,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 28 inches Mean annual air temperature: 37 to 39 degrees F

Frost-free period: 30 to 50 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, montmorillonitic Argic Vertic Cryoborolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Toponce silt loam, in an area of Toponce-Broadhead association, 6 to 30 percent slopes; about 2 miles northeast of Cottonwood Peak, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 300 feet north and 2,450 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 29, T. 11 S., R. 39 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; moderate fine granular structure; soft, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 10 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.3); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—3 to 14 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay loam, very dark brown (10YR 2/2) moist; strong very fine, fine, and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium roots; many very fine tubular and irregular pores; 5 percent gravel; slightly acid (pH 6.3); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt1—14 to 21 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; strong very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and fine and few medium roots; common very fine tubular and few irregular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—21 to 28 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium prismatic structure parting to strong medium angular blocky; very hard, very firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine and medium roots, mostly along faces of peds and in cracks; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 5 percent gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt3—28 to 60 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) clay, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; moderate coarse prismatic structure; extremely hard, extremely firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine to medium roots along faces of peds and in cracks; common very fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 2 percent gravel; moderately acid (pH 5.9).

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—18 to 25 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 18 inches

#### A1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—4 to 6 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—15 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

#### A2 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—20 to 30 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam, silty clay, or

clay

Content of clay—35 to 60 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

# **Trenton Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 4,800 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, mesic Typic Natrixerolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Trenton silty clay loam, in an area of Trenton-Battle Creek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 4 miles south and 2 miles east of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,200 feet south and 1,700 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 24, T. 16 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine granular structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Btn1—8 to 12 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine and fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Btn2—12 to 21 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) silty clay, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; strong fine prismatic structure parting to strong fine subangular blocky; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; few prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.8); clear wavy boundary.

- Btkn—21 to 32 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay, brown (7.5YR 4/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; common prominent clay films on faces of peds and few prominent clay films lining pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk—32 to 46 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) silty clay, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine tubular pores; common fine faint strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); clear smooth boundary.
- C—46 to 61 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/4) silty clay, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; massive; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; many medium prominent light gray (2.5Y 7/2) irregularly shaped zones of iron depletion and many medium prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 20 inches Depth to a natric horizon—4 to 10 inches

### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—March, April, May, June, July, and August; depth—2.5 to 3.5 feet

# Ap horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—30 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Btn horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—30 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

### Btkn and Bk horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—13 to 45

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 8

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

### C horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay

Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 12

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—2 to 8

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

# **Taxadjunct Feature**

The Trenton soil in map unit 141 (Trenton-Battle Creek complex, cool, 0 to 2 percent slopes) is a taxadjunct to the series because it has a frigid soil temperature regime. This difference, however, does not affect the use and management of the soil.

# **Valmar Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains
Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 20 to 60 percent Elevation: 5,200 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 20 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 43 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls

### **Typical Pedon**

Valmar very cobbly silt loam, in an area of Valmar-Camelback-Hades complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes; about 1.5 miles southwest of Pocatello, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 630 feet south and 2,055 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 4, T. 7 S., R. 34 E.

A1—0 to 4 inches; brown (10YR 4/3) very cobbly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 15 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; neutral (pH 7.3); clear smooth boundary.

- A2—4 to 9 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly silt loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure parting to weak fine granular; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; many very fine irregular pores; 20 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; neutral (pH 7.3); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt—9 to 14 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) very cobbly silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine irregular and few very fine tubular pores; few faint clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6); abrupt irregular boundary.
- BC—14 to 24 inches; yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) extremely stony silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; 5 percent gravel, 5 percent cobbles, and 75 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); abrupt irregular boundary.

R—24 inches; quartzite.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—9 to 16 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—7 to 22 inches

### A horizons

Hue-10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—13 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—6 to 28 percent gravel, 17 to 25 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

# Bt horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—20 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 22 percent gravel, 17 to 25 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

### BC horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—20 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 24 percent gravel, 3 to 23 percent cobbles, 50 to 85 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

# **Vitale Series**

Depth class: Moderately deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 12 to 75 percent Elevation: 5,100 to 7,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 30 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 95 days

Taxonomic classification: Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Vitale extremely stony loam, in an area of Yeates Hollow-Vitale complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes; about 3.5 miles north of the town of Mink Creek, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,400 feet south and 1,500 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 17, T. 13 S., R. 41 E.

- A1—0 to 1 inch; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely stony loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; strong thick platy structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine roots; many very fine vesicular pores; 15 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 35 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.5); abrupt wavy boundary.
- A2—1 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) extremely cobbly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine granular; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; many very fine irregular and common very fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel, 40 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- AB—5 to 15 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) very cobbly loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure parting to strong very fine granular; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular and many very fine tubular pores; 20 percent gravel, 30 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—15 to 22 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely cobbly clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine to medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 20 percent gravel, 25 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt2—22 to 26 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) extremely stony clay loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; many very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 35 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); abrupt wavy boundary.

R-26 inches; quartzite.

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—3 to 15 inches

A1 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—4 to 23 percent gravel, 6 to 20 percent cobbles, 11 to 38 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

A2 and AB horizons

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 25 percent gravel, 20 to 41 percent cobbles, 3 to 31 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

Bt horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—3 or 4 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or clay loam

Content of clay—25 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 24 percent gravel, 20 to 37 percent cobbles, 6 to

31 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

# **Welby Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Well drained or moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 4 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 47 to 49 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-silty, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Welby silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 0.5 mile south of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,650 feet south and 1,350 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 27, T. 15 S., R. 39 E.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; strong thin platy structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- A—6 to 12 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; strong coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; common fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; slightly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk1—12 to 18 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak fine granular structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate seams and filaments; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk2—18 to 28 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/4) silt loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate seams and filaments; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual smooth boundary.
- Bk3—28 to 40 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/4) loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine roots; few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate seams and filaments; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); gradual smooth boundary.
- C—40 to 60 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) fine sandy loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5).

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

# Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 19 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—6 to 17 inches

### Water feature

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—January through December; depth—4.0 to 6.0 feet

# Ap and A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—8 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 15

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

Bk horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam, loam, or very fine sandy loam

Content of clay-10 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 20

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

C horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—fine sandy loam or very fine sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 18 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 20

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

### Remarks

The Welby soil in map unit 148 (Welby silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes) is moderately well drained and has an apparent water table. Thus, it is outside the range of the official series. This difference, however, does not significantly affect use and management of the soil for cropland.

# Wheelon Series

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 4 to 60 percent

Elevation: 4,800 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 110 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Calcixerollic Xerochrepts

### **Typical Pedon**

Wheelon silt loam, in an area of Wheelon-Collinston complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 1 mile north of Dayton, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,500 feet north and 1,800 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

Ap—0 to 6 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable,

- moderately sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (12 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 1 percent gravel; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—6 to 17 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; moderate very fine and fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; 10 percent very weakly cemented nodules 5 to 10 millimeters in size; disseminated carbonates (34 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 1 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk2—17 to 33 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; moderate fine angular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; 8 percent very weakly cemented nodules 5 to 10 millimeters in size; disseminated carbonates; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments (32 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 1 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—33 to 53 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; moderate fine angular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; 5 percent very weakly cemented nodules 5 to 10 millimeters in size; disseminated carbonates; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments (23 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 1 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- BCk—53 to 60 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, olive (5Y 5/3) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine tubular pores; common fine prominent strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; disseminated carbonates; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and filaments (21 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 1 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

# Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic feature

Depth to a calcic horizon—4 to 16 inches

Ap horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 7 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—12 to 20 percent

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bk and BCk horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—7 or 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or silty clay loam

Content of clay—24 to 34 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 3 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 15

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# **Windernot Series**

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Elevation: 4,400 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Sandy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Pachic Calcixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Windernot gravelly sandy loam, in an area of Windernot-Lewnot-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes; about 2 miles northwest of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,900 feet north and 2,400 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 17, T. 15 S., R. 39 E.

- A1—0 to 6 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few fine roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (8 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); abrupt wavy boundary.
- A2—6 to 18 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium and coarse subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bk—18 to 23 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) very gravelly sandy loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (15 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 40 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); clear wavy boundary.

2Ck—23 to 60 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) extremely gravelly sand, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; single grain; loose, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular and few very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (10 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 75 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 35 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—16 to 24 inches

### Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—March, April, May, and June; depth—4.5 to 6.0 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—9 to 37 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sandy loam

Content of clay—5 to 15 percent

Content of rock fragments—23 to 45 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 25 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# 2Ck horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—6 or 7 dry, 3 to 5 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—sand or loamy sand

Content of clay—1 to 5 percent

Content of rock fragments—26 to 85 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 20 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

# Winn Series

Depth class: Very deep

Drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Valleys

Landform: Stream terraces
Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 0 to 3 percent Elevation: 5,100 to 5,200 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 15 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 46 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine-loamy, mixed, mesic Cumulic Haploxerolls

## **Typical Pedon**

Winn silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes; about 2 miles northeast of Wellsville, in adjacent Cache County, Utah; about 1,500 feet north and 800 feet west of the southeast corner of sec. 23, T. 11 N., R. 1 W.

- Ap—0 to 6 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) silt loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak medium granular structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many fine and medium roots; few fine pores; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- A1—6 to 13 inches; dark gray (10YR 4/1) loam, very dark gray (10YR 3/1) moist; weak medium subangular blocky structure; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many fine and medium roots; common medium pores; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear wavy boundary.
- A2—13 to 18 inches; gray (2.5Y 5/1) loam, very dark gray (2.5Y 3/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many fine roots; common coarse pores; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4); clear smooth boundary.
- A3—18 to 40 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) loam, very dark gray (2.5Y 3/1) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine and coarse roots; common coarse pores; common fine distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; strongly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.7); clear smooth boundary.
- C—40 to 60 inches; dark gray (2.5Y 4/1) silt loam, very dark gray (2.5Y 3/1) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many fine and medium roots; common fine pores; many medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation; slightly effervescent; slightly alkaline (pH 7.6).

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—24 to 60 inches Depth to redoximorphic features—more than 16 inches

Water features

Seasonal high water table: Month(s)—April, May, June, July, August, and September; depth—2.5 to 3.5 feet

Flooding: Month(s)—February, March, April, and May; frequency—rare

# Ap horizon

Hue-10YR or N

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—5 to 7 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

### A1 horizon

Hue-10YR or N

Value—3 or 4 dry, 2 or 3 moist Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—3 to 5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—18 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

### A2, A3, and C horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or N

Value—4 to 6 dry, 2 to 4 moist

Chroma—0 to 2 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam, silt loam, or very fine sandy loam

Content of clay—18 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 6 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2 Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

# **Winwell Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Lake plains Landform: Lake terraces

Parent material: Lacustrine deposits

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Elevation: 4,500 to 5,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 115 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Fine, mixed, mesic Calcic Pachic Argixerolls

# **Typical Pedon**

Winwell silty clay loam, in an area of Winwell-Collinston complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes; about 1 mile north of Dayton, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,550 feet north and 1,000 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

- Ap1—0 to 3 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate thin platy structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine and few medium tubular pores; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Ap2—3 to 10 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); abrupt smooth boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 15 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silty clay, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; strong fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; few very fine and fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear smooth boundary.
- Bt2—15 to 22 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) silty clay, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; strong coarse prismatic structure; very hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Btk—22 to 30 inches; very pale brown (10YR 7/3) silty clay, light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) moist; strong medium subangular blocky structure; very hard, friable, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine roots; common fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; disseminated carbonates; violently effervescent (9 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk—30 to 51 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) silty clay loam, light gray (2.5Y 7/2) moist; moderate fine subangular blocky structure; very hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common fine tubular pores; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate masses and seams; violently effervescent (38 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly alkaline (pH 8.6); gradual smooth boundary.
- C—51 to 60 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) silt loam, light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) moist; massive; hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few fine tubular pores; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; violently effervescent (26 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly alkaline (pH 8.8).

### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—20 to 30 inches Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 12 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—25 to 40 inches

### Ap horizons

Hue—10YR Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 32 percent Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bt horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or silty clay

Content of clay—38 to 50 percent Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Btk horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 7 dry, 5 or 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay

Content of clay—40 to 50 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 15 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bk horizon

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 to 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—1 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

#### C horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—7 or 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—18 to 26 percent

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 35 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—1 to 8

Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 8.5 to 9.0

## **Wormcreek Series**

Depth class: Deep

Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Volcanic ash, alluvium, colluvium, and residuum derived from tuff

Slope: 15 to 60 percent Elevation: 4,800 to 6,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 110 days

Taxonomic classification: Ashy-skeletal, frigid Vitrandic Calcixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Wormcreek gravelly clay loam, in an area of Wormcreek-Lonigan complex, 15 to 55 percent slopes; about 5 miles east and 4 miles north of Preston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,000 feet south and 500 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 33, T. 14 S., R. 40 E.

- A1—0 to 4 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) gravelly clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine irregular and many very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (1 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 25 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; slightly alkaline (pH 7.8); clear smooth boundary.
- A2—4 to 9 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) gravelly clay loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine and few medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (3 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); slightly effervescent; 25 percent gravel and 5 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.1); clear smooth boundary.
- Bk1—9 to 15 inches; light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) very gravelly clay loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and fine and common medium tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (23 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 35 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—15 to 22 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) very cobbly clay loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; thin patchy carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments (31 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel and 25 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk3—22 to 31 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/2) very cobbly loam, very pale brown (10YR 7/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; many thick carbonate coatings on the bottom of rock fragments (30 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 25 percent gravel and 30 percent cobbles; moderately alkaline (pH 8.3); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk4—31 to 41 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) extremely cobbly loam, light yellowish brown (10YR 6/4) moist; massive; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (27 percent calcium carbonate equivalent);

strongly effervescent; 25 percent gravel, 40 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; strongly alkaline (pH 8.5); clear wavy boundary.

BC—41 to 48 inches; very pale brown (10YR 8/3) extremely cobbly loam, brownish yellow (10YR 6/6) moist; massive; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to medium roots; many very fine and fine irregular pores; disseminated carbonates (17 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 30 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; strongly alkaline (pH 8.9); clear smooth boundary.

Cr—48 inches; tuff.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 40 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—7 to 16 inches Depth to a calcic horizon—7 to 16 inches

Content of volcanic glass—50 to 65 percent

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—10 to 38 percent gravel, 3 to 6 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

Bulk density—1.10 to 1.30

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.14 to 0.17 percent

Phosphorus retention—15 to 25 percent

15-bar water retention, dry-15 to 25 percent

#### Bk1 and Bk2 horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 3 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—11 to 41 percent gravel, 9 to 25 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—20 to 35 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

Bulk density—1.00 to 1.20

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.04 to 0.12 percent

Phosphorus retention—30 to 80 percent

15-bar water retention, dry—10 to 25 percent

#### Bk3, Bk4, and BC horizons

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—5 to 8 dry, 5 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay-14 to 18 percent

Content of rock fragments—7 to 35 percent gravel, 25 to 44 percent cobbles, 0 to 6 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0 Bulk density—1.00 to 1.20

Oxalate-extractable Al plus one-half Fe—0.04 to 0.12 percent

Phosphorus retention—30 to 80 percent 15-bar water retention, dry—10 to 25 percent

## **Wursten Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills and lake plains Landform: Hillslopes and lake terraces

Parent material: Mixed alluvium

Slope: 4 to 30 percent

Elevation: 4,600 to 5,500 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 14 to 18 inches Mean annual air temperature: 42 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 70 to 100 days

Taxonomic classification: Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Wursten loam, in an area of Huffman-Wursten complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes; about 2 miles northwest of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,800 feet south and 1,850 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 30, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

- A—0 to 5 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine tubular and irregular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 5 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 7.9); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk1—5 to 17 inches; brown (10YR 5/3) loam, dark brown (10YR 3/3) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular and irregular pores; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk2—17 to 19 inches; light brownish gray (10YR 6/2) loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; common fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk3—19 to 31 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) loam, dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular and irregular pores; few fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments; strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.4); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bk4—31 to 60 inches; pale brown (10YR 6/3) gravelly loam, brown (10YR 4/3) moist; massive; hard, very friable, nonsticky, nonplastic; common very fine and fine

roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 15 percent gravel; strongly alkaline (pH 8.6).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—8 to 18 inches

Depth to a calcic horizon—4 to 18 inches

#### A horizon

Hue-10YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 17 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—5 to 15 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 8.4

#### Bk1 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 8 dry, 3 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 8.4

#### Bk2 and Bk3 horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 8 dry, 3 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—12 to 16 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 12 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—15 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 8

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk4 horizon

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 8 dry, 3 to 7 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam or fine sandy loam

Content of clay—10 to 16 percent

Content of rock fragments—5 to 40 percent gravel, 0 to 3 percent cobbles

Calcium carbonate equivalent—10 to 30 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—5 to 13

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

## **Xerochrepts**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 20 to 40 percent Elevation: 4,800 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 47 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 110 days

Taxonomic classification: Xerochrepts

#### **Typical Pedon**

Xerochrepts silt loam, in an area of Xerochrepts-Wormcreek-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 70 percent slopes; about 2 miles northwest of Dayton, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 2,250 feet south and 100 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

- A1—0 to 3 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak fine granular structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- A2—3 to 8 inches; grayish brown (10YR 5/2) silt loam, dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and fine and few medium and coarse roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 2 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.0); clear wavy boundary.
- BA—8 to 14 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine, common fine, and few medium and coarse roots; many very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 20 percent weakly cemented cicada nodules; 2 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- Bw—14 to 26 inches; light gray (10YR 7/2) silt loam, brown (10YR 5/3) moist; weak fine subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates; strongly effervescent; 20 percent weakly cemented cicada nodules; 5 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear wavy boundary.
- Bk—26 to 46 inches; white (5Y 8/1) silt loam, pale olive (5Y 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores; few fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; many fine irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; violently effervescent; 5 percent gravel; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); gradual wavy boundary.
- BCk—46 to 60 inches; white (5Y 8/1) silt loam, pale olive (5Y 6/3) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine to coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores; few fine prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6)

masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; common fine and medium irregularly shaped carbonate filaments and masses; violently effervescent; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

### Diagnostic feature

Depth to horizons with secondary carbonates—20 to 30 inches

#### A horizons

Hue—10YR

Value—5 to 7 dry, 3 or 4 moist Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—14 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 45 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5 Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### BA and Bw horizons

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam, loam, or clay loam

Content of clay—10 to 30 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 59 percent gravel

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

#### Bk and BCk horizons

Hue-10YR, 2.5Y, or 5Y

Value—5 to 8 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 0.5 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam or loam

Content of clay—10 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 59 percent gravel Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 40 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 5

Reaction—pH of 7.9 to 9.0

### **Xerorthents**

Depth class: Shallow to deep

Drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high

Landscape: Hills, lake plains, mountains, and valleys Landform: Hillslopes, lake terraces, and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed colluvium and residuum

Slope: 30 to 70 percent Elevation: 4,500 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 17 inches Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 48 degrees F

Frost-free period: 80 to 130 days

Taxonomic classification: Xerorthents

#### **Typical Pedon**

Xerorthents gravelly loam, in an area of Xerochrepts-Wormcreek-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 70 percent slopes; about 3.5 miles northwest of Weston, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 400 feet north and 1,500 feet east of the southwest corner of sec. 29, T. 15 S., R. 38 E.

- A—0 to 3 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) gravelly loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine and fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (15 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 15 percent gravel and 10 percent channers; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.
- C1—3 to 8 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) very channery loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; weak very fine subangular blocky structure; soft, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (14 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); violently effervescent; 15 percent gravel and 40 percent channers; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.
- C2—8 to 11 inches; light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) extremely channery loam, grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) moist; massive; soft, very friable, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and common coarse roots; few very fine tubular pores; disseminated carbonates (11 percent calcium carbonate equivalent); strongly effervescent; 85 percent channers; moderately alkaline (pH 8.2); clear smooth boundary.

Cr—11 inches: calcareous siltstone.

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: 10 to 60 inches to paralithic bedrock

Diagnostic feature

Thickness of the ochric epipedon—1 to 6 inches

A horizon

Hue—10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—10 to 25 percent

Content of rock fragments—3 to 45 percent gravel, 0 to 20 percent channers

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 40 percent

Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

C horizons

Hue-10YR or 2.5Y

Value—6 or 7 dry, 4 to 6 moist

Chroma—1 to 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent
Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam
Content of clay—10 to 25 percent
Content of rock fragments—0 to 70 percent gravel, 35 to 85 percent channers
Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 40 percent
Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 3
Electrical conductivity (mmhos/cm)—0 to 2
Reaction—pH of 7.4 to 9.0

## **Yago Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Mountains Landform: Mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and colluvium

Slope: 4 to 20 percent Elevation: 5,760 to 6,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 18 to 22 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 41 to 44 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 80 days

Taxonomic classification: Clayey-skeletal, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Argixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Yago extremely stony silty clay loam, in an area of Broadhead-Yago complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes; about 3 miles northeast of Lava Hot Springs, in adjacent Bannock County, Idaho; about 860 feet south and 900 feet west of the northeast corner of sec. 24, T. 9 S., R. 38 E.

- A—0 to 10 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) extremely stony silty clay loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; moderate fine and medium subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine to medium and few coarse roots; many very fine irregular pores along the faces of peds and common very fine and fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel, 30 percent cobbles, and 20 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.5); abrupt irregular boundary.
- Bt1—10 to 16 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) extremely stony clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; moderate fine and medium angular blocky structure; very hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; common very fine and fine roots; common very fine irregular pores along the faces of peds and common very fine and fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 30 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.5); gradual irregular boundary.
- Bt2—16 to 37 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) extremely stony clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; moderate medium and coarse angular blocky structure; extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; common very fine and few fine roots; common very fine irregular pores along the faces of peds and few very fine tubular pores; many distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 10 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 30 percent stones; neutral (pH 6.7); abrupt irregular boundary.
- Btk—37 to 45 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/4) extremely stony clay loam, brown (7.5YR 5/4) moist; moderate medium and coarse angular blocky structure;

extremely hard, very firm, very sticky, very plastic; common very fine roots; common very fine irregular pores along the faces of peds and few very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; common thin carbonate coatings on faces of peds; 10 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 30 percent stones; neutral (pH 7.2); clear wavy boundary.

Bk—45 to 60 inches; reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) extremely stony silty clay loam, strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) moist; massive; slightly hard, friable, moderately sticky, slightly plastic; few very fine and fine roots; few very fine tubular pores; many fine rounded iron and manganese concretions; strongly effervescent; 10 percent gravel, 20 percent cobbles, and 30 percent stones; slightly alkaline (pH 7.4).

#### Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

#### Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—10 to 20 inches

Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 14 inches

Depth to secondary carbonates—more than 36 inches

#### A horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam

Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 15 percent gravel, 14 to 40 percent cobbles, 14 to 25 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 5.6 to 6.5

## Bt horizons

Hue-7.5YR or 5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry, 3 or 4 moist

Chroma—4 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam, silty clay loam, clay

Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

Content of rock fragments—4 to 19 percent gravel, 9 to 23 percent cobbles, 17 to 33 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—0 to 5 percent

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Btk and Bk horizons

Hue-7.5YR or 5YR

Value—4 to 6 dry or moist

Chroma—4 to 6 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silty clay loam or clay loam Content of clay—27 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—4 to 19 percent gravel, 9 to 23 percent cobbles, 17 to 33 percent stones

Calcium carbonate equivalent—1 to 10 percent

Sodium adsorption ratio—0 to 2

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.8

## **Yeates Hollow Series**

Depth class: Very deep Drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low

Landscape: Hills and mountains

Landform: Hillslopes and mountain slopes

Parent material: Mixed alluvium, colluvium, and residuum

Slope: 6 to 50 percent

Elevation: 5,000 to 6,600 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 16 to 30 inches Mean annual air temperature: 40 to 45 degrees F

Frost-free period: 60 to 90 days

Taxonomic classification: Clayey-skeletal, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Argixerolls

#### **Typical Pedon**

Yeates Hollow cobbly silt loam, in an area of Yeates Hollow-Manila-Softback complex, 12 to 40 percent slopes; about 4 miles west and 4 miles south of Thatcher, in Franklin County, Idaho; about 1,200 feet south and 2,600 feet east of the northwest corner of sec. 28, T. 12 S., R. 40 E.

- A—0 to 8 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) cobbly silt loam, very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) moist; weak very fine granular structure; slightly hard, very friable, slightly sticky, slightly plastic; many very fine and common fine to coarse roots; many very fine irregular and common very fine tubular pores; 10 percent gravel and 10 percent cobbles; neutral (pH 7.0); abrupt smooth boundary.
- BA—8 to 16 inches; dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) extremely cobbly loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine, fine, and medium subangular blocky structure; slightly hard, friable, slightly sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine to coarse roots; common very fine and few fine tubular pores; 15 percent gravel, 35 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.5); clear wavy boundary.
- Bt1—16 to 19 inches; brown (7.5YR 4/2) extremely cobbly clay loam, dark brown (7.5YR 3/2) moist; moderate very fine, fine, and medium angular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; common very fine and few fine to coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; 15 percent gravel, 30 percent cobbles, and 15 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.5); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt2—19 to 29 inches; brown (7.5YR 5/4) very cobbly clay, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; strong fine, medium, and coarse angular blocky structure; very hard, firm, very sticky, very plastic; few very fine to coarse roots; common very fine tubular pores; many prominent clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; common fine faint strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; common distinct manganese concretions; 15 percent gravel, 15 percent cobbles, and 5 percent stones; slightly acid (pH 6.2); abrupt wavy boundary.
- Bt3—29 to 60 inches; light brown (7.5YR 6/4) very gravelly clay loam, brown (7.5YR 4/4) moist; moderate fine, medium, and coarse subangular blocky structure; hard, firm, moderately sticky, moderately plastic; few very fine to medium roots; common very fine irregular and tubular pores; common distinct clay films on faces of peds and lining pores; common fine and medium distinct reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) irregularly shaped masses of iron accumulation that are relict redoximorphic features; 30 percent gravel and 15 percent cobbles; slightly acid (pH 6.1).

## Range in Characteristics

Depth to a restrictive feature: More than 60 inches

## Diagnostic features

Thickness of the mollic epipedon—11 to 19 inches

Depth to an argillic horizon—8 to 16 inches

#### A horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—3 to 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—2 to 4 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—silt loam

Content of clay—16 to 20 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 16 percent gravel, 9 to 20 percent cobbles

Reaction—pH of 6.6 to 7.3

#### BA horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 or 5 dry, 2 or 3 moist

Chroma—2 or 3 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—loam

Content of clay—20 to 27 percent

Content of rock fragments—2 to 17 percent gravel, 34 to 40 percent cobbles, 6 to 15 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bt1 horizon

Hue-10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—1 to 2 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam

Content of clay—28 to 35 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 28 percent gravel, 23 to 34 percent cobbles, 6 to 31 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bt2 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.5 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam or clay

Content of clay—35 to 50 percent

Content of rock fragments—1 to 17 percent gravel, 13 to 37 percent cobbles, 0 to 11 percent stones

Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

#### Bt3 horizon

Hue—10YR or 7.5YR

Value—4 to 7 dry, 3 to 6 moist

Chroma—2 to 4 dry or moist

Content of organic matter—0.0 to 1 percent

Texture of the fraction less than 2 millimeters in size—clay loam or clay

Content of clay-35 to 50 percent

Content of rock fragments—0 to 52 percent gravel, 6 to 17 percent cobbles Reaction—pH of 6.1 to 7.3

### Remarks

The Yeates Hollow soils in this survey area are very deep and are thus outside the depth range of the official series. This difference, however, does not significantly affect use and management of the soils for rangeland.

## Formation of the Soils

Shawn McVey, soil scientist, and Terril Kay Stevenson, geologist, Natural Resources Conservation Service, helped prepare this section.

This section defines soil and relates the factors of soil formation to the soils in this survey area.

Soil is a natural body, or a collection of natural bodies, on the earth's surface that contains living matter and supports or is capable of supporting plants. Its upper limit is air or shallow water. At its margins, soil grades to deep water or to areas of bare rock. At its lower limit, it grades to bedrock or to earthy materials virtually devoid of roots, animals, or marks of other biologic activity (USDA, 1975; Soil Survey Staff, 1994). Soil is a dynamic medium forming a living shell of varying thickness over the rocky crust of the earth.

Soil is the result of the interaction of five soil-forming factors (Birkeland, 1984; Jenny, 1941). These factors determine the unique properties and characteristics of a soil at any given location. The five soil-forming factors are: (1) the type and mineralogical composition of the parent material; (2) the different climates that the soil has been exposed to; (3) the living organisms on and in the soil; (4) the relief, or lay of the land; and (5) the length of time that these development forces have acted upon the soil. The interrelationship of these factors is very complex, and it is difficult to isolate the effects of any one factor. Also, the effect of the factors varies from place to place. The interaction of the factors ultimately determines the kind of soil that forms. The term "pedogenesis" (soil genesis) commonly refers is to the process of soil formation.

### **Parent Material**

The dominant kinds of parent material in the survey area are alluvium and lacustrine deposits influenced by loess. Of lesser extent are sandy eolian material, residuum, and colluvium. All of the parent materials are derived from various geologic deposits and bedrock formations.

The most recent deposits are alluvium and eolian fine sands in the Quaternary Silt of the Lake Bonneville Group (Piper, 1924). Gravel strata of this formation occur in areas of alluvial fans and toeslopes on most of the valley sides, especially in the Dayton and Clifton area, and on the lower slopes of the mountain ranges (Randolph, 1978). The oldest alluvial deposits of the Lake Bonneville Group form the parent material for the soils above the Lake Thatcher and Bonneville Terraces. These ancient shorelines are especially evident in Mound and Gentile Valleys. The reddish sediments of ancient Lake Bonneville were deposited at elevations of less than 5,200 feet about 16,000 to 32,000 years ago. The older, light colored deposits of Lake Thatcher extend to an elevation of about 5,400 feet.

The late Tertiary Salt Lake Group consists of tuffaceous rocks and sediments, which generally are on the intermediate and lower slopes above the elevation of the Bonneville Terrace (about 5,200 feet), especially on the east face of the Malad Range (Skipp and others, 1980). Bedrock in the mountain ranges consists almost exclusively

of hard, fractured Upper Paleozoic sedimentary rocks (Ross and Forrester, 1958). The oldest rocks in the survey area are on Oxford Peak, in the Bannock Range. These are Precambrian rocks that are mainly quartzite, argillite, and amphibolite. Soils in the mountainous parts of the survey area vary greatly because of many bedrock lithologies, different slopes and aspects, and different weathering rates.

The formations made up of limestone, calcareous siltstone, and dolomite have contributed carbonates to most of the soils in the survey area. Another source of carbonates is loess carried by the prevailing southwesterly winds, which erode calcareous lacustrine deposits. Iphil soils are an example of soils influenced by calcareous loess. Some soils in the mountains formed in the absence of carbonates. They are well developed, have a high content of clay, and/or have a thick, dark surface horizon. Examples of the soils with these properties are Northwater, Softback, and Yeates Hollow soils.

In the southwestern and eastern parts of the survey area, the bedrock geology is dominated by Tertiary volcanic rocks. These rocks formed from volcanic debris deposited in ancient pyroclastic flows (Skipp and others, 1980). The soils associated with the volcanic rocks formed dominantly in alluvium and residuum that is high in content of volcanic glass, which is inherited from the local rocks. Copenhagen, Lonigan, Nyman, and Wormcreek soils are dominant in these parts of the survey area.

The intermediate terraces and valleys in the survey area have soils with varying degrees of development. Elevations range from 4,400 to 5,800 feet. Slopes are nearly level to steep. The soils are dominantly very deep, calcareous, and well drained and have a dark surface horizon. Huffman, Kidman, Parleys, and Welby soils are notable in that they all have carbonates. Most commonly, carbonates are leached from the surface downward and accumulate in the lower horizons. These soils occur in Cache, Gentile, and Mound Valleys. Soils at the level of the Bonneville Terrace have gravelly textures because wave action eroded rock outcrops at the edge of the ancient lake. Hondoho, Hondee, and Sterling soils are dominant on the Bonneville Terrace in the eastern and northern parts of Cache Valley.

Some of the soils between elevations of 4,400 and 5,800 feet formed on flood plains and stream terraces bordered by meandering stream channels. Cachecan, Delish, Downata, and Lando soils are examples. They formed in stratified alluvium that was deposited by floodwater during years of high precipitation. The dominant soils on flood plains and stream terraces in Mound Valley are Bear Lake, Downata, Lago, and Merkley soils. These soils are characterized by a high content of organic matter in the surface horizon and carbonates in some part of the profile.

The parent materials in Cache Valley are somewhat similar to those in Mound Valley. Cache Valley is a lakebed in which lacustrine and fluvial processes have influenced the parent materials. The lakebed has been dissected by stream action of the Bear River and other streams. The soils in Mound Valley differ from the soils in Cache Valley mainly in the content of clay and sodium in the subsoil. In Cache Valley, clay is in abundance and sodium occurs at low or moderate levels in the subsoil. Most of the clay and sodium is inherited from the lacustrine deposits. Additionally, applied irrigation water may contribute to the sodium levels in Thatcherflats and Trenton soils. Other common soils in this area are Airport, Ant Flat, Banida, and Oxford soils.

### Climate

Climate has a strong influence on soil formation. Temperature and precipitation influence the rate at which parent material weathers. The vegetation that provides organic matter for soil development is dependent on temperature and precipitation.

The climate in this survey area is characterized by cool, wet winters and warm, dry summers. The driest and warmest soils are in the southwestern part of the survey area, near Weston. These soils receive about 13 inches of precipitation annually. In contrast, the wettest and coldest soils are in the high mountains, where the annual precipitation is about 35 to 40 inches. The mean annual air temperature ranges from about 48 degrees F in the warmest areas to about 37 degrees F in the coldest areas.

Soil formation in the drier parts of the survey area is relatively slow because of a scarcity of available water for pedogenic processes. The result of the dominant process is a relatively high amount of carbonates and salts that remain or accumulate in the soils as ground water evaporates. The main soils in the drier areas are those of the Airport, Kidman, Layton, and Welby series.

Soils at elevations of about 5,200 to 6,200 feet have different properties because of an increase in precipitation and cooler temperatures. These soils are characterized by darker surface horizons and lighter colored subsoils with differing amounts of carbonates. The darker surface colors are the result of an increase in the content of organic matter. The lighter subsoil colors occur because carbonates are leached to lower depths in the profile. The dominant soils in this intermediate climatic zone are those of the Kearns, Parleys, and Thatcher series. The mean annual precipitation in this zone ranges from 14 to 17 inches. The mean annual air temperature ranges from 42 to 46 degrees F.

Soils at an elevation of more than 6,200 feet commonly receive 16 or more inches of precipitation annually. This additional moisture has leached carbonates to a depth of 18 inches or more in most of the soils. A high content of organic matter in these soils is evidenced by dark surface horizons. On Northwater and other soils, the vegetation is abundant because of cool, moist conditions on north-facing slopes. Depending on the landscape position and kind of parent material, a few of the soils, for example, Manila and Broadhead soils, have B horizons with a high content of clay. These argillic horizons form because water percolating through the profile results in the downward movement and concentration of clay in the B horizons.

## **Living Organisms**

Soil formation is greatly influenced by plant and animal activity. Organic matter, acidity, and bulk density are the soil characteristics most quickly influenced by the kinds of plants and animals.

The type of vegetation growing on a given soil is dependent on two main factors. The first of these is the amount and quality of the water available to plants, and the second is the number of frost-free days.

Near Weston, the natural conditions favor the growth of drought-tolerant vegetation. They limit the density and variety of grasses that can grow. Consequently, the soils receive very little organic matter and are light colored throughout. The dominant soils in the southwestern part of Cache Valley are Wheelon soils on convex slopes and Collinston soils on concave slopes. The vegetation in this area is basin big sagebrush, needlegrass, and Indian ricegrass.

In the northern part of Cache Valley, the amount of annual precipitation is higher and the vegetation is more productive. Consequently, the soils have a darker surface horizon. The dominant soils are those of the Ant Flat, Parleys, and Winwell series. The grasses are primarily wheatgrasses and bluegrasses. The shrubs are antelope bitterbrush and basin big sagebrush. The plant communities in this area also have significant amounts of forbs, primarily arrowleaf balsamroot.

Soils above the level of the Bonneville Terrace formed under conditions that favor the growth of grasses, forbs, and shrubs. Several species of bluegrass and wheatgrass and many forbs and shrubs contribute significant amounts of organic

matter to these soils. Hades, Lanoak, and Softback are examples of the soils in this area. Microbial activity is the highest in these soils. Rodent and earthworm activity causes mixing in the soil profile. The mixing improves tilth and fertility. At the highest elevations, between 6,200 and 8,000 feet, the plant communities include conifers on concave slopes and on north- and east-facing slopes.

### Relief

Relief in the survey area is primarily a function of mountain-building activities and geologic erosion. Relief affects microclimate, drainage, and surface runoff. The general landscapes of the survey area are plains, lake plains, alluvial plains (piedmont slopes), hills, and mountains. The major landforms within these general landscapes are lake terraces, fan remnants, dunes, stream terraces, flood plains, hillslopes, and mountain slopes.

The soils on lake plains have slopes of 0 to 4 percent. At elevations of about 4,600 feet and lower, the soils commonly are somewhat poorly drained or poorly drained and have slopes of 0 to 2 percent. Soils at slightly higher elevations are better drained and in some areas are on steeper slopes. The water table on the lake plains is fed by the surrounding area's ground water tables, which are perched on top of impermeable, stratified lake sediments. These sediments are commonly 10 to 20 feet below the surface.

From the lowest point on the lake plains to the highest shoreline of ancient Lake Bonneville is a vertical distance of about 700 feet. The highest shoreline is marked by steeper slopes where wave action has etched a horizontal strandline across the mountains. This strandline is visible today as the nearly continuous Bonneville Terrace, which follows the contour of that ancient shoreline. The soils that formed in the swash zone consist of calcareous silts and rock fragments. They are mapped as Cedarhill and Sterling soils. On the highest stream terrace along the Bear River in Cache Valley, the alluvial, lacustrine and eolian deposits are sands and sandy loams and have been mapped as Kidman, Layton, Maplecreek, and Preston soils.

When ancient Lake Bonneville breached a natural barrier at Red Rock Pass, directly north of the survey area, the water level dropped in a relatively short period and then stabilized at a lower level named the Provo. A second, lower strandline occurs where wave action again formed the nearly continuous Provo Terrace. The vertical distance from the Bonneville Terrace to the Provo Terrace is about 300 feet.

The soils between the level of Cache Valley and the Bonneville Terrace are on nearly level to gently rolling terraces. In the southern part of the survey area, the landscape is dominated by lake plains. Near the mountains, the landscape gradually changes to gently rolling alluvial plains (piedmont slopes) and hills. Perennial streams have cut channels in these areas and have carried sediment from the gently rolling plains and hills. The dominant soils are those of the Ant Flat, Banida, Oxford, and Wheelon series. While ancient Lake Bonneville was receding, stream processes occurred on the emerging lake plain and deposited sandy alluvium. In places, prevailing winds have since reworked these deposits, forming dunes. Preston soils are on the dunes.

Soils above the level of the Bonneville Terrace are primarily on mountain landforms. These mountains are oriented north to south in three separate ranges—the Bannock and Malad Ranges on the west and the Bear River Range on the east. The soils on mountains vary greatly with aspect and landform position. The soils on summits and shoulders generally are shallow and very stony, the soils on backslopes and footslopes are moderately deep to very deep and vary in content of rock fragments, and the soils on toeslopes are very deep and loamy. The dominant mountain soils are those of the Manila, Softback, Vitale, and Yeates Hollow series.

## **Time**

The degree of profile development in a soil is a function of how long the parent material is exposed to the other factors of soil formation. The relative age of a soil in a given area is shown by the degree of development in the soil horizons. If all factors are the same, except for time, two soils may show significant differences in the content of organic matter in the surface horizon, the content of clay in the subsoil, and the depth to soluble minerals, such as calcium carbonate.

The youngest soils in the survey area are Preston soils, which formed in Recent deposits of sandy eolian material. These soils have very little organic matter, minimal subsoil development, and little evidence of leaching.

Many of the alluvial soils are old enough to have developed a well expressed topsoil and subsoil. At elevations below 5,200 feet, soils developed after Quaternary Lake Bonneville receded. Above that elevation, the age of the alluvial soils and surficial deposits ranges from that of Pleistocene fan remnants on piedmont slopes to that of Recent deposits on the toeslopes and footslopes of mountains.

Most of the soils below the Bonneville Terrace are of two types. The first type is characterized by a dark topsoil, weak subsoil development, and carbonates throughout the profile or directly below the subsoil. The dominant soils of this type are those of the Kearns, Kidman, and Lando series. The second type is characterized by a dark topsoil, strong subsoil development, and a high content of clay. The dominant soils of this type are those of the Battle Creek, Parleys, and Trenton series.

Some of the older soils in the survey area are on the backslopes of steep mountain slopes. Manila and Vitale soils have been developing for more than 16,000 years. Generally, these soils have a high content of organic matter. In the soils on ridges and steep slopes, the horizons high in content of organic matter are somewhat eroded and may be very thin. Other old soils in the survey area, such as Northwater and Yeates Hollow soils, are in concave areas on north- and east-facing slopes where material being moved downslope during spring runoff accumulates and develops with time. A high content of large rock fragments in the soils on mountain landscapes helps to stabilize the surface and allows soil formation to outpace geologic erosion. Soils on landforms of a similar age but with minimal development are the ashy soils in the southwestern and eastern parts of the survey area. Lonigan, Nyman, and Wormcreek soils, for example, have significant amounts of silica-rich volcanic ash and have fewer large rock fragments on the surface than the Northwater and Yeates Hollow soils. The accelerated erosion rate on the steep, erodible slopes appears to be the main reason that these ashy soils are much less developed than other soils on landforms of comparable age.

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# **Glossary**

- **Aggregate, soil.** Many fine particles held in a single mass or cluster. Natural soil aggregates, such as granules, blocks, or prisms, are called peds. Clods are aggregates produced by tillage or logging.
- **Alkali (sodic) soil.** A soil having so high a degree of alkalinity (pH 8.5 or higher) or so high a percentage of exchangeable sodium (15 percent or more of the total exchangeable bases), or both, that plant growth is restricted.
- **Alluvial fan.** The fanlike deposit of a stream where it issues from a canyon upon a plain (piedmont slope) or of a tributary stream near or at its junction with its main stream.
- Alluvium. Material, such as sand, silt, or clay, deposited on land by streams.
- **Animal unit month** (AUM). The amount of forage required by one mature cow of approximately 1,000 pounds weight, with or without a calf, for 1 month.
- **Aquic conditions.** Current soil wetness characterized by saturation, reduction, and redoximorphic features.
- **Argillic horizon.** A subsoil horizon characterized by an accumulation of illuvial clay. **Aspect.** The direction in which a slope faces.
- **Association, soil.** A group of soils or miscellaneous areas geographically associated in a characteristic repeating pattern and defined and delineated as a single map
- Available water capacity (available moisture capacity). The capacity of soils to hold water available for use by most plants. It is commonly defined as the difference between the amount of soil water at field moisture capacity and the amount at wilting point. It is commonly expressed as inches of water per inch of soil. The capacity, in inches, in a 60-inch profile or to a limiting layer is expressed as:

Very low	0 to 3
Low	3 to 6
Moderate	6 to 9
High	9 to 12
Very high	

- **Backslope.** The position that forms the steepest and generally linear, middle portion of a hillslope. In profile, backslopes are commonly bounded by a convex shoulder above and a concave footslope below.
- **Basal area.** The area of a cross section of a tree trunk, generally referring to the section at breast height and measured outside the bark. It is a measure of stand density, commonly expressed in square feet. Basal area per acre is the sum of basal areas of the individual trees on an acre.
- **Base saturation.** The degree to which material having cation-exchange properties is saturated with exchangeable bases (sum of Ca, Mg, Na, and K), expressed as a percentage of the total cation-exchange capacity.
- **Bedrock.** The solid rock that underlies the soil and other unconsolidated material or that is exposed at the surface.
- **Boulders.** Rock fragments larger than 2 feet (60 centimeters) in diameter.

- **Brush management.** Use of mechanical, chemical, or biological methods to make conditions favorable for reseeding or to reduce or eliminate competition from woody vegetation and thus allow understory grasses and forbs to recover. Brush management increases forage production and thus reduces the hazard of erosion. It can improve the habitat for some species of wildlife.
- **Butte.** An isolated small mountain or hill with steep or precipitous sides and a top variously flat, rounded, or pointed that may be a residual mass isolated by erosion or an exposed volcanic neck.
- **Calcareous soil.** A soil containing enough calcium carbonate (commonly combined with magnesium carbonate) to effervesce visibly when treated with cold, dilute hydrochloric acid.
- California bearing ratio (CBR). The load-supporting capacity of a soil as compared to that of standard crushed limestone, expressed as a ratio. First standardized in California. A soil having a CBR of 16 supports 16 percent of the load that would be supported by standard crushed limestone, per unit area, with the same degree of distortion.
- **Canyon.** A long, deep, narrow, very steep sided valley with high, precipitous walls in an area of high local relief.
- **Capillary water.** Water held as a film around soil particles and in tiny spaces between particles. Surface tension is the adhesive force that holds capillary water in the soil.
- **Cation.** An ion carrying a positive charge of electricity. The common soil cations are calcium, potassium, magnesium, sodium, and hydrogen.
- **Cation-exchange capacity.** The total amount of exchangeable cations that can be held by the soil, expressed in terms of milliequivalents per 100 grams of soil at neutrality (pH 7.0) or at some other stated pH value. The term, as applied to soils, is synonymous with base-exchange capacity but is more precise in meaning.
- **Channery soil material.** Soil material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent thin, flat fragments of sandstone, shale, slate, limestone, or schist as much as 6 inches (15 centimeters) along the longest axis. A single piece is called a channer.
- **Chemical treatment.** Control of unwanted vegetation through the use of chemicals. **Chiseling.** Tillage with an implement having one or more soil-penetrating points that shatter or loosen hard, compacted layers to a depth below normal plow depth.
- **Clay.** As a soil separate, the mineral soil particles less than 0.002 millimeter in diameter. As a soil textural class, soil material that is 40 percent or more clay, less than 45 percent sand, and less than 40 percent silt.
- **Clay film.** A thin coating of oriented clay on the surface of a soil aggregate or lining pores or root channels. Synonyms: clay coating, clay skin.
- **Claypan.** A slowly permeable soil horizon that contains much more clay than the horizons above it. A claypan is commonly hard when dry and plastic or stiff when wet.
- **Climax plant community.** The stabilized plant community on a particular site. The plant cover reproduces itself and does not change so long as the environment remains the same.
- Coarse textured soil. Sand or loamy sand.
- **Cobble (or cobblestone).** A rounded or partly rounded fragment of rock 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter.
- **Cobbly soil material.** Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or partially rounded rock fragments 3 to 10 inches (7.6 to 25 centimeters) in diameter. Very cobbly soil material has 35 to 60 percent of these rock fragments, and extremely cobbly soil material has more than 60 percent.
- COLE (coefficient of linear extensibility). See Linear extensibility.
- **Colluvium.** Soil material or rock fragments, or both, moved by creep, slide, or local wash and deposited at the base of steep slopes.

- **Complex, soil.** A map unit of two or more kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or so small in area that it is not practical to map them separately at the selected scale of mapping. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas.
- **Concretions.** Cemented bodies with crude internal symmetry organized around a point, a line, or a plane. They typically take the form of concentric layers visible to the naked eye. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up concretions. If formed in place, concretions of iron oxide or manganese oxide are generally considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.
- **Conglomerate.** A coarse grained, clastic rock composed of rounded or subangular rock fragments more than 2 millimeters in diameter. It commonly has a matrix of sand and finer textured material. Conglomerate is the consolidated equivalent of gravel.
- Conservation cropping system. Growing crops in combination with needed cultural and management practices. In a good conservation cropping system, the soil-improving crops and practices more than offset the effects of the soil-depleting crops and practices. Cropping systems are needed on all tilled soils. Soil-improving practices in a conservation cropping system include the use of rotations that contain grasses and legumes and the return of crop residue to the soil. Other practices include the use of green manure crops of grasses and legumes, proper tillage, adequate fertilization, and weed and pest control.
- **Conservation tillage.** A tillage system that does not invert the soil and that leaves a protective amount of crop residue on the surface throughout the year.
- **Consistence, soil.** Refers to the degree of cohesion and adhesion of soil material and its resistance to deformation when ruptured. Consistence includes resistance of soil material to rupture and to penetration; plasticity, toughness, and stickiness of puddled soil material; and the manner in which the soil material behaves when subject to compression. Terms describing consistence are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
- **Contour stripcropping.** Growing crops in strips that follow the contour. Strips of grass or close-growing crops are alternated with strips of clean-tilled crops or summer fallow.
- **Control section.** The part of the soil on which classification is based. The thickness varies among different kinds of soil, but for many it is that part of the soil profile between depths of 10 inches and 40 or 80 inches.
- **Corrosion.** Soil-induced electrochemical or chemical action that dissolves or weakens concrete or uncoated steel.
- **Cover crop.** A close-growing crop grown primarily to improve and protect the soil between periods of regular crop production, or a crop grown between trees and vines in orchards and vineyards.
- **Crop residue management.** Returning crop residue to the soil, which helps to maintain soil structure, organic matter content, and fertility and helps to control erosion.
- **Cropping system.** Growing crops according to a planned system of rotation and management practices.
- **Cross-slope farming.** Deliberately conducting farming operations on sloping farmland in such a way that tillage is across the general slope.
- Cutbanks cave (in tables). The walls of excavations tend to cave in or slough.
- **Decreasers.** The most heavily grazed climax range plants. Because they are the most palatable, they are the first to be destroyed by overgrazing.
- **Deferred grazing.** Postponing grazing or resting grazing land for a prescribed period.

- **Dense layer** (in tables). A very firm, massive layer that has a bulk density of more than 1.8 grams per cubic centimeter. Such a layer affects the ease of digging and can affect filling and compacting.
- **Depression.** Any relatively sunken part of the earth's surface, especially a low-lying area surrounded by higher ground.
- **Depth, soil.** Generally, the thickness of the soil over bedrock. Very deep soils are more than 60 inches deep over bedrock; deep soils, 40 to 60 inches; moderately deep, 20 to 40 inches; shallow, 10 to 20 inches; and very shallow, less than 10 inches.
- **Diversion (or diversion terrace).** A ridge of earth, generally a terrace, built to protect downslope areas by diverting runoff from its natural course.
- **Divided-slope farming.** A form of field stripcropping in which crops are grown in a systematic arrangement of two strips, or bands, across the slope to reduce the hazard of water erosion. One strip is in a close-growing crop that provides protection from erosion, and the other strip is in a crop that provides less protection from erosion. This practice is used where slopes are not long enough to permit a full stripcropping pattern to be used.
- Drainage class (natural). Refers to the frequency and duration of wet periods under conditions similar to those under which the soil formed. Alterations of the water regime by human activities, either through drainage or irrigation, are not a consideration unless they have significantly changed the morphology of the soil. Seven classes of natural soil drainage are recognized—excessively drained, somewhat excessively drained, well drained, moderately well drained, somewhat poorly drained, poorly drained, and very poorly drained. These classes are defined in the "Soil Survey Manual."
- **Drainage, surface.** Runoff, or surface flow of water, from an area.
- **Draw.** A small stream valley that generally is more open and has broader bottom land than a ravine or gulch.
- **Duff.** A generally firm organic layer on the surface of mineral soils. It consists of fallen plant material that is in the process of decomposition and includes everything from the litter on the surface to underlying pure humus.
- **Dune.** A low mound, ridge, bank, or hill of loose, windblown, subaerially deposited, granular material (generally sand). Dunes either are barren and capable of movement from place to place or are covered and stabilized with vegetation. They retain their characteristic shape.
- **Ecological site.** An area where climate, soil, and relief are sufficiently uniform to produce a distinct natural plant community. An ecological site is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It is typified by an association of species that differ from those on other ecological sites in kind and/or proportion of species or in total production.
- **Eluviation.** The movement of material in true solution or colloidal suspension from one place to another within the soil. Soil horizons that have lost material through eluviation are eluvial; those that have received material are illuvial.
- **Endosaturation.** A type of saturation of the soil in which all horizons between the upper boundary of saturation and a depth of 2 meters are saturated.
- **Eolian soil material.** Earthy parent material accumulated through wind action; commonly refers to sandy material in dunes or to loess in blankets on the surface
- **Episaturation.** A type of saturation indicating a perched water table in a soil in which saturated layers are underlain by one or more unsaturated layers within 2 meters of the surface.
- **Erosion.** The wearing away of the land surface by water, wind, ice, or other geologic agents and by such processes as gravitational creep.

- *Erosion* (geologic). Erosion caused by geologic processes acting over long geologic periods and resulting in the wearing away of mountains and the building up of such landscape features as flood plains and coastal plains. Synonym: natural erosion.
- *Erosion* (accelerated). Erosion much more rapid than geologic erosion, mainly as a result of human or animal activities or of a catastrophe in nature, such as a fire, that exposes the surface.
- **Escarpment.** A relatively continuous and steep slope or cliff breaking the general continuity of more gently sloping land surfaces and resulting from erosion or faulting. Synonym: scarp.
- **Fallow.** Cropland left idle in order to restore productivity through accumulation of moisture. Summer fallow is common in regions of limited rainfall where cereal grain is grown. The soil is tilled for at least one growing season for weed control and decomposition of plant residue.
- **Fan remnant.** A relict alluvial fan, no longer a site of active deposition, incised by younger and lower alluvial surfaces.
- **Fertility, soil.** The quality that enables a soil to provide plant nutrients, in adequate amounts and in proper balance, for the growth of specified plants when light, moisture, temperature, tilth, and other growth factors are favorable.
- **Field moisture capacity.** The moisture content of a soil, expressed as a percentage of the ovendry weight, after the gravitational, or free, water has drained away; the field moisture content 2 or 3 days after a soaking rain; also called *normal field capacity, normal moisture capacity,* or *capillary capacity.*
- Fine textured soil. Sandy clay, silty clay, or clay.
- **First bottom.** The normal flood plain of a stream, subject to frequent or occasional flooding.
- **Flaggy soil material.** Material that has, by volume, 15 to 35 percent flagstones. Very flaggy soil material has 35 to 60 percent flagstones, and extremely flaggy soil material has more than 60 percent flagstones.
- **Flagstone.** A thin fragment of sandstone, limestone, slate, shale, or (rarely) schist 6 to 15 inches (15 to 38 centimeters) long.
- **Flood plain.** A nearly level alluvial plain that borders a stream and is subject to flooding unless protected artificially.
- **Fluvial.** Of or pertaining to rivers; produced by river action, as a fluvial plain.
- **Foothill.** A steeply sloping upland that has relief of as much as 1,000 feet (300 meters) and fringes a mountain range or high-plateau escarpment.
- **Footslope.** The position that forms the inner, gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. In profile, footslopes are commonly concave. A footslope is a transition zone between upslope sites of erosion and transport (shoulders and backslopes) and downslope sites of deposition (toeslopes).
- Forb. Any herbaceous plant not a grass or a sedge.
- **Genesis**, **soil**. The mode of origin of the soil. Refers especially to the processes or soil-forming factors responsible for the formation of the solum, or true soil, from the unconsolidated parent material.
- **Gleyed soil.** Soil that formed under poor drainage, resulting in the reduction of iron and other elements in the profile and in gray colors.
- **Grassed waterway.** A natural or constructed waterway, typically broad and shallow, seeded to grass as protection against erosion. Conducts surface water away from cropland.
- **Gravel.** Rounded or angular fragments of rock as much as 3 inches (2 millimeters to 7.6 centimeters) in diameter. An individual piece is a pebble.
- **Gravelly soil material.** Material that has 15 to 35 percent, by volume, rounded or angular rock fragments, not prominently flattened, as much as 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) in diameter.

- **Green manure crop** (agronomy). A soil-improving crop grown to be plowed under in an early stage of maturity or soon after maturity.
- **Ground water.** Water filling all the unblocked pores of the material below the water table.
- **Gully.** A miniature valley with steep sides cut by running water and through which water ordinarily runs only after rainfall. The distinction between a gully and a rill is one of depth. A gully generally is an obstacle to farm machinery and is too deep to be obliterated by ordinary tillage; a rill is of lesser depth and can be smoothed over by ordinary tillage.
- **Habitat types.** Land areas that are capable of producing similar plant communities at the climax ecological stage (the culminating stage in forest succession) for the site.
- **Hard bedrock.** Bedrock that cannot be excavated except by blasting or by the use of special equipment that is not commonly used in construction.
- **Hard to reclaim** (in tables). Reclamation is difficult after the removal of soil for construction and other uses. Revegetation and erosion control are extremely difficult.
- **Hardpan.** A hardened or cemented soil horizon, or layer. The soil material is sandy, loamy, or clayey and is cemented by iron oxide, silica, calcium carbonate, or other substance.
- **High-residue crops.** Such crops as small grain and corn used for grain. If properly managed, residue from these crops can be used to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return large amounts of organic matter to the soil.
- **Hill.** A natural elevation of the land surface, rising as much as 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of limited summit area and having a well defined outline; hillsides generally have slopes of more than 15 percent. The distinction between a hill and a mountain is arbitrary and is dependent on local usage.
- **Horizon, soil.** A layer of soil, approximately parallel to the surface, having distinct characteristics produced by soil-forming processes. In the identification of soil horizons, an uppercase letter represents the major horizons. Numbers or lowercase letters that follow represent subdivisions of the major horizons. An explanation of the subdivisions is given in the "Soil Survey Manual." The major horizons of mineral soil are as follows:
  - O horizon.—An organic layer of fresh and decaying plant residue.
  - A horizon.—The mineral horizon at or near the surface in which an accumulation of humified organic matter is mixed with the mineral material. Also, a plowed surface horizon, most of which was originally part of a B horizon.
  - *E horizon.*—The mineral horizon in which the main feature is loss of silicate clay, iron, aluminum, or some combination of these.
  - *B horizon*.—The mineral horizon below an A horizon. The B horizon is in part a layer of transition from the overlying A to the underlying C horizon. The B horizon also has distinctive characteristics, such as (1) accumulation of clay, sesquioxides, humus, or a combination of these; (2) prismatic or blocky structure;
  - (3) redder or browner colors than those in the A horizon; or (4) a combination of these.
  - *C horizon.*—The mineral horizon or layer, excluding indurated bedrock, that is little affected by soil-forming processes and does not have the properties typical of the overlying soil material. The material of a C horizon may be either like or unlike that in which the solum formed. If the material is known to differ from that in the solum, an Arabic numeral, commonly a 2, precedes the letter C.
  - Cr layer.—Soft, consolidated bedrock beneath the soil.

- *R layer.*—Consolidated bedrock beneath the soil. The bedrock commonly underlies a C horizon, but it can be directly below an A or a B horizon.
- **Humus.** The well decomposed, more or less stable part of the organic matter in mineral soils.
- **Hydrologic soil groups.** Refers to soils grouped according to their runoff potential. The soil properties that influence this potential are those that affect the minimum rate of water infiltration on a bare soil during periods after prolonged wetting when the soil is not frozen. These properties are depth to a seasonal high water table, the infiltration rate and permeability after prolonged wetting, and depth to a very slowly permeable layer. The slope and the kind of plant cover are not considered but are separate factors in predicting runoff.
- **Igneous rock.** Rock formed by solidification from a molten or partially molten state. Major varieties include plutonic and volcanic rock. Examples are andesite, basalt, and granite.
- **Illuviation.** The movement of soil material from one horizon to another in the soil profile. Generally, material is removed from an upper horizon and deposited in a lower horizon.
- **Impervious soil.** A soil through which water, air, or roots penetrate slowly or not at all. No soil is absolutely impervious to air and water all the time.
- **Increasers.** Species in the climax vegetation that increase in amount as the more desirable plants are reduced by close grazing. Increasers commonly are the shorter plants and the less palatable to livestock.
- **Infiltration.** The downward entry of water into the immediate surface of soil or other material, as contrasted with percolation, which is movement of water through soil layers or material.
- **Infiltration rate.** The rate at which water penetrates the surface of the soil at any given instant, usually expressed in inches per hour. The rate can be limited by the infiltration capacity of the soil or the rate at which water is applied at the surface.
- **Intake rate.** The average rate of water entering the soil under irrigation. Most soils have a fast initial rate; the rate decreases with application time. Therefore, intake rate for design purposes is not a constant but is a variable depending on the net irrigation application.
- **Interfluve.** An elevated area between two drainageways that sheds water to those drainageways.
- **Intermittent stream.** A stream, or reach of a stream, that flows for prolonged periods only when it receives ground-water discharge or long, continued contributions from melting snow or other surface and shallow subsurface sources.
- **Invaders.** On range, plants that encroach into an area and grow after the climax vegetation has been reduced by grazing. Generally, plants invade following disturbance of the surface.
- **Iron depletions.** Low-chroma zones having a low content of iron and manganese oxide because of chemical reduction and removal, but having a clay content similar to that of the adjacent matrix. A type of redoximorphic depletion.
- **Irrigation.** Application of water to soils to assist in production of crops. Methods of irrigation are:
  - Basin.—Water is applied rapidly to nearly level plains surrounded by levees or dikes.
  - Border.—Water is applied at the upper end of a strip in which the lateral flow of water is controlled by small earth ridges called border dikes, or borders.

    Controlled flooding.—Water is released at intervals from closely spaced field ditches and distributed uniformly over the field.
  - Corrugation.—Water is applied to small, closely spaced furrows or ditches in fields of close-growing crops or in orchards so that it flows in only one direction. Drip (or trickle).—Water is applied slowly and under low pressure to the surface

of the soil or into the soil through such applicators as emitters, porous tubing, or perforated pipe.

*Furrow.*—Water is applied in small ditches made by cultivation implements. Furrows are used for tree and row crops.

*Sprinkler.*—Water is sprayed over the soil surface through pipes or nozzles from a pressure system.

**Ksat**. Saturated hydraulic conductivity. (Also see Permeability.) Terms describing classes of saturated hydraulic conductivity, measured in inches per hour, are as follows:

Very low	less than 0.001417 inch
Low	0.001417 to 0.01417 inch
Moderately low	0.01417 to 0.1417 inch
Moderately high	0.1417 inch to 1.417 inches
High	1.417 to 14.17 inches
Very high	more than 14.17 inches

**Lacustrine deposit.** Material deposited in lake water and exposed when the water level is lowered or the elevation of the land is raised.

**Lake plain.** A nearly level surface marking the floor of an extinct lake filled by well sorted, generally fine textured, stratified deposits.

**Large stones** (in tables). Rock fragments 3 inches (7.6 centimeters) or more across. Large stones adversely affect the specified use of the soil.

**Leaching.** The removal of soluble material from soil or other material by percolating water.

Linear extensibility. Refers to the change in length of an unconfined clod as moisture content is decreased from a moist to a dry state. Linear extensibility is used to determine the shrink-swell potential of soils. It is an expression of the volume change between the water content of the clod at ¹/₃- or ¹/₁₀-bar tension (33kPa or 10kPa tension) and oven dryness. Volume change is influenced by the amount and type of clay minerals in the soil. The volume change is the percent change for the whole soil. If it is expressed as a fraction, the resulting value is COLE, coefficient of linear extensibility.

**Liquid limit.** The moisture content at which the soil passes from a plastic to a liquid state.

**Loam.** Soil material that is 7 to 27 percent clay particles, 28 to 50 percent silt particles, and less than 52 percent sand particles.

**Loess.** Fine grained material, dominantly of silt-sized particles, deposited by wind. **Low strength.** The soil is not strong enough to support loads.

**Low-residue crops.** Such crops as corn used for silage, peas, beans, and potatoes. Residue from these crops is not adequate to control erosion until the next crop in the rotation is established. These crops return little organic matter to the soil.

**Masses.** Concentrations of substances in the soil matrix that do not have a clearly defined boundary with the surrounding soil material and cannot be removed as a discrete unit. Common compounds making up masses are calcium carbonate, gypsum or other soluble salts, iron oxide, and manganese oxide. Masses consisting of iron oxide or manganese oxide generally are considered a type of redoximorphic concentration.

**Mechanical treatment.** Use of mechanical equipment for seeding, brush management, and other management practices.

**Medium textured soil.** Very fine sandy loam, loam, silt loam, or silt.

**Metamorphic rock.** Rock of any origin altered in mineralogical composition, chemical composition, or structure by heat, pressure, and movement. Nearly all such rocks are crystalline.

**Mineral soil.** Soil that is mainly mineral material and low in content of organic material. Its bulk density is more than that of organic soil.

- **Minimum tillage.** Only the tillage essential to crop production and prevention of soil damage.
- **Miscellaneous area.** An area that has little or no natural soil and supports little or no vegetation.
- **Moderately coarse textured soil.** Coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, or fine sandy loam
- Moderately fine textured soil. Clay loam, sandy clay loam, or silty clay loam.
- **Mollic epipedon.** A thick, dark, humus-rich surface horizon (or horizons) that has high base saturation and pedogenic soil structure. It may include the upper part of the subsoil.
- **Morphology, soil.** The physical makeup of the soil, including the texture, structure, porosity, consistence, color, and other physical, mineral, and biological properties of the various horizons, and the thickness and arrangement of those horizons in the soil profile.
- **Mottling, soil.** Irregular spots of different colors that vary in number and size. Descriptive terms are as follows: abundance—few, common, and many; size—fine, medium, and coarse; and contrast—faint, distinct, and prominent. The size measurements are of the diameter along the greatest dimension. Fine indicates less than 5 millimeters (about 0.2 inch); medium, from 5 to 15 millimeters (about 0.2 to 0.6 inch); and coarse, more than 15 millimeters (about 0.6 inch).
- **Mountain.** A natural elevation of the land surface, rising more than 1,000 feet above surrounding lowlands, commonly of restricted summit area (relative to a plateau) and generally having steep sides. A mountain can occur as a single, isolated mass or in a group forming a chain or range.
- Mountain slope. A part of a mountain between the summit and the foot.
- **Munsell notation.** A designation of color by degrees of three simple variables—hue, value, and chroma. For example, a notation of 10YR 6/4 is a color with hue of 10YR, value of 6, and chroma of 4.
- **Natric horizon.** A special kind of argillic horizon that contains enough exchangeable sodium to have an adverse effect on the physical condition of the subsoil.
- **Natural regeneration.** The establishment of tree seedlings through natural seeding. **Neutral soil.** A soil having a pH value of 6.6 to 7.3. (See Reaction, soil.)
- **Nodules.** Cemented bodies lacking visible internal structure. Calcium carbonate, iron oxide, and manganese oxide are common compounds making up nodules. If formed in place, nodules of iron oxide or manganese oxide are considered types of redoximorphic concentrations.
- **Nutrient**, **plant**. Any element taken in by a plant essential to its growth. Plant nutrients are mainly nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, sulfur, iron, manganese, copper, boron, and zinc obtained from the soil and carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen obtained from the air and water.
- **Organic matter.** Plant and animal residue in the soil in various stages of decomposition.
- **Paleozoic.** The era of geologic time following the Precambrian and preceding the Mesozoic (from approximately 570 to 243 million years ago).
- **Pan.** A compact, dense layer in a soil that impedes the movement of water and the growth of roots. For example, *hardpan*, *duripan*, *claypan*, *plowpan*, and *traffic pan*.
- **Parent material.** The unconsolidated organic and mineral material in which soil forms.
- **Ped.** An individual natural soil aggregate, such as a granule, a prism, or a block.
- **Pedon.** The smallest volume that can be called "a soil." A pedon is three dimensional and large enough to permit study of all horizons. Its area ranges from about 10 to 100 square feet (1 square meter to 10 square meters), depending on the variability of the soil.

**Percolation.** The movement of water through the soil.

Permeability. The quality of the soil that enables water or air to move downward through the profile. The rate at which a saturated soil transmits water is accepted as a measure of this quality. In soil physics, the rate is referred to as "saturated hydraulic conductivity (Ksat)," which is defined in the "Soil Survey Manual." In line with conventional usage in the engineering profession and with traditional usage in published soil surveys, this rate of flow continues to be expressed as "permeability." Terms describing permeability, measured in inches per hour, are as follows:

Impermeable	less than 0.0015 inch
Very slow	0.0015 to 0.06 inch
Slow	0.06 to 0.2 inch
Moderately slow	0.2 to 0.6 inch
Moderate	0.6 inch to 2.0 inches
Moderately rapid	2.0 to 6.0 inches
Rapid	6.0 to 20 inches
Very rapid	more than 20 inches

**pH value.** A numerical designation of acidity and alkalinity in soil. (See Reaction, soil.)

**Phase**, **soil**. A subdivision of a soil series based on features that affect its use and management, such as slope, stoniness, and flooding.

**Piedmont slope.** The dominant gentle slope at the foot of a mountain. Piedmont slopes grade to basin-floor depressions with alluvial and temporary lake plains or to surfaces associated with through drainage.

**Piping** (in tables). Formation of subsurface tunnels or pipelike cavities by water moving through the soil.

Plastic limit. The moisture content at which a soil changes from semisolid to plastic.

**Plasticity index.** The numerical difference between the liquid limit and the plastic limit; the range of moisture content within which the soil remains plastic.

Playa. The generally dry and nearly level lake plain that occupies the lowest parts of closed depressional areas, such as those on intermontane basin floors. Temporary flooding occurs primarily in response to precipitation and runoff.

**Pleistocene.** The first epoch of the Quaternary Period of geologic time, following the Tertiary Pliocene and preceding the Holocene (from approximately 2 million to 10 thousand years ago).

**Plowpan.** A compacted layer formed in the soil directly below the plowed layer.

**Ponding.** Standing water on soils in closed depressions. Unless the soils are artificially drained, the water can be removed only by percolation or evapotranspiration.

**Poorly graded.** Refers to a coarse grained soil or soil material consisting mainly of particles of nearly the same size. Because there is little difference in size of the particles, density can be increased only slightly by compaction.

Potential native plant community. See Climax plant community.

**Potential rooting depth (effective rooting depth).** Depth to which roots could penetrate if the content of moisture in the soil were adequate. The soil has no properties restricting the penetration of roots to this depth.

**Precambrian.** All geologic time before the beginning of the Paleozoic (prior to 570 million years ago).

**Prescribed burning.** Deliberately burning an area for specific management purposes, under the appropriate conditions of weather and soil moisture and at the proper time of day.

**Productivity, soil.** The capability of a soil for producing a specified plant or sequence of plants under specific management.

- **Profile, soil.** A vertical section of the soil extending through all its horizons and into the parent material.
- **Proper grazing use.** Grazing at an intensity that maintains enough cover to protect the soil and maintain or improve the quantity and quality of the desirable vegetation. This practice increases the vigor and reproduction capacity of the key plants and promotes the accumulation of litter and mulch necessary to conserve soil and water.
- **Quaternary.** The second period of the Cenozoic Era of geologic time, extending from the end of the Tertiary Period (about 2 million years ago) to the present and comprising two epochs, the Pleistocene (Ice Age) and Holocene (Recent).
- **Range condition.** The present composition of the plant community on a range site in relation to the potential natural plant community for that site. Range condition is expressed as excellent, good, fair, or poor on the basis of how much the present plant community has departed from the potential.
- Range site. An area of rangeland where climate, soil, and relief are sufficiently uniform to produce a distinct natural plant community. A range site is the product of all the environmental factors responsible for its development. It is typified by an association of species that differ from those on other range sites in kind or proportion of species or total production.
- **Rangeland.** Land on which the potential natural vegetation is predominantly grasses, grasslike plants, forbs, or shrubs suitable for grazing or browsing. It includes natural grasslands, savannas, many wetlands, some deserts, tundras, and areas that support certain forb and shrub communities.
- **Reaction, soil.** A measure of acidity or alkalinity of a soil, expressed in pH values. A soil that tests to pH 7.0 is described as precisely neutral in reaction because it is neither acid nor alkaline. The degrees of acidity or alkalinity, expressed as pH values, are:

Ultra acid	less than 3.5
Extremely acid	3.5 to 4.4
Very strongly acid	4.5 to 5.0
Strongly acid	5.1 to 5.5
Moderately acid	5.6 to 6.0
Slightly acid	6.1 to 6.5
Neutral	6.6 to 7.3
Slightly alkaline	7.4 to 7.8
Moderately alkaline	7.9 to 8.4
Strongly alkaline	8.5 to 9.0
Very strongly alkaline	9.1 and higher

- **Redoximorphic concentrations.** Nodules, concretions, soft masses, pore linings, and other features resulting from the accumulation of iron or manganese oxide. An indication of chemical reduction and oxidation resulting from saturation.
- **Redoximorphic depletions.** Low-chroma zones from which iron and manganese oxide or a combination of iron and manganese oxide and clay has been removed. These zones are indications of the chemical reduction of iron resulting from saturation.
- **Redoximorphic features.** Redoximorphic concentrations, redoximorphic depletions, reduced matrices, a positive reaction to alpha,alpha-dipyridyl, and other features indicating the chemical reduction and oxidation of iron and manganese compounds resulting from saturation.
- **Reduced matrix.** A soil matrix that has low chroma in situ because of chemically reduced iron (Fe II). The chemical reduction results from nearly continuous wetness. The matrix undergoes a change in hue or chroma within 30 minutes after exposure to air as the iron is oxidized (Fe III). A type of redoximorphic feature.

**Regolith.** The unconsolidated mantle of weathered rock and soil material on the earth's surface; the loose earth material above the solid rock.

Relief. The elevations or inequalities of a land surface, considered collectively.

**Residuum (residual soil material).** Unconsolidated, weathered or partly weathered mineral material that accumulated as consolidated rock disintegrated in place.

**Rill.** A steep-sided channel resulting from accelerated erosion. A rill generally is a few inches deep and not wide enough to be an obstacle to farm machinery.

**Road cut.** A sloping surface produced by mechanical means during road construction. It is commonly on the uphill side of the road.

**Rock fragments.** Rock or mineral fragments having a diameter of 2 millimeters or more; for example, pebbles, cobbles, stones, and boulders.

**Root zone.** The part of the soil that can be penetrated by plant roots.

**Runoff.** The precipitation discharged into stream channels from an area. The water that flows off the surface of the land without sinking into the soil is called surface runoff. Water that enters the soil before reaching surface streams is called ground-water runoff or seepage flow from ground water.

**Saline soil.** A soil containing soluble salts in an amount that impairs growth of plants. A saline soil does not contain excess exchangeable sodium.

**Sand.** As a soil separate, individual rock or mineral fragments from 0.05 millimeter to 2.0 millimeters in diameter. Most sand grains consist of quartz. As a soil textural class, a soil that is 85 percent or more sand and not more than 10 percent clay.

Sandstone. Sedimentary rock containing dominantly sand-sized particles.

Saturated hydraulic conductivity. See Ksat.

**Saturation.** Wetness characterized by zero or positive pressure of the soil water. Under conditions of saturation, the water will flow from the soil matrix into an unlined auger hole.

**Second bottom.** The first terrace above the normal flood plain (or first bottom) of a river

**Sedimentary rock.** Rock made up of particles deposited from suspension in water. The chief kinds of sedimentary rock are conglomerate, formed from gravel; sandstone, formed from sand; shale, formed from clay; and limestone, formed from soft masses of calcium carbonate. There are many intermediate types. Some wind-deposited sand is consolidated into sandstone.

**Seral.** A phase (or successional stage) of ecological development toward a more mature or climax community.

**Series, soil.** A group of soils that have profiles that are almost alike, except for differences in texture of the surface layer. All the soils of a series have horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

**Shale.** Sedimentary rock formed by the hardening of a clay deposit.

**Sheet erosion.** The removal of a fairly uniform layer of soil material from the land surface by the action of rainfall and surface runoff.

**Shoulder.** The position that forms the uppermost inclined surface near the top of a hillslope. It is a transition from backslope to summit. The surface is dominantly convex in profile and erosional in origin.

**Shrink-swell** (in tables). The shrinking of soil when dry and the swelling when wet. Shrinking and swelling can damage roads, dams, building foundations, and other structures. It can also damage plant roots.

**Silica.** A combination of silicon and oxygen. The mineral form is called quartz.

**Silt.** As a soil separate, individual mineral particles that range in diameter from the upper limit of clay (0.002 millimeter) to the lower limit of very fine sand (0.05 millimeter). As a soil textural class, soil that is 80 percent or more silt and less than 12 percent clay.

**Siltstone.** Sedimentary rock made up of dominantly silt-sized particles.

- **Similar soils.** Soils that share limits of diagnostic criteria, behave and perform in a similar manner, and have similar conservation needs or management requirements for the major land uses in the survey area.
- **Site index.** A designation of the quality of a forest site based on the height of the dominant stand at an arbitrarily chosen age. For example, if the average height attained by dominant and codominant trees in a fully stocked stand at the age of 50 years is 75 feet, the site index is 75.
- Site preparation. Preparing an area of land for forest establishment.
- **Slickensides.** Polished and grooved surfaces produced by one mass sliding past another. In soils, slickensides may occur at the bases of slip surfaces on the steeper slopes; on faces of blocks, prisms, and columns; and in swelling clayey soils, where there is marked change in moisture content.
- **Slope.** The inclination of the land surface from the horizontal. Percentage of slope is the vertical distance divided by horizontal distance, then multiplied by 100. Thus, a slope of 20 percent is a drop of 20 feet in 100 feet of horizontal distance. In this survey, classes for simple slopes are as follows:

Nearly level	0 to 2 percent
Gently sloping	2 to 4 percent
Moderately sloping	4 to 12 percent
Strongly sloping	12 to 20 percent
Moderately steep	20 to 30 percent
Steep	30 to 60 percent
Very steep	60 percent and higher

- **Slow refill** (in tables). The slow filling of ponds, resulting from restricted permeability in the soil.
- **Sodic (alkali) soil.** A soil having so high a degree of alkalinity (pH 8.5 or higher) or so high a percentage of exchangeable sodium (15 percent or more of the total exchangeable bases), or both, that plant growth is restricted.
- **Sodium adsorption ratio (SAR).** A measure of the amount of sodium (Na) relative to calcium (Ca) and magnesium (Mg) in the water extract from saturated soil paste. It is the ratio of the Na concentration divided by the square root of one-half of the Ca + Mg concentration.
- **Soft bedrock.** Bedrock that can be excavated with trenching machines, backhoes, small rippers, and other equipment commonly used in construction.
- **Soil.** A natural, three-dimensional body at the earth's surface. It is capable of supporting plants and has properties resulting from the integrated effect of climate and living matter acting on earthy parent material, as conditioned by relief over periods of time.
- **Soil separates.** Mineral particles less than 2 millimeters in equivalent diameter and ranging between specified size limits. The names and sizes, in millimeters, of separates recognized in the United States are as follows:

Very coarse sand	2.0 to 1.0
Coarse sand	1.0 to 0.5
Medium sand	0.5 to 0.25
Fine sand	0.25 to 0.10
Very fine sand	0.10 to 0.05
Silt	0.05 to 0.002
Clay	less than 0.002

**Solum.** The upper part of a soil profile, above the C horizon, in which the processes of soil formation are active. The solum in soil consists of the A, E, and B horizons. Generally, the characteristics of the material in these horizons are unlike those of the material below the solum. The living roots and plant and animal activities are largely confined to the solum.

- **Stand density.** The quantity of trees per unit of area, usually expressed as trees per acre. Stocking is a closely related term that describes the number of trees (or basal area or volume) per unit area (usually acre) in a forest stand compared with a desired level for optimum growth and management.
- **Stones.** Rock fragments 10 to 24 inches (25 to 60 centimeters) in diameter if rounded or 15 to 24 inches (38 to 60 centimeters) in length if flat.
- **Stony.** Refers to a soil containing stones in numbers that interfere with or prevent tillage.
- **Strandline.** A former shoreline now elevated above the present water level.
- Stream terrace. One of a series of platforms in a stream valley, flanking and more or less parallel to the stream channel, originally formed near the level of the stream, and representing the dissected remnants of an abandoned flood plain, streambed, or valley floor produced during a former stage of erosion and deposition. Older and higher stream terraces have a relatively flat summit surface (tread), built by stream deposition, and a steep descending slope (riser), graded to a lower base level of erosion.
- **Stripcropping.** Growing crops in a systematic arrangement of strips or bands that provide vegetative barriers to wind erosion and water erosion.
- Structure, soil. The arrangement of primary soil particles into compound particles or aggregates. The principal forms of soil structure are—platy (laminated), prismatic (vertical axis of aggregates longer than horizontal), columnar (prisms with rounded tops), blocky (angular or subangular), and granular. Structureless soils are either single grain (each grain by itself, as in dune sand) or massive (the particles adhering without any regular cleavage, as in many hardpans).
- **Stubble mulch.** Stubble or other crop residue left on the soil or partly worked into the soil. It protects the soil from wind erosion and water erosion after harvest, during preparation of a seedbed for the next crop, and during the early growing period of the new crop.
- **Subsoil.** Technically, the B horizon; roughly, the part of the solum below plow depth. **Subsoiling.** Tilling a soil below normal plow depth, ordinarily to shatter a hardpan or claypan.
- **Substratum.** The part of the soil below the solum.
- **Subsurface layer.** Any surface soil horizon (A, E, AB, or EB) below the surface layer. **Succession.** A term given for changes in the plant community of a given area.
- **Summer fallow.** The tillage of uncropped land during the summer to control weeds and allow storage of moisture in the soil for the growth of a later crop. A practice common in semiarid regions, where annual precipitation is not enough to produce a crop every year. Summer fallow is frequently practiced before planting winter grain.
- **Summit.** The topographically highest position of a hillslope. It has a nearly level (planar or only slightly convex) surface.
- **Surface layer.** The soil ordinarily moved in tillage, or its equivalent in uncultivated soil, ranging in depth from 4 to 10 inches (10 to 25 centimeters). Frequently designated as the "plow layer," or the "Ap horizon."
- **Surface soil.** The A, E, AB, and EB horizons, considered collectively. It includes all subdivisions of these horizons.
- **Taxadjuncts.** Soils that cannot be classified in a series recognized in the classification system. Such soils are named for a series they strongly resemble and are designated as taxadjuncts to that series because they differ in ways too small to be of consequence in interpreting their use and behavior. Soils are recognized as taxadjuncts only when one or more of their characteristics are slightly outside the range defined for the family of the series for which the soils are named.

- **Terrace.** An embankment, or ridge, constructed across sloping soils on the contour or at a slight angle to the contour. The terrace intercepts surface runoff so that water soaks into the soil or flows slowly to a prepared outlet. A terrace in a field generally is built so that the field can be farmed. A terrace intended mainly for drainage has a deep channel that is maintained in permanent sod.
- **Terrace** (geologic). An old alluvial plain, ordinarily flat or undulating, bordering a river, a lake, or the sea.
- **Tertiary.** The first period of the Cenozoic Era of geologic time (from approximately 65 to 2 million years ago).
- **Texture, soil.** The relative proportions of sand, silt, and clay particles in a mass of soil. The basic textural classes, in order of increasing proportion of fine particles, are sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, loam, silt loam, silt, sandy clay loam, clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, and clay. The sand, loamy sand, and sandy loam classes may be further divided by specifying "coarse," "fine," or "very fine."
- **Thin layer** (in tables). Otherwise suitable soil material that is too thin for the specified use.
- **Tilth, soil.** The physical condition of the soil as related to tillage, seedbed preparation, seedling emergence, and root penetration.
- **Toeslope.** The position that forms the gently inclined surface at the base of a hillslope. Toeslopes in profile are commonly gentle and linear and are constructional surfaces forming the lower part of a hillslope continuum that grades to valley or closed-depression floors.
- **Topsoil.** The upper part of the soil, which is the most favorable material for plant growth. It is ordinarily rich in organic matter and is used to topdress roadbanks, lawns, and land affected by mining.
- **Tuff.** A compacted deposit that is 50 percent or more volcanic ash and dust.
- **Upland.** Land at a higher elevation, in general, than the alluvial plain or stream terrace; land above the lowlands along streams.
- **Volcanic rock.** Igneous rock derived from deep-seated molten matter (magma) emplaced on the earth's surface.
- **Weathering.** All physical and chemical changes produced in rocks or other deposits at or near the earth's surface by atmospheric agents. These changes result in disintegration and decomposition of the material.
- **Well graded.** Refers to soil material consisting of coarse grained particles that are well distributed over a wide range in size or diameter. Such soil normally can be easily increased in density and bearing properties by compaction. Contrasts with poorly graded soil.

## **Tables**

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 1.--Temperature and Precipitation
(Recorded in the period 1966-90 at Preston, Idaho)

	   		7	Temperature			   	Pi	recipita	ation	
Month	      Average	    Average	    Average	2 years		Average	      Average	2 years in 10 will have		Average	
	daily	daily   minimum 	İ		temperature lower than	I		Less   More  than than 		days with	I
	o <sub>F</sub>	o <sub>F</sub>	o <sub>F</sub>	$\circ_F$	$o_F$	Units	In	In	In		In
January	30.1	   11.7	20.9	49	   -17	   0	1.23	0.74	1.68	   <b>4</b>	9.6
February	36.0	14.8	25.4	55	   -14	   3	1.10	.39	1.69	   3	7.0
March	   46.8	24.2	35.5	68	   2	   35	1.32	.51	2.01	   <b>4</b>	2.1
April	   57.0	30.5	43.7	79	16	   120	1.24	.54	1.84	   <b>4</b>	1.2
May	   67.9	   38.6	53.2	85	   24	   309	1.92	.61	3.22	   <b>4</b>	.1
June	   77.0	   44.8	60.9	93	   32	   526	1.60	.57	2.45	   4	.0
July	   86.6	   51.0	68.8	98	   37	   723	.83	.21	1.32	   2	.0
August	   86.6	50.3	68.5	97	   37 	766	1.07	.33	1.79	   2 	.0
September	   74.7	   41.4	58.1	91	   25 	   434 	1.58	.61	2.39	   3 	.0
October	   59.9	31.1	45.5	78	   16	1   169	1.51	.58	2.44	   <b>4</b>	.7
November	44.9	24.3	34.6	65	   5 	   28 	1.21	.63	1.85	   <b>4</b>	2.9
December	31.7	12.8	22.3	53	   -16 	1   1	1.42	.66	2.23	   <b>4</b> 	11.5
Yearly:	     	     	     		     	     	     	     	     	     	     
Average	   58.3	31.3	44.8		 	 	 	 	 	 	   
Extreme	   101	   -31 	   	100	   -23	 	   	 	 	 	 
Total	 	 				3,114	16.03	7.92	18.63	42	   35.1

<sup>\*</sup> A growing degree day is a unit of heat available for plant growth. It can be calculated by adding the maximum and minimum daily temperatures, dividing the sum by 2, and subtracting the temperature below which growth is minimal for the principal crops in the area (40 degrees F).

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 2.--Freeze Dates in Spring and Fall (Recorded in the period 1966-1990 at Preston, Idaho)

			Temperat	ure							
Probability	24 <sup>O</sup> F or lowe		28 <sup>O</sup> I or lowe		32 °F or lower						
Last freezing temperature in spring:											
1 year in 10   later than	May	8	     May	27	June	23					
2 years in 10   later than	May	3	     May	21	June	13					
5 years in 10   later than	April	23	     May	10	May	27					
First freezing temperature in fall:											
1 year in 10   earlier than	Sept.	26	     Sept.	18	Sept.	13					
2 years in 10 earlier than	Oct.	1	     Sept.	22	Sept.	16					
5 years in 10   earlier than	Oct.	11	     Sept.	30	Sept.	22					

Table 3.--Growing Season
(Recorded in the period 1966-1990 at Preston, Idaho)

	_	minimum temp g growing se	
Probability	Higher than 24 <sup>O</sup> F	Higher than 28 OF	Higher than 32 °F
	Days	Days	Days
9 years in 10	132	112	83
8 years in 10	140	120	94
5 years in 10	157	134	113
2 years in 10	173	148	132
1 year in 10	182	155	142

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils

Map symbol	Soil name	Acres	Percent
1	Airport silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	17	*
2	Ant Flat silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	5,694	1.9
3	Ant Flat silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	2,588	0.8
4	Ant Flat silty clay loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	975	0.3
5	Ant Flat-Oxford complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	222	*
6	Ant Flat-Oxford complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes	774	0.3
7 8	Arbone loam, 0 to 4 percent slopesBanida silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	270	* 0.3
8 9	Banida silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	980 2,093	0.3
10	Battle Creek silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	4,775	1.6
11	Battle Creek silty clay loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	742	0.2
12	Battle Creek silty clay loam, 4 to 8 percent slopes	1,114	0.4
13	Bear Lake-Chesbrook-Picabo complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	43	*
14	Bear Lake-Downata complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes	1,446	0.5
15	Bear Lake-Downata-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes	1,423	0.5
16	Bear Lake-Lago complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	653	0.2
17	Bearhollow-Brifox-Iphil complex, 20 to 35 percent slopes	96	*
18	Bergquist-Rubble land complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes	314	0.1
19	Bergquist-Softback complex, 25 to 65 percent slopes	5,592	1.8
20	Bergquist-Vitale complex, 15 to 60 percent slopes	2,801	0.9
21	Bothwell silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	777	0.3
22	Bothwell silt loam, 12 to 30 percent slopes	1,736	0.6
23	Bothwell-Hades-Justesen complex, 6 to 25 percent slopes	3,040	1.0
24	Bothwell-Thatcher complex, 4 to 8 percent slopes	495	0.2
25 26	Brifox-Huffman complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes    Brifox-Huffman complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	711 3,033	0.2
26 27	Brifox-Niter complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	3,033 7	1.0
28	Brifox-Niter complex, 12 to 25 percent slopes	32	*
29	Brifox-Niter complex, 25 to 35 percent slopes	202	*
30	Broadhead-Hades-Yago complex, 4 to 20 percent slopes	48	*
31	Broadhead-Yago complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes	25	*
32	Camelback-Lonigan complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	48	*
33	Camelback-Valmar-Hades complex, 20 to 30 percent slopes	82	*
34	Cedarhill very gravelly silt loam, 12 to 20 percent slopes	1,502	0.5
35	Cedarhill-Hades-Ricrest complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	48	*
36	Cedarhill-Hondoho-Ridgecrest complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	517	0.2
37	Chesbrook-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	97	*
38	Cloudless-Hades complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	2,662	0.9
39 40	Cloudless-Hades-Howcan complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes   Copenhagen-Lonigan-Manila association, 12 to 50 percent slopes	3,582 2,129	1.2
40 41	Delish-Cachecan-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2,129	0.7
42	Downata silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	326	0.7
43	Dranburn-Robin complex, 15 to 45 percent slopes	2,899	0.9
44	Enochville silt loam, 0 to 1 percent slopes	50	*
45	Foxol-Vitale complex, 20 to 55 percent slopes	3,981	1.3
46	Hades-Camelback-Hondoho complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	421	0.1
47	Hades-Lanoak-Camelback complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	38	*
48	Haploxerolls-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes	1,100	0.4
49	Hendricks silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes	99	*
50	Holmes gravelly silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,012	0.3
51	Hondee gravelly loam, 1 to 4 percent slopes	1,897	0.6
52	Hondee gravelly loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	1,745	0.6
53 54	Hondoho-Hades complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	29 1 149	*
5 <del>4</del> 55	Hondoho-Sprollow-Hades complex, 12 to 50 percent slopes	1,149 5,128	0.4
56	Hondoho-Vitale complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	1,062	0.3
57	Huffman silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	642	0.3
58	Huffman silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	666	0.2
59	Huffman-Dirtyhead complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	1,367	0.4
60	Huffman-Harroun-Lanoak complex, 2 to 12 percent slopes	457	0.1
61	Huffman-Wursten complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	546	0.2
62	Iphil-Lonigan complex, 8 to 20 percent slopes	1,733	0.6

<sup>\*</sup> See footnote at end of table.

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils--Continued

			<u> </u>
63		4,179	1.4
64	Kabear-Staberg-Copenhagen complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	222	*
65	Kabear-Staberg-Copenhagen complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	564	0.2
66	Kearns silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	823	0.3
67	Kearnsar-Battle Creek complex, 0 to 4 percent slopes	886	0.3
68	Kidman fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	5,204	1.7
69 70	Kidman fine sandy loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	2,053	0.7
70 71	Kidman fine sandy loam, 20 to 40 percent slopes   Kidman fine sandy loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,714 1,283	0.6
71 72	Kidman-Sterling complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	598	0.4
73	Lando silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	3,436	1.1
74	Lanoak silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	2,413	0.8
75	Lanoak silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	1,402	0.5
76	Lanoak-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	4,044	1.3
77	Lanoak-Broadhead-Hades complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes	2,495	0.8
78	Lanoak-Hades complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes	295	*
79	Lanoak-Thatcher complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	1,347	0.4
80	Layton loamy fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	514	0.2
81	Layton sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,259	0.4
82	Lizdale very stony loam, 30 to 60 percent slopes	3,100	1.0
83 84	Lizdale-Searla complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes   Logan silty clay loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	2,513	0.8
84 85	Lonigan-Lizdale association, 6 to 40 percent slopes	156 523	0.2
86	Lonigan-Ricrest association, 50 to 80 percent slopes	1,408	0.5
87	Manila silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	388	0.1
88	Manila silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	717	0.2
89	Manila silt loam, 12 to 30 percent slopes	1,342	0.4
90	Manila-Bancroft complex, 6 to 15 percent slopes	26	*
91	Manila-Broadhead complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	6,418	2.1
92	Manila-Broadhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	9,193	3.0
93	Manila-Lonigan complex, 6 to 40 percent slopes	751	0.2
94	Manila-Yeates Hollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes	1,871	0.6
95	Maplecreek fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	745	0.2
96 97	Maplecreek-Layton complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes Merkley-Lago-Bear Lake complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2,029 1,221	0.7
9 <i>1</i> 98	Moonlight-Camelback association, 30 to 60 percent slopes	664	0.4
99	Niter-Brifox complex, 1 to 4 percent slopes	14	*
100	Northwater-Foxol-Vitale complex, 50 to 80 percent slopes	665	0.2
101	Northwater-Povey complex, 10 to 30 percent slopes	1,625	0.5
102	Northwater-Povey complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	3,078	1.0
103	Nyman-Lonigan-Copenhagen complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	2,338	0.8
104	Oxford-Banida complex, 2 to 4 percent slopes	1,871	0.6
105	Oxford-Banida complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	6,222	2.0
106	Oxford-Banida complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	10,152	3.3
107	Oxford-Gullied land complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	2,683	0.9
108	Parkay-Povey complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes   Parleys silt loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes	1,326	0.4
109 110	Parleys silt loam, 4 to 8 percent slopes	8,755 218	2.9
111	Parleys silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2,494	0.8
112	Pavohroo-Sedgway-Toponce complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	310	0.1
113	Picabo-Thatcherflats complex, 0 to 1 percent slopes	3,130	1.0
114	Pits, gravel	260	*
115	Pollynot gravelly loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	986	0.3
116	Pollynot silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,496	0.5
117	Pollynot silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	1,446	0.5
118	Pollynot silt loam, 4 to 20 percent slopes	893	0.3
119	Polumar-Ireland complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	3,220	1.1
120	Polumar-Sprollow-Ireland complex, 40 to 70 percent slopes	894	0.3
121	Povey-Hades-Hondoho complex, 10 to 50 percent slopes	1,309	0.4
122	Povey-Parkay complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes    Preston fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2,074	0.7
123 124	Preston fine sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,520 1,621	0.5

<sup>\*</sup> See footnote at end of table.

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 4.--Acreage and Proportionate Extent of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Soil name	Acres	Percent
125	Preston loamy sand, 6 to 30 percent slopes	2,169	0.7
126	Preston-Xerorthents complex, 35 to 60 percent slopes	1,723	0.7
127	Ricrest gravelly silt loam, 4 to 12 percent slopes	419	0.0
128	Sanyon-Staberg-Kabear complex, 20 to 50 percent slopes	3,331	1.1
129	Smidale very channery silt loam, 30 to 60 percent slopes	761	0.2
130	Smidale-Staberg complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes	1,102	0.2
131	Sprollow-Hondoho complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	2,471	0.4
132	Sprollow-Hondono Complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	2,471	0.8
133		894	0.7
	Sterling gravelly loam, 0 to 4 percent slopes   Sterling gravelly loam, 4 to 10 percent slopes		0.5
134	Sterling gravelly loam, 4 to 10 percent slopes	1,449	0.5
135	Sterling gravelly loam, 10 to 20 percent slopes	149	!
136	Sterling very gravelly loam, 20 to 60 percent slopes	1,273	0.4
137	Sterling-Parleys complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes	308	0.1
138	Thatcher-Bearhollow complex, 6 to 20 percent slopes	633	0.2
139	Toponce-Broadhead association, 6 to 30 percent slopes	207	*
140	Trenton-Battle Creek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2,380	0.8
141	Trenton-Battle Creek complex, cool, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,538	0.5
142	Trenton-Parleys complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	657	0.2
143	Valmar-Camelback-Hades complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	393	0.1
144	Vitale-Bergquist-Rock outcrop complex, 30 to 60 percent slopes	3,780	1.2
145	Vitale-Yeates Hollow-Northwater complex, 12 to 40 percent slopes	4,898	1.6
146	Welby silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	1,221	0.4
147	Welby silt loam, 2 to 4 percent slopes	160	*
148	Welby silt loam, wet, 0 to 2 percent slopes	838	0.3
149	Wheelon-Collinston complex, 4 to 12 percent slopes	6,751	2.2
150	Wheelon-Collinston complex, 12 to 20 percent slopes	3,922	1.3
151	Wheelon-Collinston complex, 20 to 60 percent slopes	1,311	0.4
152	Windernot-Lewnot-Stinkcreek complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes	5,001	1.6
153	Winn silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	38	*
154	Winwell silty clay loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	3,518	1.2
155	Winwell-Collinston complex, 2 to 8 percent slopes	2,044	0.7
156	Wormcreek-Copenhagen complex, 15 to 55 percent slopes	940	0.3
157	Wormcreek-Lonigan complex, 15 to 55 percent slopes	2,313	0.8
158	Wursten-Dirtyhead complex, 12 to 30 percent slopes	835	0.3
159	Xerochrepts-Wormcreek-Xerorthents complex, 20 to 70 percent slopes	3,511	1.1
160	Xerorthents, 30 to 60 percent slopes	1,152	0.4
161	Yeates Hollow extremely stony loam, 12 to 35 percent slopes	1,407	0.5
162	Yeates Hollow-Manila-Softback complex, 12 to 40 percent slopes	21,361	7.0
163	Yeates Hollow-Vitale complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes	3,757	1.2
164	Water	2,524	0.8
-J-1	1	2,521	
	Total	305,600	100.0

<sup>\*</sup> Less than 0.1 percent.

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture

(Yields in the "N" columns are for nonirrigated areas; those in the "I" columns are for irrigated areas. Yields are those that can be expected under a high level of management. Absence of a yield indicates that the soil is not suited to the crop or the crop generally is not grown on the soil.)

Map symbol	La: capab:		Alfalf	a hay	Barl	ey	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I
		<u>                                     </u>	Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
1: Airport	6w	     4w					   		0.75	2.00		
2: Ant Flat	3s	     3s	1.50	4.00	40.00	85.00	   				35.00	50.00
3: Ant Flat	3e	     3e	1.50	3.50	35.00	80.00	   				30.00	45.00
4: Ant Flat	3e	     3e	1.25	3.50	30.00	80.00	1.00	3.00			25.00	40.00
5: Ant Flat	3e	     3e	1.50	3.50	35.00	80.00	1.00	3.00			30.00	45.00
Oxford	3e	   4e	1.50	3.50	30.00	65.00	1.00	3.00			25.00	65.00
6: Ant Flat	4e	   	1.00		25.00		1.00				20.00	
Oxford	4e		1.00		25.00		1.00				20.00	
7: Arbone	3с	     3e	1.50	4.50	30.00	40.00	   	   			30.00	40.00
8: Banida	3s	     3s	1.50	3.50	40.00	80.00	   				35.00	70.00
9: Banida	3e	     3e	1.50	2.50	35.00	80.00	1.50	3.50			30.00	70.00
10: Battle Creek	3s	     3s	1.50	4.00	45.00	85.00	1.50	4.00	1.50	4.00	40.00	75.00
11: Battle Creek	3e	     3e	1.50	4.00	45.00	85.00	     1.50	4.00	1.50	4.00	40.00	70.00
12: Battle Creek	3e	     3e 	   1.50   	4.00	45.00	85.00	     1.50	4.00	1.50	4.00	40.00	70.00

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab		   Alfalf	a hay	Barl	ley	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	Whe	eat
and Boll name	N	I	N	I	N	I	N I	l I	N	l I	N	I I
	   		Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
13:	 						 			 		
Bear Lake	5w	5w							4.00	5.00		
Chesbrook	5w	5w							4.50	6.00		
Picabo	   3w	3w	 				   	 	2.00	   5.00		   
14:	_	_										
Bear Lake	5w	5w	 		 		 	 	7.00	10.00		
Downata	5w	5w	ļ ļ						7.50	10.00		
15:	 											 
Bear Lake	5w	5 <b>w</b>					 		7.00	10.00		 
Downata	5w	5w	ļ ļ						7.50	10.00		
Thatcherflats	   4s	4s							1.00	2.00		
16:	 						 	 		 		 
Bear Lake	5w	5w	2.00	4.00			3.00	4.00	4.50	6.00		
Lago	4w	4w	1.50	4.00			2.50	4.00	4.00	5.50		
17:	 						 			 		
Bearhollow	6e		1.50		20.00		 			 	20.00	 
Brifox	6e		0.50		25.00						20.00	
Iphil	   6e		1.50		20.00						20.00	
18:							 			 		 
Bergquist	7e		 		 		 	 		 		 
Rubble land.												
19:	 		 				 	 		 		 
Bergquist	7e						 			 		
Softback	7s		ļ ļ									
20:												
Bergquist	6e		 		 		 	 		 		 
Vitale	6s		ļ ļ									
	I	1	1				I .	1		I .	1	1

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab		   Alfalf	a hay	Barl	.ey	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N N	I	N	l I	N I	l I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
21:     Bothwell	3e		1.80		55.00		1.50				     45.00	   
22: Bothwell	4e		1.00		50.00		1.00			   	40.00	
23: Bothwell	4e		   		50.00		   	   		   	40.00	   
Hades	4e				30.00						30.00	
Justesen	4e				35.00		 				30.00	
24:   Bothwell	3 e	   	   		55.00		   	   		   	     45.00	   
Thatcher	4e				35.00		 				30.00	
25: Brifox	3e		1.00		30.00		1.00	   	1.00	   	25.00	   
Huffman	3e		1.50		35.00		2.00		2.00		27.00	
26: Brifox	4e		1.00		30.00		1.00	   	1.00	   	25.00	   
Huffman	4e		0.50		20.00		1.00		1.00		15.00	
27: Brifox	3e	     4e	1.00	3.50	30.00	60.00	   	   		   	25.00	     55.00
Niter	3e	4e	1.00	3.50	30.00	60.00					25.00	   55.00
28: Brifox	4e	     6e	1.00	2.50	30.00	60.00	   	   		   	25.00	     55.00
Niter	4e	6e	0.75	2.50	30.00	60.00	 				25.00	55.00
29:   Brifox	6e	     6e	0.50	1.50	25.00	55.00	   	   		   	20.00	     50.00
Niter	6e	6e	0.50	1.50	25.00	55.00	 				20.00	50.00

Table	5Land	Capability	and	Yields	per	Acre	οĖ	Crops	and	Pasture	-Continued
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Map symbol   and soil name	La: capab	nd ility	   Alfali	a hay	Barl	.ey	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Pas	ture	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
30: Broadhead	4e											
Hades	4e											
Yago	7s											
31:   Broadhead	4e		   				   	   		   	   	
Yago	7s											
32: Camelback	6e		   				   	   		   	   	
Lonigan	7e											
33: Camelback	6e		   				   	   		   	   	
Hades	6e											
Valmar	6e											
34: Cedarhill	4e		1.50		30.00		1.00	   		   	     25.00	
35: Cedarhill	6e		   				   			   	   	
Hades	7e										 	
Ricrest	7e									 	 	
36: Cedarhill	6e		   				   	   		   	   	
Hondoho	7e											
Ridgecrest	7s											
37: Chesbrook	5w	     5w	   				3.00	4.00	4.50	     6.00	   	
Bear Lake	5w	5w	 				3.00	4.00	4.50	6.00	   	

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab		   Alfalf 	a hay	Barl	ey	   Grass-leg 	gume hay	   Past 	cure	   Whe	eat
	N	l I	N	I	N	I	N	l I	N N	I	N	I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
38: Cloudless	3e	   	1.50		30.00		1.50	   	   		25.00	
Hades	4e		1.50		30.00		1.50				30.00	
39: Cloudless	4e	   	1.50		30.00		1.50	   	   		     25.00	
Hades	4e		1.50		30.00		1.50				30.00	
Howcan	4e		1.00		30.00		1.00				25.00	
40: Copenhagen	7e	   	   				   	   	   		   	
Lonigan	6e											
Manila	6e	 										
41: Delish	3w	     3w	   				2.00	     5.00	2.50	5.00	   	
Cachecan	3w	3w					1.50	4.50	1.50	5.00		
Stinkcreek	5w	5w					2.00	3.50	4.50	6.00		
42: Downata	5w	     5w	   				   	   	     7.50	10.00	   	
43: Dranburn	6e	   					   	   			   	
Robin	6e											
44: Enochville	5w	   	   				   	   	   		   	
45: Foxol	7s	   					   	   			   	
Vitale	6s						 	 			 	

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Land capability		Alfalfa hay		Barley		   Grass-leg 	gume hay	Past	cure	Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
46: Hades	4e											
Camelback	7e											
Hondoho	7e											
47: Hades	7e	   					   	   				
Lanoak	7e											
Camelback	7e	 										
48: Haploxerolls	6s	   					   	   				
Xerorthents	7e											
49: Hendricks	3e	     3e		5.00		75.00	   	   				35.00
50: Holmes	3с	3c					1.00	     3.50	1.00	4.00		
51: Hondee	2c	2s	1.00	3.50	35.00	70.00	1.00	3.00	1.00	2.50	25.00	65.00
52: Hondee	3e	 			35.00		 	 			25.00	
53: Hondoho	4e	 	1.50		20.00		 	 			17.00	
Hades	4e		1.50		30.00						30.00	
54: Hondoho	3e	     4e	1.00	3.50	35.00	90.00	     1.50	3.50	2.00	3.50	30.00	75.00
Ricrest	3e	3e	1.00	3.50	40.00	65.00	1.00	3.50	1.50	4.00	35.00	60.00

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab	nd ility	   Alfali	a hay	Barl	.ey	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N N	l I	N	l I	N	l I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
55: Hondoho	6e		   				   	   		   		   
İ												
Sprollow	7s		 		 		 			 		
Hades	4e						 			 		
56: Hondoho	6e											 
Vitale	6s											
57:     Huffman	3e				40.00		   	   		   	40.00	   
58: Huffman	3e		 		35.00		   	   		   	27.00	   
59: Huffman	3e		 		35.00		 	 		 	27.00	 
Dirtyhead	3 e				35.00						27.00	
60: Huffman	3e		   		35.00		   	   		   	27.00	   
Harroun	7e				20.00						10.00	
Lanoak	3 e				45.00		 				38.00	
61: Huffman	3e		   		35.00		   	   		   	27.00	   
Wursten	3 e				30.00						25.00	
62:   Iphil	4e		2.00		30.00		1.50	   	1.00	   	25.00	   
Lonigan	3 e		1.50		35.00		1.50		1.00		30.00	
63:   Ireland	7s		   				   	   		   		   
Polumar	7s						 			 		 

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

N 3e	I	N   Tons	I	N							
3e		Tons			I	N	I	N	I	N	I
3e			Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
3e						 					
		2.00		35.00		2.00		1.50		40.00	
3 e		1.00		40.00		1.00		1.00		40.00	
7e		1.00		40.00		1.00		1.00		40.00	
4e		1.50		30.00		1.50		1.00		35.00	
4e		1.00		40.00		1.00		1.00		40.00	
7e		1.00		40.00		1.00		1.00		40.00	
3c	2c		4.00		70.00	ļ ļ	4.00		3.00		55.00
3 c	2c		4.00		90.00		4.00		4.50		80.00
3e	3e		4.00		85.00		4.00		4.00		70.00
3 C	2c		6.00		100.00	 	5.50		5.00		85.00
3e	2e		5.50		100.00	i i i	5.50	İ	5.00	 	85.00
6e	6e							0.50	3.00		
3 c	2c	1.25	5.50	40.00	100.00	1.50	3.50	1.00	5.00	35.00	90.00
3с	2c		6.00		100.00	 	5.50		5.00		85.00
2s	2s		2.75		65.00		3.50		3.00		60.00
3.0	20		4 00		70.00		5 00		0 00		65.00
30	26		4.00		70.00	 	3.00		J.00		05.00
3с	3c	2.00	4.50	45.00	90.00	   2.00	4.50	1.50	4.00	38.00	80.00
	7e 4e 4e 7e 3c 3c 3e 3c 3e 3c 3c 3c 3c 3c 3c 3c 3c	7e 4e 7e 3c 2c 3c 2c 3e 3e 3c 2c 3e 2e 6e 6e 3c 2c 3c 2c 3c 2c 3c 2c	7e        1.00         4e        1.50         4e        1.00         7e        1.00         3c       2c          3c       2c          3e       3e          3e       2c          6e       6e          3c       2c       1.25         3c       2c          2s       2s          3c       2e          3c       2c	7e        1.00          4e        1.50          4e        1.00          7e        1.00          3c       2c        4.00         3c       2c        4.00         3e       3e        6.00         3e       2e        5.50         6e       6e           3c       2c       1.25       5.50         3c       2c        6.00         2s       2s        4.00	7e        1.00        40.00         4e        1.50        30.00         4e        1.00        40.00         7e        1.00        40.00         3c       2c        4.00          3c       2c        6.00          3e       2e        5.50          6e       6e            3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00         3c       2c        6.00          2s       2s       2.75          3c       2e        4.00	7e        1.00        40.00          4e        1.50        30.00          4e        1.00        40.00          7e        1.00        40.00          3c       2c        4.00        90.00         3e       3e        4.00        90.00         3c       2c        6.00        100.00         3e       2e        5.50        100.00         6e       6e             3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00         3c       2c        6.00        100.00         2s       2s        6.00        65.00         3c       2e        4.00        70.00	7e        1.00        40.00        1.00         4e        1.50        30.00        1.50         4e        1.00        40.00        1.00         7e        1.00        40.00        1.00         3c       2c        4.00        70.00          3c       2c        4.00        85.00          3c       2c        6.00        100.00          3e       2e        5.50        100.00          3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50         3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00          2s       2s        65.00        65.00          3c       2e        4.00        70.00	7e        1.00        40.00        1.00          4e        1.50        40.00        1.50          7e        1.00        40.00        1.00          3c       2c        4.00        70.00        4.00         3c       2c        4.00        90.00        4.00         3e       3e        4.00        85.00        4.00         3c       2c        6.00        100.00        5.50         3e       2e        5.50        100.00        5.50         6e       6e               3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50       3.50         3c       2c        6.00        100.00        5.50         2s       2s       2s        6.00	7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00         4e        1.50        30.00        1.50        1.00         4e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00         7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00         3c       2c        4.00        70.00        4.00          3e       3e        4.00        85.00        4.00          3c       2c        6.00        100.00        5.50          3e       2e        5.50        100.00        5.50          6e       6e           0.50         3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50       3.50          2s       2s        6.00        100.00 </td <td>7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00          4e        1.50        30.00        1.50        1.00          4e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00          7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00          3e       2c        4.00        70.00        4.00        3.00         3e       3e        4.00        90.00        4.00        4.50         3e       3e        6.00        100.00        5.50        5.00         3e       2e        5.50        100.00        5.50        5.00         3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50       3.50       1.00       5.00         3c       2c        6.00        1</td> <td>7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        40.00         4e        1.50        30.00        1.50        1.00        35.00         4e        1.00        40.00        1.00        40.00         7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        40.00         3c       2c        4.00        70.00        4.00        40.00         3e       2c        4.00        90.00        4.00        4.50          3e       3e        4.00        85.00        4.00        4.00          3e       2e        6.00        100.00        5.50        5.00          3e       2e       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50       3.50       1.00       5.00          3c       2e        &lt;</td>	7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00          4e        1.50        30.00        1.50        1.00          4e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00          7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        1.00          3e       2c        4.00        70.00        4.00        3.00         3e       3e        4.00        90.00        4.00        4.50         3e       3e        6.00        100.00        5.50        5.00         3e       2e        5.50        100.00        5.50        5.00         3c       2c       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50       3.50       1.00       5.00         3c       2c        6.00        1	7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        40.00         4e        1.50        30.00        1.50        1.00        35.00         4e        1.00        40.00        1.00        40.00         7e        1.00        40.00        1.00        40.00         3c       2c        4.00        70.00        4.00        40.00         3e       2c        4.00        90.00        4.00        4.50          3e       3e        4.00        85.00        4.00        4.00          3e       2e        6.00        100.00        5.50        5.00          3e       2e       1.25       5.50       40.00       100.00       1.50       3.50       1.00       5.00          3c       2e        <

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Las		   Alfali	Ea hay	Barley		   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	l I	N	l I	N	l I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
75: Lanoak	3e	     4e	2.00	4.00	45.00	90.00	2.00	     4.00	1.50	     4.00	     38.00	     80.00
76: Lanoak	4e				42.00		   	   		   	     35.00	   
Broadhead	4e				33.00						28.00	
77: Lanoak	7e							   				
Broadhead	7e											
Hades	7e											
78: Lanoak	3e		   		45.00		   	   		   	     38.00	   
Hades	4e				30.00						30.00	
79: Lanoak	4e	   			42.00		   	   		   	     35.00	   
Thatcher	6e				30.00		 			 	25.00	 
80: Layton	3e	     3e	1.00	4.50	20.00	75.00	1.00	     5.00	1.00	     5.00	     20.00	     70.00
81: Layton	3s	     3s	1.00	4.50	30.00	85.00	1.50	5.00	1.00	     5.00	     25.00	     80.00
82: Lizdale	7s							   				
83: Lizdale	4e		   				   	   		   	   	   
Searla	4e											
84: Logan	5w	     5w	     3.00	4.00			   	   		   	   	   

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol	La: capab:	- 1	Alfalfa hay		Barley		   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N I	I	N	l I	N	l I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
85:				i			I I	 		 	 	 
Lonigan	6e											
Lizdale	3 e											
86:		 					 	 		 	 	 
Lonigan	7e	 										
Ricrest	7e	 										
87: Manila	3e				40.00						35.00	 
88: Manila	3e	3e	1.00	3.50	40.00	90.00	1.00	4.00		   	40.00	     85.00
89: Manila	4e	   			35.00		   	   		   	30.00	   
90: Manila	3e	   			40.00		   			   	35.00	   
Bancroft	3e	 			35.00						30.00	
91: Manila	3e	   			40.00		   	   		   	     35.00	   
Broadhead	3e				33.00					 	28.00	
92: Manila	4e	   			35.00		   	   		   	30.00	   
Broadhead	4e				33.00						28.00	
93: Manila	4e	   					   	   		   	   	   
Lonigan	4e											
94: Manila	3e	   	1.00		40.00		1.00	   		   	     40.00	   
Yeates Hollow	4e		1.00		40.00		1.00				40.00	

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab		   Alfali	a hay	Barl	Ley	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N I	I	N	l I	N	l I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
95:     Maplecreek	3w	     3w	1.50	4.00	30.00	75.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	     6.00	25.00	     70.00
96: Maplecreek	3w	     3w	1.50	4.00	30.00	75.00	2.00	5.00	2.00	6.00	25.00	70.00
Layton	3 e	3e	1.00	4.50	20.00	75.00	1.00	5.00	1.00	5.00	20.00	70.00
97:   Merkley	3с	     3c	1.50	4.00	40.00	60.00	     1.50	4.00	1.00	     6.00	35.00	     50.00
Lago	4w	4w	1.50	4.00	40.00	55.00	2.50	4.00	4.00	5.50	35.00	45.00
Bear Lake	5w	5w	1.50	4.00	40.00	55.00	3.00	4.00	4.50	6.00	35.00	45.00
98:     Moonlight	7e		   				   	   		   		   
Camelback	7e											
99:     Niter	3с	     3e	   	4.50		70.00	   	   		   		     65.00
Brifox	3с	3e		4.50		70.00						65.00
100:   Northwater	7e	   	   				   	   		   		   
Foxol	7s											
Vitale	7e											
101:   Northwater	4e	   	   				   	   		   		   
Povey	6e											
102: Northwater	7e	   	   				   	   		   		   
Povey	7e		 				 	 		 		 

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab		Alfalf	a hay	Barl	Ley	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	cure	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	l I	N	I	N	I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
103: Nyman	7e	   					   	   			   	   
Lonigan	7e											
Copenhagen	7e	 										
104: Oxford	3e	     3e	2.00	4.50	35.00	70.00	     1.50	3.50			     30.00	     70.00
Banida	3 e	3e	1.50	2.50	35.00	80.00	1.50	3.50			30.00	70.00
105: Oxford	3e	   	1.50		30.00		1.00	   			25.00	   
Banida	3 e		1.00		30.00		1.00				25.00	
106: Ожford	4e	   	1.00		25.00		1.00	   			     20.00	   
Banida	4e		1.00		25.00		1.00				20.00	
107: Oxford	7e	   					   	   			   	   
Gullied land.							   					
108: Parkay	7e	   					   	   			   	   
Povey	7e											
109: Parleys	3e	     2e	2.00	5.00	50.00	100.00	1.50	4.50	1.00	5.00	     40.00	     80.00
110: Parleys	3e	     3e	2.00	4.50	45.00	95.00	     1.50	4.50	1.00	4.50	     35.00	     70.00
111: Parleys, wet	3с	     2c	2.50	4.00	40.00	75.00	     2.50	4.25	1.00	4.50	     40.00	     70.00 

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

							1				1	
Map symbol and soil name	La capab	nd ility	   Alfal: 	fa hay	Bar	ley	   Grass-leg 	gume hay	   Pas	ture	   Who	eat
	N	I	N N	I	N	I I	N N	l I	N	I	N N	l I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
112:	 		 			 	 	 	 	 	l I	 
Pavohroo	7e											
Sedgway	7e								 			
Toponce	6e		 			 	 	 	 		 	 
113:			l I			 	 	 	 	İ	! 	 
Picabo	3w	3w				65.00	 	 	2.00	5.00	 	55.00
Thatcherflats	4s	4s				20.00			1.00	2.00		15.00
114: Pits, gravel.			   			   	   	   		   	   	
115: Pollynot	4e		   		35.00	   	   	   	   		30.00	   
116: Pollynot	3c	2c	2.00	6.00	45.00	100.00	   	   	   		40.00	     85.00
117: Pollynot	3c	3e	2.00	6.00	45.00	100.00	   	   	   		     40.00	     80.00
118: Pollynot	4e				35.00	   	   	   	   		30.00	   
119: Polumar	     7s					   	   	   	   			   
Ireland	7s											
120: Polumar	7s		   	   		   	   	   	   	   	   	   
Sprollow	7s											
Ireland	7s											
121: Povey	6e		   	   		   	   	   	   	   	   	   
Hades	6e											
Hondoho	6e		 	     		   	   	   	   	   	   	   

Table 5Land	Capability	and	rrerus	per	ACLE	OL	Crops	and	Pasture	Continued	

Map symbol and soil name	La capab		   Alfalf	a hay	Barl	еу	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	cure	   Whe	eat
and soll name	   N	I	N	I	N	I	N I	I	N	I	N N	I
	<u> </u> 		Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
122: Povey	     7e	   	    				   				   	
Parkay	7e											
123: Preston	     4s	     4s	0.50	3.50	20.00	85.00	     0.75	3.75	0.75	4.50	     15.00	70.00
124: Preston	   4s	   4e	0.50	3.50	15.00	75.00	0.75	3.75	0.75	4.50	10.00	60.00
125: Preston	   4e	   6e	0.50	3.50	10.00	70.00	0.50	3.25	0.50	3.50	5.00	55.00
126: Preston	   7e	i 	     	 			 		0.50			
Xerorthents	7e								0.50			
127: Ricrest	3e		     		40.00		     				35.00	
128: Sanyon	   7e	i 	     	 	15.00		 				10.00	
Staberg	7e				25.00						20.00	
Kabear	7e				25.00						20.00	
129: Smidale	     7e	   	   				   					
130: Smidale	     7e		 				   				   	
Staberg	6e											
131: Sprollow	     7s		   									
Hondoho	   7e											
132: Sprollow	     7s		 		 		       	 			   	
Hymas	7s											

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	La: capab		Alfalf	a hay	Barl	Ley	   Grass-leg	gume hay	Past	ture	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N I	l I	N	l I	N I	I
			Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
133:   Sterling	2e	     2e	1.00	2.75	30.00	65.00	   		1.00	3.50	30.00	60.00
134:     Sterling	2e	     3e	1.00	2.50	20.00	50.00	   		0.75	2.50	20.00	50.00
135:   Sterling	6s	   	 		20.00		   	   		   	20.00	   
136:   Sterling	7e	   	 				   	   		   	   	   
137:   Sterling	2e	     2e	1.00	2.75	30.00	65.00	   	   	1.00	5.00	30.00	60.00
Parleys	3e	2e	1.00	5.00	50.00	100.00			1.00	5.00	40.00	80.00
138: Thatcher	6e	   	   		30.00		   	   		   	     25.00	   
Bearhollow	6e	 			30.00						25.00	
139: Toponce	4e	   	 		30.00		   	   		   	     25.00	   
Broadhead	4e	ļ ļ			33.00						28.00	
140:   Trenton	3s	     3s	1.00	3.50		60.00	1.25	4.00	1.25	3.50	   	     55.00
Battle Creek	3s	3s	1.00	4.00		85.00	1.50	4.00	1.50	4.00		75.00
141: Trenton, cool	3s	     3s	1.00	3.50		60.00	1.25	4.00	1.25	3.50	   	     55.00
Battle Creek, cool	3s	     3s	1.00	4.00		85.00	     1.50	4.00	1.50	     4.00	   	     75.00
142:   Trenton	3s	     3s	1.00	3.50		60.00	1.25	4.00	1.25	     3.50	   	     55.00
Parleys	3с	2c	2.50	4.00		75.00	2.50	4.25	1.50	4.00	 	70.00

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

				<u>-</u>								
Map symbol and soil name	La capab		   Alfali	fa hay	   Bar: 	ley	   Grass-le	gume hay	   Pas	ture	   Wh	eat
	N	I	N	I	N N	l I	N N	I	N N	I	N N	I I
	   		Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
143: Valmar	     7e											
Camelback	7e											
Hades	7e											
144: Vitale	     7e		   		   	   	   	   	   	   	   	   
Bergquist	7e											
Rock outcrop.	 								   		   	
145: Vitale	     7s		   		   	   	   	   	   	   	   	   
Yeates Hollow	4e											
Northwater	   6e								 	 	 	
146: Welby	     3c	2c	2.00	4.00	     35.00	     80.00	     2.00	     4.50	     1.50	     4.50	30.00	     70.00
147: Welby	     3c	     2c	2.00	4.00	     35.00	     80.00	     2.00	     4.50	     1.50	     4.50	     30.00	     70.00
148: Welby, wet	     3c	     2c	1.50	4.00	     35.00	     75.00	2.00	4.50	     1.00	     4.50	     30.00	     65.00
149: Collinston	     4e				35.00				 		30.00	 
Wheelon	   3e				25.00	 					25.00	
150: Wheelon	     4e		   		15.00	   	   	   	   	   	     15.00	   
Collinston	   4e				35.00				 		30.00	
151: Wheelon	7e	   	   		   		   	   				
Collinston	   7e				 	 	 		 	 	 	 
	I	1	1	ı	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

			1								1	
Map symbol and soil name	La capab	nd ility	   Alfal: 	fa hay	   Barl	ley	   Grass-leg 	gume hay	Pas	ture	   Whe	eat
	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I
-	   		Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
152:	 		 	 		 	l I	 		 	l İ	 
Windernot	3s	3s	1.50	4.00		95.00	1.50	3.50	2.00	4.00		75.00
Lewnot	3w	3w	1.50	4.00		90.00	1.50	3.00	3.00	7.00		80.00
Stinkcreek	5w	5w	1.00	3.50		60.00	2.00	3.50	4.50	6.00		50.00
153:	 						 	 			 	 
Winn	3w	3w				70.00						60.00
154:	 		 	 		 	 	 			 	 
Winwell	2c	2c	2.00	5.50	50.00	110.00	 				45.00	95.00
155:		İ										
Winwell	2 e	3e	2.00	5.00	45.00	100.00					40.00	90.00
Collinston	3 e	3e	2.00	5.00	35.00	90.00					30.00	80.00
156:	<u> </u>	l I						 			 	 
Wormcreek	6e	ļ	ļ				ļ			ļ		ļ
Copenhagen	7e										   	
157:	 							 			 	 
Wormcreek	6e		ļ		25.00					ļ	20.00	
Lonigan	6e				25.00						20.00	
158:	 							 			 	 
Wursten	4e		j			 	j	 		ļ	j	j
Dirtyhead	4e											
159:	 		 	 		 	 	 			 	 
Xerochrepts	6e	ļ	ļ				ļ			ļ		
Wormcreek	7e											
Xerorthents	7e											
160:							 	 			 	 
Xerorthents	7e					 	 				 	 
161:												
Yeates Hollow	7s			 		 	 	 			 	 

Table 5.--Land Capability and Yields per Acre of Crops and Pasture--Continued

		Alfalf	a hay	Barl	ey	   Grass-leg 	gume hay	Pas	ture	Whe	eat
N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I	N	I
	<u>                                       </u>	Tons	Tons	Bu	Bu	Tons	Tons	AUM	AUM	Bu	Bu
4e	i i										
4e											
6s	 										
7s	i i										
7s	 										
	N 4e 4e 6s 7s	4e 4e 6s	Capability   Alfalf	capability         Alfalfa hay           N         I         N         I           Tons         Tons           4e             6s             7s	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barl           N         I         N         I         N           4e               4e               6s               7s	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barley           N         I         N         I           Tons         Tons         Bu         Bu           4e              6s              7s	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barley         Grass-leg           N         I         N         I         N           Tons         Tons         Bu         Bu         Tons           4e               6s               7s	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barley         Grass-legume hay           N         I         N         I         N         I           Tons         Tons         Bu         Bu         Tons         Tons           4e                 6s                 7s	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barley         Grass-legume hay         Past           N         I         N         I         N         I         N         I         N           Joseph Jose	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barley         Grass-legume hay         Pasture           N         I         N         I         N         I         N         I           N         I         N         I         N         I         N         I           I         Tons         Tons         Bu         Bu         Tons         Tons         AUM         AUM           4e                  6s                  7s	Capability         Alfalfa hay         Barley         Grass-legume hay         Pasture         Wheelegate           N         I         N

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities

(Only the soils that support rangeland vegetation suitable for grazing are rated.)

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Boologicul Bloc	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	le	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
1: Airport	Semiwet Saline Meadow   (R028AY001ID)	2,500	1,750	1,000	Alkali sacaton	20 20 5 5 5 5
13: Bear Lake	  Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)   	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5 5 5
Chesbrook	Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5
Picabo	Semiwet Meadow   (R028AY029ID) 	3,000	2,200	1,400	Tufted hairgrass	15 10 5 5 5 5
14: Bear Lake	  Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)   	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5 5 5
Downata	  Marsh Scac/tyla   (R028AY030ID)	5,300	4,500	3,800	Broadleaf cattail	45 45

Table	okangerand	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	COMMUNITATES	Continued
	_	_					

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Leological Site	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u>	Pct
15: Bear Lake	  Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID) 	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5 5
Downata	    Marsh Scac/tyla   (R028AY030ID)	5,300	4,500	3,800		45 45
Thatcherflats	  Alkali Flats 8-12   Save4/ele15   (R028AY011ID)	500	300	100	Bottlebrush squirreltail Black greasewood Gardner saltbush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	40 30 5 5 5 5
16: Bear Lake	  Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID) 	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5 5 5
Lago	  Semiwet Meadow   (R013XY039ID) 	3,400	2,600	2,000	Slender wheatgrass	20 15 5 5 5
17: Bearhollow	  Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY001ID)	1,600	1,300	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous perennial forbs Prairie junegrass Common snowberry Geranium Miscellaneous shrubs Rabbitbrush	20 20 15 10 10 5 5

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Map symbol and soil name	Ecological site	Favorable year Lb/acre	Normal year Lb/acre	Unfavorable   year	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland composition
	  -    Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	Lb/acre	Lb/acre			
	    Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6		.,	Lb/acre		Pct
17:	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6					
Brifox		1,600	1,300	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	(R013XY001ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	20
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Prairie junegrass	10
					Common snowberry	5
					Geranium	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Rabbitbrush	5
Iphil	Loamy 13-16 Artry/pssp6	1,800	1,200	800	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
-	(R013XY001ID)	i i	-	İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
		i i		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	i i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
	İ	i i		İ	Prairie junegrass	5
	İ	i i		İ	Slender wheatgrass	5
	į	i i		İ	Snowberry	5
	İ			į	Western yarrow	5
18:						
Bergquist	Steep Slopes 12-16	1,500	1,100	550	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	j j		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY008ID)	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	20
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
19:						
Bergquist	  Mountain Loam 18-22	2,100	1,900	1.600	  Bigtooth maple	10
Doradarac	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6	2,100	1,500	1,000	Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R047XY009ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(101/1100515)				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Common chokecherry	5
					Snowberry	5
						3

Table 6Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant CommunitiesContinue
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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland	
and soil name	Heological Bitt	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	 	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
19:						
Softback	Mountain Loam 18-22	3,100	2,700	2,400	Bigtooth maple	10
	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6				Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R047XY009ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Rocky Mountain juniper	5
	ļ				Common chokecherry	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
20:	 					
Bergquist	Mountain Loam 18-22	2,100	1,900	1,600	Bigtooth maple	10
34	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6	-,	_,,,,	_,	Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R047XY009ID)	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
		j j		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Common chokecherry	5
					Snowberry	5
Vitale	  Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
VICUIE	Artrv/pssp6	1,100	000	300	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY007ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
	(	i i		i	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Cutleaf balsamroot	5
	į	j j		İ	Western wheatgrass	5
	İ	į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	2
23:						
Bothwell	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,500	1,200	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	(R013XY001ID)	i i	•	İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
		j j		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	į	į i		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
		į į			Miscellaneous shrubs	5
		į į			Prairie junegrass	5
		į į			Slender wheatgrass	5
					Snowberry	5
	I .	1 1		1	Sticky geranium	5

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
23: Hades	  Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY001ID)	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass	35 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Justesen	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY001ID)	1,900	1,400	700	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Prairie junegrass Slender wheatgrass Snowberry	35 10 5 5 5 5
26: Brifox	  Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY001ID)	1,600	1,300	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous perennial forbs Prairie junegrass Common snowberry Geranium Miscellaneous shrubs Rabbitbrush	25 20 15 10 10 5 5 5
Huffman	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6   16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,100	1,700	1,300	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40 15 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	   Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
	<u> </u>   	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
29:		i i		i		
Brifox	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,600	1,300	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	(R013XY001ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	20
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Prairie junegrass	10
					Common snowberry	5
					Geranium	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Rabbitbrush	5
Niter	  Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,700	1,500	1,100	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	(R013XY001ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	20
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Prairie junegrass	10
					Common snowberry	5
					Geranium	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Rabbitbrush	5
30:				İ		
Broadhead	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Columbia needlegrass	10
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
					Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
Hades	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
		į į		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		į į		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	i de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de	i i		i	Slender wheatgrass	5

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
30:					[ 	 
Yago	Artrv/pssp6	1,800	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass Miscellaneous perennial forbs Columbia needlegrass	35 15 5
	(R013XY019ID)				Antelope bitterbrush	5   5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		i i			Mountain big sagebrush	5
	İ	į į			Mountain brome	5
	İ	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
				l I	Western snowberry	5 
31:	15.00.00.00			1 400		4.0
Broadnead	- Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6 16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40 15
	16-22" (R013X10051D)				Miscellaneous perennial grasses   Columbia needlegrass	10
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		i i			Geranium	5
	İ	į į			Mountain big sagebrush	5
	İ	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
Yago	! -	1,800	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrv/pssp6				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	15
	(R013XY019ID)				Columbia needlegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5   5
		}			Mountain big sagebrush	5   5
					Mountain brome	5
		i i			Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
	İ	į į		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	İ	į į		İ	Slender wheatgrass	5
					Western snowberry	5
32:						
Camelback	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	(R013XY001ID)			!	Mountain big sagebrush	20
					Prairie junegrass	10
					Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
					Helianthella	5   5
					Western wheatgrass	, 5   5

Table 6	5Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	CommunitiesContinued	

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	ry-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	i 	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
32:	 					
Lonigan	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
_	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY007ID)	į į		İ	Western wheatgrass	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
33:						
Camelback	Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
		j		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
					Kentucky bluegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ				Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Western snowberry	5
Hades	Steep Slope 16-22	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrv/pssp6	j		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ				Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
	 				Miscellaneous shrubs	5 5
		i				3
Valmar	Stony Loam 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6	į			Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY019ID)	į l			Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
	ļ				Nevada bluegrass	5
		ļ			Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Lupine	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5 5
	1				Miscellaneous shrubs	5 5
	 				Slender wheatgrass   Western snowberry	5
						3

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communiti	.esConti:	nued
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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		compositio
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
34:		j				
Cedarhill	! -	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrt/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R028AY008ID)				Western wheatgrass	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5 5
					Nevada bluegrass Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Aster	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
						3
35: Cedarhill	Steen Glones 12 16	1,500	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
Cedariiri	Artrv/pssp6	1,500	1,100	600	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY008ID)				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
	(ROISAIGUGIE)				Miscellaneous shrubs	10
	I				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	i			Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i			Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	İ	i			Slender wheatgrass	5
		į		į	Western wheatgrass	5
Hades	  Steep Slope 16-22	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		Ì	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)	į į		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	ļ				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
	ļ				Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
Ricrest		2,000	1,300	850	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)	į l			Idaho fescue	10
	ĺ				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
	Į.			ļ	Western snowberry	10
				ļ	Nevada bluegrass	5
					Mountain brome	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	ļ.	_ I			Sticky geranium	5

Table 6Rangeland Productivit	y and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Desiregious Disc	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
36:						<u> </u>
Cedarhill	!	1,500	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY008ID)				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10 10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10   5
					Nevada bluegrass	5   5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5   5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5   5
					Slender wheatgrass	5   5
					Western wheatgrass	5 
Hondoho	Steep Slopes 12-16	1,500	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY008ID)				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
Ridgecrest	  Steep Stony 12-16	1,400	1,100	750	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	15
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY026ID)	į į		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	10
		į į		İ	Idaho fescue	5
		į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Lupine	5
					Needlegrass	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
					Western snowberry	5 I
37:				İ		
Chesbrook	Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID)	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20
					Cinquefoil	5
					Clover	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
				ļ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total di	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
37: Bear Lake	  Wet Meadow (R013XY038ID) 	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5 5 5
39:	 			l I		
	Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6   (R013XY032ID) 	1,800	1,200	800   	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35 15 5 5 5 5
Hades	  Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6   (R013XY032ID) 	1,800	1,200	800     	Bluebunch wheatgrass Basin big sagebrush Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Helianthella Miscellaneous perennial grasses	35 15 5 5 5
Howcan	  Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6   (R013XY032ID)	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35 15 5 5 5 5
40: Copenhagen	   Ashy Loam 13-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY009ID)	850	650	350   	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Green rabbitbrush Longleaf hawksbeard	30 20 5 5 5 5 5
Lonigan	Ashy Loam 13-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY009ID)	1,400	1,000	500   	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Antelope bitterbrush	25 20 10 5

Table 0Kangerand	PIOGUETIVITY	and	CHALACTELISTIC	Fiant	COMMUNITATION	Concinued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
40:						
Manila		2,200	1,700	1,000	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
	ļ				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
41:	İ	İ		į		
Delish	·	4,000	2,250	1,500	Slender wheatgrass	20
	(R028AY029ID)				Clover	10
	ļ				Tufted hairgrass	10
					Kentucky bluegrass	5
					Cinquefoil	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
Cachecan	Semiwet Meadow	4,000	2,250	1,600	Slender wheatgrass	20
	(R028AY029ID)	-,	_,	_,,,,,	Tufted hairgrass	10
		i i		İ	Kentucky bluegrass	5
		į į		İ	Cinquefoil	5
					Clover	5
					Shrubby cinquefoil	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
					Willow	5
Stinkcreek	  Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)	4,500	3,600	2,500	Tufted hairgrass	20
		i i	•	i	Cinquefoil	5
	İ	İ		į	Clover	5
42:						
Downata	  March Scac/tvla	   5,300	4,500	3,800	Broadleaf cattail	45
Downaca	(R028AY030ID)	3,300   	4,500	3,000	Hardstem bulrush	45
		İ				
43:						
Dranburn	Loamy Mountain Slopes 16-	2,500	1,800	1,000	Rocky Mountain maple	15
	22 Acgl/brca5				Quaking aspen	15
	(R013XY020ID)				Common chokecherry	10 10
					Mountain brome	10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Blue wildrye	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
					Sticky geranium	5
				i		_

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communiti	.esContinued
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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total di	ry-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Beological Site	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	Characteristic Vegetation	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
43: Robin	High Mountain Loam 25-35   Acsag2/phma5/brca5   (R047XY010ID)	3,100	2,700	2,400	Bigtooth maple Mallow ninebark Miscellaneous perennial forbs Whortleleaf snowberry Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	25 10 10 10 5 5
44: Enochville	Semiwet Meadow   (R013XY039ID)	3,500	2,300	1,500         	Slender wheatgrass	15 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
45: Foxol	Shallow Stony 12-16   Arar8/pssp6   (R013XY014ID)	1,000	600	300	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5
Vitale	Gravelly Loam 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY007ID)	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Arrowleaf balsamroot Cutleaf balsamroot Western wheatgrass Antelope bitterbrush	30 20 5 5 5 5 2

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland composition
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		
	<u> </u>	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
46:	I I					 
Hades	   Steep Slope 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial forbs- Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	35 10 5 5 5 5 5
	į	j		İ	Slender wheatgrass	5
Camelback	Steep Slope 16-22  Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Kentucky bluegrass Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Cutleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass Western snowberry	25 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5
Hondoho	Steep Slopes 12-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY008ID)	1,500	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Longleaf hawksbeard Miscellaneous perennial forbs Prairie junegrass	30 10 10 10 5 5 5 5
47: Hades	Steep Slope 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass	35 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	   Ecological site   	Total di	ry-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
	<u> </u> 	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u> 	Pct
47:						
Lanoak	Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	20
	(R013XY003ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
		ļ			Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
		ļ			Western snowberry	10
		ļ			Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
	 				Sticky geranium	5
Camelback	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	İ		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
					Kentucky bluegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
		ļ			Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		ļ			Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
	 				Western snowberry	5
48:				i		
Haploxerolls	Steep Slope 12-16	1,350	1,000	450	Basin big sagebrush	20
	Artrt/pssp6	j		İ	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	(R028AY032ID)	İ		İ	Idaho fescue	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
Xerorthents	  Steep Slopes 12-16	1,500	1,100	550	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6		_,_,		Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY008ID)	į			Nevada bluegrass	5
	İ	İ			Longleaf hawksbeard	5
	İ	į		İ	Sticky geranium	5
	İ	į		İ	Thickspike wheatgrass	5

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	l l	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	characteristic vegetation	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
50:						
Holmes	Riverbottom (R028AY020ID)	2,000	1,500	1,200	Cottonwood	15
					Willow	15
					Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	5 5
					miscellaneous snrubs	5
51: Hondee	Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6	   1,600	1,000	700	Bluebunch wheatgrass	45
	(R028AY024ID)	ĺ			Basin big sagebrush	20
		İ		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		ĺ			Antelope bitterbrush	5
		ĺ			Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		ĺ			Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
52:						
Hondee		1,600	1,000	700	Bluebunch wheatgrass	45
	(R028AY024ID)				Basin big sagebrush	20
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5 5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
33: Hondoho	Stony Loam 13-16	   1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6 13-16"	'	•	İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY002ID)	İ		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
		İ		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		İ		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		İ		İ	Lupine	5
		İ		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
		İ		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
Hades		2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
		:		1	Slender wheatgrass	5

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communiti	.esConti:	nued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Zeological Dicc	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	Characteristic vegetation	composition
	 	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u> 	Pct
54: Hondoho	  Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6   (R013XY032ID)	1,800	1,200	   800       	Bluebunch wheatgrass Basin big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Prairie junegrass	35 15 10 5 5 5 5
Ricrest	Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6 (R013XY032ID)	2,000	1,300	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass Basin big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial grasses Western snowberry Nevada bluegrass Arrowleaf balsamroot Mountain brome Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous shrubs	30 15 15 10 5 5 5 5
55: Hondoho	Steep Slopes 12-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY008ID)	1,400	900	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Longleaf hawksbeard Miscellaneous perennial forbs- Miscellaneous perennial grasses	25 20 5 5 5 5 5 5
Sprollow	Gravelly Loam 16-22 Artry/pssp6 (R013XY007ID)	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Arrowleaf balsamroot Cutleaf balsamroot Western wheatgrass Antelope bitterbrush	30 10 5 5 5 5 5

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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total di	ry-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
55:						
Hades	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	(R013XY001ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	ļ				Nevada bluegrass	5
	ļ				Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ	!			Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	ļ	!			Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	 				Slender wheatgrass	5
56:	İ	İ				
Hondoho	!	1,400	900	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	!			Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY008ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
			l		Miscellaneous perennial forbs-	5 5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	) 
Vitale	!	2,000	1,500	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
	ļ				Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	ļ	!			Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Snowberry	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	2
			l		Slender wheatgrass	2
	1				Sticky geranium   Western wheatgrass	2
		}			Antelope bitterbrush	0
					Anterope bitterbrush	
61:	12 16 2000 6	1 600	1 100			25
Huffman		1,600	1,100	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25 20
	(R013XY001ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15 10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs Prairie junegrass	10
					Common snowberry	10   5
					Common showberry   Geranium	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Rabbitbrush	5
						,

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name composition		Favorable	Normal	Unfavorable		nungerun
oompobleion		year	year	year		
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
61:						
Wursten	Loamy 12-16 Artrt/pssp6	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	(R013XY032ID)	i i		i	Basin big sagebrush	20
	į	i i		j	Prairie junegrass	10
	İ	į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		į į		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Helianthella	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
62: Iphil	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,800	1,200	900	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
ipiiii	(R013XY001ID)	1,000	1,200	800	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013X10011D)				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
	 				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
		i i			Slender wheatgrass	5
		i i		i	Snowberry	5
					Western yarrow	5
Lonigan	  Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY007ID)				Western wheatgrass	10
				ļ	Nevada bluegrass	5
				ļ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard  	5
63: Ireland	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6	2,000	1,500		Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
		i i			Snowberry	5
		j i		İ	Longleaf hawksbeard	2
	İ	j j		İ	Slender wheatgrass	2
	į	j j		İ	Sticky geranium	2
	i	i i		i	Western wheatgrass	2

5 5

5

5

30

20

5

5

5

Miscellaneous perennial forbs--

|Miscellaneous perennial grasses| |Miscellaneous shrubs------

Whortleleaf snowberry-----

Mountain big sagebrush-----

Nevada bluegrass-----

Antelope bitterbrush-----Arrowleaf balsamroot-----

Green rabbitbrush-----

Longleaf hawksbeard-----

350 Bluebunch wheatgrass-----

Map symbol	   Ecological site	IOCAL GI	.y-weight pr	Oddection	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Heological Bite	Favorable	Normal	Unfavorable	,	composition
		year	year	year		
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u>	Pct
63: Polumar	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	850	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	   25
FOIUMAI	Artrv/pssp6	2,000	1,500	650	Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)				Snowberry	10
	(R013X10031D)			1	Nevada bluegrass	5
	 				Common chokecherry	5
	 			İ	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
				i	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
		i i		i	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
		i i		i	Sticky geranium	5
		j i		İ	Western wheatgrass	5
		į į		İ		
64:						
Kabear	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Slender wheatgrass	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Mountain brome	5
					Snowberry	5
Staberg	  Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	   35
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	-,	_,	-,	Mountain big sagebrush	10
		į i		į	Nevada bluegrass	5
		į i		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	į i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	!	: :		1	!	

850

650

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Total dry-weight production

Copenhagen------ Ashy Loam 13-16

Artrv/pssp6

(R013XY009ID)

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Ecological site	Favorable				Rangeland
		year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	Characteristic vegetation	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	 	Pct
65:						
Kabear	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)			ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Slender wheatgrass	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
		į į		İ	Mountain brome	5
					Snowberry	5
Staberg	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
		i i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		i i		i	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		i i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		i		i	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
		i		i	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
		i		i	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Whortleleaf snowberry	5
Copenhagen	Ashy Loam 13-16	850	650	350	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
į	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY009ID)	i i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
	,	i		i	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		i		i	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
				i	Green rabbitbrush	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
70:						
	Loamy 11-13 Artrt/pssp6	1,600	900	700	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	(R028AY024ID)	'''		i	Basin big sagebrush	20
	,			İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
				i	Bottlebrush squirreltail	5
				i	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
						3

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued	

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
75:	 					
Lanoak	Loamy 16-22 Artry/pssp6	2,500	1,600	1,000	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	-,	_,	_,	Idaho fescue	10
		i			Mountain big sagebrush	10
	İ	i i			Columbia needlegrass	5
	İ	i i		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	i i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
					Western snowberry	5
76: Lanoak	Loamy 16-22 Artry/pssp6	2,500	1,600	1,000	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,300	2,000	1 2,000	Idaho fescue	10
	(	i			Mountain big sagebrush	10
		i			Columbia needlegrass	5
		i			Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	i			Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i			Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	İ	i i			Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
	İ	i i		İ	Prairie junegrass	5
	İ	į į		İ	Sticky geranium	5
		į į		İ	Western snowberry	5
Broadhead	  Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
		į į		İ	Columbia needlegrass	10
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
					Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
77: Lanoak	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	-,	-,		Miscellaneous perennial grasses	20
	(R013XY003ID)	į i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	15
	İ	į į			Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
	İ	į į		İ	Western snowberry	10
	İ	į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		1			IIIIOWICAL DAIDAMIOOC	

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities -- Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
	 	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
77: Broadhead	  Steep Slope 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,000	1,500	850	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Arrowleaf balsamroot	   25   15   5
					Geranium Miscellaneous perennial grasses Snowberry	5   5   5
Hades	   Steep Slope 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass	35 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
78: Lanoak	  Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6   16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Columbia needlegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial grasses Prairie junegrass Sticky geranium Western snowberry	45 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5
Hades	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6   16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial forbs- Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass	35 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Table 6Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant CommunitiesContinue
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Map symbol	Ecological site				Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	Characteristic Vegetation	composition
	 	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
'9 <b>:</b>		i i				
Lanoak		2,500	1,600	1,000	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Idaho fescue	10
					Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
					Western snowberry	5
Thatcher	  Steep Slopes 12-16	1,500	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		į i	Mountain big sagebrush	25
	(R013XY008ID)	į į		į i	Sticky geranium	25
	İ	į į		į i	Nevada bluegrass	5
	İ	į į		į i	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
	İ	į į		į i	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
		į į			Miscellaneous shrubs	5
32:						
Lizdale	Gravelly South Slope 12-	1,500	1,000	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16 Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY012ID)	į į		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		į į		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Bottlebrush squirreltail	1
33:						[ 
Lizdale	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800		Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		į	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY007ID)	į į			Nevada bluegrass	5
		į į		į	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	į į		į i	Cutleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	į į		į i	Western wheatgrass	5
	i	i i		i i	Antelope bitterbrush	2

Table 6Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant CommunitiesContinue
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
33:						
Searla	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	900	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY007ID)				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
	!				Antelope bitterbrush	5
	!				Longleaf hawksbeard	5
	!				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	!				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
4:						
Logan	Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)	4,500	3,000	2,500	,	20
					Cinquefoil	5
					Clover	5
5:						
Lonigan	Ashy Loam 13-16	1,400	1,000	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
_	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY009ID)	į į		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
Lizdale	  Stony Loam 16-22	2,600	2,000	1,000	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
	(R013XY019ID)	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Utah snowberry	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ			ļ	Slender wheatgrass	5
6:						
o: Lonigan	  Steep Slope 16-22	1,900	1,400	700	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	3.0
	Artrv/pssp6	1,500	1,400	, 00	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY003ID)			}	Nevada bluegrass	5
	(10131100315)				Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
		į į		İ		3

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	ry-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
86:						
Ricrest	Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,300	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6	j j		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)	j j		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
		j j		İ	Western snowberry	10
		j j		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		j j		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		j j		İ	Mountain brome	5
		j j		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	į	į		į	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
88:						
Manila	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Utah snowberry	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
89:		į į		İ		
Manila		2,600	2,000	1,200	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium  	5
90: Manila	Loamy 16-22 Artry/peens	2,600	2,000	1 200	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
Mantia	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,000	2,000	1,200	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	10-22 (R013A10031D)				Columbia needlegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
						5

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communiti	.esConti:	nued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	ry-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	2001091041 2100	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	_	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
90:						
Bancroft	Loamy 13-16 Artrv/pssp6	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	(R013XY001ID)	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
					Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
	ļ				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5 5
					Prairie junegrass	) 5   5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
92: Manila	 - Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,600	2,000	1.200	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
11411224	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,000	2,000	1,200	Mountain big sagebrush	10
		į į		İ	Columbia needlegrass	5
	İ	i i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
	İ	į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
					Sticky geranium	5
Broadhead	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Columbia needlegrass	10
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
	ļ				Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5 5
					Miscellaneous shrubs Prairie junegrass	j 5   5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
93:						
Manila	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,600	2,000	1,200	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)			ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
				ļ	Columbia needlegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
				-	Antelope bitterbrush	5 5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5 5
				-	Sticky geranium	5

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland composition
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		
	 	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	   	Pct
93:						
Lonigan	Ashy Loam 13-16	1,400	1,000	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6			ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY009ID)				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5 
94: Manila	Loomer 16 22 Ambres/nagné	2,400	2,000	1 400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
manila	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,400	2,000	1,400	Mountain big sagebrush	35   10
	16-22" (R013X10031D)				Columbia needlegrass	10   5
					Utah snowberry	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
		i		Ì	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
		İ		İ	Slender wheatgrass	5
				ļ	Sticky geranium	5
Yeates Hollow	  Stony Loam 16-22	1,800	1,100	600	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	   40
	Artrv/pssp6	İ		İ	Columbia needlegrass	5
	(R013XY019ID)				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
				ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
97: - <b>X1</b> -1	 	1 200	1 500	1 000	 	
Merkley	Loamy Bottom 12-16   Artrt/leci4-Agrop	1,800	1,500	1,200	Basin big sagebrush Thickspike wheatgrass	20 15
	(R013XY045ID)				Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R013X10431D)				Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Green rabbitbrush	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
		į i		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
Lago	  Semiwet Meadow	3,400	2,600	2,000	  Slender wheatgrass	20
	(R013XY039ID)	į į		İ	Tufted hairgrass	15
		l i			Baltic rush	5
		ļ			Cinquefoil	5
					Fowl bluegrass	l 5

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	CommunitiesContinued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Leonogram Bree	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		<i>Lb/acr</i> e	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u>   	Pct
	Wet Meadow (R028AY028ID)	4,500	3,600	3,000	Tufted hairgrass	20 5 5 5 5 5 5
98: Moonlight	Loamy Mountain Slopes 16- 22 Acgl/brca5 (R013XY020ID)	2,500	1,800	1,000	Rocky Mountain maple	15 15 10 10 10 10 5 5
Camelback	Steep Slope 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Kentucky bluegrass Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Cutleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass Western snowberry	25 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5 5
100: Northwater	Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)	2,100	1,800	1,600	Bigtooth maple Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous shrubs Nevada bluegrass Common chokecherry Miscellaneous perennial grasses Snowberry Western wheatgrass	10 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities-	-Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Recording real site	Favorable year				composition
	<u>                                     </u>	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u> 	Pct
100:		i				
Foxo1	Shallow Stony 12-16	1,000	600	300	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Arar8/pssp6				Nevada bluegrass	10
	(R013XY014ID)				Black sagebrush	10
					Low sagebrush	10 5
	 				Bottlebrush squirreltail	j 5   5
					Dwarf green rabbitbrush	5
				i	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
		į			Snowberry	5
Vitale	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	850	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Lupine	5   5
	 				Miscellaneous perennial forbs  Miscellaneous perennial grasses	) 5   5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
101:						
Northwater	  Mountain Loamy 22+	500	350	150	Whortleleaf snowberry	20
	Psmeg/syor2	į į		İ	Oregongrape	10
	(R013XY017ID)	į į		İ	Boxleaf myrtle	10
					Currant	10
				ļ	Mallow ninebark	10
					Bearded wheatgrass	5
					Strawberry	5
Povey	Steep Slope 16-22	2,400	1,800	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)			ļ	Slender wheatgrass	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
					Snowberry	, s
l02: Northwater	  Mountain Loamy 22+	500	350	150	  Whortleleaf snowberry	20
	Psmeg/syor2		330	150	Oregongrape	10
	(R013XY017ID)	j		i	Boxleaf myrtle	10
	İ	j		İ	Currant	10
		į		İ	Mallow ninebark	10
		ļ		İ	Bearded wheatgrass	5
	I	1		1	Strawberry	5

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total di	ry-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Scological site	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
102:		 				
Povey	Mountain Loam 18-22   Acsag2/artrv/pssp6	2,100	1,800	1,600	Bigtooth mapleBluebunch wheatgrass	10 10
	(R047XY009ID)	 			Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10   10
					Miscellaneous shrubs Rocky Mountain juniper	10   5
					Common chokecherry Cutleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5   5   5
103:				İ		
Nyman	High Mountain Loam 25-35	3,100	2,700	2,400	Bigtooth maple	25
	Acsag2/phma5/brca5				Mallow ninebark	10
	(R047XY010ID)				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
				ļ	Whortleleaf snowberry	10
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	5 5
Lonigan	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY007ID)				Western wheatgrass	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5   5
					Arrowleaf balsamrootLongleaf hawksbeard	5
Copenhagen	Ashy Loam 13-16	1,200	800	400	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6			ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY009ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
	 				Green rabbitbrush	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
106:						
Oxford	1	1,800	1,200	800		35
	Artrt/pssp6				Basin big sagebrush	15
	(R028AY032ID)				Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot	5 5
				1	Western wheatgrass	5   5
		İ		İ		ĺ

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total di	ry-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	 	Favorable year	Normal   year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
106:						
Banida	Steep Slope 12-16	1,600	1,000	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrt/pssp6				Basin big sagebrush	20
	(R028AY032ID)				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
105					Western wheatgrass	5
107: Oxford	  Steen Slone 12-16	1,800	1,200	800	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	   35
ONICOLU	Artrt/pssp6	1,000	1,200		Basin big sagebrush	20
	(R028AY032ID)		 		Antelope bitterbrush	5
	(		 		Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
				İ	Western wheatgrass	5
108:	I The boundary to an OF 25	2 100		0.400		0.5
Parkay	High Mountain Loam 25-35	3,100	2,700	2,400	Bigtooth maple   Mallow ninebark	25 10
	Acsag2/phma5/brca5 (R047XY010ID)		 		Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10   10
	(R04/X10101D)		 		Whortleleaf snowberry	10
			 		Miscellaneous perennial grasses	
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
		į	İ	į		
Povey	·	2,400	1,800	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)				Slender wheatgrass	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
			 		Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
			 		Snowberry	5 
112:			 	i		
Pavohroo	Mountain Loamy 22+	500	350	150	Whortleleaf snowberry	20
	Psmeg/syor2		İ	İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
	(R013XY017ID)				Oregongrape	5
					Woods' rose	5
					Bearded wheatgrass	5
					Blue wildrye	
					Boxleaf myrtle	
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	
					Miscellaneous shrubs	
					Sticky geranium	ı
					Western meadowrue	5

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	ry-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Boological Bicc	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
112:						
Sedgway	Mountain Loamy 22+   Psmeg/syor2   (R013XY017ID)	500	350	150       	Whortleleaf snowberry Miscellaneous perennial forbs Oregongrape Bearded wheatgrass Blue wildrye Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	20 10 5 5 5 5 5
Toponce	Moist Mountain Loam 20+   Potr5 (R013XY016ID)	2,500	1,500	900	Pinegrass	40 10 10 10 4 3 3 2
113:						
Picabo	Semiwet Saline Meadow   (R028AY001ID) 	2,500	1,750	1,000     	Saltgrass	20 15 5 5
Thatcherflats	Alkali Flats 8-12   Save4/ele15   (R028AY011ID)	500	300	100	Bottlebrush squirreltail Black greasewood Gardner saltbush Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	40 30 5 5 5 5
119: Polumar	Mountain Loam 18-22   Acsag2/artrv/pssp6   (R047XY009ID)	2,100	1,800	1,600	Bigtooth maple	10 10 10 10 5 5 5 5 5

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communiti	.esConti:	nued
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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland composition
and soil name		Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
119:						
Ireland	Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6			ĺ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Snowberry	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	2   2
					Slender wheatgrass   Sticky geranium	2
		į			Western wheatgrass	2
120:						
Polumar		2,100	1,800	1,600	, ,	10
	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6	ļ		ļ	Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R047XY009ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous shrubs Nevada bluegrass	10   5
					Rocky Mountain juniper	5
					Common chokecherry	5
		i i			Miscellaneous perennial grasses	
	İ	j		İ	Snowberry	5
		į		į	Western wheatgrass	5
Sprollow	:	2,000	1,500	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6			ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot Cutleaf balsamroot	5   5
					Snowberry	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	2
		i i		i	Slender wheatgrass	2
	İ	i i		İ	Sticky geranium	2
	İ	į į		İ	Western wheatgrass	2
					Antelope bitterbrush	0
Ireland	:	2,000	1,500	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)			-	Nevada bluegrass	5   5
				-	Snowberry   Longleaf hawksbeard	5   2
				}	Slender wheatgrass	2   2
					Sticky geranium	2
		i		i	Western wheatgrass	2

	Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continue
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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	ry-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
121:		 		l I		
Povey	Mountain Loam 18-22 Acsag2/artrv/pssp6 (R047XY009ID)	2,100	1,800	1,600   	Bigtooth maple Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs- Miscellaneous shrubs	10 10 10 10 10
		 			Rocky Mountain juniper Common chokecherry Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5 5 5
Hades	Steep Slopes 12-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY008ID)	1,500	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Miscellaneous perennial forbs- Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs Slender wheatgrass	35 10 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Hondoho	Steep Slopes 12-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY008ID)	1,400	900	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Longleaf hawksbeard Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses	25 20 5 5 5 5 5 5
122: Povey	  Steep Slope 16-22   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY003ID)	2,400	1,800	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Slender wheatgrass Columbia needlegrass Arrowleaf balsamroot Snowberry	25 15 10 5 5
Parkay	High Mountain Loam 25-35   Acsag2/phma5/brca5   (R047XY010ID)	3,100	2,700	2,400	Bigtooth maple Mallow ninebark Miscellaneous perennial forbs Whortleleaf snowberry Miscellaneous perennial grasses Miscellaneous shrubs	25 10 10 10 5 5

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued

Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	roduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	l l	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
.23:	į	į į		į		
Preston	:	1,400	900	700	Basin big sagebrush	10
	(R028AY009ID)				Needleandthread	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5 5
	 				Lupine Muttongrass	5
	 				Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	I I				Rabbitbrush	5
					Sand dropseed	5
		i			Western wheatgrass	5
		į į		į	3	
.24: Preston	  Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy	1,400	900	700	Basin big sagebrush	10
	(R028AY009ID)	i i		İ	Needleandthread	10
	İ	į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Lupine	5
					Muttongrass	5
	ļ				Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Rabbitbrush	5
					Sand dropseed	5 5
					Western wheatgrass	5
.25: Preston	  Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy	1,400	900	700	Basin big sagebrush	10
1100001	(R028AY009ID)	1,100	500	, , , ,	Needleandthread	10
		i i			Antelope bitterbrush	5
	į	į į		İ	Lupine	5
	İ	į į		İ	Muttongrass	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
					Rabbitbrush	5
					Sand dropseed	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
.26:		1 400	000	700	Pagin hig gagehrush	10
Preston	Sand 12-16 Putr2/achy   (R028AY009ID)	1,400	900	/00	Basin big sagebrush Needleandthread	10 10
	(NOZORIOU)				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Lupine	5
		j			Muttongrass	5
	İ	j		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	į	j i		İ	Rabbitbrush	5
		į			Sand dropseed	5
		i i			Western wheatgrass	5

Tab:	Le 6	6Rangeland	l Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities	Continued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	Mediogical site	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	Characteristic Vegetation	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
126:						[ [
Xerorthents	: = =	700	500	250	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY008ID)				Utah juniper	5   5
					Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
	I I	}			Green rabbitbrush	5   5
					Needleandthread	, 5   5
					Thickspike wheatgrass	5
.28:						
Sanyon	Ashy Loam 13-16	1,000	600	300	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY009ID)				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
		!!!		ļ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Needleandthread	5 
Staberg		2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot	5   5
	 				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5   5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
		i i		i	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
		į į			Whortleleaf snowberry	5
Kabear	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,200	1,800	1,400	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	   25
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY003ID)				Snowberry	10
				ļ	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Mountain brome	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5   5
					Sticky geranium	5   5
.29:						 
Smidale	  Mountain Loam 18-22	2,100	1,800	1,600	  Bigtooth maple	10
	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6			İ	Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R047XY009ID)	ļ		ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10   5
	 				Rocky Mountain juniper	5   5
	 				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5   5
		i i				

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
	   	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
130: Smidale	  Mountain Loam 18-22   Acsag2/artrv/pssp6   (R047XY009ID)	2,100	1,800	1,600	Bigtooth mapleBluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10 10 10 10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10 5 5 5
Staberg	Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6   16-22" (R013XY005ID)	2,200	1,800	1,200	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Columbia needlegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Cutleaf balsamroot Slender wheatgrass Snowberry	35 10 5 5 5 5 5 5
131: Sprollow	  Steep Slopes 12-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY008ID)	1,500	1,100	550	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Arrowleaf balsamroot Cutleaf balsamroot Sticky geranium Longleaf hawksbeard Slender wheatgrass Western wheatgrass	20 20 5 5 3 2 2 2
Hondoho	Steep Slopes 12-16   Artrv/pssp6   (R013XY008ID)	1,400	900	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass Mountain big sagebrush Nevada bluegrass Antelope bitterbrush Arrowleaf balsamroot Longleaf hawksbeard Miscellaneous perennial forbs Miscellaneous perennial grasses	25 20 5 5 5 5 5 5

Table	6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities-	-Continued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name	-   	Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
132: Sprollow	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
Sprorrow.	Artrv/pssp6	2/200	000		Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY007ID)	i i		i	Nevada bluegrass	5
		i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		j	Cutleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Western wheatgrass	5
		İ		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	2
Hymas	Shallow Stony 12-16	1,000	600	300	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Arar8/pssp6				Basin big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY014ID)				Low sagebrush	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	ļ				Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Spiny phlox	5 
133:		1 400	1 000			
Sterling	· -	1,400	1,000	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	50
	Artrt/pssp6 (R028AY008ID)				Nevada bluegrass	15 10
	(R028A10081D)				Basin big sagebrush Antelope bitterbrush	5
134:						
Sterling	Gravelly Loam 12-16	1,400	1,000	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	50
-	Artrt/pssp6	i i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	15
	(R028AY008ID)	i i		İ	Basin big sagebrush	10
		İ			Antelope bitterbrush	5
135:						
Sterling		1,400	1,000	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	50
	Artrt/pssp6				Nevada bluegrass	15
	(R028AY008ID)				Threetip sagebrush	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5 
136: Sterling	Cravelly Ioam 12 16	1,400	1,000	F00	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	50
Sceriing	Artrt/pssp6	1,400	1,000	500	Nevada bluegrass	50   15
	(R028AY008ID)				Basin big sagebrush	10
	\K020A10001D)				Antelope bitterbrush	10   5
					www.erobe precerningn	 

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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
139:	 			I		
Toponce	Moist Mountain Loam 20+	2,500	1,500	900	Pinegrass	40
	Potr5 (R013XY016ID)	į į		İ	Mountain brome	10
		į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
	İ	į į		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
		į į		İ	Elk sedge	4
		į į		İ	Quaking aspen	3
		į į		İ	Sticky geranium	3
		į į		İ	Common snowberry	2
					Mountain big sagebrush	2
Broadhead	  Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,400	2,000	1,400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
	İ	i i		İ	Columbia needlegrass	10
	İ	i i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Geranium	5
	İ	į į		Ì	Mountain big sagebrush	5
	İ	į į		Ì	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	İ	į į		Ì	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	İ	į į		Ì	Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
143:						
Valmar	Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY003ID)				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	15
					Nevada bluegrass	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
		<u> </u>		ļ	Lupine	5
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
					Miscellaneous shrubs	5
				ļ	Slender wheatgrass	5
	I	1		1	Western snowberry	5

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Map symbol	Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland composition
and soil name	 	Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		
	<u> </u> 	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	<u> </u> 	Pct
143:	 					
Camelback	Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses	10
					Kentucky bluegrass	5
		į į		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
		į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
		į į		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Cutleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
	İ	i i		İ	Slender wheatgrass	5
				į	Western snowberry	5
Hades	  Steep Slope 16-22	2,000	1,500	900	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY003ID)	i i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
	İ	i i		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	i i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
		į		ļ	Slender wheatgrass	5
144:				l I		
Vitale	Gravelly Loam 16-22	2,000	1,500	850	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	15
	(R013XY007ID)	i i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
	İ	i i		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	İ	i i		İ	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
	İ	i i		İ	Lupine	5
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
	İ	i i		İ	Miscellaneous perennial grasses	5
				į	Miscellaneous shrubs	5
Bergquist	  Steep Slope 16-22	1,900	1,400	700	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Artrv/pssp6		•		Miscellaneous perennial grasses	20
	(R013XY003ID)	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	15
		j		İ	Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
	İ	j		İ	Miscellaneous shrubs	10
		į i		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
	İ	j		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
	İ	į į		İ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5

Table 6Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities-	-Continued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	coduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
145:						 
Vitale	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY007ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	ļ				Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	2
Yeates Hollow	Stony Loam 16-22	1,800	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Columbia needlegrass	5
	(R013XY019ID)				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
					Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5 I
Northwater	  Mountain Loam 18-22	2,100	1,800	1,600	Bigtooth maple	10
	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R047XY009ID)				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10
	ļ				Nevada bluegrass	5
					Rocky Mountain juniper	5
					Common chokecherry	5
					Miscellaneous perennial grasses   Snowberry	5   5
					Western wheatgrass	5   5
						3
151:	į	į į		į		
Wheelon		1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrt/pssp6				Basin big sagebrush	15
	(R028AY032ID)				Prairie junegrass	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5   5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5   5
	]				western wheatgrass	
Collinston	Steep Slope 12-16	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Artrt/pssp6				Basin big sagebrush	15
	(R028AY032ID)	į l			Prairie junegrass	10
		į į			Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
		1		1	Western wheatgrass	5

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total dr	y-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable     year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	   	Pct
152:		i i				
Windernot		1,600	900	700	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	(R028AY024ID)				Basin big sagebrush	15
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	 				Miscellaneous perennial forbs	5
Lewnot	Semiwet Meadow	2,800	2,200	1,900	  Slender wheatgrass	20
	(R028AY029ID)	İ			Tufted hairgrass	10
		į į			Kentucky bluegrass	5
					Cinquefoil	5
					Clover	5
					Shrubby cinquefoil	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
					Willow	5
Stinkcreek		4,500	3,600	2,500	  Tufted hairgrass	20
	İ	i i		İ	Cinquefoil	5
					Clover	5
156:						
Wormcreek	Ashy Loam 13-16	1,300	800	400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
	(R013XY009ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Needleandthread	5
Copenhagen	Ashy Loam 13-16	850	650		Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY009ID)				Nevada bluegrass	5
				ļ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Green rabbitbrush	5 5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
157:		į į		İ		
Wormcreek	1 2	1,300	800	400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
	(R013XY009ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	I	1			3 m t = 1 - m =	_
					Antelope bitterbrush Needleandthread	5 5

Table 6	Rangeland	Productivity	and	Characteristic	Plant	Communities Continued
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Map symbol	   Ecological site	Total di	ry-weight pr	oduction	Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
and soil name		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year	!	composition
		Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
157:						
Lonigan	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6				Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY007ID)				Western wheatgrass	10
	ļ				Nevada bluegrass	5
	ļ				Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ			ļ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	ļ			ļ	Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
158:						
Wursten		1,400	700	500	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	(R028AY024ID)				Basin big sagebrush	20
	ļ				Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ			ļ	Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
Dirtyhead	Shallow Loamy 8-12	1,800	1,200	800	Bluebunch wheatgrass	35
	Arno4/pssp6				Basin big sagebrush	15
	(R028AY013ID)				Prairie junegrass	10
					Nevada bluegrass	5
	ļ				Antelope bitterbrush	5
	ļ			ļ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	 				Western wheatgrass	5
159:	į			İ		
Xerochrepts		700	500	250	Bluebunch wheatgrass	25
	Juos/pssp6 (R028AY027ID)			ļ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	ļ			ļ	Utah juniper	15
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
	 				Thickspike wheatgrass	5
Wormcreek	Ashy Loam 13-16	1,300	800	400	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6				Arrowleaf balsamroot	10
	(R013XY009ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
	ļ			ļ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Needleandthread	5
Xerorthents	Juniper Breaks 13-16	700	500	250	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Juos/pssp6 (R028AY027ID)	ĺ			Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Utah juniper	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
				ļ	Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
				ļ	Green rabbitbrush	5
					Needleandthread	5
					Thickspike wheatgrass	5
				1		

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Ecological site   	Total dry-weight production			Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
		Favorable   year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
	<u> </u>   	Lb/acre	Lb/acre	Lb/acre		Pct
160:	 					 
Xerorthents	Steep Slopes 12-16	1,500	1,100	550	Bluebunch wheatgrass	20
	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	20
	(R013XY008ID)	į į			Nevada bluegrass	5
					Longleaf hawksbeard	5
					Sticky geranium	5
					Thickspike wheatgrass	5
61:	 					
Yeates Hollow	Stony Loam 16-22	1,800	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	Artrv/pssp6	i i		İ	Columbia needlegrass	5
	(R013XY019ID)	į į			Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
					Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
62:	 					[ ]
Yeates Hollow	Stony Loam 16-22	1,800	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Columbia needlegrass	5
	(R013XY019ID)				Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
					Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
Manila	  Loamy 16-22 Artrv/pssp6	2,600	2,000	1,200	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	16-22" (R013XY005ID)				Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Columbia needlegrass	5
					Nevada bluegrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Prairie junegrass	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5   5
					Sticky geranium	5 
Softback	!	2,100	1,800	1,600	Bigtooth maple	10
	Acsag2/artrv/pssp6				Bluebunch wheatgrass	10
	(R047XY009ID)	ļ ļ			Mountain big sagebrush	10
					Miscellaneous perennial forbs	10
					Miscellaneous shrubs	10
					Rocky Mountain juniper	5   5
	 				Common chokecherry	5   5
	 				Miscellaneous perennial grasses	

Table 6.--Rangeland Productivity and Characteristic Plant Communities--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Ecological site	Total dry-weight production			Characteristic vegetation	Rangeland
		Favorable year	Normal year	Unfavorable   year		composition
163:						
Yeates Hollow	Stony Loam 16-22	1,800	1,100	600	Bluebunch wheatgrass	40
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Columbia needlegrass	5
	(R013XY019ID)	į į		İ	Antelope bitterbrush	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Geranium	5
					Mountain big sagebrush	5
					Slender wheatgrass	5
Vitale	Gravelly Loam 16-22	1,100	800	500	  Bluebunch wheatgrass	30
	Artrv/pssp6	į į		İ	Mountain big sagebrush	10
	(R013XY007ID)	į į		İ	Nevada bluegrass	5
					Arrowleaf balsamroot	5
					Cutleaf balsamroot	5
					Western wheatgrass	5
					Antelope bitterbrush	2

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings

(Absence of an entry indicates that trees generally do not grow to the given height on the soil.)

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of									
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35					
Ant FlatAmur honeysuckle,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac		       	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	Idahybrid poplar					
: Ant Flat	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	   	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	Siberian elm	  Idahybrid poplar   					
: Ant Flat	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	   	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	  Idahybrid poplar 					
: Ant Flat	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	  Idahybrid poplar     					
Oxford.					 					
Ant Flat	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black   locust, blue   spruce, green ash,   ponderosa pine,   Scotch pine	Siberian elm	Idahybrid poplar    -  -					
Oxford.	 	 		 						
: Arbone	       	Amur honeysuckle, skunkbush sumac	  Black locust,   eastern redcedar	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, golden   willow, green ash,   Rocky Mountain   juniper	  Redosier dogwood   Siberian elm					

Table	7.	Windbreaks	and	${\tt Environmental}$	PlantingsContinued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of									
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35					
10: Battle Creek	    Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry	   	    Golden willow, green   ash	  Siberian elm	    Redosier dogwood 					
11: Battle Creek	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry		  Golden willow, green   ash		  Redosier dogwood 					
12: Battle Creek	  Common lilac,   Nanking cherry	Rocky Mountain juniper	  Scotch pine	Golden willow, honeylocust						
13: Bear Lake.										
Chesbrook.										
Picabo	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper		   						
15: Bear Lake.										
Downata.					 					
Thatcherflats	Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Siberian elm			  Redosier dogwood   					
17: Bearhollow										
Brifox	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm	     						
Iphil.										
21: Bothwell	  American plum,   common lilac	  Eastern redcedar,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	  Siberian elm 						

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
Map symbol and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
2:		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm						
23: Bothwell	American plum, common lilac	Eastern redcedar, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm					
Hades	des American plum, Eastern redcedar skunkbush sumac Russian olive,		Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	   					
Justesen	Common lilac,   Nanking cherry,   Tatarian   honeysuckle	Rocky Mountain juniper	  Blue spruce, Scotch   pine 	Golden willow,   honeylocust,   Russian olive					
24: Bothwell	American plum, common lilac	Eastern redcedar,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm					
Thatcher	tcher American plum, Rocky Mountain common lilac, juniper skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	Siberian elm					
25: Brifox	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	  Siberian elm    -  -						
Huffman	American plum, skunkbush sumac, Tatarian honeysuckle	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   					

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of									
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35					
6: Brifox	Amur honevsuckle,	Black locust, blue	  -  Siberian elm							
	Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive, skunkbush sumac	spruce, green ash,								
Huffman	American plum,   skunkbush sumac,   Tatarian   honeysuckle	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	Siberian elm						
7 :										
Brifox	Amur honeysuckle,   Austrian pine,   common lilac, Rocky   Mountain juniper,   Russian olive,   skunkbush sumac	Black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm       	<del></del>	       					
Niter	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, Scotch pine	Siberian elm	Lombardy poplar					
8:										
Brifox	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm   	<del></del>	       					
Niter	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, Scotch pine	Siberian elm	Lombardy popla					
0: Broadhead.										
Hades	American plum, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	   						
Yago.				 						

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average he	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
3: Camelback.					
Hades	American plum, Eastern redcedar, skunkbush sumac Russian olive, Siberian crabapple		Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine		     
Valmar.			    -		
4: Cedarhill	Common lilac, Rocky   Mountain juniper,   silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine	  Siberian elm     		       
5: Cedarhill.					
Hades	American plum, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar,   Russian olive,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	<del></del>	     
Ricrest.					
8: Cloudless	  American plum,   skunkbush sumac	  Eastern redcedar,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm 	       
Hades	American plum, Eastern redcedar, skunkbush sumac Russian olive, Siberian crabapple		Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	     	     
9: Cloudless	American plum.	  Eastern redcedar,	    Austrian pine, black	    Siberian elm	
	skunkbush sumac	Siberian crabapple	locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine		
Iades	  American plum,   skunkbush sumac 	Eastern redcedar,   Russian olive,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	   	   

Table 7	7Windbreaks	and	Environmental	Plantings	Continued
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Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of		
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35	
9:  Howcan Common lilac, silve   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac		 	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine, Rocky Mountain juniper	Siberian elm		
1: Delish	  Common lilac,   skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, golden willow, green ash	  Plains cottonwood	  Redosier dogwood 	
Cachecan	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, green ash, Scotch pine		     	
Stinkcreek.	 		 	 		
6: Hades	American plum,   skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	   	       	
Camelback.	 		 	 	   	
Hondoho.					 	
7: Hades	  American plum,   skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine		   	
Lanoak.						
Camelback.						

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Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
: endricks	dricks   American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac		     	Austrian pine, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm				
: olmes	 	 	    Cottonwood 						
: ondee	  Common lilac 	Austrian pine, black locust, ponderosa pine	  Green ash 	  Honeylocust 					
: ondee	  Common lilac	Austrian pine, black locust, ponderosa pine	  Green ash 	  Honeylocust 	   				
3: Iondoho	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine, Rocky Mountain juniper, Siberian elm	       	       	         				
ades	American plum, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	   	   				
4: Hondoho	Common lilac, Rocky   Mountain juniper,   silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine	  Siberian elm   						
icrest	American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	Siberian elm	     				

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
5: Hondoho.									
Sprollow.				    -	    -				
Hades	American plum, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine						
7:									
Huffman	American plum, skunkbush sumac, Tatarian honeysuckle	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	Siberian elm    -	   				
8:					 				
Huffman	American plum, skunkbush sumac, Tatarian honeysuckle	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	Siberian elm 	   				
9: Huffman	American plum, skunkbush sumac, Tatarian honeysuckle	Eastern redcedar,   Rocky Mountain   juniper, Russian   olive	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm 	   				
Dirtyhead.					 				
0:	 			 	l				
v. Huffman	American plum, skunkbush sumac, Tatarian honeysuckle	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	Siberian elm	   				
Harroun.									
Lanoak		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	   	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Scotch pine	  Golden willow,   Lombardy poplar   				

Table	7W	indbreaks	and	${\tt Environmental}$	PlantingsContinued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of									
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35					
51: Huffman	American plum, Eastern redcedar, skunkbush sumac, Rocky Mountain Tatarian juniper, Russian honeysuckle olive		Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm 						
Wursten.	   	   	   	   	 					
52: Iphil	   	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, silver buffaloberry	  Black locust,   eastern redcedar,   Rocky Mountain   juniper	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, golden   willow, green ash	  Idahybrid poplar   					
Lonigan	ganAmur honeysuckle,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac		Black locust,   eastern redcedar,   green ash, Rocky   Mountain juniper	Siberian elm						
4: Kabear	   	American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	  Eastern redcedar   	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	  Golden willow,   Lombardy poplar 					
Staberg	Amur honeysuckle,   common lilac, Rocky   Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, Scotch pine	  Chinese elm,   Siberian elm	     						
Copenhagen.	   	   	   	   						
5: Kabear	ear American plu common lila skunkbush s		  Eastern redcedar 	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	  Golden willow,   Lombardy poplar 					
Staberg.										
Copenhagen.										
6: Kearns	   	American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	  Eastern redcedar 	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	    Golden willow,   Lombardy poplar 					

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
7: Kearnsar	  Common lilac,   skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine	  Blue spruce, golden  willow, green ash 	Idahybrid poplar				
Battle Creek	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry		  Golden willow, green   ash	  Siberian elm 	Redosier dogwood				
8: Kidman		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	       	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, Lombardy poplar, ponderosa pine	Golden willow, Siberian elm				
9: Kidman		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	       	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, Lombardy poplar, ponderosa pine	Golden willow, Siberian elm				
1: Kidman, wet		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, Lombardy poplar, ponderosa pine	Golden willow, Siberian elm				
2: Kidman		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, Lombardy poplar, ponderosa pine	Golden willow, Siberian elm				
Sterling		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm       	     					

Table	7 Windhreaks	and	Environmental	Plantings Continue	а

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
3: Lando	  Common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	     	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, ponderosa pine	Blue spruce, golden   willow, green ash	Idahybrid poplar				
4: Lanoak		American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	     	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Scotch pine	Golden willow, Lombardy poplar				
5: Lanoak	   	American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	     	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Scotch pine	Golden willow, Lombardy poplar				
6: Lanoak		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	   	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Scotch pine	Golden willow, Lombardy poplar				
Broadhead.			 						
7: Lanoak.									
Broadhead.			i I						
Hades	American plum,   skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar,   Russian olive,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black   locust, green ash,   ponderosa pine,   Scotch pine	   					
8: Lanoak		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Scotch pine	Golden willow, Lombardy poplar				

Table 7	7Windbreaks	and	Environmental	Plantings	Continued
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	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
Map symbol and soil name	   <8 	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
78: Hades	American plum, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar,   Russian olive,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	       	     				
79: Lanoak		American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Scotch pine	  Golden willow,   Lombardy poplar 				
Thatcher.									
37: Manila	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	       	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine		  Lombardy poplar     				
38: Manila	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	           	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	  Lombardy poplar       				
39: Manila	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	         	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	  Lombardy poplar     				
90: Manila.									
Bancroft	  European privet,   Nanking cherry	  Rocky Mountain   juniper	  Blue spruce, Norway   spruce, Scotch pine		   				

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
01:									
Manila	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	         	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine	 	Lombardy poplar				
Broadhead.									
2:									
Manila	common lilac, skunkbush sumac	       	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine	 	Lombardy poplar				
Broadhead.	 								
94: Manila	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	       	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine	 	  Lombardy poplar   				
Yeates Hollow	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Nanking cherry, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, green   ash, ponderosa   pine, Rocky   Mountain juniper,   Scotch pine	Siberian elm		       				
95: Maplecreek	  Common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	     	Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	  Blue spruce, golden   willow, green ash 	  Idahybrid poplar,   redosier dogwood 				
06: Maplecreek	  Common lilac,   skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	  Blue spruce, golden   willow, green ash 	  Idahybrid poplar,   redosier dogwood				
Layton.									

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
Map symbol and soil name		8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
97: Merkley		Silver buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	  Eastern redcedar,   Rocky Mountain   juniper	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, green ash	Golden willow,   Lombardy poplar,   redosier dogwood,   Siberian elm				
Lago.									
Bear Lake.									
99: Niter	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	  Lombardy poplar 				
Brifox	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine	Siberian elm	       	     				
109: Parleys	American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash	  Chinese elm,   Siberian elm	   				
110: Parleys	American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash	  Chinese elm,   Siberian elm	   				
111: Parleys, wet	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	  Austrian pine,   Chinese elm, green   ash, Siberian elm						
113: Picabo	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper			   				
Thatcherflats		  Siberian elm 	   	   	  Redosier dogwood   				

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35					
15:										
Pollynot	American plum, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, Rocky   Mountain juniper 	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, Chinese   elm, green ash,   Scotch pine,   Siberian elm	     	       					
L6:					İ					
Pollynot	American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain   juniper 	Austrian pine, black   locust, blue   spruce, green ash,   Scotch pine	Chinese elm,   Siberian elm 	     					
17:										
Pollynot	American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain   juniper 	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, Scotch pine	Chinese elm,   Siberian elm 	     					
18:										
Pollynot	American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain   juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, Scotch pine	Chinese elm,   Siberian elm	   					
21: Povey.										
Hades	American plum, skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar,   Russian olive,   Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine		     					
Hondoho.										
27:	İ									
z/: Ricrest	American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain   juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	Siberian elm 	     					

Table	7	Windbreaks	and	Environmental	P.	lantingsContinued	L
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Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
33: Sterling	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm 	     	   				
34: Sterling		Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	Siberian elm 						
37: Sterling	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, honeylocust, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm    -	     	     				
Parleys	  American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash	  Chinese elm,   Siberian elm	   				
38: Thatcher	American plum,   common lilac,   skunkbush sumac	Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   	       				
Bearhollow.			   						
40: Trenton	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac		  Siberian elm 		    Redosier dogwood 				
Battle Creek	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry		  Golden willow, green   ash 	  Siberian elm   	  Redosier dogwood   				

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of								
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35				
41: Trenton, cool	  Common lilac, silver  buffaloberry,  skunkbush sumac		    Siberian elm 		    Redosier dogwood 				
Battle Creek, cool	  Common lilac, silver   buffaloberry		Golden willow, green	  Siberian elm 	Redosier dogwood				
42: Trenton	Common lilac, silver buffaloberry, skunkbush sumac		  Siberian elm 	   	  Redosier dogwood				
Parleys	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, Chinese elm, green ash, Siberian elm						
43: Valmar.									
Camelback.				    -					
Hades	American plum,   skunkbush sumac	Eastern redcedar, Russian olive, Siberian crabapple	Austrian pine, black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine						
46: Welby	    Silver buffaloberry,	Black locust,	Austrian pine, blue	 					
•	skunkbush sumac	eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	spruce, green ash,   Siberian elm						
47: Welby	  Silver buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, green ash,   Siberian elm						
48: Welby, wet	  Silver buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, green ash,   Siberian elm						

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Man gymbal	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of							
Map symbol and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35			
149: Collinston	  Amur honeysuckle   	Black locust,   eastern redcedar,   Rocky Mountain   juniper, Russian   olive	Austrian pine, blue spruce, green ash, Siberian elm		   			
Wheelon	Silver buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper			         			
L50: Wheelon	  Silver buffaloberry,   skunkbush sumac 	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper			       			
Collinston	Amur honeysuckle	Black locust,   eastern redcedar,   Rocky Mountain   juniper, Russian   olive	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, green ash,   Siberian elm					
.51: Wheelon.								
Collinston	Amur honeysuckle	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, green ash,   Siberian elm		     			
L52: Windernot	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash	Siberian elm		       			

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol		Trees having predic	ted 20-year average h	eight, in feet, of	
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35
152: Lewnot	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac		Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper	  Blue spruce, golden   willow, green ash	  Idahybrid poplar,   redosier dogwood
Stinkcreek.		   			
153: winn	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac	Austrian pine, black locust, blue spruce, green ash, ponderosa pine, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine, Siberian crabapple		     	           
154: Winwell	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm     	     	       
155: Winwell	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Rocky Mountain juniper, skunkbush sumac	  Black locust,   ponderosa pine,   Scotch pine	  Siberian elm   		         
Collinston	Amur honeysuckle	Black locust, eastern redcedar, Rocky Mountain juniper, Russian olive	Austrian pine, blue   spruce, green ash,   Siberian elm		     
162: Yeates Hollow	Amur honeysuckle, Austrian pine, common lilac, Nanking cherry, skunkbush sumac	Black locust, green ash, ponderosa pine, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine	  Siberian elm     	     	           

Table 7.--Windbreaks and Environmental Plantings--Continued

Map symbol	Trees having predicted 20-year average height, in feet, of										
and soil name	<8	8-15	16-25	26-35	>35						
62:											
Manila	Amur honeysuckle, common lilac, skunkbush sumac		Austrian pine, black locust, eastern redcedar, green ash, Rocky Mountain juniper, Scotch pine		Lombardy poplar						
Softback.				   							

### Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	  Pct.   of  map  unit	 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
1: Airport	   80       	   Very limited   Sodium content   Flooding   Salinity   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Sodium content   Salinity   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Sodium content   Salinity   Slow water   movement	   1.00   1.00   0.41
2: Ant Flat	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 		    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41
3: Ant Flat	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.41    0.12
4: Ant Flat	     90     	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.41    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.41    0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41
5: Ant Flat	   65   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.41
Oxford	   25     	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.50  0.45    0.04	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.50  0.45    0.04	Very limited Slope Too clayey Slow water movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45
6: Ant Flat	   50   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41
Oxford	   35     	Very limited Slope Too clayey Slow water movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45	Very limited Slope Too clayey Slow water movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45	Very limited Slope Too clayey Slow water movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45
7: Arbone	     80 	    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
8: Banida	     85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45
9: Banida	   80   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.45 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.45 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.45
10: Battle Creek	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.45	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.45	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45
11: Battle Creek	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.45 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.45 	Somewhat limited Slow water movement Slope	0.45
12: Battle Creek	     95   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.45 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.45 	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
13: Bear Lake Chesbrook	         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Ponding   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Slow water   movement     Very limited	  1.00    1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.60  0.21
Chesbrook	30       	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	0.99	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	0.21
Picabo	   15   	  Very limited   Sodium content   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
14: Bear Lake	   50         	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.40  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds   	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
14:		   					
Downata	35 35	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
	       	Flooding   Ponding   Slow water   movement	1.00  1.00  0.21	Ponding   Flooding   Slow water   movement	1.00  0.40  0.21	Flooding   Ponding   Slow water   movement	1.00  1.00  0.21
15: Bear Lake	ļ	 	į	 	į	 	į
Beal Dake	30   	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
	   	Flooding Slow water movement	1.00	Flooding   Slow water   movement	0.40	Flooding   Slow water   movement	1.00
Downata	   25 	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
		Flooding	1.00	Ponding	1.00	Flooding	1.00
	   	Ponding   Slow water   movement	1.00	Flooding   Slow water   movement	0.40	Ponding   Slow water   movement	1.00
Thatcherflats	20	Very limited Sodium content Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.45	Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.45 	Very limited Sodium content Slow water movement	1.00
16:	 						
Bear Lake	65   	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
	   	Flooding Slow water movement	1.00	Slow water   movement	0.21	Flooding Slow water movement	0.60
Lago	   30     	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.03	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.07
17:							
Bearhollow	30     	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	1.00  1.00  0.50
Brifox	   25     	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45		  1.00  0.50  0.45	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45
Iphil	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map unit			Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	   	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
18: Bergquist	     60 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Rubble land	15	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
19: Bergquist	     45   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Softback	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
20: Bergquist	   	Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Vitale	25         	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones 	  1.00  0.82   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones 	  1.00  0.82   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock	0.66
21: Bothwell	   80 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
22: Bothwell	   80 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
23: Bothwell	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Justesen	   20 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
24: Bothwell	   40 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Thatcher	35 35	Not limited		  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
25:							
Brifox	40	Somewhat limited	İ	Somewhat limited	İ	Very limited	İ
		Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50	Slope	1.00
		Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45	Too clayey	0.50
		movement		movement		Slow water	0.45
		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01	movement	
Huffman	35	  Somewhat limited	1	  Somewhat limited		  Very limited	
İ		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01	Slope	1.00
0.6							
26:   Brifox	40	  Very limited	1	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
i		Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50
İ		Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45
į		movement	į	movement		movement	į
Huffman	35	  Very limited	-	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	33	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
į		220,00		22010		22010	
27:			į		ļ		į
Brifox	55	Somewhat limited		Somewhat limited		Very limited	
		Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50	Slope	1.00
		Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45	Too clayey	0.50
		movement Slope	0.01	movement Slope	0.01	Slow water movement	0.45
		blobe		brobe			
Niter	25	Somewhat limited	į	Somewhat limited		Very limited	į
		Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45	Slope	1.00
		movement		movement		Slow water	0.45
		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01	movement	
28:							
Brifox	65	Very limited	į	Very limited	İ	Very limited	j
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50
		Slow water movement	0.45	Slow water movement	0.45	Slow water movement	0.45
İ							
Niter	20	Very limited	į	Very limited		Very limited	į
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Slow water movement	0.45	Slow water   movement	0.45	Slow water   movement	0.45
i			l				
29:			į		İ		
Brifox	55	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50	Too clayey	0.50
!		Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45
		movement		movement		movement	
Niter	25	  Very limited	i	  Very limited		  Very limited	İ
i		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
Į.							
İ		Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45	Slow water	0.45

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	_ 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds   		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
30:			İ		İ		İ	
Broadhead	30	Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	0.63	Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	0.63	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	
Hades	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.63	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
Yago	25           	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Slope   Slow water   movement	0.86	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Slope   Slow water   movement	0.86	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Slow water movement Gravel content	  1.00  0.86    0.41    0.08	
31:								
Broadhead	40     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
Yago	35           	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.86    0.41	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.86    0.41	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Slow water movement Gravel content	  1.00  0.86    0.41 	
32:						 		
Camelback	55   	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00  1.00	
Lonigan	25     	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.97 	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.97 	Very limited Gravel content Slope Depth to bedrock	1.00  1.00  0.90	
33:								
Camelback	40   	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00	
Hades	20	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
Valmar	   20       	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.93  0.90  0.08	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		   Playgrounds 	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
34: Cedarhill	90	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	    1.00  1.00
35: Cedarhill	   40 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Hades	   25   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Ricrest	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
36: Cedarhill	   35 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Hondoho	   30 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Ridgecrest	   20     	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.37  0.29	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.37  0.29	Very limited Slope Gravel content Depth to bedrock Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.71  0.29
37: Chesbrook	   60     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	0.99	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	1.00
Bear Lake	   20       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.21	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00    0.60  0.21
38: Cloudless	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   40   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	  0.01 	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	of   map		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
   	     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
39: Cloudless	35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Howcan	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
40: Copenhagen	   35   	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.98	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.98	   Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Lonigan	   30   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.20
Manila	   20   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
41: Delish	     40   	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity	    1.00  0.39    0.13	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity	    0.19    0.13	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity	0.39
Cachecan	   25 	  Very limited   Flooding   Dusty	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Dusty	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Dusty	0.50
Stinkcreek	   15         	Very limited  Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21
42: Downata	   80         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Ponding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.40  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Ponding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.21

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	<u>-</u> 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
43: Dranburn	     45   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.21	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.21	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
Robin	35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
44: Enochville	   75         	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	  1.00  0.98    0.21	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  0.75    0.40  0.21	Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  0.98    0.21
45: Foxol	   45       	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones	!	Depth to bedrock	0.55
Vitale	   30       	Very limited Slope Content of large stones	  1.00  0.82 		  1.00  0.82   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock	0.66
46: Hades	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Camelback	20	Very limited Slope Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Hondoho	20	Very limited Slope Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
47: Hades	     25 	Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Lanoak	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope 	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas	Camp areas			Playgrounds   	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
48:			† 		<u> </u>		
Haploxerolls	45   	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Xerorthents	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Dusty   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Dusty   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21		  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
49: Hendricks	     90 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
50: Holmes	     90 	  Very limited   Flooding   Gravel content	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	    0.01	  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
51: Hondee	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	      0.97	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	      0.97	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
52: Hondee	     75 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.97  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.97  0.01	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
53: Hondoho	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	  0.12  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.12  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
54: Hondoho	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Gravel content	0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Gravel content	0.63	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Ricrest	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.61	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.61	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
55: Hondoho	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00
Sprollow	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	<u> </u>		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
55: Hades	20	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.08	
56: Hondoho	     45 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	
Vitale	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82	   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.82 	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.82    0.66	
57: Huffman	       80	    Not limited		    Not limited	     	Depth to bedrock	0.65	
58: Huffman	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
59: Huffman	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Dirtyhead	   30     	  Very limited   Gravel content   Dusty   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Gravel content   Dusty   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Dusty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	
60: Huffman	     35	    Not limited 		    Not limited	     	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	
Harroun	   30     	   Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00    0.42  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00    0.42  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00    1.00  1.00	
Lanoak	   25 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.50	
61: Huffman	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Wursten	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
62: Iphil	     60 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.96	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.96	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
62: Lonigan	20	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.97  0.96	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.97  0.96	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00	
63: Ireland	   50       	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.72  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.72  0.01	Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.01	
Polumar	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
64: Kabear	50	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Staberg	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 		  1.00  0.44  0.01	
Copenhagen	   15   	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00  0.98  0.01	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00  0.98  0.01	•	  1.00  1.00  1.00	
65: Kabear	50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Staberg	   25   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	  1.00 	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.44  0.01	
Copenhagen	   15     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.98	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.98	Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	
66: Kearns	80	    Not limited		  Not limited		    Not limited	     	
67: Kearnsar	60	  Not limited 		  Not limited		  Not limited	   	
Battle Creek	25	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	
68: Kidman	90	    Not limited 	   	    Not limited		    Not limited 		

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
69: Kidman	85	    Not limited		  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.12	
70: Kidman	     85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
71: Kidman, wet	     85	    Not limited		  Not limited		    Not limited		
72: Kidman	     45 	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited		
Sterling	30	Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.68	Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.68	  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00	
73: Lando	     75 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41	   Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41	
74: Lanoak	     75	  Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited		
75: Lanoak	     75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
76: Lanoak	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Broadhead	   40   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
77: Lanoak	35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Broadhead	   30   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
Hades	   15   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
78: Lanoak	     40 	    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Hades	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.08	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	  Pct.   of  map  unit 	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds     		
	   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
79: Lanoak	     60	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Thatcher	   25   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
80: Layton	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	    0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	
81: Layton	   80 	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	    0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	
82: Lizdale	   80     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  0.93  0.08	
83: Lizdale	   55     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  0.93  0.08	
Searla	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.54	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
84: Logan	   90       	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.96	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.96	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.96	
85: Lonigan	     40   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.97	   Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.20	
Lizdale	   40       	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08 	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08 	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  0.93  0.08	
86: Lonigan	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content 	    1.00  0.97 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content 	    1.00  0.97 	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		
		   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
86: Ricrest	     30 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
87: Manila	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.41	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.41	  Somewhat limited  Slow water   movement	0.41	
88: Manila	   80   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.41    0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
89: Manila	   85   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
90: Manila	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.41    0.37	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.41    0.37	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
Bancroft	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
91: Manila Broadhead	   50         25	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope    Somewhat limited	      0.41    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope    Somewhat limited	    0.41    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement    Very limited	1.00	
Dioduledd	23     	Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
92: Manila	   40   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	
Broadhead	   35     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds		
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	
93: Manila	50	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	
Lonigan	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.97	Very limited Gravel content Slope Depth to bedrock	1.00  1.00  0.20	
94: Manila	   55   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  0.84  0.41	Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.84  0.41	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	
Yeates Hollow	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.84 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.84 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
95: Maplecreek	     95 	  Very limited   Flooding	      1.00	  Not limited	     	  Not limited		
96: Maplecreek	     45 	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Not limited		  Not limited		
Layton	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	
97: Merkley	     45	  Not limited		    Not limited 		    Not limited 		
Lago	20     	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.07	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.03	Somewhat limited Depth to saturated zone	0.07	
Bear Lake	   15         	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.21	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00    0.60  0.21	
98: Moonlight	   40 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Camelback	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00	

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	f   p		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
99: Niter	60	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45
Brifox	     20     	   Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	    0.50  0.45	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	    0.50  0.45	Slope Somewhat limited Too clayey Slow water movement Slope	0.12
100: Northwater	   35 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.26	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Foxol	   25     		  1.00  1.00  0.46		  1.00  1.00  0.46	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Gravel content Content of large stones	0.55
Vitale	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Gravel content Depth to bedrock	0.66
101: Northwater	     65 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Povey	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
102: Northwater	     65 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.26	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Povey	   15   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
103: Nyman	     50 	    Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.05
Lonigan	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
103: Copenhagen	     15   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00  0.98	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00  0.98	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00
104: Oxford	     45   	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	      0.50  0.45	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	    0.50  0.45	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.50  0.45 
Banida	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.45 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.45 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.45
105: Oxford	     45   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.50  0.45    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.50  0.45    0.01	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45
Banida	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.45    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.45    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.45
106: Oxford	     50     	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.50  0.45	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.50  0.45	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.50  0.45
Banida	35     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.45	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.45	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
107: Oxford	   65   	Very limited Slope Too clayey Slow water movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.50  0.45
Gullied land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   
108: Parkay	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.21	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.21 	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
108: Povey	30	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
109: Parleys	85	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
110: Parleys	85	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Very limited   Slope	1.00
111: Parleys, wet	90	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Not limited		  Not limited 	
112: Pavohroo	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Sedgway	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.21	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.21	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
Toponce	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.96		  1.00  0.96	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Gravel content	1.00
113: Picabo	     45 	    Very limited   Sodium content   Flooding	1.00	    Very limited   Sodium content	1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
Thatcherflats	30	  Very limited   Sodium content   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.45	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.45 	   Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.45
114: Pits, gravel	100	    Not rated		    Not rated		    Not rated	
115: Pollynot	75	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
116: Pollynot	75	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
117: Pollynot	75	  Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.12
118: Pollynot	     75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.63	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	of   nap		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
119:					İ		
Polumar	45   	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.61	! -	1.00
Ireland	   30         	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.72  0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.72  0.01	Gravel content	
120: Polumar	   30 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.61		1.00
Sprollow	   30     	Very limited Slope Gravel content Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	Very limited Slope Gravel content Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50		  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01
Ireland	   20       	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.72  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.72  0.01	Gravel content	:
121: Povey	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00
Hades	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hondoho	   15     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
122: Povey	   45   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Parkay	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.21	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.21
123: Preston	     90 	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy	      1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
124: Preston	90	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy   Slope	1.00
125: Preston	   85   	  Very limited   Too sandy   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too sandy	1.00
126:	İ		İ		İ		
Preston	55   	Very limited   Slope   Too sandy	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Too sandy   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Too sandy	1.00
Xerorthents	20       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Dusty   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Dusty   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Dusty	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
127: Ricrest	   90   	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.61  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.61	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
128: Sanyon	     30   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Staberg	   30   	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	  1.00 	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock	1.00  0.44  0.01
Kabear	20	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
129: Smidale	   85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
130: Smidale	   45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Staberg	   40     	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.44  0.01
131: Sprollow	   45       	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty   Depth to bedrock	1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	 		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
		   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
131: Hondoho	35	Very limited		    Very limited		    Very limited	
		Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Slope   Gravel content	1.00	Slope   Gravel content	1.00
132: Sprollow	   40     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  0.59  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01
Hymas	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	1.00  1.00  1.00
133: Sterling	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	    0.68	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.68	  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
134: Sterling	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	    0.68 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.68	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
135: Sterling	   90   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
136: Sterling	   85 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
137: Sterling	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.68	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.68	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Parleys	30	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.12
138: Thatcher	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Bearhollow	   35       	   Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope   Dusty	  0.97  0.84  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope   Dusty	  0.97  0.84  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  0.50

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	Camp areas		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
139: Toponce	50	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.96	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.96	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Gravel content	    1.00  0.96    0.56
Broadhead	   30   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41 	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41
140: Trenton	50   	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41
Battle Creek	   40 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45
141: Trenton, cool	     50 	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41
Battle Creek, cool	   40 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.45
142: Trenton	     45   	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41
Parleys	   35 	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
143: Valmar	   40     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones	:
Camelback	   25 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Hades	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	of   nap		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
144: Vitale	   40     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock	0.66
Bergquist	   25 	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Rock outcrop	   15	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
145: Vitale	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	!
Yeates Hollow	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Northwater	   15 	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.26	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.26	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
146: Welby	     90 	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
147: Welby	     90 	  Very limited   Sodium content	      1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content	      1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content   Slope	1.00
148: Welby, wet	     85	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
149: Collinston	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Wheelon	   40   	  Somewhat limited   Dusty   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Dusty   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00
150: Wheelon	     40 	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00
Collinston	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	  Pct.   of  map  unit	<u> </u>		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
151:							
Wheelon	45   	Very limited   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00
Collinston	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
152: Windernot	   40 	  Very limited   Flooding   Gravel content	  1.00  0.68	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	    0.68	  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
Lewnot	20	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
Stinkcreek	   15           	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.21
153: Winn	90	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
154: Winwell	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41
155: Winwell	     45   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.88  0.41
Collinston	   35 	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 	 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.88
156: Wormcreek	     50 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.71	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.71	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00
Copenhagen	   30   	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.98	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.98	Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00
157: Wormcreek	     45   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.71	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.71	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	<u> </u>		Picnic areas		Playgrounds	
	     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
157: Lonigan	     35   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	      1.00  0.97	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90
158: Wursten	     45 	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
Dirtyhead	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  0.50		1.00   1.00   0.50   0.01
159: Xerochrepts	     30 	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00
Wormcreek	   25 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.71	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Xerorthents	   20     		  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21		  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Dusty	1.00   1.00   1.00   0.50
160: Xerorthents	   75     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Dusty   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Dusty   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
161: Yeates Hollow	     85   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
162: Yeates Hollow	   40 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Manila	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
Softback	   15 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 8.--Recreational Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name			Camp areas Picnic areas			Playgrounds	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
163: Yeates Hollow	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.41
Vitale	   35       	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content	  1.00  0.82    0.80  0.66
164: Water	    100	    Not rated 		    Not rated 		    Not rated 	

### Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	Golf fairways	
	map  unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	     80 	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		  Very limited   Sodium content   Salinity	1.00
2: Ant Flat	     85	  Not limited		    Not limited 		    Not limited	
3: Ant Flat	     85 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
4: Ant Flat	   90 	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
5: Ant Flat	65	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
Oxford	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00
6: Ant Flat	     50 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.02	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Oxford	   35   	   Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.02	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
7: Arbone	     80	  Not limited	     	    Not limited		    Not limited	
8: Banida	     85	  Not limited	     	  Not limited		    Not limited	
9: Banida	     80	  Not limited	   	  Not limited		  Not limited	
10: Battle Creek	     85	  Not limited	     	  Not limited		  Not limited	
11: Battle Creek	     85	  Not limited	     	  Not limited		  Not limited	
12: Battle Creek	     95	  Not limited	     	  Not limited		  Not limited	
13: Bear Lake	   40     	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	map  unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
13: Chesbrook	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	      0.99 	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	      0.99 	  Very limited   Carbonate content   Depth to   saturated zone	      1.00  0.99
Picabo	   15   	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Sodium content   Carbonate content	    1.00  1.00
14: Bear Lake	     50   	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	      1.00  1.00
Downata	   35     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Ponding Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00   
15: Bear Lake	     50   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    1.00    0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    1.00    0.40	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00
Downata	   25     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00
Thatcherflats	   20 	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited		  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
16: Bear Lake	     65   	Very limited Depth to saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00
Lago	   30   	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited 		Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.03
17: Bearhollow	     30 	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Dusty   Slope	0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.97
Brifox	   25   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Water erosion   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.08	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  1.00
Iphil	   20   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways   	
		'	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
18: Bergquist	     60     	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Rubble land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	
19: Bergquist	   45     	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Softback	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
20: Bergquist	   55     	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.96	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Vitale	   25     	Slope	  1.00  0.82 	Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  0.96  0.82 	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	į
21: Bothwell	     80	  Not limited	   	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
22: Bothwell	     80   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
23: Bothwell	   35 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	  1.00  0.02	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.02	  Not limited 	   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Justesen	   20 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
24: Bothwell	     40	    Not limited		    Not limited	   	    Not limited	   
Thatcher	   35	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Paths and trail 	s	   Off-road   motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways   	1
		Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
25: Brifox	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	      0.50	    Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00
Huffman	   35 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
26: Brifox	     40   	Very limited Water erosion Slope Too clayey	  1.00  0.68  0.50	  Very limited   Water erosion   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Huffman	   35   	   Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
27: Brifox	     55 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	    0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00
Niter	   25 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
28: Brifox	   65 	Very limited Water erosion Too clayey Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.32	  Very limited   Water erosion   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Niter	   20 	   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
29: Brifox	     55   	Very limited Slope Water erosion Too clayey	    1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Water erosion   Too clayey   Slope	    1.00  0.50  0.22	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Niter	   25 	Very limited Slope Water erosion	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	  1.00  0.22	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
30: Broadhead	     30	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63
Hades	   25 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63
Yago	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	    0.86	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	    0.86 	  Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope	1.00
31: Broadhead	     40 	   Somewhat limited   Slope	0.02	    Not limited 		    Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
31: Yago	35	   Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Slope	0.86	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	0.86	   Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope	1.00
32: Camelback	   55   	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.78 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Lonigan	   25     	   Very limited   Slope  -	  1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   	    0.78     	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42
33: Camelback	   40 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hades	20	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Not limited 	   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Valmar	   20       	   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08 	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	  0.08     	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to bedrock Droughty	İ
34: Cedarhill	     90     	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.02   	  Not limited   	         	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.61
35: Cedarhill	   40   	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.78 	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.61
Hades	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.78	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Ricrest	   20   	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.78 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
36: Cedarhill	   35     	   Very limited   Slope	    1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.78   	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.61

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	of		Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	Golf fairways	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
36: Hondoho	30	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.78   	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.38 
Ridgecrest	   20           	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.29 	Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  0.78  0.29   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Carbonate content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	1.00
37: Chesbrook	   60   	Somewhat limited Depth to saturated zone	    0.99 	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.99 	  Very limited   Carbonate content   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.99
Bear Lake	   20     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone	  1.00   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.60
38: Cloudless	   50 	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
Hades	   40 	  Not limited   		  Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
39: Cloudless	   35 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00
Hades	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.02	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Howcan	20       	Somewhat limited Slope	0.02	Not limited 		Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.91  0.01
40: Copenhagen	   35           	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00       	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.32	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.98

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	Golf fairways		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
40: Lonigan	30	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.32	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.97  0.42  0.20	
Manila	   20   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	  1.00  0.32	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
41: Delish	   40   	  Not limited   		  Not limited   		Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity	0.19	
Cachecan	25	Somewhat limited   Dusty	0.50	Somewhat limited   Dusty	0.50	  Not limited 		
Stinkcreek	   15     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00 	Very limited Sodium content Depth to saturated zone	1.00	
42: Downata	   80     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Ponding Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	Depth to	1.00	
43: Dranburn	     45 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Robin	   35   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
44: Enochville	   75     	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    0.44    0.40	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    0.44    0.40	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	
45: Foxol	   45       	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.46 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	0.96	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  1.00 	

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways   	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
45: Vitale	30	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	0.96	Very limited Slope Droughty Content of large stones Depth to bedrock	į
46:	İ		İ		İ		İ
Hades	35   	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Camelback	20   	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hondoho	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   	  1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   	  1.00   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	1.00
47: Hades	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.78	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Lanoak	   25 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	  1.00  0.78	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   25   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.78 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
48:		 					
Haploxerolls	45   	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Droughty	1.00
Xerorthents	30         	   Very limited   Slope   Dusty 	  1.00  0.50 	   Very limited   Slope   Dusty 	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Droughty Gravel content Content of large stones	1.00  1.00  0.21
49: Hendricks	     90 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
50: Holmes	     90 	  Not limited 		  Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Droughty   Gravel content	0.35
51: Hondee	     85 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.97

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trails		Golf fairways		
	map  unit 	!	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
52: Hondee	     75   	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.97  0.01	
53: Hondoho	   50     	  Not limited  - 	         	  Not limited   	         	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Gravel content   Slope	  0.38    0.12  0.01	
Hades	   30 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01	
54: Hondoho	   50     	  Not limited   	         	  Not limited   	       	Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  0.63  0.38    0.12	
Ricrest	   40 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	     	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.61  0.01	
55: Hondoho	   35     	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.32   	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	    1.00  0.38    0.12	
Sprollow	   30       	   Very limited   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  0.50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Dusty	  0.78  0.50   	Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	0.59	
Hades	   20 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.32	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	
56: Hondoho	   45     	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.78   	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Gravel content	  1.00  0.38    0.12	
Vitale	   30       	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Slope	  0.82    0.78	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	į	
57: Huffman	     80 	    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	     	

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trails		Golf fairways		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
58: Huffman	     80 	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	
59: Huffman	45	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	
Dirtyhead	   30       	   Somewhat limited   Dusty 	    0.50     	   Somewhat limited   Dusty 	    0.50     	Very limited   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.66  0.01  0.01	
60: Huffman	35	  Not limited	<u> </u> 	  Not limited		  Not limited	<u> </u> 	
Harroun	   30           	Not limited		Not limited		Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Slope	  1.00  0.42	
Lanoak	25	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Not limited 		
61: Huffman	   45 	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	
Wursten	   35 	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	
62: Iphil	   60 	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.96	
Lonigan	20       	Not limited	         	Not limited		Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	  0.97  0.96  0.90  0.42	
63: Ireland	   50       	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.01 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.01 	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.99  0.95  0.95	
Polumar	   25       	   Very limited   Slope 	    1.00       	   Very limited   Slope 	  1.00     	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Droughty	  1.00  0.61  0.01 	

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	Golf fairways	
	unit  unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
64: Kabear	     50	    Not limited	     	    Not limited		    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
Staberg	   25 	  Not limited   	     	  Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.01
Copenhagen	   15         	  Not limited   		  Not limited     		Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Slope	1.00
65: Kabear	     50 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Staberg	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.68 	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00
Copenhagen	   15           	Somewhat limited Slope	0.68	  Not limited   		Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.98
66: Kearns	     80	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
67: Kearnsar	60	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
Battle Creek	25	  Not limited		Not limited		  Not limited 	
68: Kidman	   90 	  Not limited	   	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 	   
69: Kidman	   85	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
70: Kidman	     85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.22	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	     85	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
72: Kidman	     45 	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Not limited 	
Sterling	30   	Not limited  -  -	     	Not limited		Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	0.68

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	1
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73: Lando	     75	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
74: Lanoak	75	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	į į
75: Lanoak	75	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
76: Lanoak	     45 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Water erosion	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	40	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.68	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00
77: Lanoak	     35 	   Very limited   Slope   Water erosion	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.96	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.96	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	15	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
78: Lanoak	     40 	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
Hades	35	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
79: Lanoak	     60 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	      1.00  0.68	    Very limited   Water erosion	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Thatcher	25	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.68	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00
80: Layton	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.21
81: Layton	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited  Droughty	0.21
82: Lizdale	   80     	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Carbonate content   Droughty	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of		s	Off-road   motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	: -	·	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
83: Lizdale	   55       	Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	0.68	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	0.08	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope   Carbonate content   Droughty	1.00
Searla	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.68 	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.54
84: Logan	   90   		1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00
85: Lonigan	   40     	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.97  0.42  0.20
Lizdale	40         	Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	0.18	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	  0.08     	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope   Carbonate content   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.01
86: Lonigan	   45     	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	  1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42
Ricrest	30	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.61
87: Manila	85	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Not limited 	     
88: Manila	80	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
89: Manila	   85   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Water erosion 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00
90: Manila	50	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37
Bancroft	30	  Very limited   Water erosion 	    1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion 	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.37

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	3
	map  unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
91: Manila	     50	  Not limited		    Not limited 		    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
Broadhead	25	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 	   	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
92: Manila	     40 	Very limited Water erosion Slope	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.68	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00
93: Manila	     50 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.92	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Lonigan	   30   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.92   	Not limited		Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	1.00  0.97  0.42  0.20
94: Manila	     55	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
Yeates Hollow	   30   	Not limited	       	Not limited		Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	0.84
95: Maplecreek	     95	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
96: Maplecreek	     45	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
Layton	35	  Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	Somewhat limited   Too sandy	0.87	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.21
97: Merkley	     45	    Not limited	   	    Not limited	   	    Not limited	
Lago	   20 	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.03
Bear Lake	   15   	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00 	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00
98: Moonlight	     40 	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	ı
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
98: Camelback	     35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
99: Niter	60	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
Brifox	20	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00
100: Northwater	     35   	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  0.30  0.26
Foxol	   25     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.46 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.46 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Droughty	1.00
Vitale	   20     	Very limited Slope Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	Very limited Slope Droughty Content of large stones Depth to bedrock	j
101: Northwater	     65   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  0.30  0.26
Povey	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.50	  Not limited   	     	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.01
102: Northwater	     65   	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	  1.00  0.30  0.26
Povey	   15 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
103: Nyman	     50   	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00 	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trails		   Golf fairways 	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
103: Lonigan	   20   	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00   	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	    1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42
Copenhagen	   15         	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00       	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00       	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.98
104: Oxford	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00
Banida	35	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
105: Oxford	     45 	    Somewhat limited   Too clayey 	0.50	    Somewhat limited   Too clayey 	0.50	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.01
Banida	   35 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
106: Oxford	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	    0.68  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	      0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00
Banida	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.68	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00
107: Oxford	     65 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	    0.78  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Gullied land	15	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
108: Parkay	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Povey	   30   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
109: Parleys	     85	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
110: Parleys	     85	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Not limited 	
111: Parleys, wet	     90 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Not limited 	

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	unit	!	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
112: Pavohroo	30	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.78	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Sedgway	30	   Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.78	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00
Toponce	   20   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion 	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00
113: Picabo	   45 	  Not limited   	     	  Not limited   	     	  Very limited   Sodium content   Carbonate content	    1.00  1.00
Thatcherflats	30	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
114: Pits, gravel	100	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   
115: Pollynot	   75 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	     	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01
116: Pollynot	75	    Not limited	   	  Not limited	     	    Not limited	     
117: Pollynot	75	  Not limited	     	    Not limited		  Not limited	     
118: Pollynot	   75 	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63
119: Polumar	   45       	   Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	Very limited Slope Gravel content Content of large stones Droughty	  1.00  0.61  0.01
Ireland	   30         	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.01 	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.01 	Very limited Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Content of large stones Gravel content	  1.00  0.99  0.95  0.95 
120: Polumar	   30       	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00     	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00     	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Droughty	  1.00  0.61  0.01 

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map			Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	map  unit 	!	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
120: Sprollow	30	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	0.59
Ireland	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.01	Depth to bedrock 	    1.00  0.99  0.95
121: Povey	     35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.22	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.01
Hades	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.22	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hondoho	   15   	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slope	  0.22   	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Gravel content	1.00
122: Povey	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.01
Parkay	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
123: Preston	     90 	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.61
124: Preston	     90 	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.61
125: Preston	     85   	  Very limited   Too sandy   Slope	    1.00  0.18	  Very limited   Too sandy 	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	    1.00  0.61
126: Preston	     55   	  Very limited   Slope   Too sandy	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Too sandy   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	    1.00  0.61

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	unit	!	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
126: Xerorthents	20	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50 	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.21
127: Ricrest	   90 	Not limited		  Not limited 		Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.61
128: Sanyon	   30   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.78	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Droughty Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Staberg	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.78	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00
Kabear	   20 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
129: Smidale	     85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
130: Smidale	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Staberg	   40   	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.78	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00
131: Sprollow	   45         	   Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50 	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	0.59
Hondoho	   35       	  Very limited   Slope   	  1.00     	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.38    0.12

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		s	Off-road motorcycle trails		Golf fairways		
	map  unit   	!	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
132: Sprollow	     40	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	! <del>-</del>	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content	1.00	
	       	Dusty	0.50       	Dusty	0.50       	Gravel content Content of large stones Depth to bedrock	0.59	
Hymas	35     	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	  1.00     	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Droughty Gravel content Carbonate content	1.00  1.00  1.00	
133: Sterling	     85 	  Not limited 	       	  Not limited 		   Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	    0.68  0.04	
134: Sterling	     85 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	    0.68  0.04	
135: Sterling	     90   	    Not limited   	         	   Not limited 		   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	    1.00  0.68  0.04	
136: Sterling	     85   	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	Very limited Slope Gravel content Droughty	    1.00  0.68  0.04	
137: Sterling	     50 	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	    0.68  0.04	
Parleys	   30 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 	   	
138: Thatcher	   45 	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	
Bearhollow	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Dusty 	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Dusty 	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	  0.97  0.84	
139: Toponce	   50 	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	  1.00  0.18	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Broadhead	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.18	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	   Off-road   motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	unit	!	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
140: Trenton	50	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
Battle Creek	40	  Not limited	   	  Not limited	   	  Not limited	
141: Trenton, cool	50	  Not limited	   	  Not limited		  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
Battle Creek, cool	40	  Not limited	   	  Not limited	   	  Not limited	
142: Trenton	45	  Not limited	     	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
Parleys	35	  Not limited 	İ	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 	
143: Valmar	   40     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.08 	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to bedrock Droughty	  1.00  1.00    0.90  0.63
Camelback	25	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hades	20	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
144: Vitale	   40       	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 	Very limited Slope Droughty Content of large stones Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.65
Bergquist	   25       	Very limited   Slope	    1.00     	   Very limited   Slope 	    1.00     	Very limited Slope Gravel content Droughty Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Rock outcrop	15	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	
145: Vitale	   35         	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00    0.82	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Slope	  0.82    0.01	Very limited   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.99

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	3
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
145: Yeates Hollow	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.02	    Not limited   		  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Northwater	   15     	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.22   	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  0.30  0.26
146: Welby	   90 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
147: Welby	   90 	  Not limited 	     	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
148: Welby, wet	   85 	  Not limited 	<u> </u> 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	   
149: Collinston	   40 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
Wheelon	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Dusty	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Dusty	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
150: Wheelon	     40   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Dusty   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.02	  Very limited   Water erosion   Dusty	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Collinston	   35   	   Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	    1.00  0.02	  Very limited   Water erosion	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
151: Wheelon	     45   	   Very limited   Water erosion   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Collinston	   30   	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
152: Windernot	     40   	  Not limited   		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Droughty   Gravel content	0.88
Lewnot	20	  Not limited		Not limited		  Not limited	
Stinkcreek	   15     	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00   	  Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail	S	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
153: Winn	90	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
154: Winwell	   80	  Not limited	İ İ	  Not limited	   	  Not limited	
155: Winwell	45	  Not limited	ļ	  Not limited		  Not limited	
Collinston	35	  Not limited		  Not limited	 	  Not limited	
156: Wormcreek	     50     	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00   	Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.78   	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.71  0.03
Copenhagen	   30         	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slope 	  0.78       	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.98
157: Wormcreek	   45     	   Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.96   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.71  0.03
Lonigan	   35       	   Very limited   Slope 	    1.00     	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.56     	   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	  1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42
158: Wursten	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.68	  Not limited	   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Dirtyhead	   35       	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Dusty	  0.68  0.50 	  Somewhat limited   Dusty 	    0.50     	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.66  0.01
159: Xerochrepts	   30     	  Very limited   Water erosion   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Water erosion   Dusty   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.22	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Wormcreek	   25     	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   	  1.00   	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.71  0.03

Table 9.--Recreational Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Paths and trail:	s	Off-road motorcycle trai	ls	   Golf fairways 	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
159: Xerorthents	20	Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	    1.00  0.50 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.21
160: Xerorthents	   75           	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty	  1.00  0.50 	  Very limited   Slope   Dusty 	    1.00  0.50   	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.21
161: Yeates Hollow	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.98   	  Not limited    -	         	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
162: Yeates Hollow	   40   	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Manila	   25 	Very limited Water erosion Slope	    1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Water erosion	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Softback	   15 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
163: Yeates Hollow	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.96	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Vitale	   35       	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.82 		  0.96  0.82 	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00   
164: Water	100	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	

### Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	al
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	   80     	  Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.99    0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	1.00
2: Ant Flat	   85 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
3: Ant Flat	   85 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	    1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
4: Ant Flat	   90   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  0.01	Very limited Shrink-swell Slope	1.00
5: Ant Flat	   65 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	    1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Oxford	   25   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  0.04	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
6: Ant Flat	     50 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Oxford	   35   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
7: Arbone	     80	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Not limited 	
8: Banida	   85 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	    1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
9: Banida	   80 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
10: Battle Creek	   85     	  Very limited   Shrink-swell 	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.24 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements	L	Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
11: Battle Creek	   85     	    Very limited   Shrink-swell 	      1.00 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.24	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
12: Battle Creek	   95     	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
13: Bear Lake	   40   	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	1.00
Chesbrook	   30     	   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00      0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	1.00	Very limited	1.00
Picabo	   15     	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Flooding	1.00
14:							
Bear Lake	50     	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Downata	   35       	Very limited	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
15: Bear Lake	   50   	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Downata	   25       	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50
Thatcherflats	20	  Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell 	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.82	  Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell 	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial   buildings	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
16:	 						
Bear Lake	65     	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Lago	   30     	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.07	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00      0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00  0.50  0.07
17:		<u> </u>	į	<u> </u>	į	ļ	į
Bearhollow	30   	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00
Brifox	25 	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Iphil	20	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
18: Bergquist	   60 	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Rubble land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
19: Bergquist	   45   	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Softback	   30     		  1.00  0.12	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.12	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
20: Bergquist	     55   	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Vitale	   25     		  1.00  1.00    0.64		  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
0.5	 	Shrink-swell	0.50	Shrink-swell	0.50	Shrink-swell	0.50
21: Bothwell	   80   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
22: Bothwell	     80 	    Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
23: Bothwell	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Hades	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Justesen	   20   	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
24: Bothwell	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.50
Thatcher	   35 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.50
25: Brifox	     40 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	      1.00  0.01	    Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	      1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Huffman	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
26: Brifox	     40 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Huffman	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
27: Brifox	   55   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Niter	   25   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
28: Brifox	     65   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Niter	   20   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	11
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
29: Brifox	     55 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Niter	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
30: Broadhead	   30 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  0.63	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Hades	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Yago	   25     	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones   Slope	  1.00  1.00      0.63	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones   Slope	  1.00  1.00      0.63	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones   Slope	1.00
31: Broadhead	   40 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Yago	   35     	Very limited Shrink-swell Slope Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited Slope Shrink-swell Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00
32: Camelback Lonigan	   55         25	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell    Very limited	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell    Very limited	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell    Very limited	1.00
		Slope	1.00	Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	1.00	Slope	1.00
33: Camelback	     40 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Hades	20	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Valmar	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard	  1.00  1.00     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large	  1.00  1.00   	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard	  1.00  1.00   
		bedrock   Shrink-swell	0.50	stones   Shrink-swell	0.50	bedrock   Shrink-swell	0.50

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
34: Cedarhill	     90 	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
35: Cedarhill	   40 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Ricrest	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
36: Cedarhill	35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hondoho	30	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50
Ridgecrest	   20     	Slope	  1.00  1.00    0.71	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00      0.71
37: Chesbrook	     60     	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.50
Bear Lake	   20   	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
38: Cloudless	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Hades	40	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
39: Cloudless	     35   	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Hades	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Howcan	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
40: Copenhagen	35	    Very limited		    Very limited		    Very limited	
copemagen	     	Depth to hard bedrock Slope	1.00	Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	1.00	Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
Lonigan	   30   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.20	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Manila	   20 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
41:	İ		İ	İ	İ		İ
Delish	   40   	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  0.39	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Cachecan	   25   	   Very limited   Flooding	1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.95    0.50	   Very limited   Flooding	1.00
Stinkcreek	   15     	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
42:							
Downata	80       	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
43: Dranburn	     45 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50
Robin	     35 	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	    Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	      1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
44: Enochville	     75   	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.98    0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00   	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.98 

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
45: Foxol	   45       	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	    1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	    1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    1.00
Vitale	   30         		  1.00  1.00    0.64 	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.64 
46: Hades	     35	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   20 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50
Hondoho	   20 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50
47: Hades	     25 	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
Lanoak	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
48: Haploxerolls	45	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Xerorthents	30	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50    0.04	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00      0.04	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00
49: Hendricks	   90   	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
50: Holmes	90	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00
51: Hondee	     85 	    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
52: Hondee	     75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	    Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
53: Hondoho	   50 	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Hades	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
54: Hondoho	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    0.63  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    0.63  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50
Ricrest	40   	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
55: Hondoho	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Sprollow	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.26    0.01	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.26	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.26    0.01
Hades	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
56: Hondoho	   45 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Vitale	   30         	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.64 	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.64 
57: Huffman	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	      0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	      0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
58: Huffman	     80   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	      0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings 	al
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
59: Huffman	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited  Shrink-swell  Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Dirtyhead	   30     	Somewhat limited Slope	    0.01   	Somewhat limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope	  0.01    0.01	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00
60: Huffman	     35 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.50
Harroun	   30   	Somewhat limited Depth to thin cemented pan Slope	  0.50    0.01	   Very limited   Depth to thin   cemented pan   Slope	  1.00    0.01	Very limited	1.00
Lanoak	25	  Not limited		  Not limited	 	  Not limited	
61: Huffman	     45 	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Wursten	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
62: Iphil	     60 	Somewhat limited Slope	      0.96	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.96	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Lonigan	   20     	   Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.96   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	    0.96  0.90	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
63: Ireland	   50       	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Content of large stones	  1.00  0.95    0.52	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.52	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.95    0.52
Polumar	   25       	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.88 	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.88    0.77	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.88
64: Kabear	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
64: Staberg	     25   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01	  Somewhat limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope	    0.01    0.01	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Copenhagen	   15     	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope	  1.00    0.01	  Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	  1.00    0.01	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	1.00
65:		 	İ	177 14444		 	İ
Kabear	50	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00
Staberg	   25   	   Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
Copenhagen	   15     	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
66: Kearns	80	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
67: Kearnsar	   60   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.50  0.24	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
Battle Creek	   25     	   Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.24	   Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
68: Kidman	90	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Not limited 	
69: Kidman	85	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
70: Kidman	     85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	     85   	  Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.24	  Not limited   	
72: Kidman	45	Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
Sterling	30	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	al
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
73: Lando	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	0.95	    Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
74: Lanoak	     75	    Not limited 		    Not limited 		    Not limited	
75: Lanoak	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
76: Lanoak	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	40   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
77: Lanoak	     35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   30 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Hades	   15 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
78: Lanoak	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
79: Lanoak	     60 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Thatcher	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
80: Layton	     85 	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.47	  Not limited 	
81: Layton	     80 	    Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	      0.47	  Not limited 	
82: Lizdale	     80 	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
83: Lizdale	     55 	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
Searla	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
84: Logan	     90     	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	1.00
85: Lonigan	   40   	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.20	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Lizdale	   40 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
86: Lonigan	     45   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	    1.00  0.90	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Ricrest	   30 	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
87: Manila	     85 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
88: Manila	   80 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
89: Manila	   85 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
90: Manila	     50 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Bancroft	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
91: Manila	     50 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	al
	-	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
91: Broadhead	     25   	    Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
92: Manila	     40 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Broadhead	   35   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
93: Manila	     50   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Lonigan	30     	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.20	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
94: Manila	     55 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  0.84	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Yeates Hollow	   30     	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.84  0.19	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.84  0.19	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19
95: Maplecreek	     95   	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.99	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00
96: Maplecreek	   45   	   Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.99	   Very limited   Flooding	1.00
Layton	   35   	  Not limited 	     		0.47	  Not limited 	
97: Merkley	     45 	  Not limited 	     	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.15	  Not limited 	
Lago	   20   	  Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.07	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00      0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.07

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	.1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
97: Bear Lake	     15   	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	:	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
98: Moonlight	40	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	! -	1.00
99: Niter	60	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
Brifox	20	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
100: Northwater	   35       	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.77    0.31	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Foxol	   25     	Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00
Vitale	   20         	Content of large	  1.00  1.00    0.64 	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Shrink-swell	İ	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.64 
101: Northwater	     65   	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.31	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.31	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Povey	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
102: Northwater	     65   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.31	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.31	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Povey	   15 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial buildings	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
103: Nyman	     50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited	1.00	  Very limited	1.00
	       	Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	0.13	Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	0.13	Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	
Lonigan	   20     	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.90	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Copenhagen	   15     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
104: Oxford	   45 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
Banida	35   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
105: Oxford	   45 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Banida	   35   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
106: Oxford	     50 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Banida	   35   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
107: Oxford	   65 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Gullied land	15	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
108: Parkay	     45     	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.68    0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Povey	   30 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	1
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
109: Parleys	     85 	    Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	      0.50	    Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
110: Parleys	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	      0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.50
111: Parleys, wet	     90     	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.50  0.15	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	1.00
112: Pavohroo	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Sedgway	   30     	Very limited Slope Shrink-swell Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.38	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.38	Very limited Slope Shrink-swell Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.38
Toponce	   20   	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
113: Picabo	     45   	  Very limited   Flooding 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.95	  Very limited   Flooding 	1.00
Thatcherflats	   30     	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.82	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	1.00
114: Pits, gravel	100	    Not rated 	     	    Not rated 		    Not rated 	     
115: Pollynot	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
116: Pollynot	     75	    Not limited	     	    Not limited		    Not limited	
117: Pollynot	     75	    Not limited		    Not limited 		    Not limited	
118: Pollynot	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.63	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	1
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
119: Polumar	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.88    0.77	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Ireland	   30       	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Content of large stones	  1.00  0.95    0.52	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.52	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00
120: Polumar	   30       	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.88 	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.88    0.77	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.88
Sprollow	30	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  0.26    0.01	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
Ireland	   20     	Slope Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  0.95    0.52	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.52	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00
121: Povey	     35	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hondoho	   15   	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
122: Povey	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Parkay	30	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50 	   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.68    0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
123: Preston	90	    Not limited 		    Not limited 	     	    Not limited 	

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings 	.1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
124: Preston	90	  Not limited	     	    Not limited		  Not limited	
125: Preston	85	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
126: Preston	55	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
Xerorthents	   20     	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50    0.04	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00      0.04	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Content of large stones	1.00
127: Ricrest	90	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
128: Sanyon	30	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
Staberg	30	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
Kabear	20	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
129: Smidale	   85   	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.05	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.05	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
130: Smidale	   45   	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.05	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.05	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Staberg	40	  Very limited   Slope	  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00
131: Sprollow	   45         	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.26    0.01	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.26	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  0.26    0.01

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
131: Hondoho	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
132: Sprollow	     40     	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.26    0.01	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.26	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	1.00
Hymas	   35       	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00      0.01	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00      0.01	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00
133: Sterling	     85	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
134: Sterling	     85 	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.88
135: Sterling	     90 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
136: Sterling	     85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
137: Sterling	50	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
Parleys	30	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
138: Thatcher	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Bearhollow	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
139: Toponce	     50 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   30   	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
140: Trenton	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	      0.50	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    0.95    0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
Battle Creek	   40   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	    1.00   	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.24	  Very limited   Shrink-swell 	1.00
141: Trenton, cool	   50   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50 	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	    0.95    0.50	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
Battle Creek, cool	40	  Very limited   Shrink-swell 	  1.00   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.24	  Very limited   Shrink-swell 	1.00
142: Trenton	   45   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	0.95	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	0.50
Parleys	35	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.15	   Very limited   Flooding   Shrink-swell	1.00
143: Valmar		stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.90    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.90    0.50
Camelback	25   	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell 	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell 	1.00
Hades	20	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
144: Vitale	   40         	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.64 	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.64 

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial   buildings	
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
144: Bergquist	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Rock outcrop	15	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
145:	 	 					
Vitale	35         	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.99    0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00    0.99
Yeates Hollow	   25     	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19
Northwater	   15       	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.31 	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.77    0.31	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
146: Welby	90	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
147: Welby	90	  Not limited	   	  Not limited		    Not limited	
148: Welby, wet	     85   	  Not limited 	       	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.15	  Not limited 	
149: Collinston	   40 	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Wheelon	   40   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
150: Wheelon	     40 	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Collinston	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		   Small commercia   buildings	1
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
151: Wheelon	     45 	    Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
Collinston	30	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00
152: Windernot	   40   	   Very limited   Flooding	    1.00 	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.08	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00
Lewnot	   20   	  Very limited   Flooding	    1.00 	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.99	   Very limited   Flooding	1.00
Stinkcreek	   15     	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00
153: Winn	90	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.95	  Very limited   Flooding	1.00
154: Winwell	80	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	    1.00	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00
155: Winwell	   45 	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	    1.00	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00
Collinston	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50 	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell	    0.50	Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.50
156: Wormcreek	   50   	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.13
Copenhagen	30	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00
157: Wormcreek	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.13 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.13

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercial   buildings		
	map  unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
157: Lonigan	     35   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	    1.00  0.90	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
158: Wursten	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Dirtyhead	   35     	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
159: Xerochrepts	     30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Wormcreek	   25   	Very limited Slope Content of large stones	  1.00  0.13	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.13	Very limited Slope Content of large stones	1.00	
Xerorthents	   20     	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50    0.04	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.04	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Content of large stones	1.00	
160: Xerorthents	   75       	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.04	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Content of large   stones	1.00	
161: Yeates Hollow	   85     	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	
162: Yeates Hollow	     40   	   Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Content of large   stones	    1.00  1.00  0.19	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.19	
Manila	   25   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell	1.00	

Table 10.--Building Site Development (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Dwellings witho basements	ut	Dwellings with basements		Small commercia buildings	1
uni 	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
62:							
Softback	15	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Content of large	0.12	Shrink-swell	0.50	Content of large	0.12
		stones		Content of large stones	0.12	stones	
53:			 				
Yeates Hollow	45	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Shrink-swell	1.00	Shrink-swell	1.00	Shrink-swell	1.00
		Content of large stones	0.19	Content of large stones	0.19	Content of large stones	0.19
/itale	35	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Content of large   stones	1.00	Depth to hard bedrock	1.00	Content of large stones	1.00
		Depth to hard bedrock	0.79	Content of large stones	1.00	Depth to hard bedrock	0.79
	İ	Shrink-swell	0.50	Shrink-swell	0.50	Shrink-swell	0.50
64:							
Water	100	Not rated		Not rated		Not rated	

## Table 11. -- Building Site Development (Part 2)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	aping
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	     80	    Very limited   Frost action	1.00	    Very limited   Depth to	0.99	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
	   	Low strength Shrink-swell Flooding	1.00  0.50  0.40	saturated zone Cutbanks cave	0.10	Salinity    -	1.00
2:	İ						
Ant Flat	85     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	0.12	Not limited    - 	     
3:							
Ant Flat	   85   	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	0.12	  Not limited 	
4							
4: Ant Flat	90	  Very limited   Low strength	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.12	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
	   	Shrink-swell   Frost action   Slope	1.00  0.50  0.01	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
5:							
Ant Flat	65     	Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	1.00  1.00  0.50	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	0.12	Not limited 	
Oxford	25	  Very limited	1.00	  Somewhat limited	0.99	  Very limited	1.00
	     	Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action Slope	1.00  1.00  0.50  0.04	Too clayey Cutbanks cave Slope	0.10	Too clayey   Slope 	0.04
6:							
Ant Flat	50     	Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	1.00  0.12  0.10	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
05		Frost action	0.50			 	
Oxford	35   	Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
		Frost action	0.50	Cacbains cave			
7: Arbone	     80	    Somewhat limited		    Somewhat limited		    Not limited	
		Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10		

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
8: Banida	85	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	    1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	    0.28  0.10	    Not limited   	       
9: Banida	80	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	    1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	0.28	    Not limited   	       
10: Battle Creek	     85     	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00  1.00	   Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.50	  Not limited   	
11: Battle Creek	   85     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.50	  Not limited   	
12: Battle Creek	95	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	  0.50  0.10	  Not limited   	       
13: Bear Lake	   40       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength   Ponding	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  0.60  0.10	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.60
Chesbrook	30	Very limited	  1.00  1.00  0.99    0.50  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    0.10	   Very limited   Carbonate content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.99 
Picabo	15	  Very limited   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength	  1.00  0.40  0.22	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.95	  Very limited   Sodium content   Carbonate content	  1.00  1.00
14: Bear Lake	   50       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength	  1.00    1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	    1.00    0.80  0.10	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00 

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	.d	Shallow excavati	ons	Lawns and landsca	Lawns and landscaping	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
14: Downata	   35       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength   Ponding	    1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	   1.00   1.00   0.80   0.10	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	1.00	
15: Bear Lake	   50       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength	    1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	    1.00    0.80  0.10	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	
Downata	   25         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength   Ponding	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  0.80  0.10	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	
Thatcherflats	   20     	Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Flooding	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.82	  Very limited   Sodium content 	1.00	
16: Bear Lake	     65       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength	      1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.60  0.10	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	
Lago	   30         	Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.40  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.03	
17: Bearhollow	     30 	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
Brifox	   25     	Very limited Shrink-swell Slope Low strength Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
17: Iphil	     20 	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  0.10	    Very limited   Slope 	1.00
18: Bergquist	   60       	Very limited Slope Frost action	  1.00  0.50	Very limited Slope Cutbanks cave Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Rubble land	15	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
19: Bergquist	   45     	Very limited Slope Frost action	  1.00  0.50	Very limited Slope Cutbanks cave Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Softback	   30     	Very limited Slope Frost action Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.12	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
20: Bergquist	   55         	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Vitale	   25           	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.64    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.65
21: Bothwell	   80       	Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  0.10  0.01 	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
22: Bothwell	   80     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	Shallow excavati	Shallow excavations		ping
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
23: Bothwell	     35	    Very limited   Frost action	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
	   	Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	1.00  1.00  0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
Hades	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Justesen	20       	Very limited   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10 	   Very limited   Slope   	1.00
24: Bothwell	   40     	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave 	    0.10 	  Not limited   	
Thatcher	35   	Very limited Frost action Low strength	1.00	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	Not limited	
25: Brifox	   40   	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Frost action   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.41  0.01	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00
Huffman	   35       	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
26: Brifox	   40     	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Huffman	   35       	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00
27: Brifox	   55       	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Frost action   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.41  0.01	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	   Lawns and landsca 	nping
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
27: Niter	     25 	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Low strength	      1.00  1.00	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey	    1.00  0.15	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
		Frost action	0.50	Slope	0.01		
28:							1
Brifox	65	Shrink-swell Low strength	1.00	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
		Slope   Frost action	0.50	Too clayey	0.41		
Niter	20	Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
		Low strength   Slope   Frost action	1.00	Slope   Too clayey 	0.15	   	
29:			İ				İ
Brifox	55     	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.41	! <del>-</del>	1.00
		Frost action	0.50				
Niter	25       	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey	1.00  1.00  0.15	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
20.							
30: Broadhead	   30     	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.63  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  0.63  0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.63
Hades	   25   	  Very limited   Low strength   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.63  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.63
Yago	25	  Very limited   Shrink-swell	1.00	  Very limited   Content of large	1.00	  Very limited   Content of large	1.00
	     	Content of large stones Low strength Slope Frost action	1.00    1.00  0.63  0.50	stones Slope Cutbanks cave	0.63	stones Slope	0.63
31: Broadhead	     40 	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00	    Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	    Very limited   Slope 	1.00
		Slope   Frost action	1.00				   

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	Shallow excavati	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
31: Yago	   35         	Very limited Shrink-swell Slope Content of large stones Low strength Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope	1.00
32: Camelback	     55   	Very limited Slope Shrink-swell Frost action	    1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	! -	1.00
Lonigan	   25       	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90	Gravel content	  1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42
33: Camelback	   40   	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hades	   20   	Very limited Slope Low strength Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Valmar	20	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.90    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	į
34: Cedarhill	   90     	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.61
35: Cedarhill	   40 	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.61
Hades	   25     	   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	   Lawns and landscap   	ping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	:	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   
35: Ricrest	   20   	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.78  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.61
36: Cedarhill	     35   	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	    1.00  1.00  0.61
Hondoho	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.38    0.12
Ridgecrest	   20         	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.71    0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.10	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Carbonate content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.98
37: Chesbrook	   60       	Very limited Frost action Low strength Depth to saturated zone Shrink-swell Flooding	  1.00  1.00  0.99    0.50  0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Very limited   Carbonate content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.99 
Bear Lake	   20       	Very limited  Depth to saturated zone Frost action Flooding Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    0.60  0.10	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.60
38: Cloudless	   50     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.50  0.01	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01   
Hades	   40     	Very limited Low strength Frost action Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.01	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01   
39: Cloudless	   35       	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Local roads an   streets	d	   Shallow excavati   	ons	   Lawns and landsca   	ping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
39: Hades	     30   	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	    1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Howcan	   20     	   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.91  0.01
40: Copenhagen	   35         	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Frost action	  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  0.10	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.98
Lonigan	30       	Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.20	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	1.00  0.97  0.42  0.20
Manila	   20     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Slope Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
41: Delish	   40       	Very limited Frost action Low strength Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.19	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity	0.19
Cachecan	   25   	Very limited Frost action Low strength Flooding	  1.00  1.00  0.40	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.95	Not limited	
Stinkcreek	   15       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Frost action Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
42: Downata	   80           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Frost action Flooding Low strength Ponding	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.10	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads and streets		Shallow excavations		Lawns and landscaping	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
43: Dranburn	     45     	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Robin	   35       	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10 	  Very limited   Slope  -	1.00
44: Enochville	   75           	Very limited   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength   Depth to   saturated zone   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.75	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.80	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.75 
45: Foxol	   45         	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.10	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Droughty	1.00
Vitale	   30           	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.64    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  1.00    0.10	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	
46: Hades	   35   	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Camelback	   20   	Very limited Slope Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hondoho	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Local roads an   streets	d	   Shallow excavati   	ons	Lawns and landscaping		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
47: Hades	     25   	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	      1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Lanoak	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Camelback	   25     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00		1.00	
48: Haploxerolls	     45   	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	! -	1.00	
Xerorthents	30         	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Frost action Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00    0.50  0.04	Very limited Depth to soft bedrock Slope Cutbanks cave Content of large stones	  1.00    1.00  0.10  0.04	Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  1.00  0.21	
49: Hendricks	     90     	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	
50: Holmes	     90   	  Somewhat limited   Frost action   Flooding	    0.50  0.40	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Dense layer	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Droughty   Gravel content	0.35	
51: Hondee	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content	0.97	
52: Hondee	   75   	Somewhat limited   Frost action   Slope	    0.50  0.01	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.97	
53: Hondoho	   50     	  Somewhat limited   Shrink-swell   Frost action   Slope	  0.50  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Gravel content   Slope	0.38	
Hades	30	  Very limited   Low strength   Frost action   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an streets	d	Shallow excavati	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
54: Hondoho	   50     	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	    0.63  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    1.00  0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	0.63
Ricrest	   40     	Somewhat limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action Slope	  0.78  0.50  0.50  0.01	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  0.01	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	  0.61  0.01
55: Hondoho	   35     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.38    0.12
Sprollow	30           	Very limited Slope Frost action Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  0.50  0.26    0.01	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Cutbanks cave	1.00	Carbonate content Gravel content	0.59
Hades	   20   	Very limited Slope Low strength Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
56: Hondoho	   45     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	    1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	    1.00  0.38    0.12
Vitale	   30         	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.64    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.10	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.65
57: Huffman	   80   	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	    0.10 	  Not limited 	
58: Huffman	   80       	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    0.10  0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	d	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landscaping		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
59: Huffman	   45   	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	
Dirtyhead	   30     	   Somewhat limited   Frost action   Slope	  0.50  0.01 	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.01    0.01	Very limited   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.66  0.01  0.01	
60: Huffman	   35   	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	    0.10 	  Not limited 	       	
Harroun	   30         	Somewhat limited   Depth to thin   cemented pan   Frost action   Slope	  1.00    0.50  0.01	Very limited   Depth to thin   cemented pan   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan     Droughty   Gravel content     Content of large   stones     Slope	  1.00    1.00  0.42  0.32 	
Lanoak	   25   	  Very limited   Frost action   Low strength	  1.00  1.00	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Not limited   	       	
61: Huffman	   45     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01   	
Wursten	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Frost action   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	
62: Iphil	     60 	  Very limited   Frost action   Slope	    1.00  0.96	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	0.96	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.96	
Lonigan	   20     	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Frost action	  0.96  0.50 	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  0.96  0.90	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	  0.97  0.96  0.90  0.42	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Local roads an   streets	đ	   Shallow excavati   	ons	   Lawns and landsca   	ping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
63: Ireland	     50       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Frost action	   1.00   0.95     0.52   0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  0.52 	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	!
Polumar	   25         	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Frost action	  1.00  0.88    0.50	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.88    0.77	Very limited Slope Gravel content Content of large stones Droughty	  1.00  0.61  0.01    0.01
64:		 		 		 	
Kabear	50   	Somewhat limited   Frost action   Slope	0.50	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
Staberg	25     	Somewhat limited Frost action Slope	  0.50  0.01 	Very limited Cutbanks cave Depth to soft bedrock Slope	  1.00  0.01    0.01	Somewhat limited Depth to bedrock Slope	0.01
Copenhagen	   15         	   Depth to hard   bedrock   Frost action   Slope	  1.00    0.50  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00    0.10  0.01	Very limited Depth to bedrock Droughty Gravel content Content of large stones Slope	1.00
65:		 		 		 	
Kabear	50   	Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Staberg	   25     	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00
Copenhagen	   15           	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Frost action	  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.98  0.61
66: Kearns	   80     	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave 	    0.10   	  Not limited 	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	Shallow excavati	ons	Lawns and landscaping	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
67: Kearnsar	   60   	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.24	  Not limited	
Battle Creek	   25     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	  0.50  0.24    0.10	  Not limited  -	
68: Kidman	90	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Not limited 	
69: Kidman	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Not limited	
70: Kidman	     85   	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  0.10	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	     85     	  Very limited   Frost action	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.24	  Not limited   	
72: Kidman	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Not limited	
Sterling	30	   Somewhat limited   Frost action	0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	0.68
73: Lando	   75     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	    0.95    0.10	  Not limited 	
74: Lanoak	     75   	  Very limited   Frost action   Low strength	1.00	     Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Not limited   	
75: Lanoak	     75     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Local roads an   streets	.d	Shallow excavations		   Lawns and landsca   	aping
	-	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
76: Lanoak	     45   	  Very limited   Frost action   Slope   Low strength	    1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Broadhead	   40     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Slope Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
77: Lanoak	     35   	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   30     	Very limited Slope Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   15       	   Very limited   Slope   Low strength   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00
78: Lanoak	   40   	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.84	Somewhat limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.84
Hades	   35     	   Very limited   Low strength   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.84  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.84
79: Lanoak	   60   	Very limited Frost action Slope Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Thatcher	   25     	Very limited Frost action Slope Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
80: Layton	   85     	  Not limited  -		  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.47	  Somewhat limited   Droughty 	0.21

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an	.d	Shallow excavations		Lawns and landscaping		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	
81: Layton	   80   	   Not limited 		   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.47	    Somewhat limited   Droughty 	      0.21   	
82: Lizdale	   80       	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Carbonate content   Droughty	į	
83: Lizdale	   55       	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope   Carbonate content   Droughty	1.00	
Searla	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	1.00	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.54	
84: Logan	   90         	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell Flooding	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00     	
85: Lonigan	   40     	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.20	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.97  0.42  0.20	
Lizdale	   40     	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Slope   Carbonate content   Droughty	1.00	
86: Lonigan	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	  1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42	
Ricrest	   30     	Very limited Slope Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  0.78  0.50  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.61 	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	   Lawns and landsca 	aping
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
87: Manila	   85   	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Not limited	
88: Manila	   80       	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
89: Manila	   85     	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
90: Manila	   50     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.37	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  0.37 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.37
Bancroft	   30   	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.37	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  0.37  0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.37
91: Manila	   50     	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action   Slope	    1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	    1.00  0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
Broadhead	   25     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  0.10  0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   	0.01
92: Manila	   40   	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Slope Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Broadhead	   35     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Slope Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.10 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
93: Manila	     50     	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    1.00  1.00	     Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Lonigan	30	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.20	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.97  0.42  0.20
94: Manila	   55     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Slope Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.84  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.84
Yeates Hollow	   30           	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.84  0.50  0.19	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Content of large   stones   Too clayey	  1.00  0.84  0.19    0.03	Somewhat limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	0.84
95: Maplecreek	     95   	  Very limited   Frost action   Flooding	    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.99	    Not limited   	
96: Maplecreek	     45   	  Very limited   Frost action   Flooding	    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.99	  Not limited   	
Layton	   35     	  Not limited   	       	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.47	  Somewhat limited   Droughty 	0.21
97: Merkley	   45     	  Very limited   Frost action 	    1.00   	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Dense layer   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.15	  Not limited     	
Lago	   20           	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.40  0.03	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.03

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an streets	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
97: Bear Lake	   15       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding   Low strength	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Cutbanks cave	    1.00    0.60  0.10	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00
98: Moonlight	   40 	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	35     	  Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content 	1.00
99: Niter	   60   	  Very limited   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey	1.00	  Not limited   	
Brifox	   20   	Very limited Shrink-swell Low strength Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Too clayey	1.00	   Very limited   Too clayey	1.00
100: Northwater	   35         	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.31	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.77    0.31	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	  1.00  0.30  0.26
Foxol	   25       	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Slope   Frost action	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.10	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00
Vitale	   20             	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.64    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  1.00      0.10	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.65

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	ping
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
101: Northwater	     65     	Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.31	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.31	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	  1.00  0.30  0.26
Povey	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content 	1.00
102: Northwater	   65   	Very limited Slope Frost action Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.31	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.31	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  0.30  0.26
Povey	   15   	Very limited Slope Frost action	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
103: Nyman	   50       	Very limited Slope Frost action Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  0.50  0.13    0.05	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  0.13 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.05
Lonigan	   20     	Very limited Slope Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	  1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42
Copenhagen	   15           	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Frost action	  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  0.10	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.98  0.61
104: Oxford	   45   	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	    0.99  0.10	  Very limited   Too clayey 	1.00
Banida	   35     	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	  0.28  0.10 	  Not limited   	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an	d	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landsca	aping
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
105:	[ ]						İ
Oxford	45	Very limited	1 00	Somewhat limited		Very limited	1 00
		Low strength Shrink-swell	1.00	Too clayey Cutbanks cave	0.99	Too clayey   Slope	1.00
		Frost action	0.50	Slope	0.10	Siope	0.01
		Slope	0.01	blope			
Banida	35	Very limited		Somewhat limited		Somewhat limited	
		Low strength	1.00	Too clayey	0.28	Slope	0.01
		Shrink-swell	1.00	Cutbanks cave	0.10	 	
		Frost action Slope	0.50	Slope	0.01		
106:							
Oxford	50	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	ļ
		Low strength	1.00	Slope	1.00		1.00
		Shrink-swell	1.00	Too clayey Cutbanks cave	0.99	Too clayey	1.00
		Slope   Frost action	0.50	Cutbaliks cave	0.10		
Banida	35	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Low strength	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	ļ	Shrink-swell	1.00	Too clayey	0.28		ļ
		Slope   Frost action	1.00  0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
107:							
Oxford	65	Very limited	j	Very limited	j	Very limited	j
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Low strength	1.00	Too clayey	0.99	Too clayey	1.00
		Shrink-swell Frost action	1.00  0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
Gullied land	15	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
108:							
Parkay	45	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	İ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	ļ	Shrink-swell	0.50	Cutbanks cave	1.00		ļ
		Frost action	0.50	Depth to hard bedrock	0.68		
Povey	30	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave	1.00	Gravel content	0.01
109:							
Parleys	85	Very limited		Somewhat limited	0.10	Not limited	
	 	Frost action Low strength	1.00	Cutbanks cave	0.10	 	
		Shrink-swell	0.50				
110:							
Parleys	85	Very limited		Somewhat limited		Not limited	
		Frost action	1.00	Cutbanks cave	0.10	 	
	 	Low strength Shrink-swell	1.00				
	!	SHITHW-RMETT	0.50	!	!		!

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an	d	Shallow excavati	Shallow excavations		ping
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
111:							
Parleys, wet	90 	very limited   Frost action	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to	0.15	Not limited	
	İ	Low strength	1.00	saturated zone	İ		İ
	 	Shrink-swell   Flooding	0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
112: Pavohroo	30	  Verv limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	j	Low strength	0.78	Cutbanks cave	0.10	<u> </u>	j
		Frost action	0.50				
Sedgway	30	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
	ļ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Shrink-swell   Frost action	0.50	Content of large	0.38	l	
		Content of large		stones Cutbanks cave	0.10	 	
		stones		cathains cave			
Toponce	20	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Low strength Shrink-swell	1.00	Too clayey Cutbanks cave	0.95	 	
		Frost action	0.50				
113:							
Picabo	45	Very limited	İ	Somewhat limited	İ	Very limited	İ
		Frost action	1.00	Depth to	0.95	Sodium content	1.00
		Flooding	0.40	saturated zone		Carbonate content	1.00
	 	Low strength	0.22	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
Thatcherflats	30	  Very limited		  Somewhat limited		  Very limited	
Indonerrado		Frost action	1.00	Depth to	0.82	Sodium content	1.00
	j	Low strength	1.00	saturated zone	j	İ	j
	ļ	Shrink-swell	1.00	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
	 	Flooding 	0.40				
114:	İ		İ	į	İ		İ
Pits, gravel	100	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
115:							
Pollynot	75	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Somewhat limited	
		Low strength	1.00	Cutbanks cave	1.00	Slope	0.01
	İ	Frost action	0.50	Slope	0.01	<u> </u>	j
		Slope	0.01			 	
116:	_						
Pollynot	75	Very limited	1 00	Very limited	1 00	Not limited	
		Low strength Frost action	1.00	Cutbanks cave	1.00	 	
		FIOSC ACCION					
117:	75	Trans limited		Mome limited		Not limit-3	
Pollynot	75	Very limited   Low strength	1.00	Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Not limited	
		Frost action	0.50	Cuchants cave	1.00		
	ì			i	İ	i	İ

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	đ	   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landscaping	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
118:	i I		İ				
Pollynot	75     	Very limited Low strength Slope Frost action	  1.00  0.63  0.50	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	  1.00  0.63	Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.63
119:	 			 		 	
Polumar	<b>4</b> 5       	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Frost action	  1.00  0.88    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.88    0.77	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Droughty	  1.00  0.61  0.01 
	ļ			Cutbanks cave	0.10	Dioughey	
Ireland	   30     	Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.95    0.52	  Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00    1.00  0.52	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones	!
	į	Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10	Gravel content	0.72
120: Polumar	30	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Frost action	  1.00  0.88    0.50	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.88    0.77 	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Droughty	  1.00  0.61  0.01    0.01
Sprollow	30	Very limited Slope Frost action Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock	  1.00  0.50  0.26    0.01  0.01	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  0.26 	Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	0.59
Ireland	20	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Content of large stones Frost action	  1.00  0.95    0.52	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  0.52 	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.99  0.95  0.95
121: Povey	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.01
Hades	   30   	Very limited Slope Low strength Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads and streets		   Shallow excavati 	ons	Lawns and landscaping		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
121: Hondoho	   15     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Gravel content	1.00	
122: Povey	     45 	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00	
Parkay	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.68	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
123: Preston	     90 	  Not limited		  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.61	
124: Preston	     90 	  Not limited		  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.61	
125: Preston	     85   	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	1.00	
126: Preston	     55   	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  0.61	
Xerorthents	   20         	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Frost action   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00      0.50	Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	  1.00    1.00  0.10  0.04	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  1.00  0.21	
127: Ricrest	     90     	  Somewhat limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action   Slope	  0.78  0.50  0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope 	  1.00  0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.61	
128: Sanyon	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.50	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  0.10	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an streets	d	Shallow excavations		Lawns and landscaping		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
128: Staberg	30	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.01	! <del>-</del>	    1.00  0.01	
Kabear	20	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
129: Smidale	   85       	Slope Frost action	  1.00  0.50  0.05	Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00     	
130: Smidale	   45     	Slope Frost action	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Staberg	   40     	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.01	
131: Sprollow		Slope Frost action Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock	   1.00   0.50   0.26     0.01   0.01   1.00   0.50   0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00     1.00     1.00     1.00     1.00     1.00     1.00     1.00       1.00	Carbonate content Gravel content	0.59	
132: Sprollow	   40         	Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  0.50  0.26 	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	   1.00   1.00   0.26   0.10	Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	      1.00	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	d	Shallow excavations		Lawns and landscaping		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
132: Hymas	35	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	   1.00   1.00   0.50   0.01	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	   1.00   1.00   0.10   0.01	Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  1.00  1.00	
133: Sterling	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	      0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	    0.68  0.04	
134: Sterling	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	      0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	    0.68  0.04	
135: Sterling	   90     	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty	  1.00  0.68  0.04	
136: Sterling	   85     	Very limited   Slope   Frost action	    1.00  0.50 	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Very limited Slope Gravel content Droughty	  1.00  0.68  0.04	
137: Sterling	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Frost action	0.50	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Droughty	    0.68  0.04	
Parleys	   30     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Not limited   		
138: Thatcher	   45   	Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  0.84  0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.84 	
Bearhollow	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Frost action	0.84	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	    0.97  0.84	
139: Toponce	   50     	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.95  0.10	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads an streets	d	   Shallow excavati   	ons	Lawns and landscaping	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
139: Broadhead	30	    Very limited   Low strength	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope	1.00
	     	Shrink-swell   Slope   Frost action	1.00  1.00  0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10	-    -	
140:	 	 		 		 	
Trenton	50   	Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.95	Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
		Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave	0.10		
Battle Creek	40	  Very limited		  Somewhat limited	İ	  Not limited	
	     	Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	1.00  1.00  1.00	Too clayey Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave	0.50	 	
141: Trenton, cool	50	  Very limited   Low strength	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to	0.95	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
	   	Shrink-swell   Frost action	0.50	saturated zone Cutbanks cave Too clayey	0.10		   
Battle Creek, cool	40	  Very limited   Frost action	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 	
	   	Low strength Shrink-swell	1.00	Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave	0.24		   
142: Trenton	   45 	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.95	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
	   	Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave Too clayey	0.10		
Parleys	35	Frost action	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to	0.15	  Not limited 	   
	   	Low strength   Shrink-swell   Flooding	1.00  0.50  0.40	saturated zone Cutbanks cave	0.10		
143:	 	 		 		 	
Valmar	40   	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
		Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell	0.90	Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	1.00	Depth to bedrock Droughty	0.90
	İ	Frost action	0.50		į	j I	
Camelback	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
		Shrink-swell   Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave	1.00	Gravel content	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Local roads an   streets	d	Shallow excavations		   Lawns and landscaping 	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
143: Hades	   20   	Very limited Slope Low strength Frost action	    1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
144: Vitale	   40         	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.64    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.10	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	į
Bergquist	   25       	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50	   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Droughty   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.01
Rock outcrop	15	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
145: Vitale	   35           	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Depth to hard   bedrock   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.99    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.10	Very limited   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00
Yeates Hollow	   25           	Very limited   Shrink-swell   Slope   Low strength   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.19	Very limited Cutbanks cave Slope Content of large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.19    0.03	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00
Northwater	   15         	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.31	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to hard   bedrock   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.77    0.31	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	  1.00  0.30  0.26
146: Welby	90	  Somewhat limited   Low strength   Frost action	    0.78  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	      0.10	  Very limited   Sodium content	1.00
147: Welby	90   	  Somewhat limited   Low strength   Frost action	    0.78  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10	  Very limited   Sodium content 	1.00

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	đ	Shallow excavations		Lawns and landscaping	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
148: Welby, wet	   85   	  Very limited   Frost action   Low strength	    1.00  0.78	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.15	    Not limited   	
149: Collinston	   40     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell Slope	    1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
Wheelon	   40     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Shrink-swell Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.01	   Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope	0.10	   Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
150: Wheelon	   40   	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Collinston	   35     	Very limited Frost action Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
151: Wheelon	     45   	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	    1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Collinston	30	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
152: Windernot	   40   	   Somewhat limited   Flooding	0.40	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Dense layer   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00  0.50  0.08	  Somewhat limited   Droughty   Gravel content	0.88
Lewnot	   20     	   Somewhat limited   Frost action   Flooding	  0.50  0.40 	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone   Dense layer	1.00	  Not limited    -  -	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Local roads an	d	   Shallow excavati 	ons	   Lawns and landscaping 		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
152: Stinkcreek	     15     	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Frost action   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00	  Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	
153: Winn	     90   	  Very limited   Frost action   Flooding	    1.00  0.40	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.95	  Not limited   		
154: Winwell	80	   Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	0.12	  Not limited  -		
155: Winwell	   45   	  Very limited   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Frost action	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Cutbanks cave	0.12	  Not limited   		
Collinston	   35     	   Very limited   Frost action   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   	0.10	  Not limited   		
156: Wormcreek	   50     	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.13	  Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.13	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	1.00  0.71  0.03	
Copenhagen	30     	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Frost action	  1.00    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Cutbanks cave	  1.00    1.00  0.10	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Droughty   Gravel content	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.98	
						Content of large   stones	0.61	
157: Wormcreek	   45   	  Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.13		  1.00  1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.71  0.03	
Lonigan	   35       	   Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave   Depth to soft   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.90	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Droughty	1.00  0.97  0.90  0.42	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads and streets		Shallow excavations		Lawns and landscaping		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
158: Wursten	45	    Very limited	[ [ [	    Very limited		    Very limited		
		Slope Frost action	0.50	Cutbanks cave Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	
Dirtyhead	   35       	Very limited   Slope   Frost action	  1.00  0.50 	Very limited Cutbanks cave Slope Depth to soft bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.01	Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.66  0.01	
159:								
Xerochrepts	30     	Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Low strength	  1.00  0.50  0.22	Very limited   Slope   Cutbanks cave 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Wormcreek	25       	Very limited Slope Frost action Content of large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.13	Very limited Slope Cutbanks cave Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.13	Gravel content	1.00  0.71  0.03	
Xerorthents	   20         	Very limited Slope Depth to soft bedrock Frost action Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.04	Very limited Depth to soft bedrock Slope Cutbanks cave Content of large stones	  1.00    1.00  0.10  0.04	Slope Droughty Gravel content	1.00  1.00  0.21	
160:	 							
Xerorthents	75           	Slope Depth to soft bedrock Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.50  0.04	Very limited Depth to soft bedrock Slope Cutbanks cave Content of large stones	  1.00    1.00  0.10  0.04	Gravel content	1.00  1.00  0.21	
161: Yeates Hollow	   85           	Very limited Shrink-swell Slope Low strength Frost action Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.19	Very limited Cutbanks cave Slope Content of large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.19    0.03	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	
162: Yeates Hollow	   40         	Very limited Shrink-swell Slope Low strength Frost action Content of large stones	   1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.19	Very limited Cutbanks cave Slope Content of large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.19    0.03	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	

Table 11.--Building Site Development (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Local roads and streets		Shallow excavations		   Lawns and landscaping 		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
162:								
Manila	25       	Very limited Low strength Shrink-swell Slope Frost action	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	Very limited Cutbanks cave Slope	  1.00  1.00	Very limited Slope	1.00	
Softback	   15       	Very limited   Slope   Frost action   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.50  0.12	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.12	  Very limited   Slope  -	1.00	
163:	İ		İ		İ	İ	İ	
Yeates Hollow	45           	Very limited Slope Shrink-swell Low strength Frost action Content of large stones	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.19	Very limited Slope Cutbanks cave Content of large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.19    0.03	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.38   	
Vitale	   35           	Very limited Slope Content of large stones Depth to hard bedrock Shrink-swell Frost action	  1.00  1.00    0.79    0.50  0.50	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Cutbanks cave	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Content of large   stones   Depth to bedrock	İ	
164: Water	    100	    Not rated 		    Not rated 	     	    Not rated 		

### Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Septic tank   absorption fiel	ds	   Sewage lagoons   	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	     80       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	      1.00    0.40
2: Ant Flat	   85   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Not limited 	
3: Ant Flat	   85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.08
4: Ant Flat	   90     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
5: Ant Flat	   65 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.92
Oxford	   25     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.04	  Very limited   Slope 	  1.00 
6: Ant Flat	   50   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Oxford	   35     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00
7: Arbone	   80   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
8: Banida	   85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Not limited   	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	   Sewage lagoons 	•
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
9: Banida	     80 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	    Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.08
10: Battle Creek	   85       	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.65	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.02
11: Battle Creek	   85       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.65	Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to   saturated zone	0.08
12: Battle Creek	   95   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.92
13: Bear Lake	   40           	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Ponding   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.72	   Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00
Chesbrook	   30     	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage Flooding	1.00
Picabo	   15         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Flooding	  1.00    0.46    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    0.53  0.40
14: Bear Lake	   50             	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.72	Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	ı
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
14: Downata	35	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited    Flooding    Depth to     saturated zone    Ponding    Seepage	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.53
15: Bear Lake	   50         	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.72	   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Downata	25       	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Ponding Seepage	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.53
Thatcherflats	   20     	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00	Somewhat limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding	0.99
16: Bear Lake	   65         	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.72	   Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Lago	   30           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement Seepage, bottom layer Flooding	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40
17: Bearhollow	   30     	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46 	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of absorption fields		Sewage lagoons		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
17: Brifox	25	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Iphil	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46 	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53	
18: Bergquist	   60       	Very limited Slope Seepage, bottom layer Filtering capacity Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.59	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	
Rubble land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		
19: Bergquist	   45         	Very limited Slope Seepage, bottom layer Filtering capacity Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.59	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	
Softback	   30       	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.12	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.53  0.18	
20: Bergquist	   55       	Very limited Slope Seepage, bottom layer Filtering capacity Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.59	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13	
Vitale	   25       	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53	
21: Bothwell	   80     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	! <del>-</del>	ds	Sewage lagoons	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
22: Bothwell	   80   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
23: Bothwell	   35   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Hades	   30   	   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
Justesen	   20   	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00
24: Bothwell	     40 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.92
Thatcher	   35   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.92
25: Brifox	     40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Huffman	   35     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
26: Brifox	   40   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Huffman	   35   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope     Seepage	1.00
27: Brifox	     55   	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	    1.00    0.01	     Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fields		Sewage lagoons		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
27: Niter	   25 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00	
28: Brifox	   65   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Niter	   20     	   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
29: Brifox	   55   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Niter	   25     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope  -	1.00	
30: Broadhead	   30   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.63	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Hades	   25   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    0.63	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Yago	   25         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones   Slope	  1.00    1.00    0.63	Very limited Content of large stones Slope	  1.00    1.00	
31: Broadhead	   40   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Yago	   35         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00    1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00 	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank   absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
32: Camelback	   55   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Lonigan	   25     	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited  Depth to soft  bedrock  Slope  Seepage	1.00
33: Camelback	     40   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Hades	   20   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
Valmar	20	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Content of large stones Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00    1.00  1.00    0.53
34: Cedarhill	     90   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
35: Cedarhill	   40   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Hades	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
Ricrest	   20   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
36: Cedarhill	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fields		Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
36: Hondoho		   		     	
нопаопо	30	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00
	İ	Slow water movement	0.46	Seepage	0.53
Ridgecrest	20	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Depth to bedrock	1	Depth to hard	1.00
		Slope	1.00	bedrock	
		Content of large   stones	1.00	Slope   Content of large	1.00
		Slow water	0.46	stones	1.00
		movement		Seepage	0.53
37:					
Chesbrook	60	Very limited   Depth to	1.00	Very limited	1.00
		saturated zone	1.00	Depth to saturated zone	1
	i	Slow water	1.00	Seepage	0.53
	İ	movement	İ	Flooding	0.40
		Flooding	0.40	l I	
Bear Lake	20	  Very limited		  Very limited	İ
	İ	Flooding	1.00	Flooding	1.00
		Depth to	1.00	Seepage	1.00
		saturated zone	1 00	Depth to	
		Seepage, bottom	1.00	saturated zone	1.00
		Slow water	0.72		
	 	movement		 	
38: Cloudless	   50	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slow water	1.00	Slope	1.00
	İ	movement	İ	Seepage	0.53
		Slope	0.01		
Hades	40	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	ļ	Slow water	1.00	Slope	1.00
		movement	0.01		
		Slope 	0.01		
39: Cloudless	35	  Very limited		  Very limited	
CIOUGIESS	33	Slow water	1.00	Slope	1.00
	i	movement		Seepage	0.53
	į	Slope	1.00		
Hades	30	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slow water	1.00	Slope	1.00
		movement	1 00		
		Slope 	1.00		
Howcan	20	Very limited		Very limited	ļ
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Slow water   movement	0.46	Seepage	0.53
	-	IIIO A ETITETI C		1	1

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of	Septic tank absorption fields		Sewage lagoons		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
40: Copenhagen	35	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope	1.00	
Lonigan	     30   	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00   	Seepage 	0.53     1.00   1.00   1.00	
Manila	   20   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
41: Delish	   40       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Flooding	  1.00    0.46    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	1.00	
Cachecan	   25     		  1.00    1.00    0.40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage Flooding	1.00	
Stinkcreek	   15             	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity   Seepage, bottom   layer   Flooding	  1.00    1.00    1.00    0.40	Very limited Seepage Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00	
42: Downata	   80         	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00 	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Seepage	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.53	
43: Dranburn	   45   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Robin	   35       	   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.72	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
44: Enochville	   75           	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00    1.00	   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00  1.00
45: Foxol	   45         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.53
Vitale	30	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00    1.00  1.00    0.53
46: Hades	     35   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   20   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53
Hondoho	   20     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53
47: Hades	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Lanoak	   25   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53
Camelback	   25     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
48: Haploxerolls	     45     	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  1.00 
Xerorthents	   30         	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Seepage, bottom layer Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to soft bedrock Slope	1.00
49: Hendricks	   90     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
50: Holmes	   90     	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Seepage, bottom   layer   Flooding	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Flooding	1.00
51: Hondee	     85   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	      1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00
52: Hondee	   75   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00
53: Hondoho	   50   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.46    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Hades	   30     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
54: Hondoho	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.63  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
54: Ricrest	   40   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  0.53	
55: Hondoho	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Sprollow	   30         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Hades	   20     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
56: Hondoho	     45   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53	
Vitale	   30           	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53	
57: Huffman	     80   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53	
58: Huffman	   80     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53	
59: Huffman	   45     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    0.01	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of map		ds	Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
59: Dirtyhead	30	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00  0.46 	  Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.53
60: Huffman	     35 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	      1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.92  0.53
Harroun	   30     	Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to cemented   pan   Seepage   Slope	  1.00    1.00  1.00
Lanoak	   25 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.46 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.53  0.32
61: Huffman	     45   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  0.53
Wursten	   35       	Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.46 	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  1.00 
62: Iphil	   60 	Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.96  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  0.53
Lonigan	   20     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00    0.96	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  1.00
63: Ireland	   50         	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.52	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.88    0.53

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map		ds	Sewage lagoons		
:	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
63: Polumar	   25       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Content of large   stones   Slow water   movement	1	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.77    0.53  0.39	
64: Kabear	   50       	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.46    0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope 	  1.00  1.00	
Staberg	   25         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00  1.00    0.46    0.01	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Seepage   Slope	  1.00    1.00  1.00	
Copenhagen	   15       	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	  1.00  0.01 	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
65: Kabear	   50       	Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage 	1.00	
Staberg	   25         		  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  1.00	
Copenhagen	   15     	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
66: Kearns	     80   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.46	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name o	Pct. of map	<u> </u>	ds	Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
67: Kearnsar	60	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	0.28
Battle Creek	   25     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.02
68: Kidman	   90   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53
69: Kidman	   85   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.53
70: Kidman	   85   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	   85       	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	0.65	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	0.53
72: Kidman	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53
Sterling	   30   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53
73: Lando	   75     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
74: Lanoak	     75   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	! <del>-</del>	ds	Sewage lagoons	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
75: Lanoak	   75 	   Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
76: Lanoak	     45   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Broadhead	   40     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
77: Lanoak	   35   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Broadhead	   30   	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   15     	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
78: Lanoak	     40   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.84  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Hades	   35     	   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
79: Lanoak	     60   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	    1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Thatcher	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
80: Layton	     85         	Very limited Filtering capacity Seepage, bottom layer Depth to saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.40	
81: Layton	   80         	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Seepage, bottom   layer   Depth to saturated zone	  1.00    1.00    0.94	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.40 	
82: Lizdale	   80     	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.10	
83: Lizdale	   55       	Very limited Seepage, bottom layer Slope	  1.00    1.00	Very limited Slope Seepage Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.10	
Searla	   35     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  0.53	
84: Logan	   90       	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00	
85: Lonigan	   40     	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  1.00	
Lizdale	   40       	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  0.10	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	· -	ds	Sewage lagoons		
<u> </u>	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
86: Lonigan	   45     	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	bedrock	1.00	
Ricrest	   30     	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00		1.00	
87: Manila	   85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53	
88: Manila	     80   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
89: Manila	   85     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
90: Manila	     50   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Bancroft	   30     		0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
91: Manila	   50   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Broadhead	   25     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
92: Manila	   40     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	· -	ds	Sewage lagoons		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
92: Broadhead	35	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
93: Manila	     50   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Lonigan	30     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope		Very limited Depth to soft bedrock Seepage Slope	1.00	
94: Manila	   55   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.84	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Yeates Hollow	   30     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	stones	1.00	
95: Maplecreek	     95       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00  1.00      0.40	
96: Maplecreek	   45     	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Flooding	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	
Layton	   35         	Very limited	  1.00    1.00    0.94	Very limited Seepage Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  0.40 	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of map	f absorption fields		Sewage lagoons	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
97: Merkley	     45 	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	1.00	    Very limited   Seepage	1.00
	     	Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	0.46    0.40		
Lago	   20 	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
	   	Slow water   movement   Seepage, bottom   layer	1.00    1.00	Seepage   Flooding   	1.00  0.40 
	j 	Flooding	0.40		ļ ļ
Bear Lake	15           	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.72	Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00
98: Moonlight	     40	    Very limited		    Very limited	
MOONITIGHT	<del>1</del> 0   	Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Slope   Seepage	1.00
Camelback	   35     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
99: Niter	   60 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.08
Brifox	   20 	Very limited Slow water movement	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Slope	0.08
100: Northwater	35	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Content of large	  1.00  0.91  0.46 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Seepage   Content of large	  1.00  0.77    0.53  0.01

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
100: Foxol	   25     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	İ
Vitale	   20         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	1.00	Seepage 	0.53    1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53
101: Northwater	   65     	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Content of large stones	  1.00  0.46    0.31	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.53  0.01
Povey	   25   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.46	   Slope   Seepage	1.00
102: Northwater	     65     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.46    0.31	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.53  0.01
Povey	   15     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
103: Nyman	   50       	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement Content of large stones	1.00  0.46  0.46	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Seepage Content of large stones	  1.00    1.00  0.53  0.04
Lonigan	   20     	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Seepage, bottom layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of	Septic tank absorption fields		Sewage lagoons	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
103: Copenhagen	   15       	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.53
104: Oxford	     45 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.08
Banida	   35   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.08
105: Oxford	   45   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.01	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Banida	   35     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
106: Oxford	     50   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Banida	   35   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
107: Oxford	     65   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Gullied land	15	  Not rated	l I	  Not rated	
108: Parkay	   45       	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    0.88	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to hard   bedrock   Seepage	1.00
Povey	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46 	Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of		ds	Sewage lagoons	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
109: Parleys	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	    Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53
110: Parleys	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.92
111: Parleys, wet	   90       	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Flooding	0.53
112: Pavohroo	   30   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Sedgway	   30     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	1.00	! -	  1.00  0.53  0.52
Toponce	   20   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope	1.00
113: Picabo	   45       	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Flooding	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage Flooding	  1.00    0.53  0.40
Thatcherflats	   30       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  0.99    0.40
114: Pits, gravel	  100	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
115: Pollynot	   75       	Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00    0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	  1.00  1.00 

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	1
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
116: Pollynot	   75     	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
117: Pollynot	   75     	Very limited Seepage, bottom layer Slow water movement	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00
118: Pollynot	   75         	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00
119: Polumar	   45         	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Content of large stones Slow water movement	1	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Seepage Content of large stones	  1.00  0.77    0.53  0.39
Ireland	30	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.88
120: Polumar	30	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Content of large stones Slow water movement	  1.00  0.91  0.88 	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Seepage Content of large stones	  1.00  0.77    0.53  0.39
Sprollow	   30         	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement Content of large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.46 	Very limited  Depth to hard  bedrock  Slope  Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.53

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	of absorption fields		Sewage lagoons		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
120: Ireland	20	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.88  0.53	
121: Povey	   35   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Hades	   30   	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
Hondoho	   15   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
122: Povey	     45   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
Parkay	   30     	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00      0.88	Very limited Slope Depth to hard bedrock Seepage	1.00	
123: Preston	   90     	Very limited Filtering capacity Seepage, bottom layer	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	
124: Preston	   90     	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Seepage, bottom   layer	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00	
125: Preston	   85       	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of map		ds	Sewage lagoons	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
126: Preston	   55     	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Xerorthents	   20       	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Seepage, bottom layer Content of large stones	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope 	1.00
127: Ricrest	     90   	   Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.46    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
128: Sanyon	30	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Staberg	   30       	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Seepage, bottom layer Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.46	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Kabear	   20     	Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00      0.46	Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
129: Smidale	   85       	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.46    0.05	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.53  0.49
130: Smidale	   45       	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.46    0.05	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.53  0.49

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name    m	Pct. of	! <del>-</del>	ds	Sewage lagoons	•
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
130: Staberg	   40         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.46	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00
131: Sprollow	   45         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.53
Hondoho	   35     	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.46	Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
132: Sprollow	   40       	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.53
Hymas	   35           	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited  Depth to hard  bedrock  Slope  Seepage  Content of large  stones	  1.00    1.00  0.53  0.02
133: Sterling	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.46 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53
134: Sterling	   85   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.46 	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
135: Sterling	     90     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	! <del>-</del>	ds	   Sewage lagoons 	•
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
136: Sterling	   85   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
137: Sterling	     50 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.46	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.53
Parleys	   30   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.53
138: Thatcher	     45   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.84	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Bearhollow	   35   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	0.84	· -	1.00
139: Toponce	     50   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Broadhead	   30   	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
140: Trenton	     50   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Battle Creek	   40       	   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.65	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.02
141: Trenton, cool	   50       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone 	1.00

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank   absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
141: Battle Creek, cool	   40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.02
142: Trenton	   45   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Parleys	   35         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40    0.40	   Somewhat limited   Seepage   Flooding	  0.53  0.40 
143: Valmar	   40       	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.46	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53
Camelback	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Hades	   20   	   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
144: Vitale	   40         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53
Bergquist	   25         	Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Filtering   capacity   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.59	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to hard   bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.13
Rock outcrop	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank   absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
145: Vitale	     35       	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Content of large stones	1.00	Very limited Depth to hard bedrock Slope Content of large stones Seepage	    1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53	
Yeates Hollow	   25       	Very limited Slow water movement Slope Content of large stones	  1.00    1.00  0.19	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00    0.53	
Northwater	   15           	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	0.46	bedrock	  1.00  0.77    0.53  0.01	
146: Welby	   90     	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.46	  Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	
147: Welby	   90       	Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.46	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00	
148: Welby, wet	   85         	Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.46    0.40	  Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	
149: Collinston	   40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
Wheelon	   40     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00      0.01	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Septic tank   absorption fiel	ds	   Sewage lagoons   	ı
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
150: Wheelon	   40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Collinston	   35     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00
151: Wheelon	   45   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Collinston	   30     	   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
152: Windernot	   40           	Very limited Filtering capacity Seepage, bottom layer Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00    1.00    0.40  0.22	   Very limited   Seepage   Flooding	1.00
Lewnot	   20       	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.40	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00
Stinkcreek	   15             	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Filtering capacity Seepage, bottom layer Flooding	  1.00    1.00    1.00    0.40	Very limited Seepage Depth to saturated zone Flooding	  1.00  1.00      0.40
153: Winn	   90         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Flooding	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    0.53  0.40
154: Winwell	   80   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.53

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
155: Winwell	     45 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.68	
Collinston	   35     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.68	
156: Wormcreek	   50         	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Content of large stones	0.46	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Seepage	1.00	
Copenhagen	   30     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited	1.00	
157: Wormcreek	   45         	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Content of large stones	0.46	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Seepage	  1.00  0.61    0.53	
Lonigan	   35       	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope   Seepage	1.00	
158: Wursten	   45       	Very limited Slope Seepage, bottom layer Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    0.46	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage 	1.00	
Dirtyhead	   35     	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.46		1.00	
159: Xerochrepts	     30   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.72	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00	

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.	Septic tank absorption fiel	ds	Sewage lagoons			
	map  unit 	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value		
159:				   			
Wormcreek	25           	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	0.46	Very limited   Slope   Depth to soft   bedrock   Seepage	1.00		
Xerorthents	20           	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.04	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope	1.00		
160: Xerorthents	   75           	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.04	   Very limited   Depth to soft   bedrock   Slope	1.00		
161: Yeates Hollow	   85         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00    1.00  0.19	Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00      0.53		
162: Yeates Hollow	   40       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00    1.00  0.19	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00    0.53		
Manila	   25     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00		
Softback	   15         	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Content of large   stones	  1.00    1.00  0.12	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.53  0.18		
163: Yeates Hollow	   45         	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Content of large   stones	  1.00  1.00    0.19	   Very limited   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00    0.53		

Table 12.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Septic tank   absorption fiel	Sewage lagoons		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
163:	 				
Vitale	Slope 1.00 Slow water 1.00 movement		  1.00  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to hard   bedrock   Slope   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.53
164: Water	    100	    Not rated 	     	    Not rated 	

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	Y	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	or
· -	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	     80       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Excess sodium Excess salt Too clayey Flooding	    1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Sodium content   Salinity   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00   1.00   0.50   0.47
2: Ant Flat	   85   	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
3: Ant Flat	   85   	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00	  Not limited 		   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
4: Ant Flat	   90     	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01 	   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01
5: Ant Flat	   65 	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
Oxford	   25     	   Too clayey   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	  0.04   	   Yery limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.04
6: Ant Flat	   50   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Oxford	   35     	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	  1.00   	   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
7: Arbone	   80 	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.52
8: Banida	     85 	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	Trench sanitary landfill		Area sanitary landfill		Daily cover for landfill	
· -	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value   	
9: Banida	     80 	     Very limited   Too clayey	      1.00	    Not limited 		   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	    1.00  1.00	
10: Battle Creek	   85   	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	    1.00  1.00	
11: Battle Creek	   85   	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00	
12: Battle Creek	   95   	  Very limited   Too clayey	    1.00 	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00	
13: Bear Lake	   40         	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Ponding Too clayey	  1.00  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage Ponding Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	
Chesbrook	   30       	Very limited  Depth to saturated zone Too clayey Flooding	  1.00    0.50  0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Hard to compact Carbonate content Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	
Picabo	   15       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Excess sodium Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Sodium content   Carbonate content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.09	
14: Bear Lake	   50           	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too clayey	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	  1.00  1.00      1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Too clayey	  1.00    1.00  0.50	

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitary		   Area sanitary   landfill		Daily cover for landfill	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
14: Downata	   35         	Very limited    Flooding    Depth to    saturated zone    Ponding    Too clayey	    1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	    1.00  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Too clayey	1.00
15: Bear Lake	   50   	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00	Very limited	1.00
	       	Seepage, bottom layer Too clayey	0.50	Seepage	1.00	Too clayey	0.50
Downata	25         	Very limited	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Too clayey	1.00
Thatcherflats	20	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Excess sodium Too clayey Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.50  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	Very limited Sodium content Too clayey	1.00
16: Bear Lake	   65         	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too clayey	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	  1.00  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Too clayey	  1.00    1.00  0.50
Lago	   30         	Very limited  Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.68
17: Bearhollow	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Brifox	   25     	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Iphil	   20 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover for landfill	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
18: Bergquist	   60   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.14	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.14
Rubble land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Not rated 	
19: Bergquist	   45       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.14	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.14
Softback	   30     	Very limited Slope Too clayey Large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.26	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00     	Very limited Slope Too clayey Large stones Gravel content	1.00  0.50  0.26  0.25
20: Bergquist	   55     	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Seepage, bottom layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.14	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.14
Vitale	   25       	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
21: Bothwell	   80   	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01 	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50
22: Bothwell	   80 	Very limited Slope Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
23: Bothwell	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Justesen	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	or
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
24: Bothwell	     40 		0.50	    Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
Thatcher	35	  Not limited		Not limited		  Not limited	
25: Brifox	     40   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01
Huffman	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50
26: Brifox	   40   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Huffman	   35   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
27: Brifox	     55   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01
Niter	   25     	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01
28: Brifox	   65   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Niter	   20     	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope 	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
29: Brifox	     55   	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Niter	   25     	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00  1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. Trench sanitary of landfill map		У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
30: Broadhead	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	    0.63  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	1.00  0.63  0.50
Hades	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	0.63
Yago	   25   	   Very limited   Large stones   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.63  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope   	    0.63   	Very limited Large stones Slope Too clayey	  1.00  0.63  0.50
31: Broadhead	   40   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited Hard to compact Slope Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
Yago	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
32: Camelback	   55 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Lonigan	   25       	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Gravel content Seepage	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.52
33: Camelback	   40 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hades	   20 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Valmar	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00
34: Cedarhill	   90     	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Gravel content   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.52

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover for landfill	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value 
35: Cedarhill	   40   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00  1.00	    Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	    1.00  1.00  0.52
Hades	   25 	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  -  1.00  0.50
Ricrest	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slope Gravel content	  -  1.00  0.05
36: Cedarhill	     35   	Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	    1.00  1.00  0.52
Hondoho	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  -  1.00  1.00
Ridgecrest	   20     	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Carbonate content	1.00
37: Chesbrook	     60     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey   Flooding	    1.00    0.50  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	      1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Hard to compact   Carbonate content   Too clayey	      1.00  1.00  0.50
Bear Lake	   20       	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  -	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	  1.00  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Too clayey	  1.00    1.00  0.50
38: Cloudless	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	      0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Gravel content   Slope	    0.50  0.01  0.01
Hades	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01
39: Cloudless	     35     	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Gravel content	    1.00  0.50  0.01

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
39: Hades	     30 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50
Howcan	   20   	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones	  1.00  0.07	  Very limited   Slope 	  1.00 	   Slope   Gravel content   Large stones	  1.00  0.12  0.07
40: Copenhagen	     35   	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	!	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.91
Lonigan	   30     	Very limited Depth to bedrock Seepage, bottom layer Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Gravel content Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.74  0.52
Manila	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   	    1.00   	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
41: Delish	   40   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.86
Cachecan	   25     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Too clayey Flooding	  1.00    0.50  0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone	0.50
Stinkcreek	   15           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too sandy Excess sodium Flooding	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Too sandy Seepage Sodium content Gravel content	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.99
42: Downata	     80       	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Ponding Too clayey	    1.00  1.00    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Too clayey	    1.00  1.00  0.50
43: Dranburn	     45   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary landfill		Daily cover fo	or
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
43: Robin	     35 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	      1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
44: Enochville	     75     	Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.99
45: Foxol	     45   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	    1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	      1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Vitale	30       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
46: Hades	   35 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50
Camelback	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hondoho	   20   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
47: Hades	     25 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
Lanoak	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   25   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
48: Haploxerolls	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	  1.00  1.00      0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Gravel content   Too sandy	  1.00  1.00  0.79  0.50

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
48: Xerorthents	30	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.04	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.91  0.16  0.04
49: Hendricks	     90   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50
50: Holmes	   90         	Very limited Seepage, bottom layer Too sandy Flooding Large stones	  1.00    1.00  0.40  0.02	   Very limited   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00  0.40 	Very limited   Too sandy   Seepage   Gravel content   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.36  0.02
51: Hondee	     85   	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	    1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Seepage 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Seepage   Gravel content   Too sandy	  1.00  0.99  0.50
52: Hondee	   75       	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy   Slope	  1.00    0.50  0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	  1.00  0.01 	  Very limited   Seepage   Gravel content   Too sandy   Slope	  1.00  0.99  0.50  0.01
53: Hondoho	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	    Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01	    Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50
54: Hondoho	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.63	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00
Ricrest	   40   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.05
55: Hondoho	     35   	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover for landfill	r
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
55: Sprollow	30	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.26	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Carbonate content   Large stones	1.00
Hades	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50
56: Hondoho	   45   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00
Vitale	   30       	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
57: Huffman	   80 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 	     	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
58: Huffman	   80 	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01	Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50
59: Huffman	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01
Dirtyhead	   30   	Very limited  Depth to bedrock  Slope	  1.00  0.01	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.01		  1.00  1.00  0.01
60: Huffman	     35	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited	     	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
Harroun	   30       	Very limited Seepage, bottom layer Depth to thin cemented pan Slope	  1.00    0.50    0.01	Very limited Depth to cemented pan Seepage Slope	  1.00    1.00  0.01	Very limited Depth to cemented pan Gravel content Slope	  1.00    0.61  0.01
Lanoak	25	  Not limited		  Not limited	 	  Not limited	
61: Huffman	     45   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.01 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
61: Wursten	   35   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.01		0.22
62:		 		 		 	
Iphil	60	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.96	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.96	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.96
Lonigan	   20     	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00      0.96	   Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.96	Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.96  0.52
63: Ireland	     50   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	    1.00  1.00  0.52	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.52  0.16
Polumar	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.96	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.77	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.96  0.77
64: Kabear	     50   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	    1.00    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
Staberg	   25     	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00      0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	  1.00  0.01
Copenhagen	   15     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00  0.91  0.01
65: Kabear	   50   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
Staberg	   25     	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00   	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	1.00
Copenhagen	   15     	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.91

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	or
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
66: Kearns	     80	    Not limited		    Not limited		    Not limited	
67: Kearnsar	   60 	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Not limited   	     
Battle Creek	   25     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Too clayey	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00 	   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
68: Kidman	     90 	  Not limited 		    Not limited 		  Not limited 	
69: Kidman	   85 	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	i i
70: Kidman	   85 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	     85   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00 	  Not limited 	
72: Kidman	45	  Not limited	 	  Not limited		  Not limited	
Sterling	30	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
73: Lando	     75   	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey	    1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	      1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone	0.50
74: Lanoak	     75 	  Not limited 	   	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
75: Lanoak	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	    0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
76: Lanoak	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   40     	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
77: Lanoak	     35 	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover for landfill	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77: Broadhead	30	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Hard to compact   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
Hades	   15   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
78: Lanoak	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
Hades	35   	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	0.84	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	0.84
79: Lanoak	     60 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Thatcher	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
80: Layton	   85       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	  1.00    1.00    0.50	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too sandy 	    1.00  0.50
81: Layton	     80       	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	      1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too sandy 	    1.00  0.50
82: Lizdale	     80     	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.81  0.22
83: Lizdale	     55     	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Seepage	    1.00  1.00  0.81  0.22
Searla	   35   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	landfill		Area sanitary		Daily cover for landfill	Daily cover for landfill		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value		
84: Logan	90	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey   Flooding	  1.00    0.50  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey	1.00		
85: Lonigan	   40   	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.74  0.52		
Lizdale	   40     	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage 	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Carbonate content   Gravel content   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.81  0.22		
86: Lonigan	   45     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.52		
Ricrest	   30   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.05		
87: Manila	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Hard to compact   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50		
88: Manila	     80   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01   	  Very limited   Hard to compact   Too clayey   Slope	    1.00  0.50  0.01		
89: Manila	     85     	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  1.00  0.50		
90: Manila	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	  0.50  0.37	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.37 	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.37		
Bancroft	   30   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.37	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	  0.50  0.37		

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
91: Manila	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	    0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01	  Very limited   Hard to compact   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.50  0.01
Broadhead	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey   Slope	  0.50  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.01 	Very limited	  1.00  0.50  0.01
92: Manila	   40   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00 	  Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
Broadhead	35   	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
93: Manila	   50   	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50
Lonigan	30	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  0.74  0.52
94: Manila	   55     	Somewhat limited   Slope   Too clayey	  0.84  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.84   	  Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.84  0.50
Yeates Hollow	30	Somewhat limited Slope Too clayey Large stones	  0.84  0.50  0.04	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	Somewhat limited Slope Too clayey Gravel content Large stones	  0.84  0.50  0.13  0.04
95: Maplecreek	   95           	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy   Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.50  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	   Somewhat limited   Seepage   Too sandy   Depth to   saturated zone	0.52

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary landfill		Daily cover for landfill	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
96: Maplecreek	   45       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too sandy Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.50  0.40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage Flooding	    1.00    1.00  0.40	   Somewhat limited   Seepage   Too sandy   Depth to   saturated zone	0.52
Layton	   35       	Very limited  Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too sandy	1.00	Very limited  Depth to  saturated zone  Seepage	  1.00    1.00	Very limited Seepage Too sandy	1.00
97: Merkley	   45     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	      1.00    1.00	  Not limited   	
Lago	20       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding	  1.00    0.40	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.68
Bear Lake	   15         	Very limited Flooding Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too clayey	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.50	   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	  1.00  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Too clayey	  1.00    1.00  0.50
98: Moonlight	40	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
99: Niter	     60 	  Very limited   Too clayey	      1.00	  Not limited	     	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
Brifox	   20 	  Very limited   Too clayey	1.00	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
100: Northwater	     35       	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	    1.00  1.00  0.44	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	      1.00  0.77	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.77  0.44  0.20

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Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
100: Foxol	   25 	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Vitale	   20     	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
101: Northwater	   65   	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones	    1.00  0.09	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.09  0.02
Povey	   25   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
102: Northwater	     65   	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones	    1.00  0.09	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	  1.00  0.09  0.02
Povey	   15   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
103: Nyman	     50     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.13	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.13
Lonigan	   20   	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.52
Copenhagen	   15     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.91
104: Oxford	     45 	  Very limited   Too clayey	      1.00	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
Banida	   35   	  Very limited   Too clayey 	    1.00 	  Not limited   	     	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Trench sanitar   landfill	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	or
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
105: Oxford	     45   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	      1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	      0.01 	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01
Banida	   35     	   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01
106: Oxford	   50 	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	   Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Banida	   35     	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	  1.00   	   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00
107: Oxford	   65   	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Gullied land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Not rated 	
108: Parkay	     45   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.68 	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Too clayey	  1.00  0.75  0.68  0.50
Povey	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  0.96
109: Parleys	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Too clayey 	0.50
110: Parleys	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
111: Parleys, wet	     90   	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey   Flooding	  1.00    0.50  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	    1.00    0.40	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
112: Pavohroo	     30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
112: Sedgway	30	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  0.63  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Too clayey	  1.00  0.63  0.50
Toponce	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Hard to compact	  1.00  1.00  1.00
113: Picabo	   45     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Excess sodium   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	  Very limited   Sodium content   Carbonate content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.09
Thatcherflats	30	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Excess sodium Too clayey Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.50  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Sodium content   Too clayey 	  1.00  0.50 
114: Pits, gravel	100	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated	
115: Pollynot	   75     	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.01
116: Pollynot	     75   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
117: Pollynot	   75   	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
118: Pollynot	   75     	Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope	  1.00    0.63	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.63   	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.63   
119: Polumar	   45   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.96	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.77	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.96  0.77
Ireland	   30     	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.52	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.52  0.16

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
120: Polumar	30	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	    1.00  1.00  0.96	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.77	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.96  0.77
Sprollow	   30     	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.26	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Carbonate content   Large stones	1.00
Ireland	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.52  0.16
121: Povey	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.96
Hades	   30 	Very limited Slope Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50
Hondoho	   15   	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	  1.00  1.00
122: Povey	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  0.96
Parkay	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Too clayey	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.68 	   Very limited   Slope   Gravel content   Depth to bedrock   Too clayey	  1.00  0.75  0.68  0.50
123: Preston	   90     	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00 	  Very limited   Seepage   Too sandy	1.00
124: Preston	   90     	   Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too sandy	1.00
125: Preston	   85       	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer   Slope   Too sandy	  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Too sandy	    1.00  1.00  0.50

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
126: Preston	     55     	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy	    1.00  1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Too sandy	  1.00  1.00  0.50
Xerorthents	   20       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock 	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.91  0.16  0.04
127: Ricrest	   90 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.05
128: Sanyon	     30   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Staberg	   30     	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Seepage, bottom layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	1.00
Kabear	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00 	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
129: Smidale	   85     	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones	    1.00  0.08	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	1.00
130: Smidale	     45   	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones	  1.00  0.08	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones   Gravel content	1.00  0.08  0.08
Staberg	   40     	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	1.00
131: Sprollow	   45       	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.26	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Carbonate content Large stones	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	   Trench sanitar   landfill	У	   Area sanitary   landfill		Daily cover fo	r
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
131: Hondoho	     35 	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	    Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00
132: Sprollow	   40     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.26	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Carbonate content   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.26
Hymas	   35     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.56  0.01
133: Sterling	     85 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
134: Sterling	85	  Not limited 		  Not limited 		  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
135: Sterling	   90 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	    1.00	  Very limited   Gravel content   Slope	    1.00  1.00
136: Sterling	     85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	    1.00  1.00
137: Sterling	50	  Not limited		  Not limited	     	  Very limited   Gravel content	1.00
Parleys	30	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
138: Thatcher	45	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
Bearhollow	35	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	Somewhat limited   Gravel content   Slope	0.84
139: Toponce	     50   	   Very limited   Too clayey   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact   Slope	    1.00  1.00  1.00
Broadhead	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	    1.00  0.50 	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	   Very limited   Hard to compact   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  0.50

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary   landfill		Daily cover fo	r
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
140: Trenton	     50     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Excess sodium   Too clayey	  1.00    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00   	Very limited   Sodium content   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.09
Battle Creek	   40   	Very limited  Depth to  saturated zone  Too clayey	  1.00    1.00		    1.00 	Very limited Too clayey Hard to compact	1.00
141: Trenton, cool	     50     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Excess sodium Too clayey	    1.00    1.00  0.50	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	        1.00	Very limited Sodium content Too clayey Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.09
Battle Creek, cool	   40   	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00   	  Very limited   Too clayey   Hard to compact	1.00
142: Trenton	   45     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Excess sodium Too clayey	  1.00    1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00   	   Very limited   Sodium content   Too clayey   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.50  0.09
Parleys	   35       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too clayey   Flooding	  1.00    0.50  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	   Somewhat limited   Too clayey 	0.50
143: Valmar	   40   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Large stones	1.00  1.00  1.00
Camelback	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Gravel content	1.00
Hades	   20   	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey	1.00
144: Vitale	   40     	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Large stones Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
144: Bergquist	   25   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.14	Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.14
Rock outcrop	   15   	  Not rated   	     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	  Not rated   	
145: Vitale	   35     	Very limited  Depth to bedrock  Slope  Large stones  Too clayey	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slope Large stones Too clayey	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50
Yeates Hollow	   25     	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.04	  Very limited   Slope 	  1.00   	Very limited Slope Too clayey Gravel content Large stones	1.00  0.50  0.13  0.04
Northwater	   15     	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.44	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.77 	! -	1.00  0.77  0.44  0.20
146: Welby	   90 	: =	    1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
147: Welby	     90 	  Very limited   Seepage, bottom   layer	      1.00	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	
148: Welby, wet	   85     	Very limited  Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00   	Not limited	
149: Collinston	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
Wheelon	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
150: Wheelon	     40 	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Collinston	35 35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary	•	Daily cover fo	r
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
151: Wheelon	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Collinston	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
152: Windernot	   40         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Too sandy   Flooding	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	  Very limited   Too sandy   Seepage   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Lewnot	   20     	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage, bottom   layer   Flooding	  1.00    1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	   Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	0.24
Stinkcreek	   15           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Seepage, bottom layer Too sandy Excess sodium Flooding	  1.00    1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage   Flooding	  1.00    1.00  0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Too sandy   Seepage   Sodium content   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.99
153: Winn	   90     	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00    0.40	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.09
154: Winwell	80	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
155: Winwell	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Too clayey	0.50
Collinston	35	  Not limited		  Not limited		  Not limited	
156: Wormcreek	     50     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.29	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.61	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Large stones	  1.00  0.61  0.54  029
Copenhagen	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content	  1.00  1.00  0.91

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Trench sanitar	У	Area sanitary		Daily cover fo	or
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
157: Wormcreek	     45     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.29	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.61	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Gravel content   Large stones	1.00  0.61  0.54  0.29
Lonigan	   35       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.52
158: Wursten	   45   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage, bottom   layer	    1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Seepage	1.00
Dirtyhead	   35     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	!	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00	Very limited	  1.00  1.00  1.00
159: Xerochrepts	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Wormcreek	   25     	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  0.29	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.61 	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Gravel content Large stones	1.00  0.61  0.54  0.29
Xerorthents	   20       	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.04	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Large stones	1.00   1.00   0.91   0.16   0.04
160: Xerorthents	   75         	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage, bottom   layer   Large stones	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.04	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Gravel content   Seepage   Large stones	1.00  1.00  0.91  0.16  0.04
161: Yeates Hollow	   85       	  Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Large stones	  1.00  0.50  0.04	  Very limited   Slope 	    1.00   	Very limited   Slope   Too clayey   Gravel content   Large stones	1.00  0.50  0.13  0.04

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 13.--Sanitary Facilities (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Trench sanitary   landfill		Area sanitary landfill		Daily cover for landfill	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
162:			i i		İ		
Yeates Hollow	40	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ	Very limited	İ
	İ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	İ	Too clayey	0.50	<u> </u>	İ	Too clayey	0.50
	İ	Large stones	0.04	į	İ	Gravel content	0.13
	į		į		ļ	Large stones	0.04
Manila	25	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
	İ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Hard to compact	1.00
	İ	Too clayey	0.50	ĺ	İ	Slope	1.00
	İ		İ		ļ	Too clayey	0.50
Softback	15	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Too clayey	0.50			Too clayey	0.50
	İ	Large stones	0.26	ĺ	İ	Large stones	0.26
						Gravel content	0.25
163:	 						
Yeates Hollow	45	Very limited		Very limited		Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Too clayey	0.50			Too clayey	0.50
		Large stones	0.04			Gravel content	0.13
						Large stones	0.04
Vitale	35	  Very limited		  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	Depth to bedrock	1.00
		Depth to bedrock	1.00	Depth to bedrock	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Large stones	1.00			Large stones	1.00
		Too clayey	0.50			Too clayey	0.50
164:				 		 	
Water	100	Not rated	1	Not rated	1	Not rated	1

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	manure and food processing was	l <b>-</b>	Application of sewage sludg	re
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
1: Airport	   80       	Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement   Salinity   Depth to   saturated zone   Runoff	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.86	Very limited Sodium content Slow water movement Salinity Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.86
2: Ant Flat	   85   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
3: Ant Flat	   85   	Very limited Slow water movement Runoff	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement	1.00
4: Ant Flat	   90     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff   Slope	  1.00    0.40  0.01	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
5: Ant Flat	   65   	Very limited Slow water movement Runoff	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
Oxford	   25     	   Slow water   movement   Runoff   Slope	1.00	   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
6: Ant Flat	   50     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope Runoff	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
Oxford	   35     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope Runoff	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map			Application of sewage sludge	
	   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
7: Arbone	80	Somewhat limited Filtering capacity	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Filtering   capacity	0.01
8: Banida	   85     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
9: Banida	   80   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
10: Battle Creek	   85     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
11: Battle Creek	   85     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
12: Battle Creek	   95     	Very limited Slow water movement Runoff	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
13: Bear Lake	   40           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Ponding Flooding Slow water movement Runoff	  1.00  1.00  0.60  0.41 	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Ponding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.31 
Chesbrook	30	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement Runoff	  1.00    0.99    0.50  0.41    0.40	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity   Too acid   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.99    0.99  0.40  0.31

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	manure and food processing was		Application of sewage sludg	je
	unit     	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
13:		<u> </u> 	İ		
Picabo	15	Very limited		Very limited	
		Sodium content	1.00	Sodium content	1.00
		Depth to	0.43	Depth to	0.43
		saturated zone		saturated zone	0.40
14:				 	
Bear Lake	50	Very limited   Depth to	1.00	Very limited   Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone	1.00	saturated zone	1.00
		Flooding	1.00	Flooding	1.00
	i	Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
	İ	movement	i	movement	i
		Runoff	0.40	Filtering	0.01
		Filtering capacity	0.01	capacity	
Downata	35	  Very limited		  Very limited	
DOWNACA	33	Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
	1	saturated zone		saturated zone	
	İ	Flooding	1.00	Flooding	1.00
	İ	Ponding	1.00	Ponding	1.00
		Filtering	0.99	Filtering	0.99
		capacity Too acid	0.50	capacity Too acid	0.99
15:					
Bear Lake	50	Very limited		Very limited	
		Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone Flooding	1.00	saturated zone Flooding	1.00
		Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
		movement		movement	0.51
	i	Runoff	0.40	Filtering	0.01
	İ	Filtering capacity	0.01	capacity	İ
Downata	25	    Very limited		    Very limited	
		Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
	İ	saturated zone	İ	saturated zone	i
	İ	Flooding	1.00	Flooding	1.00
		Ponding	1.00	Ponding	1.00
		Filtering	0.99	Filtering	0.99
		capacity Too acid	0.50	capacity Too acid	0.99
Thatcherflats	20	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slow water	1.00	Slow water	1.00
		movement		movement	[
		Sodium content	1.00	Sodium content	1.00
		Runoff	0.40	Flooding	0.40
		Depth to saturated zone	0.09	Depth to saturated zone	0.09
	-	saturated zone   Salinity	0.06	sacuraced zone	1
	i			i	i

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. Application of of manure and food- map processing waste unit		Application of sewage sludge		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
16:					
Bear Lake	65   	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
		Flooding	0.60	Flooding	1.00
	į	Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
		movement	0.40	movement	
	   	Runoff   Filtering   capacity	0.40	Filtering   capacity 	0.01
Lago	   30	  Somewhat limited		  Somewhat limited	
		Depth to	0.95	Depth to	0.95
		saturated zone	0.41	saturated zone Flooding	0.40
	 	movement	0.41	Slow water	0.31
	i I			movement	
17: Bearhollow	   30	  Very limited		  Very limited	
Bearmorrow	30	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	į	Sodium content	0.32	Sodium content	0.32
Brifox	25	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	ļ	Slope	1.00	Slow water	1.00
	 	Slow water   movement	1.00	movement   Slope	1.00
Iphil	20	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	į	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Sodium content	0.82	Sodium content	0.82
18: Bergquist	   60	  Very limited		  Very limited	
51	İ	Slope	1.00	Low adsorption	1.00
		Droughty	0.94	Slope	1.00
		Filtering	0.01	Droughty	0.94
		capacity		Filtering capacity	0.01
Rubble land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
19: Bergquist	45	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	
34		Slope	1.00	Low adsorption	1.00
	İ	Droughty	0.94	Slope	1.00
		Filtering	0.01	Droughty	0.94
		capacity		Filtering   capacity	0.01
Softback	30	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
		Filtering	0.99	Filtering	0.99
	 	capacity Too acid	0.50	capacity Too acid	0.99
		Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
	i	movement	i	movement	i

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	e
	dill'c     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
20: Bergquist	   55       	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Filtering   capacity	    1.00  0.94  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.94  0.01
Vitale	   25           	Very limited   Slope   Large stones on the surface   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65  0.41	Very limited   Droughty   Low adsorption   Large stones on the surface   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.65
21: Bothwell	   80   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.31
22: Bothwell	     80   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
23: Bothwell	     35   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.31
Hades	   30   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.31
Justesen	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.31
24: Bothwell	   40 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
Thatcher	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
25: Brifox	   40     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map			Application of sewage sludge		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
25: Huffman	35	    Somewhat limited		    Somewhat limited		
		Slow water movement	0.41	movement	0.31	
		Slope 	0.01	Slope 	0.01	
26: Brifox	40	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	
	 	movement Slope	1.00	movement Slope	1.00	
Huffman	35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	
	   	Slow water   movement	0.41	Slow water   movement	0.31	
27:						
Brifox	55   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	
		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01	
Niter	25	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	
		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01	
28:	 			 		
Brifox	65   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	
	İ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00	
Niter	20	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	
		movement   Slope	1.00	movement   Slope	1.00	
29:	 					
Brifox	55	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slow water	1.00	
		Slow water   movement	1.00	movement   Slope	1.00	
Niter	25	  Very limited		  Very limited	İ	
	İ	Slope Slow water	1.00	Slow water movement	1.00	
		movement	1.00	Slope	1.00	
30:	20	   		   		
Broadhead	30	Very limited   Slow water	1.00	Very limited   Slow water	1.00	
		movement Slope	0.63	movement Slope	0.63	
Hades	25	    Somewhat limited		    Somewhat limited		
mades	45	Slope	0.63	Slope	0.63	
	İ	Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31	
		movement		movement		

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Application of manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	re
	unit     	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
30: Yago	25	  Very limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slow water   movement	    1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slow water   movement	1.00
	       	Cobble content Slope Too acid	1.00	Cobble content   Slope   Too acid	1.00  0.63  0.14
31: Broadhead	     40 	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
Yago	   35           	Slope 	1.00    1.00    1.00    1.00  1.00  0.03	Slope 	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.14
32: Camelback	     55	    Very limited		    Very limited	
Lonigan	   25         	Slope 	1.00    1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01	Slope 	1.00    1.00  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01
33: Camelback	     40	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   20   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00
Valmar	   20         	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content   Large stones on the surface	  1.00  1.00  0.90  0.75  0.08	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.90  0.75
34: Cedarhill	   90     	Very limited Slope Droughty Filtering capacity	  1.00  0.88  0.01	Very limited Slope Droughty Filtering capacity	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.   of  map	manure and food- processing waste		Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
35: Cedarhill	40	      Very limited		Very limited	
	     	Slope   Droughty   Filtering   capacity	1.00  0.88  0.01	Slope   Droughty   Filtering   capacity	1.00  0.88  0.01
Hades	   25   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00
Ricrest	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
36:					
Cedarhill	35	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00
		Droughty	0.88	Droughty	0.88
		Filtering capacity	0.01	Filtering   capacity	0.01
Hondoho	30	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	   	Slope   Large stones on   the surface	1.00	Slope   Large stones on   the surface	1.00
Ridgecrest	20	  Very limited	1 00	  Very limited	
		Slope Large stones on	1.00	Droughty Low adsorption	1.00
		the surface	į	Large stones on	1.00
		Droughty Depth to bedrock	1.00	the surface	1.00
	   	Cobble content	0.71	Slope Depth to bedrock	0.71
37: Chesbrook	60	    Very limited		    Very limited	
	į	Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone Filtering	0.99	saturated zone Filtering	0.99
	İ	capacity		capacity	
		Too acid	0.50	Too acid	0.99
		Slow water   movement	0.41	Flooding   Slow water	0.40
		Runoff	0.40	movement	
Bear Lake	20	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	
		Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone Flooding	0.60	saturated zone Flooding	1.00
		Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
	į	movement	į	movement	į
		Runoff	0.40	Filtering	0.01
	1	Filtering	0.01	capacity	1

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. Application of of manure and food-map processing waste		Application of sewage sludge		
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
38:					
Cloudless	50   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  0.41    0.01	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.31
Hades	40	Slope    Somewhat limited   Slow water	0.01	Slope    Somewhat limited   Slow water	0.01
	į į	movement Slope	0.01	movement Slope	0.01
39: Cloudless	35	    Very limited		    Very limited	
		Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Slope Slow water movement	1.00
Hades	   30   	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00
Howcan	   20       	Very limited   Slope   Large stones on the surface   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.08    0.01	Very limited Slope Large stones on the surface Filtering capacity	1.00
40:					
Copenhagen	35         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Slope   Runoff   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.08	Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Slope   Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.08
Lonigan	   30         	Very limited Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.20  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.20  0.01
Manila	   20   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
41: Delish	   40       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity   Filtering   capacity	    0.99    0.01  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Salinity   Filtering	  0.99    0.40  0.13  0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

41: Cachecan	unit               25	Rating class and limiting features    Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Depth to	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
	   25     	Sodium content			i
		Sodium content		  Somewhat limited	
			0.68	Sodium content Depth to	0.68
	ļ	saturated zone Slow water movement	0.41	saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement	0.40
Stinkcreek	15	  Very limited   Filtering	1.00	  Very limited   Filtering	1.00
		capacity Depth to	1.00	capacity Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone		saturated zone	
		Sodium content   Slow water	1.00	Sodium content   Flooding	1.00
		movement		Slow water	0.31
	ļ	Runoff 	0.40	movement	
42: Downata	80	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	İ	Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone Flooding	1.00	saturated zone Flooding	1.00
	İ	Ponding	1.00	Ponding	1.00
		Filtering	0.99	Filtering	0.99
		capacity Too acid	0.50	capacity Too acid	0.99
43:	 				
Dranburn	45	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slope	1.00
		Filtering	0.99	Filtering	0.99
	į	capacity	į	capacity	į
		Too acid	0.50	Too acid	0.99
		Slow water   movement	0.41	Slow water movement	0.31
Robin	35	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Slope 	1.00	Slope	1.00
44: Enochville	   75	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Depth to	1.00	Depth to	1.00
		saturated zone Flooding	1.00	saturated zone Flooding	1.00
		Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
	į	movement	İ	movement	İ
		Runoff	0.40	Filtering	0.01
		Filtering   capacity	0.01	capacity	
45: Foxol		 		 	
LOYOT	45	Very limited   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Droughty	1.00
	į	Depth to bedrock	1.00	Depth to bedrock	1.00
		Large stones on	1.00	Low adsorption	1.00
		the surface Droughty	1.00	Large stones on the surface	1.00
		Runoff	0.40	Slope	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Application of manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	е
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
45: Vitale	30	Very limited Slope Large stones on the surface Droughty Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65  0.41	Very limited Droughty Low adsorption Large stones on the surface Slope Depth to bedrock	1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.65
46: Hades	     35   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
Camelback	   20 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hondoho	   20   	Very limited Slope Large stones on the surface	  1.00  0.82	Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	  1.00  0.82
47: Hades	     25   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
Lanoak	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Camelback	25	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
48: Haploxerolls	     45 	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	    1.00  0.99	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  0.99
Xerorthents	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00
49: Hendricks	   90     	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.31
50: Holmes	   90       	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Dense layer   Droughty	  1.00    1.00  0.75	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty   Flooding	  1.00    0.75  0.40

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	e
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
51: Hondee	     85   	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	    1.00    0.23	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	1.00
52: Hondee	   75     	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty Slope	  1.00    0.23  0.01	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty   Slope	  1.00    0.23  0.01
53: Hondoho	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slope	0.82	  Somewhat limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slope	0.82
Hades	   30   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.41    0.01	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.31
54: Hondoho	     50   	  Somewhat limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slope	    0.82    0.63	  Somewhat limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slope	0.82
Ricrest	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
55: Hondoho	     35   	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	    1.00  0.82	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	1.00
Sprollow	   30     	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.19  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.19  0.01
Hades	   20   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
56: Hondoho	     45     	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	  1.00  0.82	  Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	manure and food processing was		Application of sewage sludge	е
	unit     	! —————	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
56: Vitale	30	Very limited Slope Large stones on the surface Droughty Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65  0.41	Very limited Droughty Low adsorption Large stones on the surface Slope Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65
57: Huffman	     80 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.31 
58: Huffman	   80   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    0.31    0.01
59: Huffman	   45   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.31
Dirtyhead	   30       	   Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.01  0.01	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.01  0.01
60: Huffman	   35 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.31 
Harroun	30	Very limited Depth to cemented pan Droughty Runoff Slope	  1.00    1.00  0.40  0.01	Very limited Droughty Depth to cemented pan Low adsorption Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.01
Lanoak	25	  Not limited	   	  Not limited 	   
61: Huffman	     45   	   Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	0.31
Wursten	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Slope	  0.02  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Slope	    0.02  0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map	- :		Application of sewage sludg	re
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
62: Iphil	60	Somewhat limited   Slope   Sodium content	0.96		0.96
Lonigan	20           	Somewhat limited   Droughty   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  0.99  0.96  0.90  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Droughty   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.96  0.90  0.01
63: Ireland	   50     	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.59	  Very limited   Droughty   Low adsorption   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.59
Polumar	   25     	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty	    1.00  0.57 	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.57
64: Kabear	   50   	Somewhat limited   Filtering   capacity   Slope	0.01	Somewhat limited   Filtering   capacity   Slope	0.01
Staberg	   25       	   Somewhat limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity   Slope	  0.18  0.01  0.01    0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity   Slope	  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01  0.01  0.01
Copenhagen	   15         	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff   Cobble content   Slope	  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.08  0.01	Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Cobble content   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.08  0.01
65: Kabear	   50   	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity	1.00
Staberg	   25         	Very limited Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Application of manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	re
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
65: Copenhagen	     15     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Slope   Runoff   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.08	Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Slope   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.08
66: Kearns	   80 	  Not limited 		  Not limited 	   
67: Kearnsar	   60 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
Battle Creek	   25     	Very limited Slow water movement Runoff	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
68: Kidman	90	  Not limited		  Not limited	
69: Kidman	   85 	  Not limited		  Not limited 	
70: Kidman	   85 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	   85	  Not limited		  Not limited	
72: Kidman	45	  Not limited		  Not limited	
Sterling	30	Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01	Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01
73: Lando	   75       	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone Sodium content	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone Sodium content	1.00
74: Lanoak	     75	  Not limited		    Not limited	   
75: Lanoak	     75 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
76: Lanoak	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	    Very limited   Slope 	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludge	
	unic     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
76: Broadhead	40	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	
Broadnead		Slow water movement	1.00	Slow water movement	1.00
77:	   	Slope   	1.00	Slope   	1.00
Lanoak	35	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
	   	Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00    0.40	Slow water   movement	1.00
Hades	   15   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.31
78: Lanoak	     40 	    Somewhat limited   Slope	      0.84	    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
Hades	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.84  0.41	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  0.84  0.31
79: Lanoak	     60	    Very limited		    Very limited	
Thatcher	     25 	Slope    Very limited   Slope   Slow water	1.00      1.00  0.41	Slope    Very limited   Slope   Slow water	1.00      1.00  0.31
80:	   	movement   	   	movement   	
Layton	85   	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty	1.00
81: Layton	     80   	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	    1.00    0.16	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	    1.00    0.16
82: Lizdale	   80         	Very limited   Slope   Large stones on the surface   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00      0.01	Very limited Large stones on the surface Slope Filtering capacity	    1.00    1.00  0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	manure and food processing was		Application of sewage sludg	re
1   	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
83: Lizdale	     55 		    1.00    1.00	Very limited   Large stones on   the surface   Slope	1.00
		Filtering   capacity	0.01	Filtering   capacity	0.01
Searla	   35     	   Slope   Slow water   movement   Droughty	  1.00  0.41    0.03	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Droughty	1.00
84: Logan	   90       	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Filtering	  1.00    1.00    0.99	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement   Filtering	1.00
	   	capacity Too acid Runoff	0.50	capacity Too acid Flooding	0.99
85: Lonigan	   40         	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.20  0.01	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.20  0.01
Lizdale	   40       	Very limited   Large stones on the surface   Slope   Filtering   capacity	  1.00    1.00  0.01	Very limited   Large stones on the surface   Slope   Filtering   capacity	  1.00    1.00  0.01
86: Lonigan	   45         	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01
Ricrest	   30 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
87: Manila	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	      1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Application of manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
88: Manila	80	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
89: Manila	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
90: Manila	     50   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
Bancroft	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.37
91: Manila	     50   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   25   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.01	   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
92: Manila	     40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
Broadhead	   35     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
93: Manila	     50   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
Lonigan	   30           	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.20  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.20  0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	manure and food- processing waste		Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
94: Manila	     55	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00
	į Į	movement Slope	0.84	movement Slope	0.84
Yeates Hollow	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.84
	   	Slow water   movement	0.74	Slow water   movement	0.60
	į Į	Cobble content	0.01	Cobble content	0.01
95: Maplecreek	   95   	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.68	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.68
	     	Filtering   capacity   	0.01	Flooding   Filtering   capacity 	0.40
96: Maplecreek	   45       	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity	  0.68    0.01	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Filtering   capacity	  0.68    0.40  0.01
Layton	   35   	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty	  1.00    0.16	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	1.00
97: Merkley	     45	    Very limited	   	    Very limited	   
	   	Filtering capacity Sodium content	0.02	Filtering capacity Sodium content	1.00
Lago	   20 	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.95	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.95
	     	Slow water   movement	0.41	Flooding   Slow water   movement	0.40
Bear Lake	   15     	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.60  0.41	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00  0.31
	     	Runoff Filtering capacity	0.40	Filtering capacity	0.01

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.	manure and food		Application of sewage sludge		
	map	processing was	te	 		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
98:	   	<u> </u>   		   		
Moonlight	40     	Very limited Slope Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited Slope Filtering capacity	1.00	
	j I	Too acid	0.50	Too acid	0.99	
Camelback	35   	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	
99: Niter	   60 	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	
Brifox	   20 	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	
100: Northwater	     35   	Very limited Slope Droughty Filtering	    1.00  0.90  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty	1.00   1.00   0.90	
	   	capacity   		Filtering   capacity 	0.01	
Foxol	25       	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Droughty Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.40	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Low adsorption Large stones on the surface Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	
Vitale	   20       	Very limited Slope Large stones on the surface Droughty Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65  0.41	Very limited Droughty Low adsorption Large stones on the surface Slope Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65	
101: Northwater	     65     	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Filtering   capacity	    1.00  0.90  0.01	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.90  0.01	
Povey	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

unit 65	Rating class and limiting features  Very limited Slope Droughty Filtering capacity	Value	limiting features	Value
	Slope   Droughty   Filtering		! <del>-</del>	
15	capacity 	0.01	Low adsorption Slope Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.90
15		   	Filtering capacity	0.01
	Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited   Slope 	1.00
50	Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.99    0.50  0.44  0.05	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.99    0.99  0.44
20	Very limited Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01
15	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.08	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Low adsorption Slope Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.08
45	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	  1.00    0.40	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
35	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	  1.00    0.40	Very limited Slow water movement	1.00
45	Very limited Slow water movement Runoff Slope	  1.00    0.40  0.01	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
35	Very limited Slow water movement Runoff	  1.00    0.40	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
	15 45 45	Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Droughty Depth to bedrock  20 Very limited Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity  15 Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Droughty Runoff Cobble content  45 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff  35 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff  45 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff  45 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff  45 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff  50 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff  51 Very limited Slow water movement Runoff Slope  35 Very limited Slow water movement	Slope	Slope   1.00   Low adsorption   Slope   Capacity   Filtering   0.99   Slope   Filtering   Too acid   0.50   Capacity   Droughty   0.44   Too acid   Depth to bedrock   0.05   Droughty

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
106: Oxford	50	Very limited Slow water movement Slope Runoff	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00
Banida	   35       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Runoff	  1.00    1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
107: Oxford	     65     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00
Gullied land	15	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
108: Parkay	   45           	Very limited Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	  1.00  0.99    0.50  0.41	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.99    0.99  0.31
Povey	30	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00
109: Parleys	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
110: Parleys	   85   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
111: Parleys, wet	     90   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Flooding   Slow water   movement	0.40
112: Pavohroo	   30       	   Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	  1.00  0.99    0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	of manure and food- map processing waste		Application of sewage sludge	
	dill'c     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
112: Sedgway	30	Very limited Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water	  1.00  0.99    0.50  0.41	Very limited Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water	  1.00  0.99    0.99  0.31
Toponce	   20       	wovement Very limited Slope Slow water movement Too acid	  1.00  1.00    0.03	movement	    1.00  1.00      0.14
113: Picabo	   45     	   Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.43	Very limited Sodium content Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00
Thatcherflats	   30           	Very limited Slow water movement Sodium content Runoff Depth to saturated zone Salinity	  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.09 	Very limited Slow water movement Sodium content Flooding Depth to saturated zone	  1.00    1.00  0.40  0.09
114: Pits, gravel	  100	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	
115: Pollynot	   75         	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.41 	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
116: Pollynot	   75       	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.41	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement	1.00
117: Pollynot	   75     	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.41	Very limited Filtering capacity Slow water movement	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.   Application of   of   manure and food-   map   processing waste   unit		Application of sewage sludge		
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
118: Pollynot	75         	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.63  0.41	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.63  0.31
119: Polumar	   <b>4</b> 5   	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	    1.00  0.57	  Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.57
Ireland	30	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.59	Very limited Droughty Low adsorption Slope Depth to bedrock Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.59
120: Polumar	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	    1.00  0.57	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.57
Sprollow	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.19  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.19  0.01
Ireland	   20     	   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.59	   Droughty   Low adsorption   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.59
121: Povey	   35 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   30   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
Hondoho	   15     	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	  1.00  0.82	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	1.00
122: Povey	     45 	  Very limited   Slope	      1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Application of manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	e
	unit   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
122: Parkay	30	      Very limited   Slope	1.00	      Very limited   Low adsorption	1.00
	       	Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	0.99     0.50   0.41	Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water	1.00  1.00  0.99    0.99  0.31
123:	   	 		movement	
Preston	90     	Very limited Filtering capacity Leaching	  1.00    0.45	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty	1.00
124:	į į	Droughty	0.23		
Preston	90   	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00
	   	Leaching   Droughty 	0.45	Droughty   	0.23
125: Preston	   85 	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	    1.00	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00
		Slope   Leaching   Droughty	1.00  0.45  0.23	Slope   Droughty	1.00
126: Preston	     55	    Very limited		    Very limited	
1100001		Slope   Filtering   capacity   Leaching   Droughty	1.00  1.00      0.45  0.23	Filtering capacity Slope Droughty	1.00    1.00  0.23
Xerorthents	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00
127: Ricrest	     90 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01
128: Sanyon	   30     	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Low adsorption Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	manure and food processing was		Application of sewage sludge	
	unic     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
128: Staberg	30	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01
Kabear	   20     	   Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.01 	   Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity	1.00
129: Smidale	   85     	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	  1.00  0.99    0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	1.00
130: Smidale	     45     	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	    1.00  0.99    0.50	  Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	  1.00  0.99 
Staberg	   40           	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.18  0.01  0.01
131: Sprollow	   45     	   Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.19  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.19  0.01
Hondoho	   35     	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	  1.00  0.82	   Very limited   Slope   Large stones on   the surface	1.00
132: Sprollow	   40     	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.19  0.01	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.19  0.01
Hymas	   35       	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	of manure and food- ap processing waste		Application of sewage sludg	je
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
133: Sterling	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01
134: Sterling	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01
135: Sterling	   90 	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	1.00
136: Sterling	   85 	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	  1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Droughty	1.00
137: Sterling	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01
Parleys	   30 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
138: Thatcher	     45   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    0.84  0.41	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	0.84
Bearhollow	   35   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Sodium content	0.84	Somewhat limited   Slope   Sodium content	0.84
139: Toponce	     50   	Very limited Slow water movement Slope Too acid	    1.00    1.00  0.03	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope   Too acid	  1.00    1.00  0.14
Broadhead	   30   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	      1.00    1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00
140: Trenton	   50   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00    0.43	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Battle Creek	     40   	Saturated zone  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	1 22		Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	!	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
141: Trenton, cool	   50   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Battle Creek, cool	   40   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Runoff	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
142: Trenton	     45     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00    0.43	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Parleys	   35     	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.41 	Somewhat limited   Flooding   Slow water   movement	0.40
143: Valmar	   40       	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content   Large stones on the surface	  1.00  1.00  0.90  0.75  0.08	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.90  0.75
Camelback	   25 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Hades	   20     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41 	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
144: Vitale	   40         	Very limited   Slope   Large stones on the surface   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65  0.41	Very limited   Droughty   Low adsorption   Large stones on   the surface   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.65
Bergquist	   25     	Very limited Slope Droughty Filtering capacity	  1.00  0.94  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.94  0.01
Rock outcrop	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	manure and food- processing waste		Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
145:					
Vitale	35	Very limited		Very limited	
	ļ	Large stones on	1.00	Droughty	1.00
		the surface	1.00	Low adsorption Large stones on	1.00
		Droughty   Slope	1.00	the surface	1.00
	<u> </u>	Depth to bedrock	0.99	Slope	1.00
		Cobble content	0.04	Depth to bedrock	0.99
Yeates Hollow	25	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	İ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	ĺ	Slow water	0.74	Slow water	0.60
		movement		movement	
		Cobble content	0.01	Cobble content	0.01
Northwater	15	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	İ	Slope	1.00	Low adsorption	1.00
	İ	Droughty	0.90	Slope	1.00
		Filtering	0.01	Droughty	0.90
		capacity		Filtering   capacity	0.01
146:		 	ļ	 	į
Welby	90	Very limited   Sodium content	0.99	Very limited   Sodium content	0.99
		Filtering	0.01	Filtering	0.01
		capacity		capacity	
147:					
Welby	90	Very limited		Very limited	
	ļ	Sodium content	0.99	Sodium content	0.99
		Filtering	0.01	Filtering	0.01
		capacity		capacity	
148:	0.5	Comprehent limited	İ	Comprehent limited	İ
Welby, wet	85	Somewhat limited   Sodium content	0.08	Somewhat limited   Sodium content	0.08
		Filtering	0.00	Filtering	0.01
		capacity		capacity	
149:		 			
Collinston	40	Somewhat limited	İ	Somewhat limited	İ
	İ	Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
		movement		movement	
		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01
Wheelon	40	  Somewhat limited		  Somewhat limited	
		Sodium content	0.50	Sodium content	0.50
	İ	Slow water	0.41	Slow water	0.31
	İ	movement	İ	movement	İ
		Slope	0.01	Slope	0.01
150:					
Wheelon	40	Very limited	ļ	Very limited	
	ļ	Slope	1.00	Slope	1.00
	-	Sodium content	0.50	Sodium content	0.50
		Slow water   movement	0.41	Slow water   movement	0.31
	-	I WO A EWIETI C	1	movement	-

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Application of manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludge	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
150: Collinston	     35   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00
151: Wheelon	   45   	Very limited Slope Sodium content Slow water movement	  1.00  0.50  0.41	Very limited Slope Sodium content Slow water movement	1.00  0.50  0.31
Collinston	   30     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.41	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00
152: Windernot	   40   	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty	  1.00    0.99	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty Flooding	1.00
Lewnot	   20     	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.68	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00
Stinkcreek	   15             	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Slow water movement Runoff	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.41    0.40	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Flooding Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.40  0.31
153: Winn	   90     	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.43   	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	0.43
154: Winwell	   80   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
155: Winwell	   45   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map			Application of sewage sludg	e
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
155: Collinston	     35   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.41	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31
156: Wormcreek	   50     	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Droughty	  1.00  0.41    0.12	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Slow water   movement   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.12
Copenhagen	   30       	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Droughty Runoff Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.08	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Low adsorption Slope Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.08
157: Wormcreek	   45     	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Droughty	  1.00  0.41    0.12	Very limited   Low adsorption   Slope   Slow water   movement   Droughty	  1.00  1.00  0.31 
Lonigan	   35         	Very limited   Slope   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01	Very limited Low adsorption Slope Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.90  0.01
158: Wursten	   45 	  Very limited   Slope   Sodium content	    1.00  0.02	  Very limited   Slope   Sodium content	1.00
Dirtyhead	35 35	   Very limited   Droughty   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Low adsorption   Droughty   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.01
159: Xerochrepts	30	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Slope	1.00
Wormcreek	   25         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Droughty	  1.00  0.41    0.12		  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.12

Table 14.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	manure and food processing was	-	Application of sewage sludg	e
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
159: Xerorthents	20	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Low adsorption Slope	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00
160: Xerorthents	   75     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Droughty   Runoff	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.40	   Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low adsorption   Slope	    1.00  1.00  1.00
161: Yeates Hollow	   85     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  0.74    0.01	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  0.60    0.01
162: Yeates Hollow	     40   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	    1.00  0.74    0.01	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	    1.00  0.60    0.01
Manila	   25   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00
Softback	   15           	Very limited   Slope   Filtering   capacity   Too acid   Slow water   movement	  1.00  0.99    0.50  0.41	Very limited Slope Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	  1.00  0.99    0.99  0.31
163: Yeates Hollow	   45   	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  0.74    0.01	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  0.60    0.01
Vitale	   35             	Very limited   Slope   Large stones on the surface   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.80  0.41	Very limited Droughty Low adsorption Large stones on the surface Slope Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.80
164: Water	100	  Not rated		  Not rated	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
1: Airport	   80         	Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement   Salinity   Depth to   saturated zone	   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.86	   Very limited   Sodium content   Salinity   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00  1.00  0.86    0.40
2: Ant Flat	   85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited   	
3: Ant Flat	   85   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited 	
4: Ant Flat	   90           	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application	    0.22       
5: Ant Flat	   65       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application	    1.00    0.68	  Not limited  -	
Oxford	   25             	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application	1.00	Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application	  0.50         

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
6: Ant Flat	50	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Oxford	   35             	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00
7: Arbone	   80   	  Somewhat limited   Filtering   capacity	0.01	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
8: Banida	   85   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited  -	
9: Banida	   80 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited 	
10: Battle Creek	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
11: Battle Creek	   85   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
12: Battle Creek	   95         	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application	  1.00    0.68	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.69

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	unit		Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
13: Bear Lake	40	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Ponding Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	1.00   1.00   0.60   0.31   0.01	Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	   1.00  1.00  1.00     1.00
Chesbrook	30	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity   Too acid   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.99    0.99  0.31	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Too acid   Flooding	  1.00  1.00    0.99  0.40
Picabo	   15         	   Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.43 	Very limited   Seepage   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00  1.00  0.43    0.40
14: Bear Lake	   50         	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.01	Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00
Downata	   35           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Ponding Filtering capacity Too acid	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.99 	Very limited Flooding Seepage Depth to saturated zone Ponding Too acid	  1.00  1.00  1.00      1.00  0.99
15: Bear Lake	   50             	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.01	  Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
15:					
Downata	25	Very limited		Very limited	
		Depth to	1.00	Flooding	1.00
		saturated zone		Seepage	1.00
		Flooding	1.00	Depth to	1.00
		Ponding   Filtering	1.00	saturated zone Ponding	1.00
		capacity	0.99	Too acid	0.99
		Too acid	0.99	100 acid	0.99
Thatcherflats	20	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	İ	Slow water	1.00	Sodium content	1.00
	İ	movement	İ	Seepage	1.00
		Sodium content	1.00	Flooding	0.40
		Depth to	0.09	Depth to	0.09
	 	saturated zone		saturated zone	
16:					
Bear Lake	65	Very limited	1 00	Very limited	1 00
		Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Flooding   Seepage	1.00
	1	Flooding	0.60	Depth to	1.00
	l	Slow water	0.31	saturated zone	00
	i	movement			i
	i	Filtering	0.01	İ	ì
	İ	capacity	İ		İ
Lago	30	  Somewhat limited		  Very limited	
	ļ	Depth to	0.95	Seepage	1.00
		saturated zone		Depth to	0.95
		Slow water   movement	0.31	saturated zone Flooding	0.40
		l movement		l	
17: Bearhollow	30	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	İ	Too steep for	1.00	Seepage	1.00
		surface		Too steep for	1.00
		application		surface	
	ļ	Too steep for	1.00	application	
		sprinkler		Sodium content	0.32
		application Sodium content	0.32	 	
		Bodium content			
Brifox	25	Very limited		Very limited	ļ
		Slow water	1.00	Too steep for	1.00
		movement		surface	
		Too steep for	1.00	application	
		surface		 	
		application Too steep for	1.00	 	
		sprinkler	1.00	 	1
		application			
	1	1	i	i	i

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	i I	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
17: Iphil	20	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Sodium content	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application   Sodium content	  1.00  1.00        0.82
18: Bergquist	60	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Depth to bedrock Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      0.14  0.11
Rubble land	15	Not rated		Not rated	
19: Bergquist	   45             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      0.14  0.11
Softback	30	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Too acid Stone content Cobble content	1.00  1.00   0.99   0.64   0.14
20: Bergquist	   55               	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty   Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	   1.00   1.00     0.14   0.11

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
20: Vitale	25	Very limited Droughty Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	1.00  1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Stone content Cobble content	1.00  1.00  1.00   0.99   0.55
21: Bothwell	   80           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Slow water movement   Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    0.31    0.10	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  0.22     
22: Bothwell	80	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Slow water movement	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
23: Bothwell	35	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Hades	   30           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	f wastewater p by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
23: Justesen	20	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Slow water movement	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
24: Bothwell	   40     	Somewhat limited   Too steep for surface application   Slow water movement	0.68	  Very limited   Seepage 	    1.00     
Thatcher	   35     	Somewhat limited   Too steep for surface application   Slow water movement	0.68	   Very limited   Seepage   	1.00
25: Brifox	   40       	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application	0.22
Huffman	   35             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    0.31    0.10	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  0.22     
26: Brifox	40	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	of wastewater map by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
26: Huffman	   35       	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
	   	Slow water   movement	0.31   		
27: Brifox	   55       	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application	  1.00    1.00	Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application	0.22
Niter	         25	Too steep for sprinkler application Very limited	0.10     	        Somewhat limited	
	             	Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Seepage Too steep for surface application	0.69
28: Brifox	   65           	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Niter	20	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    1.00    1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Seepage	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	of wastewater map by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	
29: Brifox	   55       	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	
Niter	   25             	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage	1.00	
30: Broadhead	   30             	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    1.00      0.78	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	
Hades	   25           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	  1.00      0.78      0.31	   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00 	
Yago	   25                 	Very limited Large stones on the surface Slow water movement Cobble content Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Stone content Too steep for surface application Cobble content Seepage Too acid	1.00   1.00 	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit     	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
31: Broadhead	40	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00 	
Yago	   35                 	Very limited  Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Stone content Cobble content Seepage Too acid	   1.00   1.00   0.70   0.69   0.14	
32: Camelback	   55         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	
Lonigan	   25             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.99  0.90  0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00	
33: Camelback	   40         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    1.00 	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
u   	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
33: Hades	20	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too for the steep	    1.00      1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   sur	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement		application	
Valmar	   20     	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for	  1.00      1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface	  1.00  1.00  1.00
	         	sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Cobble content	  1.00  0.90  0.75	application Stone content	1.00
34: Cedarhill	   90           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty	  1.00      1.00        0.88	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00   
	   	Filtering   capacity 	0.01		   
35: Cedarhill	   40       	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00 
	   	Droughty Filtering capacity	0.88		
Hades	   25   	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application	
		Slow water   movement	0.31		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map	map by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
35: Ricrest	   20           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
36: Cedarhill	   35           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.88  0.01	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Hondoho	30             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Large stones on the surface	1.00	   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Ridgecrest	   20             	Very limited Droughty Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.71	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00
37: Chesbrook	   60           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	  1.00    0.99    0.99  0.31	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Too acid   Flooding	  1.00  1.00    0.99  0.40

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of wastewater nap by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
37: Bear Lake	20	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00  0.60  0.31  0.01	  Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
38: Cloudless	   50           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	0.31	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00
Hades	40             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    0.31  0.10	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00
39: Cloudless	   35             	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Slow water movement	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Hades	   30             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o wastewater	f
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
39: Howcan	20	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Large stones on the surface Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface application   Stone content   Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   0.04   0.01
40: Copenhagen	   35             	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00 
Lonigan	30	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.99  0.20  0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Manila	   20             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage	  1.00        0.69
41: Delish	   40       	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Salinity Filtering capacity	  0.99    0.13  0.01	   Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
41: Cachecan	   25     	Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	0.68	   Very limited   Seepage   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00  0.68  0.43 
Stinkcreek	   15             	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Slow water movement Droughty	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.14	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Seepage Flooding	  1.00  1.00  0.69  0.40
42: Downata	   80         	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Ponding   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.99 	Very limited Flooding Seepage Depth to saturated zone Ponding Too acid	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.99
43: Dranburn	   45             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	1.00   1.00   0.99   0.99   0.31	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Too acid	1.00
Robin	   35         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	  1.00  1.00 
44: Enochville	   75           	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.31  0.01	Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
45: Foxol	   45       	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Stone content	1.00  1.00  1.00   1.00
Vitale	       30	sprinkler application Very limited		      Very limited	
	     	Droughty Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface	1.00  1.00      1.00	Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	1.00
	       	application Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	  1.00        0.65	Stone content   Cobble content 	0.99
46:	! 				
Hades	35       	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler	  1.00      1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
	   	application Slow water movement	0.31		
Camelback	   20     	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for	  1.00      1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
	   	sprinkler application			 
Hondoho	   20       		  1.00      1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
	   	Large stones on the surface	0.82		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit		Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
47: Hades	     25       	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water	    1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	
Lanoak	   25       	movement  Very limited  Too steep for surface application  Too steep for sprinkler application	    1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	    1.00  1.00 	
Camelback	   25       	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00 	
48: Haploxerolls	   45         	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty	  1.00    1.00      0.99	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00 	
Xerorthents	   30           	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00  1.00  1.00     	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Seepage Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      1.00  0.01	
49: Hendricks	   90             	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Slow water movement   Too steep for surface application	0.31	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	f wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
50: Holmes	90	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	    1.00    0.75	Very limited   Seepage   Flooding   Stone content   Cobble content	  1.00  0.40  0.10  0.01
51:		 	l I	 	
Hondee	85       	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty	  1.00    0.23	Very limited   Seepage	1.00
52: Hondee	   75             	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Too steep for surface   application   Droughty   Too steep for sprinkler   application	  1.00    1.00    0.23  0.10	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
53: Hondoho	   50           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Large stones on the surface Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      0.82    0.10	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	  1.00  0.22 
Hades	   30             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      0.31    0.10	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
54: Hondoho	50	Very limited Too steep for surface application Large stones on the surface Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    0.82    0.78	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
54: Ricrest	   40         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	    1.00  0.22   
55: Hondoho	   35           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Large stones on the surface	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Sprollow	30	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock	  1.00    1.00      0.19  0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.62  0.11
Hades	   20             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	1.00
56: Hondoho	   45           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Large stones on the surface	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00 

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
   		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
56: Vitale	30	Very limited Droughty Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Stone content   Cobble content	1.00  1.00  1.00   0.99   0.55
57:			į		ļ
Huffman	80   	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31	Very limited   Seepage 	1.00
58: Huffman	80	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
59: Huffman	45	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	0.31	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Dirtyhead	30	Very limited Droughty Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00        0.10	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00  0.22
60:			į	j	į
Huffman	35	Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application	0.68	Very limited   Seepage 	1.00
		Slow water movement	0.31		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o wastewater	f
	unit			İ	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
60:					
Harroun	30	Very limited	[	Very limited	
		Droughty	1.00	Seepage	1.00
		Depth to cemented	1.00	Depth to cemented	1.00
		pan	1 00	pan Too steep for	0.22
		Too steep for surface	1.00	surface	0.22
		application	l I	application	
		Too steep for	0.10		İ
		sprinkler		İ	i
		application	į		j
			ļ		ļ
Lanoak	25	Somewhat limited		Very limited	
		Too steep for	0.08	Seepage	1.00
		surface application	 	 	
		application	ŀ		i
51:			İ		İ
Huffman	45	Very limited	ĺ	Very limited	İ
		Too steep for	1.00	Seepage	1.00
		surface	ļ	Too steep for	0.22
		application		surface	
		Slow water   movement	0.31	application	
		Too steep for	0.10	 	
		sprinkler			i
		application	İ		İ
Wursten	35	Very limited		Very limited	
		Too steep for surface	1.00	Seepage Too steep for	1.00
		application	l I	surface	0.22
		Too steep for	0.10	application	İ
		sprinkler	İ	Sodium content	0.02
		application	ĺ	ĺ	İ
		Sodium content	0.02		
52:		]		İ	
Iphil	60	  Very limited		  Very limited	
		Too steep for	1.00	Seepage	1.00
		surface	İ	Too steep for	1.00
		application	ĺ	surface	İ
		Too steep for	0.98	application	
		sprinkler	ļ	Sodium content	0.82
		application Sodium content	  0.82	 	
		Sodium content	0.62	 	
Lonigan	20	  Very limited	İ	  Very limited	i
		Too steep for	1.00	Seepage	1.00
		surface	ļ	Depth to bedrock	1.00
		application		Too steep for	1.00
		Droughty	0.99	surface	
		Too steep for sprinkler	0.98	application	
		application	}	 	
		Depth to bedrock	0.90		i
		Filtering	0.01		i

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation	of wastewater		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and	Value	!	Value		
	 	limiting features		limiting features			
63:	[ ]						
Ireland	50	  Very limited   Droughty	1.00	Very limited   Seepage	1.00		
	ļ	Too steep for	1.00	Depth to bedrock	1.00		
		surface		Too steep for surface	1.00		
	 	application Too steep for	1.00	application			
	İ	sprinkler		Cobble content	0.25		
	ļ	application					
	 	Depth to bedrock Cobble content	0.95	 			
Polumar	25	Very limited	į	Very limited	İ		
		Too steep for surface	1.00	Seepage Too steep for	1.00		
		application		surface	1.00		
	İ	Too steep for	1.00	application	į		
		sprinkler		Cobble content	0.95		
	 	application Droughty	0.57	Stone content Depth to bedrock	0.81		
64: Kabear	   50	  Very limited		  Very limited			
1142041		Too steep for	1.00	Seepage	1.00		
	ļ	surface	į	Too steep for	0.22		
		application Too steep for	0.10	surface application			
		sprinkler		application			
	į	application	į		İ		
		Filtering	0.01				
	 	capacity					
Staberg	25	Very limited	į	Very limited	İ		
		Too steep for surface	1.00	Seepage	1.00		
	 	application		Depth to bedrock Too steep for	0.22		
	İ	Droughty	0.18	surface			
		Too steep for	0.10	application			
	 	sprinkler application		Cobble content	0.10		
	 	Depth to bedrock	0.01				
	İ	Filtering	0.01	į	į		
		capacity	}				
Copenhagen	15	  Very limited		  Very limited			
		Droughty	1.00	Seepage	1.00		
	 	Depth to bedrock Too steep for	1.00	Depth to bedrock Too steep for	1.00		
		surface		surface			
	i	application	İ	application	İ		
	ļ	:					
	   	Too steep for	0.10				
	     	Too steep for sprinkler application	0.10				

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
1	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
65: Kabear	50	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	  1.00  1.00 
Staberg	   25               	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.18  0.01  0.01	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00         0.10
Copenhagen	   15           	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	  1.00  1.00  1.00
66: Kearns	     80 	  Not limited		  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
67: Kearnsar	     60 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
Battle Creek	   25 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
68: Kidman	     90 	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
69: Kidman	   85 	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Seepage	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
70: Kidman	   85           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	    1.00  1.00
71: Kidman, wet	   85 	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
72: Kidman	   45 	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
Sterling	30	Somewhat limited   Droughty	0.01	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
73: Lando	   75         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content	  1.00    0.43    0.02	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content	0.69
74: Lanoak	   75 	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
75: Lanoak	   75           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      0.10	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  0.22 
76: Lanoak	   45       	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Broadhead	   40           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Slow water movement   Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    1.00    1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00     

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
77: Lanoak	   35       	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00
Broadhead	   30           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Hades	   15             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
78: Lanoak	   40       	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Hades	   35             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00
79: Lanoak	   60         	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	dill'c     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
79: Thatcher	25	   Very limited   Too steep for	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage	1.00
	     	surface application Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	Too steep for surface application	1.00
		application Slow water movement	0.31	 	
80: Layton	   85 	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
81:		Droughty   	0.16   		   
Layton	80   	Very limited   Filtering   capacity	  1.00    0.16	Very limited   Seepage 	1.00
82:	   	Droughty   			
	80       	Very limited	  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application   Stone content	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00		
	   	Filtering   capacity	0.01		
83: Lizdale	   55 	  Very limited   Large stones on   the surface	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for	  1.00  1.00
	   	Too steep for surface application	1.00	surface application Stone content	0.21
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00		İ İ
		Filtering capacity	0.01		
Searla	35 35	Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		application Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	surface   application 	
	   	application Slow water movement	0.31	 	   
		Droughty	0.03		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit	!			
	   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
84:					
Logan	90   	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to	1.00
	 	Slow water   movement	1.00	saturated zone Too acid	0.99
		Filtering capacity	0.99	Flooding   Sodium content	0.40
	   	Too acid Sodium content	0.99		
85: Lonigan	     40	    Very limited		    Very limited	
	     	Too steep for surface application Too steep for	1.00	Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface	1.00  1.00  1.00
	 	sprinkler application		application	
	     	Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	0.99  0.20  0.01		
Lizdale	   40 	Very limited Large stones on the surface	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for	  1.00  1.00
	   	Too steep for surface application	1.00	surface application Stone content	0.21
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	 	
	į Į	Filtering capacity	0.01		ļ
86: Lonigan	     45	    Very limited		    Very limited	
		Too steep for surface application	1.00	Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for	1.00
	İ İ	Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	surface application	
	   	application Droughty Depth to bedrock	0.99		
		Filtering   capacity	0.90		
Ricrest	   30 	  Very limited   Too steep for	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
		surface application		Too steep for surface	1.00
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application	   

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
1   	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
87: Manila	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
88: Manila	   80         	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.10	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	0.69
89: Manila	   85           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Slow water movement   Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage	1.00
90: Manila	   50             	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application	1.00	   Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage	0.94
Bancroft	30	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  0.94 
91: Manila	50	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	0.69

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
91: Broadhead	   25         	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	
92: Manila	   40         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Seepage	1.00	
Broadhead	35           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00	
93: Manila	   50       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	1.00	   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage	1.00	
Lonigan	   30             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.99  0.20  0.01	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	1.00	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
94: Manila	   55           	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application	1.00	   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage	1.00
Yeates Hollow	30	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00    0.90    0.60 	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Cobble content Stone content	  1.00  1.00        0.57  0.07
95: Maplecreek	   95       	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity	  0.68    0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00
96: Maplecreek	   45     	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity	  0.68    0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00
Layton	   35     	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	  1.00    0.16	  Very limited   Seepage   	1.00
97: Merkley	   45   	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Sodium content	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Sodium content	1.00
Lago	   20       	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  0.95    0.31 	Very limited Seepage Depth to saturated zone Flooding	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map			Overland flow of wastewater	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
97: Bear Lake	   15           	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Filtering   capacity	        0.60  0.31    0.01	   Very limited   Flooding   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  1.00
98: Moonlight	40	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Filtering capacity   Too acid	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application   Too acid	1.00
Camelback	   35         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00
99: Niter	     60 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
Brifox	   20   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited 	
100: Northwater	35	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty   Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00    0.90  0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface application   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.98  0.77  0.17

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
100: Foxol	25	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	   1.00  1.00  1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Stone content	1.00  1.00  1.00   1.00	
Vitale	20	Very limited Droughty Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Stone content Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.99  0.55	
101: Northwater	   65           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Stone content Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      0.98  0.17	
Povey	   25         	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00	
102: Northwater	   65               	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty   Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application   Stone content   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      0.98  0.17	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
102: Povey	   15       	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
103: Nyman	50	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity Too acid Droughty	1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too acid Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.99  0.36
Lonigan	20	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	1.00
Copenhagen	   15               	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00      1.00      0.08	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00 
104: Oxford	   45 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited 	
Banida	   35   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited   	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	
105: Oxford	   45     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application	0.22	
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	0.10		   	
Banida	35             	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application	0.22	
106: Oxford	   50           	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00	
Banida	   35             	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00	
107: Oxford	65	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00	
Gullied land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	f wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
108:			İ		İ
Parkay	45   	Very limited Too steep for surface application	  1.00 	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface	1.00
	İ İ	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application Too acid Depth to bedrock	0.99
		Filtering   capacity	0.99		
	   	Too acid Slow water movement	0.99		
Povey	   30   	   Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00   	application	
109: Parleys	   85   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.31 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
110: Parleys	     85	    Somewhat limited		    Very limited	İ
		Too steep for surface application	0.68	Seepage	1.00
		Slow water   movement	0.31		
111: Parleys, wet	90	    Somewhat limited		    Very limited	
		Slow water movement	0.31	Seepage   Flooding	1.00
112: Pavohroo	30	    Very limited		    Very limited	İ
		Too steep for surface application	1.00	Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	application Too acid	0.99
	   	application Filtering capacity	  0.99 	   	   
		Too acid	0.99	j I	İ

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	unit				
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
112:			İ		İ
Sedgway	30	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	1.00
		sprinkler application Filtering capacity	    0.99	Too acid Stone content Cobble content	0.99  0.62  0.53
		Too acid Slow water movement	0.99		
Toponce	20	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface	1.00
	       	Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	1.00      1.00	application Too acid	0.14
		Too acid	0.14		
113: Picabo	   45       	Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.43 	Very limited Seepage Sodium content Depth to saturated zone Flooding	  1.00  1.00  0.43
Thatcherflats	30	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    1.00  0.09	Very limited   Sodium content   Seepage   Flooding   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00  0.40  0.09
114: Pits, gravel	100	    Not rated		    Not rated	
115: Pollynot	     75   	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Too steep for	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		surface application Slow water	0.31	application	
		movement Too steep for sprinkler application	  0.10   	 	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
116: Pollynot	   75       	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
117: Pollynot	   75     	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.31	   Very limited   Seepage 	1.00
118: Pollynot	   75               	Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application   Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.78	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
119: Polumar	   45           	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application   Droughty	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application   Cobble content   Stone content   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00      0.95  0.81  0.77
Ireland	30	Very limited   Droughty   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00    0.95  0.59	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00        0.25
120: Polumar	   30           	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface application   Cobble content   Stone content   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00      0.95  0.81  0.77

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unii c     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
120: Sprollow	30	  Very limited   Too steep for	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
	     	surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	    1.00 	Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Cobble content	1.00  1.00        0.62
	   	Droughty Depth to bedrock	0.19	Stone content	0.11
Ireland	20	Very limited   Droughty   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface	  1.00  1.00  1.00
	       	Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock Cobble content	1.00      0.95  0.59	application Cobble content	0.25
121: Povey	     35	   		   	
rovey		Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
Hades	   30     	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler	  1.00      1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
	   	application Slow water movement	0.31	 	
Hondoho	   15   	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	       	Too steep for sprinkler application Large stones on the surface	1.00        0.82	application	
122: Povey	     45   	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	    1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map			Overland flow o	f
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
122: Parkay	30	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Too acid Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00      0.99  0.68
	       	Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	0.99    0.99  0.31		
123: Preston	     90   	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Droughty	    1.00    0.23	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
124: Preston	   90         	Very limited Filtering capacity Droughty Too steep for surface application	  1.00    0.23  0.08	   Very limited   Seepage 	1.00
125: Preston	   85             	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
126: Preston	   55           	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of map			Overland flow of wastewater		
	dilic     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
126: Xerorthents	20	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00  1.00  1.00      1.00	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application   Seepage   Cobble content	1.00	
127: Ricrest	   90         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00        0.10	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  0.22 	
128: Sanyon	   30           	Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00        1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00	
Staberg	30	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.18  0.01  0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for   surface   application   Cobble content	1.00	
Kabear	   20           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Disposal of wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
129: Smidale	85	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity Too acid	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Too acid Cobble content	1.00
130: Smidale	   45             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Filtering capacity Too acid	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Too acid Cobble content	  1.00  1.00        0.99  0.82
Staberg	40	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00    0.18  0.01  0.01	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   0.10
131: Sprollow	   45             	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00        0.62  0.11
Hondoho	   35             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Large stones on the surface	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
132: Sprollow	40	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock	                                   	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Cobble content Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00      0.62  0.11
Hymas	   35           	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00  1.00  1.00        1.00	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00             
133: Sterling	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	      0.01	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
134: Sterling	   85           	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty	0.92	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	  1.00  0.06 
135: Sterling	   90           	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Droughty	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	  1.00  1.00 
136: Sterling	   85           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	  1.00  1.00 
137: Sterling	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Droughty	    0.01	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	  Pct.   of  map  unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
137: Parleys	     30 	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.31	    Very limited   Seepage	      1.00
138: Thatcher	   45           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement	0.90	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00
Bearhollow	             	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Sodium content	0.90	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application   Sodium content	  1.00  1.00      0.32
139: Toponce	   50           	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Too acid	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application   Too acid	  1.00  1.00        0.14
Broadhead	   30           	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    1.00    1.00	   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00  1.00     
140: Trenton	   50   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.43	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	  0.69  0.43
Battle Creek	   40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   	    0.69 

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. Disposal of of wastewater map by irrigation			Overland flow of wastewater		
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value	
141: Trenton, cool	50	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	0.69	
Battle Creek, cool	   40   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.69	
142: Trenton	   45     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    0.43	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone	0.69	
Parleys	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.31	  Very limited   Seepage   Flooding	1.00	
143: Valmar	40	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Cobble content	1.00  1.00  1.00  0.90  0.75	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00   	
Camelback	   25       	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   application	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	
Hades	   20       	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler application   Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application	1.00	

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit   	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
144: Vitale	40	    Very limited   Droughty	1.00	   Very limited   Seepage	1.00
		Large stones on the surface Too steep for	1.00	Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface	1
		surface application		application Stone content	0.99
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Cobble content	0.55
		Depth to bedrock	0.65		
Bergquist	25	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application Depth to bedrock Cobble content	0.14
		Droughty Filtering capacity	0.94		
Rock outcrop	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	   
145: Vitale	35	  Very limited   Droughty	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00
		Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface	1.00	Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	1.00
		application Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	Stone content   Cobble content	0.99
		application Depth to bedrock	0.99		
Yeates Hollow	25	Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00	  Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application Cobble content Stone content	0.57
		Slow water movement Cobble content	0.60		
Northwater	   15 	  Very limited   Too steep for	1.00	Very limited   Seepage	1.00
		surface application Too steep for	1.00	Too steep for surface application	1.00
		sprinkler application		Stone content Depth to bedrock	0.98
		Droughty Filtering capacity	0.90	Cobble content	0.17

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o wastewater	f
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
146: Welby	90	  Very limited   Sodium content   Filtering   capacity	    0.99  0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Sodium content	1.00
147: Welby	   90     	   Very limited   Sodium content   Filtering   capacity	    0.99  0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Sodium content	1.00
148: Welby, wet	   85     	  Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Filtering   capacity	    0.08  0.01	  Very limited   Seepage   Sodium content	1.00
149: Collinston	   40           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00      0.31    0.10	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application	0.69
Wheelon	   40             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Sodium content Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00    0.50  0.31    0.10	Very limited Seepage Sodium content Too steep for surface application	  1.00  0.50  0.22 
150: Wheelon	   40             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Sodium content Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.31	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface application   Sodium content	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow o	f
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features 	Value
150:					
Collinston	35   	Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	     	application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application Seepage	0.69
		Slow water movement	0.31		İ
151:					
Wheelon	45   	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application Sodium content	0.50
		Sodium content   Slow water   movement	0.50		     
Collinston	30	   Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00	   Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application   Seepage   	0.69
		Slow water movement	0.31		
152: Windernot	40	    Very limited	į	   	İ
WINGELHOU		Filtering capacity	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Flooding	1.00
		Droughty 	0.99	 	
Lewnot	20	Very limited   Filtering	1.00	Very limited   Seepage	1.00
		capacity	į	Depth to	0.68
		Depth to saturated zone	0.68	saturated zone	0.40
Stinkcreek	15	Very limited		  Very limited	
		Filtering   capacity	1.00	Depth to saturated zone	1.00
		Depth to	1.00	Sodium content	1.00
		saturated zone		Seepage	0.69
	   	Sodium content   Slow water   movement	1.00  0.31 	Flooding   	0.40
		Droughty	0.14		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map unit	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
153:	İ				İ
Winn	90	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.43	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	  1.00  0.43    0.40
154:	Ì		İ		İ
Winwell	80	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
155: Winwell	45	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.69
		movement Too steep for surface application	0.32		     
Collinston	35	Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Slow water	0.32	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.69
		movement			
156: Wormcreek	50	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Cobble content   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	0.80
		Slow water   movement	0.31	 	
		Droughty	0.12		
Copenhagen	30	Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler	  1.00  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	  1.00  1.00  1.00
		application Cobble content	0.08		

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
157: Wormcreek	   45     	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Cobble content Seepage	1.00
		application Slow water movement Droughty	0.31	Depth to bedrock	0.61
Lonigan	   35               	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Droughty Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.99  0.90  0.01	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00
158: Wursten	   45         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Sodium content	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Sodium content	1.00
Dirtyhead	   35           	Very limited Too steep for surface application Droughty Too steep for sprinkler application Depth to bedrock	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00
159: Xerochrepts	   30         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	wastewater by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
	unit     	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value	   Rating class and   limiting features	Value
159: Wormcreek	25	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement Droughty	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Cobble content   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	   1.00   0.80   0.69   0.61
Xerorthents	   20             	Very limited Droughty Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application	  1.00  1.00  1.00      1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Seepage Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      1.00  0.01
160: Xerorthents	   75             	Very limited   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler   application	  1.00  1.00  1.00      1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface application   Seepage   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.01
161: Yeates Hollow	   85             	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Seepage Too steep for surface application Cobble content Stone content	1.00  1.00   0.57   0.07
162: Yeates Hollow	   40         	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler application Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for surface   application   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00      0.57  0.07

Table 15.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map unit	map by irrigation		Overland flow of wastewater	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
162:					
Manila	25   	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application	1.00
		Slow water   movement	1.00	Seepage	0.69
		Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00		
Softback	15	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	   	Too steep for surface application	1.00	Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	 	Too steep for sprinkler	1.00	application Too acid	0.99
		application	İ	Stone content	0.64
		Filtering   capacity	0.99	Cobble content	0.14
		Too acid	0.99		İ
	[	Slow water   movement	0.31		
163:	4.5				
Yeates Hollow	45     	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00	Very limited   Seepage   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	application Cobble content Stone content	0.57
	i i	Slow water   movement	0.60		
		Cobble content	0.01		
Vitale	35	Very limited		  Very limited	
		Droughty Large stones on	1.00	Seepage Depth to bedrock	1.00
		the surface	1.00	Too steep for	1.00
	į	Too steep for surface	1.00	surface application	İ
		application	İ	Stone content	0.99
	   	Too steep for sprinkler application	1.00	Cobble content	0.55
	İ	Depth to bedrock	0.80	j I	İ
164:	100	   		   	
Water	100	Not rated		  Not rated 	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

and soil name   c	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment   of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	   80         	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Sodium content Salinity Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	    1.00  1.00  0.96    0.86
2: Ant Flat	   85   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.96
3: Ant Flat	   85   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.96
4: Ant Flat	   90             	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
5: Ant Flat	   65       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    0.50	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application	0.96
Oxford	   25             	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of of wastewater		n Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
6: Ant Flat	   50       	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Oxford	   35             	   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
7: Arbone	     80 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Filtering   capacity	0.01
8: Banida	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
9: Banida	   80   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
10: Battle Creek	   85       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
11: Battle Creek	   85       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
12: Battle Creek	   95         	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrat		Slow rate treatm	
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features		Rating class and   limiting features	Value
13: Bear Lake	40	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Filtering   capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.60  0.21 
Chesbrook	   30         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity   Too acid   Slow water   movement	  1.00    0.99  0.99  0.21
Picabo	   15       	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
14: Bear Lake	   50         	Very limited Flooding Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00  0.21    0.01
Downata	   35           	Very limited Flooding Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone Ponding	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Ponding Filtering capacity Too acid	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.99
15: Bear Lake	   50           	Very limited   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.21    0.01

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	of of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
:	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
15:						
Downata	25           	Very limited   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Ponding   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.99	
Thatcherflats	20           	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Sodium content   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  1.00    0.09	
16: Bear Lake	65	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Filtering   capacity	  1.00    0.60  0.21    0.01	
Lago	30	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	0.95	
17: Bearhollow	   30           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content	1.00	
Brifox	   25             	   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
Iphil	20             	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content	  1.00    1.00      0.82	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment   of wastewater	
:	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
18: Bergquist	60	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.14	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	1.00
Rubble land	15	  Not rated		  Not rated	
19: Bergquist	   45             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.14	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   irrigation   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	1.00
Softback	30	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Stone content Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.95  0.16	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	1.00
20: Bergquist	   55             	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.31  0.14	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
20: Vitale	25	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Stone content Cobble content		Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
21: Bothwell	   80           	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
22: Bothwell	   80         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00     	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
23: Bothwell	   35             	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Hades	30	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
1	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
23: Justesen	20	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
24: Bothwell	   40     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement	0.68
Thatcher	   35     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    0.50	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement	0.68
25: Brifox	   40       	   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   irrigation	1.00
Huffman	35	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	0.22
26: Brifox	40	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatm of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
26: Huffman	35	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00
27: Brifox	   55           	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler	  1.00    1.00      0.22
Niter	   25             	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	irrigation  Very limited  Slow water  movement  Too steep for  surface  application  Too steep for  sprinkler  irrigation	1.00
28: Brifox	   65           	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Niter	   20             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct.   Rapid infiltration   of   of wastewater   map			n Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
29: Brifox	   55           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
Niter	   25             	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
30: Broadhead	   30           	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
Hades	   25           	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	  1.00      1.00        0.21	
Yago	   25               	Very limited Slow water movement Stone content Slope Cobble content	  1.00    1.00  1.00  0.63	Very limited Large stones on the surface Cobble content Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Rapid infiltrati   of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
31: Broadhead	40	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Yago	35	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Stone content   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.63	Very limited Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content Slow water movement	1.00
32: Camelback	   55       	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Lonigan	   25             	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.31 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Filtering capacity	1.00
33: Camelback	   40         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. Rapid infiltration of of wastewater map			Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
33: Hades	   20           	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
Valmar	20	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Stone content   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.10	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content Large stones on the surface	  1.00  1.00      1.00      0.75  0.08	
34: Cedarhill	90	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
35: Cedarhill	   40         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
Hades	   25             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
35: Ricrest	   20         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	            1.00
36: Cedarhill	35	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
Hondoho	   30         	   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	1.00
Ridgecrest	   20             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Stone content   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00
37: Chesbrook	   60         	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	  1.00    0.99    0.99  0.21
Bear Lake	   20           	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00    0.60  0.21    0.01

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltration of wastewater		Slow rate treatment   of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
38: Cloudless	     50         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Hades	   40         	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	  1.00      0.22      0.21
39: Cloudless	   35           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00     	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Hades	   30           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Howcan	   20               	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Stone content Cobble content	1.00  1.00   0.95   0.02	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface Filtering capacity	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	of	Pct. Rapid infiltration of of wastewater map		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
!	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
40: Copenhagen	35	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00
Lonigan	30	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
Manila	20	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
41: Delish	   40     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Salinity   Filtering   capacity	0.99
Cachecan	   25     	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  0.68  0.43    0.21
Stinkcreek	   15         	   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    1.00 	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.21

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment   of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
42: Downata	80	   Very limited   Flooding   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	1.00	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding   Ponding   Filtering   capacity   Too acid	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.99
43: Dranburn	   45                 	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	1.00
Robin	35           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
44: Enochville	   75           	Very limited Flooding Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Flooding Slow water movement Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00  0.21    0.01
45: Foxol	   45             	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Stone content Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.28	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater			Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value		
45: Vitale		      Very limited		      Very limited	     		
		Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Stone content Cobble content	1.00  1.00 	Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00		
46: Hades	   35             	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00		
Camelback	20         	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00      1.00		
Hondoho	20               	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	1.00		
47: Hades	25	    Very limited		    Very limited			
	   	Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00  1.00 	Too steep for surface application	1.00		
	     			Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water	1.00		
Lanoak	     25   	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  1.00	movement    Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00		
	     			Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00		

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.   Rapid infiltration   of   of wastewater   map			Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	map    unit  	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
47: Camelback	   25         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   irrigation	1.00	
48: Haploxerolls	   45         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00      1.00	
Xerorthents	30             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.69	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	
49: Hendricks	   90             	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00    1.00 	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	  1.00      0.22      0.21	
50: Holmes	   90       	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Stone content   Cobble content	   1.00   0.43   0.04	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00	
51: Hondee	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	    1.00 	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name of	of	Pct.  Rapid infiltration   of   of wastewater  map		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
52: Hondee	75	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
53: Hondoho	   50             	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Large stones on the surface Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Hades	30             	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
54: Hondoho	   50         	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	1.00
Ricrest	   40         	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
55: Hondoho	   35             	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
55: Sprollow	     30     	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.64	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for	    1.00  1.00   
Hades	   20           	Stone content 	0.12      1.00  1.00	sprinkler irrigation  Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
56: Hondoho	     45       	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	    1.00    1.00      0.82
Vitale	30	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Stone content Cobble content	   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.97	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00
57: Huffman	   80   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	   Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.21
58: Huffman	   80             	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	  1.00      0.22      0.21

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct.   Rapid infiltration   of   of wastewater   map		on	Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
59: Huffman	   45       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	0.21	
Dirtyhead	   30           	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Slope	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00  1.00        0.22	
60: Huffman	   35     	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    0.50	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement	0.68	
Harroun	   30           	Very limited Depth to cemented pan Slow water movement Slope Cobble content	  1.00    1.00    1.00  0.02	Very limited Depth to cemented pan Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00    1.00      0.22	
Lanoak	   25     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application	    0.08   	
61: Huffman	   45             	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	  1.00    0.22    0.21	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	of of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
61: Wursten	35	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content	1.00	
62: Iphil	60	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Sodium content	1.00	
Lonigan	20	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.31 	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
63: Ireland	   50           	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.94  0.02	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Cobble content	1.00	
Polumar	   25           	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.98  0.95	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   irrigation   Depth to bedrock	1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	of of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
64: Kabear	     50         	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	    1.00    1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
Staberg	   25             	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Slope Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00      0.22      0.01
Copenhagen	   15           	Very limited Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Slope Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	  1.00  1.00      0.22    0.08
65: Kabear	50	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
Staberg	   25             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	  1.00  1.00      1.00      0.01

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment   of wastewater	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
65: Copenhagen	   15           	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Cobble content	1.00
66: Kearns	   80 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited  -	
67: Kearnsar	     60   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.21   
Battle Creek	   25     	   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00    1.00	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	  1.00   
68: Kidman	   90   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Not limited  -	
69: Kidman	   85   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00	  Not limited 	
70: Kidman	   85       	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	   85   	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00	Not limited	
72: Kidman	   45   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Not limited   	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name or	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit     	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
72: Sterling	30	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	      1.00	    Not limited 	
73: Lando	   75       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone   Sodium content	0.96
74: Lanoak	     75   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited 	
75: Lanoak	   75         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
76: Lanoak	   45         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Broadhead	   40           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00
77: Lanoak	   35         	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	    1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
77: Broadhead	30	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Hades	     15       	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Slow water movement  Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
78: Lanoak	       40     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Slow water movement  Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	0.21        1.00    1.00
Hades	35	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
79: Lanoak	   60     	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Thatcher	   25           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct.	of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
80: Layton	     85   	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00	
81: Layton	   80   	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00	
82: Lizdale	   80             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Stone content	1.00	Very limited Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
83: Lizdale	   55             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Stone content	1.00	Very limited   Large stones on the surface   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Filtering capacity	1.00	
Searla	   35             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00	
84: Logan	   90             	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Filtering   capacity   Too acid   Slow water   movement   Sodium content	  1.00    0.99    0.99  0.96	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater				
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
85: Lonigan	   40           	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
Lizdale	40	Very limited Slow water movement Slope Stone content	1.00	Very limited Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
86: Lonigan	   45             	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
Ricrest	   30         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	
87: Manila	   85   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	    0.96 	
88: Manila	   80           	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	    1.00    1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00      0.96    0.22	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
89: Manila	   85           	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00
90: Manila	   50           	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	0.96
Bancroft	   30         	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00        0.94
91: Manila	   50             	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Broadhead	   25               	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
92: Manila	   40         	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatmof wastewater	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
92:					
Broadhead	35               	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
93:					
Manila	50     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application	1.00
	       			Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Lonigan	30	  Very limited		  Very limited	
	     	Depth to bedrock Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application	1.00
	     			Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering	1.00
	İ	i I	İ	capacity	İ
94: Manila	   55 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	   	Slope   	1.00	application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
	j I		į į	Slow water movement	0.96
Yeates Hollow	   30 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	     	Slope   Cobble content   	1.00  0.42 	application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
				Slow water   movement   Cobble content	0.43
95:					
Maplecreek	95	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Silterian	0.68
	   	Slow water   movement 	0.31	Filtering   capacity 	0.01

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
96: Maplecreek	45	  Very limited   Depth to	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to	0.68
		saturated zone Slow water movement	0.31	saturated zone Filtering capacity	0.01
Layton	35	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00
97: Merkley	45	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00
		Slow water   movement	1.00	Capacity   Sodium content 	0.02
Lago	20	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.95
		Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Slow water   movement	0.21
Bear Lake	15	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
	     	Depth to   saturated zone   Flooding	1.00	Flooding   Slow water   movement   Filtering   capacity	0.60  0.21    0.01
98: Moonlight	     40 	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water	1.00	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		movement		application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
				Filtering   capacity   Too acid	0.99
Camelback	   35 	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water	1.00	  Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	     	movement    -		application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
99: Niter	     60 	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
Brifox	20	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. Rapid infiltration of of wastewater map			Slow rate treatment   of wastewater		
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
100: Northwater	   35             	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Stone content Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.20	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	  1.00    1.00    0.77  0.01	
Foxol	25	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Stone content Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.28	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00	
Vitale	20	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Stone content Cobble content	1.00  1.00   1.00   1.00   0.97	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
101: Northwater	   65         	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Stone content   Cobble content	1.00  1.00  0.89  0.03	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
Povey	   25           	   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.05	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltration of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
102: Northwater	     65 	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water	    1.00  1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
	       	movement Stone content Cobble content	0.89	application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	0.01
Povey	   15         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.01	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
103: Nyman	   50             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.55  0.01	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Filtering capacity	1.00
Lonigan	   20             	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.31	Too acid  Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	0.99
Copenhagen	   15             	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00
104: Oxford	     45 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00
Banida	   35   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	of	Pct. Rapid infiltratio of of wastewater map		n Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
105: Oxford	   45           	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Banida	35	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
106: Oxford	   50           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Banida	   35             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
107: Oxford	   65           	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Slow water movement	1.00
Gullied land	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater			Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value		
108: Parkay	   45           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00    1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00		
Povey	30	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00	Too acid Depth to bedrock  Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	0.99		
109: Parleys	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	      1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.21		
110: Parleys	   85       	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    0.50	Somewhat limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Slow water   movement	0.68		
111: Parleys, wet	   90       	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	      0.21   		
112: Pavohroo	30	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00       	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid	1.00		

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
112: Sedgway	30	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Stone content Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.75  0.73	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
Toponce	20	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	      1.00  1.00 	Too acid Slow water movement  Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement Too acid	0.99   0.21 	
113: Picabo	   45   	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Sodium content Depth to saturated zone	1.00	
Thatcherflats	   30       	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	  1.00    1.00	Very limited Sodium content Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	
114: Pits, gravel	  100	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	İ İ	
115: Pollynot	   75                 	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatm of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
116: Pollynot	   75     	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Slow water   movement	1.00
117: Pollynot	   75     	Very limited Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Slow water movement	1.00
118: Pollynot	   75               	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
119: Polumar	   45           	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.98  0.95	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock	1.00
Ireland	   30             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.94  0.02	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Cobble content	1.00
120: Polumar	30	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.98  0.95	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Depth to bedrock	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name    m	Pct. of	Rapid infiltration of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
120: Sprollow	30	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.64  0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00  1.00      1.00	
Ireland	   20           	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.94  0.02	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00	
121: Povey	   35       	  Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.01	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00      1.00	
Hades	   30           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00	
Hondoho	   15           	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	  1.00    1.00      0.82	
122: Povey	     45       	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct.  Rapid infiltration   of   of wastewater  map			Slow rate treatment   of wastewater 		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
122: Parkay	30	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Depth to bedrock	   1.00   1.00   1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid Depth to bedrock	   1.00     1.00     0.99   0.99   0.68	
123: Preston	   90 	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00	
124: Preston	     90       	  Not limited   		   Very limited   Filtering   capacity   Too steep for   surface   application	  1.00    0.08	
125: Preston	85	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	
126: Preston	   55         	  Very limited   Slope 	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	
Xerorthents	   20         	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Cobble content Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.69	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00  1.00        1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatm   of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
127: Ricrest	90	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
128: Sanyon	   30       	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00 	Very limited  Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Staberg	30	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
Kabear	   20           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
129: Smidale	   85             	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name o	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltration of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
130: Smidale	   45           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.88	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid	1.00	
Staberg	40	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00	
131: Sprollow	   45           	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.64  0.12	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00  1.00      1.00	
Hondoho	   35           	   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Large stones on the surface	1.00	
132: Sprollow	   40         	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content	  1.00  1.00  1.00 	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00  1.00        1.00	
Hymas	   35             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Stone content   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.29  0.01	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name o	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
133: Sterling	     85   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	    Not limited 	
134: Sterling	   85         	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	0.92
135: Sterling	   90           	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
136: Sterling	   85         	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
137: Sterling	     50 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Not limited	
Parleys	   30   	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.21
138: Thatcher	   45           	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Bearhollow	   35           	  Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content	  1.00    1.00    0.32

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatmof wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
139:	   		   		   
Toponce	50       	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for	1.00
	     		     	sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	0.96
	 			Too acid	0.14
Broadhead	30   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Too steep for   surface	1.00
		Slope   	1.00	application Too steep for sprinkler	1.00
	     			irrigation   Slow water   movement	0.96
140: Trenton	   50 	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.96
	   	Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Depth to saturated zone	0.43
Battle Creek	40       	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement	1.00
141:		 			
Trenton, cool	50   	Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow water   movement	0.96
	   	Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Depth to   saturated zone	0.43
Battle Creek, cool	40   	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Depth to	1.00	Very limited Slow water movement	1.00
	 	saturated zone			
142: Trenton	   45 	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow water	0.96
	   	movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	movement Depth to saturated zone	0.43
Parleys	   35 	  Very limited   Slow water	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow water	0.21
	   	movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	movement	   

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatm   of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
143: Valmar	   40             	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Stone content   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	   1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00   0.10	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content Large stones on the surface	1.00   1.00   1.00   0.75   0.08
Camelback	25         	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Hades	20	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
144: Vitale	40	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Stone content Cobble content	1.00  1.00   1.00   1.00   0.97	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00  1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00
Bergquist	   25             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  0.31    0.14	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Filtering capacity	1.00
Rock outcrop	   15 	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name	Pct. of	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatm   of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
145: Vitale	35	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Cobble content   Stone content		Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Large stones on the surface   Too steep for surface   application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation   Cobble content	1.00  1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00
Yeates Hollow	25             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00
Northwater	   15               	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement   Stone content   Cobble content	1.00   1.00   1.00   1.00   0.20	Very limited   Too steep for   surface   application   Too steep for   sprinkler   irrigation   Depth to bedrock   Filtering   capacity	1.00
146: Welby	     90     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	      1.00 	   Very limited   Sodium content   Filtering   capacity	0.99
147: Welby	   90     	  Very limited   Slow water   movement	    1.00   	   Very limited   Sodium content   Filtering   capacity	0.99
148: Welby, wet	   85       	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	  1.00    1.00	Somewhat limited   Sodium content   Filtering   capacity	0.08

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
149: Collinston	   40         	   Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Wheelon	   40         	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Sodium content Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	  1.00    0.50  0.22    0.21
150: Wheelon	40	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00    0.50  0.21
Collinston	   35           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
151: Wheelon	45   	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  1.00  0.50  0.21

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
151: Collinston	30	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
152: Windernot	   40     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	  1.00    0.31	  Very limited   Filtering   capacity	1.00
Lewnot	   20     	Very limited Depth to saturated zone Slow water movement	  1.00    0.61	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone	1.00
Stinkcreek	15         	Very limited Slow water movement Depth to saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Filtering capacity Depth to saturated zone Sodium content Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.21
153: Winn	     90     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow water   movement	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	0.43
154: Winwell	   80   	   Very limited   Slow water   movement	1.00		0.96
155: Winwell	   45     	Very limited   Slow water   movement   Slope	1.00	Somewhat limited Slow water movement Too steep for surface application	0.96
Collinston	   35       	Very limited Slow water movement Slope	  1.00    0.12	Somewhat limited Too steep for surface application Slow water movement	0.32

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

and soil name    m	Pct. Rapid infiltration of of wastewater map		Slow rate treatment of wastewater		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
156: Wormcreek	50	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Cobble content	    1.00  1.00    1.00  0.93	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	  1.00    1.00    0.61  0.21
Copenhagen	30	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Slow water movement Cobble content	  1.00  1.00  1.00    0.14	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Cobble content	1.00
157: Wormcreek	   45           	Very limited Slope Slow water movement Depth to bedrock Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.93	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	1.00
Lonigan	   35             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.31 	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity	1.00
158: Wursten	   45             	Very limited Slope Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00     	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Sodium content	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltration of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
158: Dirtyhead	   35           	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Slow water   movement	1.00	Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Too steep for surface application   Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
159: Xerochrepts	   30       	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00 	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
Wormcreek	   25           	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    1.00  0.93	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Depth to bedrock Slow water movement	1.00
Xerorthents	   20           	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.69	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	1.00
160: Xerorthents	   75             	Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00  0.80  0.69	Very limited Depth to bedrock Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation	  1.00  1.00      1.00
161: Yeates Hollow	   85             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Rapid infiltrati of wastewater		Slow rate treatment of wastewater	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
162: Yeates Hollow	40	   Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00
Manila	   25         	   Slope   Slow water   movement	  1.00  1.00   	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00
Softback	15	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Stone content   Cobble content	  1.00  1.00    0.95  0.16	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Filtering capacity Too acid Slow water movement	  1.00  1.00  0.99  0.99  0.21
163: Yeates Hollow	   45             	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Cobble content	1.00	Very limited Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement Cobble content	1.00
Vitale	   35               	Very limited   Slope   Slow water   movement   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content   Stone content	1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00  1.00	Very limited Depth to bedrock Large stones on the surface Too steep for surface application Too steep for sprinkler irrigation Slow water movement	1.00

Table 16.--Agricultural Waste Management (Part 3)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Rapid infiltration   of wastewater		Slow rate treatm of wastewater	
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
164: Water	100	  Not rated		  Not rated	     

## Table 17. -- Construction Materials (Part 1)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 0.99. Values of 0.00 indicate absolute limitations based on the soil property criteria used to develop the interpretation. Values closer to 1.00 indicate lesser limitations. Fine-earth fractions and content of rock fragments are reported on a weight basis. The rating criteria and abbreviations used in this table are described at the end of the table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	   80         	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   SAR >13   EC >8 dS/m   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.00  0.16  0.89  0.98
2: Ant Flat	   85     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
3: Ant Flat	   85   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
4: Ant Flat	   90     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   	      0.00   
5: Ant Flat	   65   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
Oxford	   25     	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Slope 8 to 12% 	  0.00  0.96

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
6: Ant Flat	     50   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope > 15%   Clay >40%	    0.00  0.00
Oxford	   35     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Slope >15% 	0.00
7: Arbone	     80   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   	0.80
8: Banida	     85   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
9: Banida	     80   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
10: Battle Creek	   85     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
11: Battle Creek	   85     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	    0.00  0.80

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel	Potential as a source of sand			Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
12:					İ		   
Battle Creek	95       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
13:			İ		İ		İ
Bear Lake	40   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Wetness <1' depth   	0.00
Chesbrook	   30   	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Calcium carbonates >40%   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.00  0.12
Picabo	   15     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Calcium carbonates >40%   SAR 4 to 13	0.00
14:		 	 	 	ļ	 	İ
Bear Lake	50     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Wetness <1' depth   	0.00
Downata	   35	Poor	 	  Poor	l I	Poor	l
		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Wetness <1' depth   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.00
15:	İ	İ	į		j	İ	i
Bear Lake	50     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Wetness <1' depth   	0.00
Downata	   25     	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Wetness <1' depth   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.00

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
15: Thatcherflats			   				
Thatcherilats	20     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   SAR >13   EC 4 to 8 dS/m 	0.00
16:			 	 			
Bear Lake	65     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Wetness <1' depth   	0.00
Lago	30	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Fair	
		Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40% Wetness from 1 to 2.8'	0.46
17:	 		 	 			
Bearhollow	30       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   	0.00		  0.00  0.00  0.32  0.78  0.92
Brifox	   25	  Poor	 	  Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00  0.00  0.46
Iphil	   20   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.22  0.68
18: Bergquist	     60   	  -   Fair   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer possible source 		  Poor   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer a possible source 	    0.04  0.04	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	    0.00  0.00  0.00
Rubble land	   15	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source o	)f
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
19: Bergquist	     45 	Bottom layer a possible source		    Poor   Bottom layer a possible source	      0.04	    Poor   Slope >15%	0.00
	   	Thickest layer possible source	0.37   	Thickest layer a possible source	0.04	Rock fragment content Hard to reclaim	0.00
Softback	30       	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	  0.00    0.05	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00
20: Bergquist	   55     	  Fair   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer possible source	    0.37  0.37	   Poor   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer a possible source	0.04	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.00  0.00
Vitale	   25   	Poor Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.00  0.42
21: Bothwell	     80   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good   	         
22: Bothwell	     80   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15% 	    0.00 
23: Bothwell	     35   	  -  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15% 	0.00
Hades	   30     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.98  0.99

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
23: Justesen	     20   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim	0.00
24: Bothwell	   40   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good   	
Thatcher	   35     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   	  0.92   
25: Brifox	   40   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.46
Huffman	   35     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good   	
26: Brifox	   40   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.46
Huffman	   35     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   	  0.00   
27: Brifox	   55   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	  0.00  0.46

Table	17Construction	Materials	(Part	1)Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
27:	   		 		İ		
Niter	25     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
28:		 	 	 			
Brifox	65	Poor		Poor		Poor	
	 	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40%   Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Interest layer not a source		Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46
Niter	   20	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	   	Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00   	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40% Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
29:			 				
Brifox	55	Poor		Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40% Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
Niter	25	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Poor	
	ĺ	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	 	Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40% Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
30:	 	 	 	 			
Broadhead	30	Poor		Poor		Fair	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.05
	 	Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope 12 to 15%	0.37
Hades	   25	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Fair	
	İ	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.08
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope 12 to 15%	0.37
		because of fines or thin layer				Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
						Not hard to reclaim	0.99

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
30: Yago	     25     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content   Slope 12 to 15%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.00
31: Broadhead	     40   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40%	    0.00  0.01
Yago	   35       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.98
32: Camelback	     55   	  Fair   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer possible source	    0.00  0.12	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.00  0.00
Lonigan	   25       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.22  0.68
33: Camelback	     40   	  Fair   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer possible source 	    0.00  0.12	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.00  0.00
Hades	   20     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	  0.00  0.00	   Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.98  0.99

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
33:	i I	 	i I		İ	] 	İ
Valmar	20	Poor	ĺ	Poor	İ	Poor	İ
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer	ĺ		į	Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.22
34:	 		 			[ 	
Cedarhill	90	Poor	ĺ	Poor	İ	Poor	İ
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Hard to reclaim	0.00
			 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.68
35:	 						
Cedarhill	40	Poor		Poor		Poor	
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00		ļ	Hard to reclaim	0.00
	 		 	 		Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.68
Hades	25	I		Poor	İ	  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.08
		because of fines or thin layer			ļ	Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
	 		 	 		Not hard to reclaim	0.99
Ricrest	20	  Poor		Poor		  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer			ļ	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46
	 		 		ļ	Hard to reclaim	0.88
36:			ĺ		į		
Cedarhill	35	!		Poor		Poor	1
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer	:	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Hard to reclaim	0.00
	 		 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.68
Hondoho	30	  Fair	İ	Poor	İ	Poor	İ
	į	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	I	because of fines or thin layer	1	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
	1	2004420 01 111102 01 011111 14/01	1	1			1
	 	Bottom layer a possible source	0.07		j	Hard to reclaim	0.00

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	map  unit   		Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
36: Ridgecrest	     20     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer possible source	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.38  0.68
37: Chesbrook	     60   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Calcium carbonates >40%   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.00  0.12
Bear Lake	   20     	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Wetness <1' depth 	0.00
38: Cloudless	     50     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Clay <27%	    0.00  0.74  0.99
Hades	   40     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Fair   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.08  0.98  0.99
39: Cloudless	   35       	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Clay <27%	  0.00  0.00  0.74  0.99
Hades	   30     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.98  0.99

Table 17 Construction Materials (Par	τι	1)	Continued
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source o	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
39: Howcan	   20   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim	0.00
40: Copenhagen	   35     	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"   Slope >15%	0.00
Lonigan	30     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.00  0.68  0.68
Manila	   20     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40%   Hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.68
41: Delish	     40   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'   	0.53
Cachecan	   25     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Fair   SAR 4 to 13   	  0.40 
Stinkcreek	   15       	  Fair   Thickest layer possible source   Bottom layer a possible source 		  Good   Thickest layer a possible source   Bottom layer a possible source 	  0.08  0.86 	Poor   Wetness <1' depth   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content   Sand fractions 75-85%   SAR 4 to 13	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.16  0.78

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
42: Downata	     80	Poor		Poor		Poor	     
	     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Wetness <1' depth   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.00
43:					İ		
Dranburn	45	Poor		Poor		Poor	
	!	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00 	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.08  0.95
Robin	35	Poor	 	Poor		  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
44:		 	 				
Enochville	75	Poor	İ	Poor	j	Poor	į
		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00  0.00 	Thickest layer not a source Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	Hard to reclaim Wetness from 1 to 2.8'	0.00
45:		 	 	[ 		 	
Foxol	45		ı	Poor		Poor	
	ļ	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00 	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Depth to bedrock <20" Rock fragment content	0.00
Vitale	30	  Poor		  Poor		  Poor	
	İ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	İ	because of fines or thin layer	ĺ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	 		Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.42
46:	25	 		 	į	 	
Hades	35	Poor	  0.00	Poor		Poor	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%   Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Interest tayer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.08
	1	, accorded of fines of chim tayer	1	I .	1	, 5_0, 2, 55 10 0	10.00

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Table	17Co	nstruction	Materials	(Part	1)C	ontinued
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
46:			 		İ		İ
Camelback	20	Fair		Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer possible source	0.12	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
					į	Hard to reclaim	0.00
Hondoho	20	  Fair	 	  Poor		  Poor	
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer				Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer a possible source	0.07	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
			 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46
47:			 				
Hades	25	Poor		Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.08
		because of fines or thin layer				Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
	 		 			Not hard to reclaim	0.99
Lanoak	25	Poor		Poor	İ	  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00		
Camelback	25	  Fair	 	  Poor		  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer possible source	0.12	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
			l I			Hard to reclaim	0.00
48:							
Haploxerolls	45	I		Poor		Poor	ļ
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
	 	Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Rock fragment content	0.00
Xerorthents	30	Poor		Poor	į	Poor	
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Depth to bedrock <20"	0.00
						Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.88

Table	17	·Construction	Materials	(Part	1)	Continued
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
49:			   		İ		
Hendricks	90	Poor	İ	Poor	j	Fair	į
	     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%   	0.98
50:			! 				
Holmes	90     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Fair Thickest layer not a source Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	Poor   Bulk density >1.8 in upper   20"   Sand fractions >85%	0.00
						Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content	0.00
51: Hondee	   85 	  Fair   Bottom layer not a source	    0.00	  Fair   Thickest layer a possible source	0.03	  Poor   Rock fragment content	0.00
		Thickest layer possible source		Bottom layer a possible source	0.10	Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.16
						Calcium Calbonates 13-40%	
52: Hondee	75	Pair		  Fair		Poor	
nondee	/3	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer a possible source	0.03	Rock fragment content	0.00
	İ	Thickest layer possible source	0.18	Bottom layer a possible source	0.10	Hard to reclaim	0.16
	 		 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.68
53:					İ		
Hondoho	50	Fair		Poor		Poor	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content Hard to reclaim	0.00
		Bottom layer a possible source				Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46
Hades	30	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Fair	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.08
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
	 	because of fines or thin layer	 	 		Not hard to reclaim	0.99
54:		<u> </u>	į		į	<u> </u>	į
Hondoho	50 	Fair   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
		Bottom layer a possible source			İ	Slope 12 to 15%	0.37
						Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
54: Ricrest	     40	Poor	   	    Poor	     	    Poor	
	     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Hard to reclaim	0.00
55: Hondoho	35	    Fair   Thickest layer not a source	    0.00	  -  Poor   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	 	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
Sprollow	   30     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer 	  0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates >40%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.98
Hades	   20     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.98  0.99
56: Hondoho	     45	    Fair	   	    Poor		    Poor	
	     	Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer Bottom layer a possible source		Bottom layer not a source     Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
Vitale	   30     	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	    0.00    0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.00  0.42
57: Huffman	   80   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good   	       

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source o topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
58:	   				   		
Huffman	80   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Good   	     
59:			   				
Huffman	45     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Good   	     
Dirtyhead	   30   	Bottom layer a possible source	  0.22  0.22 	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.68  0.94
60: Huffman	25	Page		Poor		Good	
HULLMAN	35	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	GOOG   	     
Harroun	30	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00    0.03	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source 	0.00	Poor   Depth to pan <20"   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
Lanoak	25	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good   	       
61:			   				
Huffman	45     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Good     	
Wursten	   35     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Fair   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	0.68

Table	17Construction	Materials	(Part	1)Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
62: Iphil	     60	Poor	   	Poor		    Fair	
	     	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope 12 to 15%   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.04
Lonigan	20       	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope 12 to 15%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.04  0.22  0.68
63: Ireland	     50   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	    0.00  0.00  0.16
Polumar	     25     	-	      0.00  0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%  Poor Slope >15% Hard to reclaim Rock fragment content Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80    0.00  0.00  0.00
64: Kabear	     50   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	    0.00  0.00	    Good     	       
Staberg	   25   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer not a source	  0.00  0.00	  Fair   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.18  0.94
Copenhagen	   15     	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"	  0.00  0.00

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	   Potential as a source of   gravel		Potential as a source of sand		   Potential as a source o   topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
65: Kabear	     50 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	    Poor   Slope >15%	0.00
Staberg	   25   	<u> </u>	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.18  0.94
Copenhagen	   15     	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	!	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"   Slope >15%	  0.00  0.00  0.00
66: Kearns	   80   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good 	
67: Kearnsar	     60   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   	    0.98 
Battle Creek	   25     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	  0.00  0.80
68: Kidman	   90   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   	0.80
69: Kidman	   85     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	    Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   	0.80

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source o	of
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
70: Kidman	   85   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
71: Kidman, wet	   85     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	0.80
72: Kidman	   <b>4</b> 5   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   	0.80
Sterling	   30     	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	  0.00    0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.68
73: Lando	   75     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.80
74: Lanoak	   75     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good 	
75: Lanoak	   75   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Good   	

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source topsoil	e of
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
76: Lanoak		Poor		Poor		Poor	
Banoak	<del>1</del> 5     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
Broadhead	   40     	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40% 	0.00
77:	į		į		į	İ	į
Lanoak	35     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15% 	0.00
Broadhead	   30   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	   Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.00
Hades	   15       	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer 	  0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	   Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.98  0.99
78: Lanoak	   40   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Slope 12 to 15%   	0.16
Hades	   35       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Fair   Rock fragment content   Slope 12 to 15%   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.08  0.16  0.98  0.99

Table 17Construction	Materials (Part	1)Continued
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
79: Lanoak	     60   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15% 	0.00
Thatcher	   25     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	0.00
80: Layton	     85     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Fair   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer a possible source	  0.10  0.10	  Poor   Sand fractions 75-85% 	0.00
81: Layton	     80     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Fair   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer a possible source	  0.10  0.10	  Poor   Sand fractions 75-85%   	0.00
82: Lizdale	     80     	  Fair   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00    0.43	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates >40%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00
83: Lizdale	   55       	  Fair   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00    0.43	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source 	0.00	  Poor   Calcium carbonates >40%   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.00  0.00
Searla	   35     	  Fair   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.98

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
Door   Sottom layer not a source   0.00   Sottom layer not a source   0.00   Sottom layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Sottom layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Sottom layer not a source   0.00   Thickest lay		: -		Value   	, ,	Value		Value
		90		      0.00	I	0.00	I Total	0.00
Lonigan		   	:		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%   	0.76   
Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Rock fragment content   0.00   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40°   0.68	85:	İ		ĺ		į		İ
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.68   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.00   Slope >15%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40%   0.20   Depth to bedro	Lonigan	40			I		I Total	
Decause of fines or thin layer			-		·			1
Lizdale 40 Fair			-		Thickest layer not a source	0.00		1
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer a possible source   0.00   Bottom layer a possible source   0.43			because of fines or thin layer	   			I control of the cont	1
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer a possible source   0.00   Bottom layer a possible source   0.43   Bottom layer a possible source   0.43   Bottom layer a possible source   0.43   Bottom layer a possible source   0.43   Bottom layer a possible source   0.43   Bottom layer a possible source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Slope >15%   0.00	Lizdale	40	  Fair	 	Poor		Poor	
Bottom layer a possible source   0.43   Bottom layer a possible source   0.00   Hard to reclaim   0.00	1114410	10		0.00	!	0.00	i	0.00
Bottom layer a possible source   0.43		i	-					1
86: Lonigan		İ	Bottom layer a possible source	0.43	İ	i	Hard to reclaim	0.00
Note		į į		j i	 		Slope >15%	0.00
Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Slope >15%   0.00		45	Poor	 	Poor		Poor	
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Rock fragment content   0.00   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   0.22   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   0.68	nonigan	43		   0 00	!	0 00		0 00
Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   0.22   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   0.68			-		·			1
Ricrest								1
Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Slope >15%   0.00								1
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Rock fragment content   0.00	Ricrest	30	Poor	 	  Poor		Poor	
Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Hard to reclaim   0.88    88:  Manila		İ	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
87: Manila		İ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
87:  Manila			because of fines or thin layer				Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46
Manila				 			Hard to reclaim	0.88
Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Clay 27 to 40%   0.08	*	85	Poor	<u> </u>	Poor		 	į
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Hard to reclaim   0.68   because of fines or thin layer	Manifia	03		0.00	I .	0.00	I control of the cont	0.08
Manila			Thickest layer not a source	0.00	·			1
Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Bottom layer not a source   0.00   Clay 27 to 40%   0.08     Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Hard to reclaim   0.68								
Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Thickest layer not a source   0.00   Hard to reclaim   0.68	Manila	80			I .			
			-			1		1
			-	0.00 	Interest tayer not a source	0.00	nard to recraim	10.00

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source topsoil	e of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
89:					İ	<u> </u> 	İ
Manila	85       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40%   Hard to reclaim	0.00
90:	İ	İ	İ		i		
Manila	50     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   Slope 8 to 12%   Hard to reclaim	0.08
Bancroft	   30   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Slope 8 to 12%   	0.63
91:		 	 				
Manila	50     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   Hard to reclaim 	0.08
Broadhead	   25     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   	0.05
92:		 	 		l i	 	
Manila	40     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40%   Hard to reclaim	0.00
Broadhead	   35   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.05
93: Manila	     50	    Poor   Bottom layer not a source	      0.00	    Poor   Bottom layer not a source	      0.00	    Poor   Slope >15%	      0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40% Hard to reclaim	0.08

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand	Potential as a source of topsoil		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
93: Lonigan	   30     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.00
94: Manila	   55     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   Slope 12 to 15%   Hard to reclaim	  0.08  0.16  0.68
Yeates Hollow	   30     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content   Slope 12 to 15%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.16
95: Maplecreek	     95   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00  0.07	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'	    0.92  0.98
96: Maplecreek	     45   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00  0.07	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'	    0.92  0.98
Layton	   35     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Fair   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer a possible source 	  0.10  0.10	  Poor   Sand fractions 75-85%   	0.00
97: Merkley	   45   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Fair   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source 	0.00	  Poor   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	    0.00  0.92

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of gravel		Potential as a source of sand	Potential as a source of topsoil	of	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
97:	   		   		İ	 	İ
Lago	20     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Wetness from 1 to 2.8'	  0.46  0.76
Bear Lake	   15     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Wetness <1' depth   	0.00
98:					ļ		
Moonlight	40     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content	  0.00  0.76
Camelback	   35     	Bottom layer not a source	    0.00  0.12	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00
99:		 	 			 	
Niter	60     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	0.00
Brifox	   20   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.46
100:			 				
Northwater	35     	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content	0.00
Foxol	   25   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Depth to bedrock <20"   Rock fragment content	  0.00  0.00  0.00

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source o	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
100:		 	İ			1	İ
Vitale	20     	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	  0.00    0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.00
101:	İ						
Northwater	65     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content	0.00
Povey	25	  Fair	 	  Poor		  Poor	1
-	   	Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer Bottom layer a possible source		Thickest layer not a source Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim	0.00
102:							
Northwater	   65     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content 	0.00
D	15			  Poor		  Poor	
Povey	15	Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00
103:						 	
Nyman	50			Poor	į	Poor	į
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source     Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%     Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.00    0.00  0.84
			 			Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.04
Lonigan	20     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.22  0.68
Copenhagen	   15   	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"	  0.00  0.00  0.00

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	. Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
104: Oxford	     45   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	    Poor   Clay >40%   	0.00
Banida	   35   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   	0.00
105: Oxford	     45   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
Banida	   35   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00
106: Oxford	     50   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Slope >15% 	0.00
Banida	   35     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	   Clay >40%   Slope >15% 	0.00
107: Oxford	     65   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay >40%	0.00
Gullied land	   15 	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	   	  Not rated 	

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	gravel		Potential as a source of sand	Potential as a source of topsoil		
	unit   	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Valu
108:							İ
Parkay	45	I .		Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer				Hard to reclaim	0.00
						Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
Povey		   Rain	 	  Poor		  Poor	
Povey	30	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	 	because of fines or thin layer		Bottom layer a possible source	0.04	Rock fragment content	0.00
	i i	Bottom layer a possible source	!	Boccom layer a possible source		Hard to reclaim	0.00
	i				i		
109:	İ	İ	İ		į		į
Parleys	85	Poor		Poor		Fair	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.92
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
		because of fines or thin layer					
110:		 	 			<u> </u> 	
Parleys	   85	Poor	 	  Poor	l	  Fair	
rurreys	03	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.92
	i	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
	į	because of fines or thin layer	İ	-	į	-	
111:			 				
Parleys, wet	90	Poor	l I	  Poor		  Fair	İ
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.92
	i	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
	ĺ	because of fines or thin layer	ĺ		ĺ		İ
112:		   D =		   D =		   D =	
Pavohroo	30 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.41
		because of fines or thin layer				Rock fragment content	0.92
	i		İ		İ		
Sedgway	30	Poor	j	Poor	į	Poor	į
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer				Rock fragment content	0.00
						Clay <27%	0.99

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value	
112: Toponce	   20     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay >40%	    0.00  0.00	
113: Picabo	   45   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Calcium carbonates >40%   SAR 4 to 13	0.00	
Thatcherflats	   30     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   SAR >13   EC 4 to 8 dS/m 	0.00	
114: Pits, gravel	100	  Not rated	<u> </u> 	  Not rated	İ	  Not rated	İ	
115: Pollynot	   75     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00  0.06	  Fair   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	    0.78  0.92	
116: Pollynot	   75     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source	    0.00  0.06	  Fair   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	    0.78  0.92	
117: Pollynot	   75     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source 	    0.00  0.06	  Fair   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	    0.78  0.92	
118: Pollynot	   75     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer a possible source 	  0.00  0.06	  Fair   Slope 12 to 15%   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.37  0.78  0.92	

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
119:							
Polumar	45	Poor		Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer				Rock fragment content	0.00
						Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80
Ireland	30	  Poor		  Poor		  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer				Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.16
	 	 	 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80
120:					į		
Polumar	30	!		Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer	! 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80
G11						  Poor	
Sprollow	30	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates >40%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Interest tayer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
					į	Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.98
Ireland	20	Poor	 	Poor		  Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	i	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
	İ	because of fines or thin layer	İ	į	İ	Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.16
	į		į		į	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80
121:	 	 	 			 	
Povey	35	Fair		Poor		Poor	
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer	1	Bottom layer a possible source	0.04	Slope >15%	0.00
		Bottom layer a possible source	0.35	 		Hard to reclaim	0.00
Hades	30	Poor		Poor		  Poor	1
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.08
		because of fines or thin layer				Clay 27 to 40%	0.98
	1	I .	1	I .	1	Not hard to reclaim	0.99

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
121: Hondoho	   15         	  Fair   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.46
122: Povey	   <b>4</b> 5   	Fair   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	Poor Thickest layer not a source Bottom layer a possible source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00
Parkay	   30     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Clay 27 to 40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.98
123: Preston	     90     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Fair Bottom layer a possible source Thickest layer a possible source	    0.05  0.31	  Poor   Sand fractions >85%   	0.00
124: Preston	     90     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Fair Bottom layer a possible source Thickest layer a possible source	0.05	  Poor   Sand fractions >85%   	0.00
125: Preston	   85       	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Fair Bottom layer a possible source Thickest layer a possible source	0.05	  Poor   Sand fractions >85%   Slope >15% 	0.00
126: Preston	   55     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Fair Bottom layer a possible source Thickest layer a possible source	0.05	  Poor   Slope >15%   Sand fractions >85% 	0.00

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
126:					İ		İ
Xerorthents	20       	Poor  Thickest layer not a source  because of fines or thin layer  Bottom layer not a source	  0.00    0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.88
127:			! 		İ		
Ricrest	90	Poor Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.46  0.88
128:			 	 	l I	 	
Sanyon	30     	Fair Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer Bottom layer a possible source	  0.00    0.20	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"	  0.00  0.00  0.00
Staberg	   30   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.18  0.94
Kabear	   20     	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   	0.00
129:			 			 	
Smidale	85     	Poor  Thickest layer not a source  because of fines or thin layer  Bottom layer not a source	  0.00    0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content	  0.00  0.00  0.00
130: Smidale	     45   	   Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	      0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay <27%   Rock fragment content	    0.00  0.99  0.00
Staberg	   40   	_	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   Bottom layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.18  0.94

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

map   unit   Rating class ar limiting feature   Rating class are limiting feature   Rating class are limiting class are limiting feature   Rating class are	· ·	e Rating class and			Potential as a source of topsoil	
Sprollow		limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
Bottom layer not a so Thickest layer not a because of fines or  Hondoho	 		İ		İ	
Hondoho		Poor		Poor		
Hondoho	ource   0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00	
Hondoho	· ·	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates >40%	0.00	
Thickest layer not a because of fines or Bottom layer a possible sprollow	thin layer			Rock fragment content	0.00	
Thickest layer not a because of fines or Bottom layer a possible sprollow			ļ	Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.98	
Thickest layer not a because of fines or Bottom layer a possible sprollow		Poor		  Poor		
because of fines or Bottom layer a possible  132:  Sprollow	source 0.00		0.00	Slope >15%	0.00	
Bottom layer a possible of the second	!	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00	
132:  Sprollow	- '	· -		Hard to reclaim	0.00	
Sprollow 40 Poor  Bottom layer not a so Thickest layer not a because of fines or  Hymas		İ	j	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46	
Sprollow 40 Poor  Bottom layer not a so Thickest layer not a because of fines or  Hymas	ļ					
Bottom layer not a so Thickest layer not a because of fines or Hymas	l I	Poor		  Poor		
Hymas	ource 0.00		0.00	Slope >15%	0.00	
Hymas 35   Poor   Thickest layer not a   because of fines or		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates >40%	0.00	
Hymas 35   Poor   Thickest layer not a   because of fines or		Interest tayer not a source	10.00	Rock fragment content	0.00	
Thickest layer not a because of fines or			ļ	Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"		
Thickest layer not a because of fines or	ļ		ļ		ļ	
because of fines or		Poor		Poor		
		-	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00	
Bottom layer not a so	- :	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Depth to bedrock <20"	0.00	
	urce  0.00		l I	Rock fragment content Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.46	
	i					
133:	į	İ	į		į	
Sterling 85 Poor		Poor		Poor		
Thickest layer not a		-	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00	
because of fines or	- '	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00	
Bottom layer not a so	0.00		l I	Calcium Carbonates 15-40%	0.00	
134:	j	İ	j	İ	j	
Sterling  85   Poor		Poor		Poor		
Thickest layer not a	source   0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00	
because of fines or	- :	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00	
Bottom layer not a so	ource   0.00			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.68	
135:	l I		l I	 		
Sterling 90   Poor		Poor	i	Poor	i	
Thickest layer not a	source 0.00		0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00	
because of fines or		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00	
Bottom layer not a so	- :		į	Hard to reclaim	0.00	
į į	j		į	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.68	

Table 17Construction	Materials	(Part 1	)Continued
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
136: Sterling	     85     	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.68
137: Sterling	     50     	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.68
Parleys	30     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Clay 27 to 40%	0.92
138: Thatcher	     45   	I Total	0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Slope 12 to 15%   Clay 27 to 40% 	  0.16  0.95
Bearhollow	   35         	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope 12 to 15%   Hard to reclaim   SAR 4 to 13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.16  0.32  0.78  0.92
139: Toponce	     50   	-	0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Slope >15%	0.00
Broadhead	   30   	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Clay 27 to 40% 	  0.00  0.05

Table 17 Construction Materials (Par	СΙ	1) -	Continued	
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	! !		Potential as a source of sand	Potential as a source of topsoil		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
140:					İ		İ
Trenton	50     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   	0.88
Battle Creek	   40     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	0.00
141: Trenton, cool	     50	    Poor	   	    Poor		    Fair	
	   	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%   	0.88
Battle Creek, cool	   40   	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Clay >40%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
142:			 				
Trenton	45     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Fair   Clay 27 to 40%   	0.88
Parleys	   35     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Fair   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Clay 27 to 40% 	0.92
143:			 	 			
Valmar	40     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.00
Camelback	   25   	  Fair   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer possible source	    0.00  0.12	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	of gravel		Potential as a source of sand	Potential as a source of topsoil		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
143: Hades	   20       	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Clay 27 to 40%   Not hard to reclaim	  0.00  0.08  0.98  0.99
144: Vitale	   40   	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.00
Bergquist	   25     			  Poor   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer a possible source	  0.04  0.04	   Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00
Rock outcrop	   15	  Not rated	 	  Not rated		  Not rated	
145: Vitale	     35   	  Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	      0.00 	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.00
Yeates Hollow	   25     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00 	   Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Clay >40%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content	  0.00  0.00  0.00
Northwater	   15       	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer not a source	    0.00    0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content	0.00
146: Welby	   90     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   SAR >13   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00

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Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit	Rating class and	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
147: Welby		Poor	   	    Poor	   	Poor	   
10127		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	SAR >13   Calcium carbonates 15-40% 	0.00
148:							İ
Welby, wet	85			Poor		Fair	
		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00  0.00 	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%   SAR 4 to 13 	0.46
149:			! 			 	
Collinston	40	!	[	Poor		Fair	
	   	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%   	0.80
Wheelon	40	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Fair	
	   	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40% SAR 4 to 13	0.46
150:			 			 	
Wheelon	40	Poor	İ	Poor	į	Poor	j
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00 	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40% SAR 4 to 13	0.46
Collinston	35	Poor		Poor		  Poor	
COTTINGCON	33	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80
151:			 			 	
Wheelon	45		İ	Poor	İ	Poor	į
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer		Inicrest layer not a source		SAR 4 to 13	0.60
Collinston	30	Poor		  Poor		  Poor	
COTITUDCOIL	30	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	İ	Thickest layer not a source because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source of topsoil		
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
152:	 	 			İ	 		
Windernot	40   	Fair   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source		Good   Thickest layer a possible source   Bottom layer a possible source 	  0.03  0.79	Poor   Bulk density >1.8 in upper   20"   Sand fractions >85%	  0.00    0.00	
	 		   			Rock fragment content   Hard to reclaim	0.00	
Lewnot	20	  Poor	 	  Fair		  Poor		
	<u> </u> 	Bottom layer not a source Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer a possible source Thickest layer a possible source	0.08	Bulk density >1.8 in upper 20"	İ	
	   	to fines of thin layer	0.00	 		Hard to reclaim Wetness from 1 to 2.8'	0.00	
Stinkcreek	15	!		Good		  Poor		
	i	Thickest layer possible source Bottom layer a possible source		Thickest layer a possible source  Bottom layer a possible source	0.08	Wetness <1' depth   Hard to reclaim	0.00	
		Bottom layer a possible source	0.43	Bottom layer a possible source		Rock fragment content	0.00	
	İ	İ	İ		j	Sand fractions 75-85%	0.16	
						SAR 4 to 13	0.78	
153:		 	<u> </u>			 		
Winn	90	Poor	İ	Poor	j	Good	j	
	     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00  0.00 	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00			
154:								
Winwell	80	1		Poor		Poor		
	     	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00  0.00 	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Clay >40%   	0.00	
155:			 					
Winwell	45     	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Poor   Clay >40% 	0.00	
Collinston	35	Poor	 	  Poor		  Fair		
-3		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80	

Table 17.--Construction Materials (Part 1)--Continued

Table 17 Construction Materials (Par	τι	1)	Continued
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand	Potential as a source of topsoil	of	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
156:					[		
Wormcreek	50       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.80
Copenhagen	   30   	Poor   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer   Bottom layer a possible source	  0.00    0.05	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock <20"	0.00
157: Wormcreek	     45	    Poor	   	    Poor		    Poor	   
		Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	0.00	Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Slope >15%   Hard to reclaim   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
Lonigan	   35       	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	0.00	Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	  0.00  0.00  0.22  0.68
158: Wursten	     45   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Rock fragment content   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00
Dirtyhead	   35     	  Fair   Bottom layer a possible source   Thickest layer possible source		  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source 	  0.00  0.00 	Poor   Rock fragment content   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%   Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	  0.00  0.00  0.68  0.94
159: Xerochrepts	     30   	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source   because of fines or thin layer	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Bottom layer not a source   Thickest layer not a source	0.00	  Poor   Slope >15%   Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.00

Table	17Construction	Materials	(Part	1)Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel	ce of Potential as a source of sand			Potential as a source of topsoil	of
	unit   	Rating class and	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and	Value
159:					İ	 	İ
Wormcreek	25	Poor	İ	Poor	į	Poor	į
	İ	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	İ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
	İ	because of fines or thin layer	İ	i -	į	Rock fragment content	0.00
	į		İ		į	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.80
Xerorthents	20	  Poor	 	  Poor		  Poor	
	ĺ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Depth to bedrock <20"	0.00
			 			Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.88
160:					ļ		
Xerorthents	75			Poor		Poor	
	ļ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	ļ	because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Depth to bedrock <20"	0.00
		 		 	l I	Calcium carbonates 15-40%	0.88
161: Yeates Hollow		 	İ	    Poor	į	Poor	İ
reaces hollow	65	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
			0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer	1	Inickest layer not a source	10.00	Hard to reclaim	0.00
		Beddube of fines of thin fayer	! 			Rock fragment content	0.00
	ļ				į		
162: Yeates Hollow	40	Poor	 	Poor		Poor	
	İ	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	İ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40%	0.00
	İ	because of fines or thin layer	İ	<u> </u>	į	Hard to reclaim	0.00
			 			Rock fragment content	0.00
Manila	25	  Poor	 	  Poor		Poor	
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay 27 to 40%	0.08
		because of fines or thin layer	 			Hard to reclaim	0.68
Softback	15		 	  Poor		  Poor	
		1	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer		Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
	1	Bottom layer a possible source	0.05			Hard to reclaim	0.00

Table 17Construction Materials	(Part 1	)Continue	d
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Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of gravel		Potential as a source of sand		Potential as a source o topsoil	f
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
L63:			 				
Yeates Hollow	45	Poor	ĺ	Poor	İ	Poor	İ
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
			0.00	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Clay >40%	0.00
		because of fines or thin layer				Hard to reclaim	0.00
	İ					Rock fragment content	0.00
Vitale	35	Poor	 	  Poor		  Poor	
	İ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Bottom layer not a source	0.00	Slope >15%	0.00
	ĺ	because of fines or thin layer	ĺ	Thickest layer not a source	0.00	Rock fragment content	0.00
		Bottom layer not a source	0.00			Depth to bedrock 20 to 40"	0.32
L64:	 		 	[ 		 	
Water	100	Not rated	ĺ	Not rated	İ	Not rated	İ

The interpretation for gravel evaluates the content of rock fragments more than 0.2 inch in diameter in the bottom or thickest layer of the soil.

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The interpretation for sand evaluates the content of sand and fine gravel in the thickest or bottom layer of the soil. Organic soil layers with a Unified engineering class for peat (PT) also are evaluated.

The interpretation for topsoil evaluates the following soil properties at various depths: calcium carbonates, content of clay, soil bulk density, content of sand, soil wetness, rock fragments 0.2 inch to 3 inches in diameter, rock fragments more than 3 inches in diameter, content of organic matter, sodium content expressed as the sodium adsorption ratio (SAR), salinity expressed as mmhos/cm of electrical conductivity (EC), depth to bedrock, slope, and soil pH.

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.00 to 0.99. The smaller the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	of map		ial	roadfill	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features 	Value   
1: Airport	   80         	Poor Sodium content Too alkaline Salinity Carbonate content Water erosion Too clayey	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.16  0.68  0.98	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Wetness	0.00
2: Ant Flat	   85     	Poor Too clayey Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.99	!	0.00
3: Ant Flat	   85     	Poor Too clayey Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.99		0.00
4: Ant Flat	   90     	   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.99	!	0.00
5: Ant Flat	   65   	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.99	!	0.00
Oxford	   25       	Poor Too clayey Low content of organic matter Water erosion	0.00	  Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00
6: Ant Flat	   50   	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00
Oxford	   35       	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.88    0.99	   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.00  0.12  0.98

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	:		Potential as a source of   roadfill		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
7: Arbone	   80     	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	0.50	  Good 		
8: Banida	   85       	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	0.00	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
9: Banida	   80     	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	0.00	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
10: Battle Creek	   85     	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	0.00	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
11: Battle Creek	   85       	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.80  0.88	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
12: Battle Creek	   95     	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.80  0.88	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
13: Bear Lake	   40   	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.46  0.68	Poor   Wetness     Low strength	0.00	
Chesbrook	   30   	  Poor   Carbonate content   Too clayey   Too acid	  0.00  0.12  0.32	Poor   Low strength   Wetness   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Picabo	   15       	Poor   Carbonate content   Sodium content   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.00  0.37  0.50	Fair Low strength	    0.78     	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a sourd reclamation mater:		Potential as a sour roadfill	ce of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
14: Bear Lake	   50   	organic matter Carbonate content	0.12	   Poor   Wetness   Low strength	0.00
Downata	   35     	   Too acid   Carbonate content   Too clayey	  0.32  0.46  0.98	Low strength	0.00
15: Bear Lake	   50   	organic matter Carbonate content	  0.12    0.46  0.68	Poor Wetness Low strength	0.00
Downata	   25   	   Too acid   Carbonate content   Too clayey	0.32	Low strength	0.00
Thatcherflats	   20       	Sodium content Too alkaline Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.00  0.12 	   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00
16: Bear Lake	   65     	Low content of organic matter Carbonate content	0.12 0.46 0.68	Poor   Wetness   Low strength	0.00
Lago	   30     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.46  0.99	Poor Low strength Wetness Shrink-swell	0.00
17: Bearhollow	30   	Fair Low content of organic matter Sodium content Carbonate content	  0.12    0.78  0.92	Poor   Slope 	0.00
Brifox	   25       	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.46  0.88 	Poor Shrink-swell Low strength Slope	0.00

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name   c	!	Pct. Potential as a source of of   reclamation material map		Potential as a source of roadfill		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
17: Iphil	   20     	  Fair   Sodium content   Water erosion   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.22  0.68  0.68  0.88	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
18: Bergquist	   60   	Fair   Droughty   Low content of   organic matter	0.06	Poor   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	0.00	
Rubble land	15	  Not rated		  Not rated		
19: Bergquist	     45   	Fair   Droughty   Low content of   organic matter	    0.06  0.50	! -	0.00	
Softback	   30     	   Fair   Stone content   Too acid   Low content of   organic matter	  0.05  0.32  0.50	Stone content	0.00   0.36   0.86   0.99	
20: Bergquist	   55   	  Fair   Droughty   Low content of   organic matter	  0.06  0.50	Poor   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	0.00	
Vitale	   25       	Poor   Droughty   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.35  0.81	Slope Stone content	  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.45  0.94	
21: Bothwell	   80   	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.90 	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell	0.00	
22: Bothwell	   80   	  Fair   Water erosion   	    0.90   	   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
23: Bothwell	   35   	  Fair   Water erosion 	0.90	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of map	:		Potential as a source of roadfill		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
23: Hades	30	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Too clayey	0.88	  Poor   Low strength     Slope	0.00	
Justesen	   20     	  Fair   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.80  0.90 	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00	
24: Bothwell	   40 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.90 	  Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Thatcher	   35       	   Fair   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content	  0.68  0.88    0.92	   Poor   Low strength	0.00	
25: Brifox	   40       	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.46  0.88 	   Poor   Shrink-swell   Low strength	0.00	
Huffman	   35     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.80  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
26: Brifox	   40     	Carbonate content	  0.00  0.46  0.88 	Poor   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Slope	0.00	
Huffman	   35       	Fair Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.12    0.80  0.99	Poor Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	0.00	
27: Brifox	   55         	Poor Too clayey Carbonate content Low content of organic matter Water erosion	  0.00  0.46  0.88 	Poor Shrink-swell Low strength	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name o	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of   reclamation material		  Potential as a source of   roadfill		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
27: Niter	   25     	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.00  0.18    0.80  0.99	  Poor   Shrink-swell   Low strength	0.00	
28: Brifox	   65       	organic matter	0.00	Low strength	0.00	
Niter	   20       	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.00  0.18    0.80  0.99	Poor   Shrink-swell   Low strength   Slope	0.00	
29: Brifox	   55       	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.46  0.88 	Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell   Low strength	0.00	
Niter	   25       	Poor Too clayey Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.00  0.18    0.80  0.99	Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell   Low strength	0.00	
30: Broadhead	   30 	  Fair   Too clayey	0.05	  Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Hades	   25   	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Too clayey	  0.88    0.98	  Poor   Low strength 	0.00	
Yago	   25           	Poor Stone content Low content of organic matter Too acid Too clayey Cobble content	  0.00  0.88    0.95  0.98  0.99	Poor   Stone content   Low strength   Cobble content   Shrink-swell	0.00	
31: Broadhead	   40   	   Fair   Too clayey 	    0.01 	   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name   c	Pct. of map	!		Potential as a source of roadfill		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
31: Yago	35	Poor	   	Poor		
		Stone content Low content of organic matter Too acid Too clayey Cobble content	0.00   0.88     0.95   0.98   0.99	Stone content Low strength Cobble content Shrink-swell Slope	0.00  0.00  0.30  0.31  0.98	
32:		 		 		
Camelback	   55   	Fair Low content of organic matter	  0.88 	Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Lonigan	25       	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.10  0.68  0.88	Poor Depth to bedrock Slope	0.00	
33:	İ	İ	j	İ	j	
Camelback	40   	Fair   Low content of   organic matter	  0.88 	Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Hades	   20   	Fair Low content of organic matter Too clayey	0.88	Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00	
Valmar	   20     	Poor Stone content Droughty Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.00  0.10  0.88	Poor Depth to bedrock Stone content Slope Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.87	
34: Cedarhill	   90     	Fair Droughty Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	  0.12  0.68  0.88	Fair Slope	    0.98     	
35: Cedarhill	   40   	  Fair   Droughty   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.12  0.68  0.88	  Poor   Slope 	0.00	
Hades	   25   	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Too clayey	  0.88    0.98	   Poor   Slope   Low strength	  0.00  0.00	
Ricrest	   20   	  Fair   Carbonate content   	    0.46   	   Poor   Slope   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.22  0.87	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of			Potential as a source of roadfill		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
36: Cedarhill	   35     	   Fair   Droughty   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	    0.12  0.68  0.88	  Poor   Slope 	0.00	
Hondoho	   30     	   Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	!	   Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Ridgecrest	   20     	Poor Stone content Droughty Carbonate content Depth to bedrock	1	Poor Depth to bedrock Stone content Slope	0.00	
37: Chesbrook	   60   	  Poor   Carbonate content   Too clayey   Too acid	!	Poor   Low strength   Wetness   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Bear Lake	   20     	Fair Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Water erosion	0.12	Poor   Wetness   Low strength	0.00	
38: Cloudless	   50 	  Fair   Water erosion   Too clayey	    0.99  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Hades	   40     	Fair Low content of organic matter Too clayey	  0.88    0.98	   Low strength	0.00	
39: Cloudless	   35   	   Fair   Water erosion   Too clayey	    0.99  0.99	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell Slope	  0.00  0.87  0.98	
Hades	30     	Fair Low content of organic matter Too clayey	0.88	Poor   Low strength   Slope	0.00	
Howcan	   20     	   Stone content   Low content of   organic matter	    0.10  0.50	Fair Stone content Slope Cobble content	  0.96  0.98  0.99	
40: Copenhagen	   35   	  Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	0.00	Poor Depth to bedrock Slope	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of map	!		Potential as a source of roadfill		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
40: Lonigan	     30     	Poor   Droughty   Carbonate content   Depth to bedrock   Low content of   organic matter		  Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00	
Manila	   20     	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	    0.08  0.99 	!	  0.00  0.00  0.53	
41: Delish	   40   	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.12    0.68	  Poor   Low strength   Wetness	  0.00  0.53	
Cachecan	25     	Poor Too alkaline Low content of organic matter Sodium content Water erosion	  0.00  0.12    0.40  0.68	Poor Low strength	0.00	
Stinkcreek	   15             	! <del>-</del>	  0.00  0.00  0.12    0.16  0.86  0.92  0.99	   Poor   Wetness   	0.00	
42: Downata	   80     	  Fair   Too acid   Carbonate content   Too clayey	  0.32  0.46  0.98	Low strength	0.00	
43: Dranburn	   45   	  Fair   Too acid   Too clayey	    0.32  0.95	Poor   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.00  0.94	
Robin	35 35	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.50    0.90	   Poor   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.00  0.87	
44: Enochville	   75   	Fair   Water erosion	    0.99   	Poor Low strength Wetness Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.14  0.99	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name   m	Pct. of map	:		Potential as a source of roadfill		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
45: Foxol	   45   	   Poor   Stone content   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Too acid	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.95	Poor Depth to bedrock Stone content Slope	0.00	
Vitale	   30       	Poor   Droughty   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.35  0.81	Slope Stone content	  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.45  0.94	
46: Hades	   35   	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Too clayey	  0.88    0.98	Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00	
Camelback	   20 	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter	    0.88 	  Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Hondoho	   20   	   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.46  0.50	! -	0.00	
47: Hades	     25   	Fair Low content of organic matter Too clayey	0.88	Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00	
Lanoak	   25 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99 	   Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00	
Camelback	   25   	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter	    0.88 	   Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.97	
48: Haploxerolls	   45 	  Fair   Droughty	    0.01	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
Xerorthents	   30         	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.50    0.88  0.96	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	0.00	
49: Hendricks	   90   	  Fair   Water erosion   Too clayey	  0.90  0.98	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.92	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name o	1	Pct. Potential as a source of of reclamation material		Potential as a source of   roadfill		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	!	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
50: Holmes	90	Low content of organic matter Droughty	  0.00  0.12    0.25  0.57	!	0.90	
51: Hondee	     85     	organic matter Carbonate content	    0.50    0.68  0.77	Good		
52: Hondee	     75     	Low content of organic matter Carbonate content	    0.50    0.68  0.77	  Good 		
53: Hondoho	     50   	   Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	!	  Fair   Shrink-swell 	0.87	
Hades	   30   	Low content of organic matter	  0.88    0.98	Poor Low strength	0.00	
54: Hondoho	     50   	Carbonate content	!	  Fair   Shrink-swell	0.87	
Ricrest	   40   	  Fair   Carbonate content	    0.46 	  Fair   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.22	
55: Hondoho	   35   	Fair Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	  0.46  0.50	Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Sprollow	   30           	Poor Carbonate content Droughty Low content of organic matter Stone content Cobble content Depth to bedrock	0.81	Poor Depth to bedrock Slope Cobble content Stone content	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	!	ce of  Potential as a source of ial   roadfill		
w   	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   
55: Hades	20	Fair Low content of organic matter Too clayey	0.88	   Poor   Low strength   Slope	0.00
56: Hondoho	   45     	Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.46  0.50	  Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	    0.00  0.87
Vitale	30	Poor Droughty Stone content Depth to bedrock Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.35  0.81	!	  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.45  0.94
57: Huffman	   80     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.80  0.99	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.87 
58: Huffman	   80     	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.80  0.99	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.87 
59: Huffman	   45     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	0.12	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	    0.00  0.87 
Dirtyhead	   30       	Poor   Droughty   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Depth to bedrock	0.88	  Poor   Depth to bedrock   	  0.00     
60: Huffman	   35     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	0.12	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	    0.00  0.87 
Harroun	   30     	   Poor   Droughty   Depth to cemented   pan   Carbonate content	į	  Poor   Depth to cemented   pan 	0.00

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	:		Potential as a source of roadfill		
un:   	unit	Rating class and limiting features	:	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
60: Lanoak	     25 	!	      0.99	    Poor   Low strength	0.00	
61: Huffman	   45     	Low content of organic matter Carbonate content	į	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Wursten	   35     	organic matter Carbonate content	  0.12    0.80  0.99	  Good 		
62: Iphil	   60       	Water erosion Carbonate content	  0.22  0.68  0.68  0.88	  Good 		
Lonigan	   20       	Droughty Depth to bedrock Carbonate content	:	   Poor   Depth to bedrock 	0.00	
63: Ireland	   50           	Droughty Depth to bedrock Carbonate content Cobble content Low content of organic matter	:	Slope	0.00	
Polumar	   25           	Fair   Stone content   Droughty   Cobble content   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.05  0.43  0.79  0.80  0.88	Poor   Slope   Cobble content   Stone content   Depth to bedrock	  0.00  0.05  0.19  0.23	
64: Kabear	   50 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99	  Good 		
Staberg	   25 	  Fair   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	    0.82  0.99	  Poor   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	0.00	
Copenhagen	   15   	  Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	  0.00  0.00	  Poor   Depth to bedrock 	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name o	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of reclamation material		Potential as a source of   roadfill		
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
65: Kabear	     50	    Fair   Water erosion	0.99	    Fair   Slope	0.32	
Staberg	   25   	   Fair   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	0.82	· -	0.00	
Copenhagen	   15   	  Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	    0.00  0.00	· -	0.00	
66: Kearns	   80 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.90	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	
67: Kearnsar	   60       	organic matter Water erosion	  0.68  0.88    0.90  0.98		  0.00  0.87   	
Battle Creek	   25     	Carbonate content	  0.00  0.80  0.88		0.00	
68: Kidman	   90     	!	0.37	  Good   		
69: Kidman	     85     	Fair   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content	    0.37  0.50 	  Good 		
70: Kidman	   85       	  Fair   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content	0.37	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
71: Kidman, wet	   85       	  Fair   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content	  0.37  0.50    0.80	  Good 		

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of map	!		Potential as a source of roadfill		
		Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
72: Kidman	   45     	  Fair   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content	0.37	  Good 		
Sterling	30	  Fair   Carbonate content   Droughty 	    0.68  0.99	  Good   		
73: Lando	   75     		  0.68  0.80  0.98		0.00	
74: Lanoak	   75 	  -  Fair   Water erosion	      0.99	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	
75: Lanoak	   75 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	
76: Lanoak	   45 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99	  Poor   Low strength   Slope	0.00	
Broadhead	   40   	  Fair   Too clayey 	    0.05   	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00	
77: Lanoak	   35 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99 	  Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00	
Broadhead	30	  Fair   Too clayey 	    0.05 	   Slope   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.00  0.12	
Hades	   15     	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Too clayey	  0.88    0.98	   Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00	
78: Lanoak	40	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	
Hades	35	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter	    0.88 	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. Potential as a source of reclamation materia			e of Potential as a source of		
	: -	!	!	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
79: Lanoak	     60 	!	0.99	  Poor   Low strength   Slope	0.00	
Thatcher	   25     	Water erosion	0.68	Poor   Low strength   Slope	0.00	
80: Layton	   85         	Wind erosion Too sandy Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.00  0.50 	  Good   		
81: Layton	   80     	Too sandy Low content of organic matter	0.00	  Good   		
82: Lizdale	   80     	organic matter	0.00		  0.00  0.79 	
83: Lizdale	   55     	Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	!	! -	  0.32  0.79	
Searla	   35     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Droughty   Too clayey	  0.12    0.97  0.98	   Fair   Slope 	  0.32   	
84: Logan	   90           	Poor   Too alkaline   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Too acid   Too clayey	  0.00  0.01  0.12    0.32  0.76	  Poor   Wetness   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	!		Potential as a source of   roadfill		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
85: Lonigan	     40     	Poor Droughty Carbonate content Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter	!	   Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00	
Lizdale	   40       	Poor   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Stone content	  0.00  0.12    0.99	   Stone content   Slope 	  0.79  0.82 	
86: Lonigan	   45       	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Carbonate content Low content of organic matter		Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00	
Ricrest	   30     	  Fair   Carbonate content   	    0.46   	   Slope   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.22  0.87	
87: Manila	   85   	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	    0.08  0.99	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell	    0.00  0.53	
88: Manila	   80   	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	    0.08  0.99	!	  0.00  0.53	
89: Manila	   85     	Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	  0.08  0.99 	Poor Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.32  0.53	
90: Manila	   50 	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	    0.08  0.99	  Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Bancroft	   30   	  Fair   Water erosion   Carbonate content	    0.37  0.80	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	
91: Manila	   50 	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	0.08	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Broadhead	   25   	  Fair   Too clayey 	    0.05 	  Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

and soil name of	Pct. of map			Potential as a source of roadfill		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
92:						
Manila	40     	Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion 	  0.08  0.99 		0.00 0.32 0.53	
Broadhead	   35     	  Fair   Too clayey   	    0.05   	   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00	
93: Manila	   50     	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	    0.08  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Lonigan	30         	Carbonate content Depth to bedrock		Poor Depth to bedrock Slope	0.00	
94: Manila	   55   	  Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	    0.08  0.99		0.00	
Yeates Hollow	   30     	   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.50	!	0.23	
95: Maplecreek	   95     	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.92  0.99	  Fair   Wetness 	0.98	
96: Maplecreek	   45     	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.92  0.99	  Fair   Wetness 	0.98	
Layton	   35         	Poor   Wind erosion   Too sandy   Low content of   organic matter   Droughty	  0.00  0.00  0.50 	  Good   		
97: Merkley	   45       	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Carbonate content	  0.12    0.68  0.92	  Good   		

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name		ct.   Potential as a source of of   reclamation material ap		Potential as a source of roadfill		
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
97: Lago	20	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	0.12	   Poor   Low strength   Wetness   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Bear Lake	   15       	Fair Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.12    0.46  0.68	   Poor   Wetness   Low strength	0.00	
98:	İ	İ	j	j	j	
Moonlight	40	Fair   Too acid 	0.50	Poor   Slope 	0.00	
Camelback	   35   	Fair Low content of organic matter	  0.88 	  Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
99: Niter	   60       	Poor Too clayey Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.00  0.18    0.80  0.99	  Poor   Shrink-swell   Low strength	0.00	
Brifox	   20     	Poor Too clayey Carbonate content Low content of organic matter Water erosion	  0.00  0.46  0.88 	   Poor   Shrink-swell   Low strength	0.00	
100: Northwater	   35   	Poor Stone content Droughty Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.10  0.88	Poor   Slope   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	0.00  0.02  0.23  0.83	
Foxol	   25     	Poor Stone content Droughty Depth to bedrock Too acid	  0.00  0.00  0.00  0.95	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Stone content	0.00	
Vitale	   20       	Poor   Droughty   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.35  0.81	Poor	  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.45  0.94	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	!	t. Potential as a source of Ff reclamation material p		Potential as a source of roadfill		
•		Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
101: Northwater	   65     	   Fair   Droughty   Stone content   Low content of   organic matter	    0.10  0.11  0.88	Stone content	    0.00  0.02  0.83	
Povey	   25 	  Good 	   	  Fair   Slope	0.50	
102: Northwater	   65   	   Fair   Droughty   Stone content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.10  0.11  0.88	Stone content	0.00	
Povey	   15 	  Good 	     	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
103: Nyman	   50           	Fair Too acid Droughty Low content of organic matter Depth to bedrock Stone content No cobble limitation	0.50 0.56 0.88 0.95 0.99	! <del>-</del>	0.00	
Lonigan	   20     	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	:	Poor Depth to bedrock Slope	0.00	
Copenhagen	   15   	  Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	    0.00  0.00	: <del>-</del>	0.00	
104: Oxford	   45     	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.88    0.99	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
Banida	   35       	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.00    0.99	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
105: Oxford	   45       	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	0.00	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.12 	

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	:		Potential as a source of roadfill	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
105: Banida	   35     	organic matter	0.00	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00
106:	 		l I	 	
Oxford	50       	Too clayey Low content of organic matter	0.00	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell Slope	  0.00  0.12  0.32
Banida	   35       	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	0.00	   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.00  0.12  0.32
107: Oxford	   65   	organic matter	0.00	Poor Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.00  0.12
Gullied land	15	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
108: Parkay	     45   	Too acid Low content of organic matter	0.50	   Poor   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.32  0.87
Povey	   30 	  Good 	   	  Poor   Slope	0.00
109: Parleys	   85         	Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Too clayey	  0.80  0.88    0.90  0.98	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	    0.00  0.97   
110: Parleys	   85       	   Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Too clayey	0.80	   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	f reclamation material		Potential as a source of roadfill		
u: 	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
111: Parleys, wet	     90       	   Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Too clayey	0.80	  Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
112: Pavohroo	     30   	   Fair   Too acid   Low content of   organic matter	    0.50  0.88	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
Sedgway	   30         	Fair   Stone content   Too acid   Low content of   organic matter   Cobble content   Too clayey	  0.25  0.50  0.50    0.98  0.99	   Slope   Stone content   Cobble content   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.38  0.47  0.97	
Toponce	   20   	   Too clayey   Too acid   Water erosion	  0.00  0.95  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
113: Picabo	   45       	Poor   Carbonate content   Sodium content   Water erosion   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.00  0.37  0.50	  Fair   Low strength 	    0.78   	
Thatcherflats	   30       	Poor   Sodium content   Too alkaline   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.00  0.00  0.12 	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
114: Pits, gravel	100	    Not rated 	   	    Not rated 		
115: Pollynot	   75       	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Carbonate content	  0.12    0.68  0.92	   Poor   Low strength 	0.00	
116: Pollynot	   75       	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Carbonate content	  0.12    0.68  0.92	  Poor   Low strength   	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map			e of Potential as a source of al roadfill		
uni   	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
117: Pollynot	   75   	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Carbonate content	0.12	  Poor   Low strength	0.00	
118: Pollynot	     75       	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Carbonate content	      0.12    0.68  0.92	  Poor   Low strength 	0.00	
119: Polumar	   45       	Fair   Stone content   Droughty   Cobble content   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.05  0.43  0.79  0.80  0.88	Poor   Slope   Cobble content   Stone content   Depth to bedrock	  0.00  0.05  0.19  0.23	
Ireland	   30           	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Carbonate content Cobble content Low content of organic matter Stone content	:	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Cobble content	0.00	
120: Polumar	   30       	Fair Stone content Droughty Cobble content Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	  0.05  0.43  0.79  0.80  0.88	Poor   Slope   Cobble content   Stone content   Depth to bedrock	  0.00  0.05  0.19  0.23	
Sprollow	   30         	Poor Carbonate content Droughty Low content of organic matter Stone content Cobble content Depth to bedrock	0.81  0.88    0.88  0.99	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Cobble content   Stone content	0.00	
Ireland	   20             	Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Carbonate content   Cobble content   Low content of   organic matter   Stone content	1	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Cobble content	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of   I reclamation material		Potential as a source of roadfill		
ļ uz	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	
121: Povey	     35 	Good	     	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
Hades	30     	organic matter	0.88	Poor Slope Low strength	0.00	
Hondoho	   15     	   Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	    0.46  0.50 	   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	
122: Povey	     45 	  Good	   	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
Parkay	   30     	organic matter	  0.50  0.50    0.98	   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Shrink-swell	0.00	
123: Preston	   90       	!	  0.00  0.00  0.12 	  Good   		
124: Preston	     90       	Poor Too sandy Wind erosion Low content of organic matter Droughty	    0.00  0.00  0.12 	  Good 		
125: Preston	   85         	Poor Too sandy Wind erosion Low content of organic matter Droughty	  0.00  0.00  0.12 	  Fair   Slope 	0.82	
126: Preston	   55         	Poor   Too sandy   Wind erosion   Low content of   organic matter   Droughty	  0.00  0.00  0.12 	  Poor   Slope 	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	!	of reclamation material		e of Potential as a source of al roadfill		
un 	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
126: Xerorthents	20	Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter Carbonate content	0.50	  Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00	
127: Ricrest	     90 	  Fair   Carbonate content	    0.46	  Fair   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.22	
128: Sanyon	30	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter	0.00	   Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	0.00	
Staberg	   30   	   Fair   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	    0.82  0.99	· -	0.00	
Kabear	   20 	  Fair   Water erosion	    0.99	  Poor   Slope	0.00	
129: Smidale	     85   	  Fair   Too acid   Cobble content	0.32	! <del>-</del>	0.00	
130: Smidale	   45 	  Fair   Too acid   Cobble content	0.32	! <del>-</del>	0.00	
Staberg	   40     	   Fair   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	0.82	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Cobble content	0.00	
131: Sprollow	   <b>4</b> 5           	Poor Carbonate content Droughty Low content of organic matter Stone content Cobble content Depth to bedrock	0.81	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Cobble content   Stone content	0.00	
Hondoho	   35     	   Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.46  0.50 	  Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	!	<pre>Pct.   Potential as a source of   P   of   reclamation material   map    </pre>		Potential as a source of roadfill	
1	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
132: Sprollow	   40     	organic matter Stone content Cobble content	0.81	Cobble content Stone content	  0.00  0.00  0.38  0.89
Hymas	   35   	Depth to bedrock 	    0.00  0.00	Slope	0.00
133: Sterling	     85   	  Fair   Carbonate content   Droughty	    0.68  0.99	  Good 	
134: Sterling	     85   	Carbonate content	    0.68  0.99	  Good 	
135: Sterling	     90 	  Fair   Carbonate content   Droughty	    0.68  0.99	  Good 	
136: Sterling	     85   	  Fair   Carbonate content   Droughty	    0.68  0.99	  Poor   Slope	0.00
137: Sterling	     50 	  Fair   Carbonate content   Droughty	    0.68  0.99	  Good 	
Parleys	30	Fair Carbonate content Low content of organic matter Water erosion Too clayey	0.80	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell	0.00
138: Thatcher	     45   	  Fair   Water erosion   Carbonate content   Too clayey	    0.68  0.92  0.95	  Poor   Low strength	0.00
Bearhollow	35 35	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Sodium content   Carbonate content	  0.12    0.78  0.92	  Good   	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map			Potential as a source of roadfill		
<del> </del>	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	
139: Toponce	   50 	   Poor   Too clayey   Too acid   Water erosion	0.00	!	  0.00  0.17  0.82	
Broadhead	   30     	  Fair   Too clayey   	    0.05   	   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	  0.00  0.12  0.82	
140: Trenton	   50   	Poor   Too alkaline   Carbonate content   Too clayey   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.88  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.45 	
Battle Creek	   40   	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.80  0.88	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell	0.00	
141: Trenton, cool	   50   	   Poor   Too alkaline   Carbonate content   Too clayey   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.88  0.99	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.45	
Battle Creek, cool	   40       	Poor   Too clayey   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.80  0.88	Poor Low strength Shrink-swell	0.00	
142: Trenton	   45     	Poor   Too alkaline   Carbonate content   Too clayey   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.88  0.99	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.45 	
Parleys	   35       	Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion   Too clayey	  0.80  0.88    0.90  0.98	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00	
143: Valmar	   40       	Poor Stone content Droughty Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.00  0.10  0.88	Poor Depth to bedrock Slope Stone content Shrink-swell	0.00	

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	  Potential as a source of   reclamation material		Potential as a source of roadfill	
	: - :	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
143: Camelback	     25 	  Fair   Low content of   organic matter	0.88	   Poor   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00
Hades	   20     	   Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Too clayey	    0.88    0.98	   Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00
144: Vitale	   40       	Poor   Droughty   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.35  0.81	Poor Depth to bedrock Slope Stone content Cobble content Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.45  0.94
Bergquist	   25   	Fair Droughty Low content of organic matter	  0.06  0.50	Poor   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	0.00
Rock outcrop	15	  Not rated	 	  Not rated	
145: Vitale	   35       	   Poor   Droughty   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	    0.00  0.00  0.01  0.51	Stone content	   0.00   0.00   0.01   0.45   0.87
Yeates Hollow	   25     	Poor Too clayey Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.50	Fair Shrink-swell Cobble content Stone content Slope	0.23  0.43  0.93  0.98
Northwater	   15       	Poor   Stone content   Droughty   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.10  0.88	Poor   Slope   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	0.00  0.02  0.23  0.83
146: Welby	     90     	  Poor   Sodium content   Carbonate content   Water erosion	0.00	  Fair   Low strength	0.22
147: Welby	   90     	   Poor   Sodium content   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.00  0.68  0.90	  Fair   Low strength	0.22

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	  Potential as a source of   reclamation material		  Potential as a source of   roadfill	
	: -	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
148: Welby, wet	   85   	  Fair   Water erosion   Carbonate content   Sodium content	    0.37  0.46  0.97	  Fair   Low strength	0.22
149: Collinston	   40   	Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	0.08	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00
Wheelon	   40       	Fair   Carbonate content   Sodium content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.46  0.60  0.88 	   Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	0.00
150: Wheelon	   40     	Fair Carbonate content Sodium content Low content of organic matter Water erosion	  0.46  0.60  0.88 	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00
Collinston	   35       	Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.08  0.88    0.90	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell   Slope	0.00
151: Wheelon	   45     	Fair   Carbonate content   Sodium content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.46  0.60  0.88 	Poor   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00
Collinston	   30     	Fair   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Water erosion	  0.08  0.88    0.90	Poor   Low strength   Slope   Shrink-swell	0.00
152: Windernot	   40     	Poor Too sandy Droughty Low content of organic matter Carbonate content	0.00	  Good   	
Lewnot	   20 	  Not rated 	     	  Fair   Wetness 	0.98

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Potential as a source of reclamation material		Potential as a source of roadfill	
	. –	Rating class and limiting features		Rating class and limiting features	Value
152: Stinkcreek	   15         	organic matter Too sandy Droughty Carbonate content		  Poor   Wetness   	0.00
153: Winn	     90 	  Fair   Water erosion	      0.90	  Good	
154: Winwell	   80       	Too clayey Too alkaline Low content of organic matter Carbonate content	  0.00  0.00  0.12    0.32  0.90	  Poor   Low strength 	0.00
155: Winwell	   <b>4</b> 5       	!	  0.00  0.00  0.12    0.32  0.90	  Poor   Low strength	0.00
Collinston	   35     	organic matter	  0.08  0.88    0.90	Poor   Low strength   Shrink-swell	  0.00  0.87 
156: Wormcreek	   50       	Fair   Carbonate content   Cobble content   Low content of   organic matter   Droughty	  0.46  0.87  0.88	  Poor   Slope   Cobble content   Depth to bedrock	0.00
Copenhagen	   30   	  Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock	    0.00  0.00	  Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00
157: Wormcreek	   45         	Fair   Carbonate content   Cobble content   Low content of   organic matter   Droughty	  0.46  0.87  0.88 	   Poor   Slope   Cobble content   Depth to bedrock	0.00

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	  Potential as a source of   reclamation material		Potential as a source of roadfill	
		Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
157: Lonigan	     35       	Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Carbonate content Low content of organic matter	:	  Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00
158: Wursten	   45   	Fair Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Water erosion	  0.12    0.80  0.99	  Fair   Slope 	0.32
Dirtyhead	   35         	Poor   Droughty   Carbonate content   Low content of   organic matter   Depth to bedrock	0.88	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	0.00
159: Xerochrepts	   30   	Fair   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Water erosion	  0.12    0.88  0.99	Poor   Slope   Low strength	0.00
Wormcreek	   25     	  Fair   Carbonate content   Cobble content   Low content of   organic matter   Droughty	  0.46  0.87  0.88 	   Poor   Slope   Cobble content   Depth to bedrock	0.00
Xerorthents	   20         	Poor Droughty Depth to bedrock Low content of organic matter Carbonate content Cobble content	0.50	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope 	0.00
160: Xerorthents	   75         	Poor   Droughty   Depth to bedrock   Low content of   organic matter   Carbonate content   Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.50    0.88  0.96	Poor   Depth to bedrock   Slope	0.00
161: Yeates Hollow	   85       	   Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter	  0.00  0.50	   Fair   Slope   Shrink-swell   Cobble content   Stone content	  0.02  0.23  0.43  0.93

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 18.--Construction Materials (Part 2)--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Potential as a sour   reclamation mater		Potential as a sour roadfill	ce of
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
162:					
Yeates Hollow	40       	Poor Too clayey Low content of organic matter	  0.00  0.50 	Poor Slope Shrink-swell Cobble content Stone content	0.00  0.23  0.43  0.93
Manila	   25   	   Fair   Too clayey   Water erosion	  0.08  0.99	Poor Low strength Slope Shrink-swell	0.00
Softback	   15       	   Stone content   Too acid   Low content of   organic matter	  0.05  0.32  0.50	Poor Slope Stone content Cobble content Shrink-swell	0.00  0.36  0.86  0.99
163: Yeates Hollow	   45   	Poor   Too clayey   Low content of   organic matter	0.00	Poor Slope Shrink-swell Cobble content Stone content	0.00  0.23  0.43  0.93
Vitale	   35         	Poor   Droughty   Stone content   Depth to bedrock   Cobble content	  0.00  0.00  0.21  0.67	Stone content	  0.00  0.00  0.01  0.45  0.87
164: Water	100	  Not rated		  Not rated	

Table 19.--Water Management

(The information in this table indicates the dominant soil condition but does not eliminate the need for onsite investigation. The numbers in the value columns range from 0.01 to 1.00. The larger the value, the greater the limitation. See text for further explanation of ratings in this table.)

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
1: Airport	   80         	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Piping   Salinity   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  1.00    0.86	Very limited Slow refill Salinity and saturated zone Cutbanks cave Depth to saturated zone	  1.00  1.00      0.10  0.06
2: Ant Flat	   85 	  Not limited 	     	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	    0.30	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
3: Ant Flat	   85 	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.30	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
4: Ant Flat	     90 	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	    0.30	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
5: Ant Flat	     65 	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.30	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Oxford	   25 	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Hard to pack	    0.99	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
6: Ant Flat	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.30	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Oxford	35	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.04	  Very limited   Hard to pack	    0.99	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
7: Arbone	     80 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.01	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
8: Banida	     85 	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	    0.81	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
9: Banida	   80 	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	    0.81	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
10: Battle Creek	   85   	  Not limited   	         	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	    0.77   	Very limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave	  1.00  0.99 

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
11: Battle Creek	   85       	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	      0.77   	   Very limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00
12: Battle Creek	   95 	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.77	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
13: Bear Lake	   40   	  Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10
Chesbrook	   30   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow refill   Cutbanks cave	0.28
Picabo	   15       	   Somewhat limited   Seepage   	0.72	   Very limited   Piping   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.28
14: Bear Lake	   50 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10
Downata	   35     	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.72	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Piping	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave 	0.10
15:							
Bear Lake	50   	Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave 	0.10
Downata	   25     	Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Piping	1.00	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10
Thatcherflats	20	  Not limited     		   Piping   Depth to   saturated zone	  1.00  0.09   	Very limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave Salinity and saturated zone	1.00  0.54   0.10  0.06

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Pond reservoir ar   	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated ponds	
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
16: Bear Lake	     65 	  Very limited   Seepage	        1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10
Lago	   30     	  Very limited   Seepage   	    1.00   	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping	  0.95    0.37	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	0.10
17: Bearhollow	     30 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.41	  Somewhat limited   Piping	      0.22	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Brifox	25	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.41	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.93	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Tphil	   20 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
18: Bergquist	     60   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  1.00  0.03	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Thin layer	      0.57  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Rubble land	   15 	  Very limited   Slope	1.00	  Not rated 	 	  Not rated 	
19: Bergquist	     45   	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.97  0.03	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Thin layer	    0.57  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Softback	   30     	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	  0.97  0.72		  0.12    0.05	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
20: Bergquist	   55   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.82  0.03	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Thin layer	  0.57  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Vitale	   25   	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  0.91  0.82  0.04		  1.00    0.91	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
21: Bothwell	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
22: Bothwell	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.15	    Somewhat limited   Piping 	0.03	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
23: Bothwell	     35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Justesen	   20 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.18	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
24: Bothwell	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Thatcher	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.63	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
25: Brifox	     40 	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.93	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Huffman	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
26: Brifox	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.15	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.93	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Huffman	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
27: Brifox	     55 	  Not limited		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.93	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Niter	   25 	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.69	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
28: Brifox	     65 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.93	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Niter	   20 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.10	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.69	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
29: Brifox	     55 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.93	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Niter	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.50	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.69	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	s
	unit 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
30: Broadhead	30	    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.01	    Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.17	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.04	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Yago	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Seepage	0.04	  Very limited   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
31: Broadhead	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.17	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Yago	35   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Very limited   Content of large   stones	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
32: Camelback	     55 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.12	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lonigan	   25     	Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.72  0.30	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	  0.98 	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
33: Camelback	   40 	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.28	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.12	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	20	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.28	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Valmar	   20   	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage   Slope	  0.98  0.72  0.28	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    0.98	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
34: Cedarhill	     90 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.04	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
35: Cedarhill	     40 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.72	  Not limited		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.72	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Ricrest	   20   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping 	    0.20 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	  1.00 

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
36: Cedarhill	     35 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.72	    Not limited   		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hondoho	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Ridgecrest	   20     	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Seepage   Slope	  0.93  0.72  0.72	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer   Seepage	  1.00    0.93  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
37: Chesbrook	     60 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.72	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow refill   Cutbanks cave	0.28
Bear Lake	   20   	   Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10
38: Cloudless	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.04	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
39: Cloudless	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Howcan	   20   	   Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
40: Copenhagen	   35 	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	1.00	  Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lonigan	   30   	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.55  0.06	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	0.77	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Manila	   20 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	   Pond reservoir ar   	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
41: Delish	   40   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	    0.72 	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping	0.99	  Somewhat limited   Slow refill   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	  0.28  0.10  0.01
Cachecan	   25     	Very limited Seepage	1.00	Somewhat limited   Piping   Depth to   saturated zone	  0.65  0.43 	Somewhat limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave	0.46
Stinkcreek	   15       	  Very limited   Seepage   	    1.00   	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.86	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   	1.00
42: Downata	   80       	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   	    0.72     	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Ponding   Piping	  1.00    1.00  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave 	0.10
43: Dranburn	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.54	  Somewhat limited   Piping	    0.01	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Robin	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	    0.07 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
44: Enochville	   75     	  Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping   Seepage	  1.00    0.55  0.03	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00
45: Foxol	   45   	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  0.82	  Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Vitale	   30   		  0.91  0.82  0.04	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    0.91	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
46: Hades	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.97  0.04	  Not limited		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Camelback	   20   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	    0.12 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
46: Hondoho	     20 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.97  0.72	    Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.07	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
47: Hades	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.72	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lanoak	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.72	  Very limited   Piping 	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Camelback	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.12	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
48: Haploxerolls	   45 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Xerorthents	   30     	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  0.97  0.80	Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.65  0.04	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
49: Hendricks	     90 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.04	  Not limited		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
50: Holmes	     90 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.43	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
51: Hondee	     85 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.18	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
52: Hondee	     75 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.18	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
53: Hondoho	     50	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.04	  Not limited   	     	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
54: Hondoho	   50 	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Ricrest	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping 	0.20	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ard	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
55: Hondoho	     35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	    Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.07	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Sprollow	   30     	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  0.72  0.72  0.52	Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	  0.52  0.26	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   20   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.10  0.04	  Not limited   	     	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
56: Hondoho	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Vitale	   30   	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  0.91  0.72  0.04	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    0.91	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
57: Huffman	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
58: Huffman	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
59: Huffman	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Dirtyhead	30	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	0.72	Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Seepage	0.56	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
60: Huffman	     35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Harroun	   30   	   Very limited   Seepage   Depth to cemented   pan	  1.00  1.00	   Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	  1.00  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lanoak	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	    0.72	  Very limited   Piping 	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
61: Huffman	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Wursten	   35   	  Very limited   Seepage 	    1.00	  Somewhat limited   Piping 	0.60	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
62: Iphil	     60 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lonigan	   20     	Very limited   Seepage   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.30  0.02	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	    0.98   	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
63: Ireland	     50   	   Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  0.99  0.88  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	    0.99  0.52	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Polumar	   25     	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.88  0.72  0.22	   Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	0.88	  Very limited   Depth to water   	1.00
64: Kabear	50	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Not limited		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Staberg	   25   	Very limited Seepage Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.02	Somewhat limited   Piping   Thin layer   Seepage	  0.95  0.56  0.03	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Copenhagen	   15   	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock	1.00	  Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
65: Kabear	     50 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Staberg	   25   	Very limited Seepage Slope Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.15  0.02	  Somewhat limited   Piping   Thin layer   Seepage	  0.95  0.56  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Copenhagen	   15   	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	1.00	   Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	  1.00  0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
66: Kearns	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.82	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
67: Kearnsar	   60     	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	    0.54   	  Somewhat limited   Piping   	    0.03   	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow refill   Cutbanks cave	0.99

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Pond reservoir ar 	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
67: Battle Creek	   25     	   Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack 	      0.77   	   Very limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00
68: Kidman	   90 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
69: Kidman	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
70: Kidman	   85   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
71: Kidman, wet	   85     	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.72   	  Very limited   Piping 	1.00	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Slow refill   Cutbanks cave	0.99
72: Kidman	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Sterling	   30 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.72	  Not limited   		  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
73: Lando	   75     	  Not limited  -  -		Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone	    0.43   	Very limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00
74: Lanoak	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
75: Lanoak	   75 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
76: Lanoak	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Broadhead	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	0.15	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack 	0.17	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
77: Lanoak	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	  0.82  0.72	  Very limited   Piping 	    1.00 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
77: Broadhead	30	    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.82	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.17	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   15   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.94	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
78: Lanoak	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.01	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.04	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
79: Lanoak	     60 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.15	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Thatcher	   25   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.63	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
80: Layton	     85   	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.10	Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
81: Layton	     80   	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.10	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
82: Lizdale	     80   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.97	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.43	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
83: Lizdale	   55   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.43	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Searla	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
84: Logan	     90     	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Slow refill   Cutbanks cave	0.98

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Pond reservoir ar   	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	s
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value
85: Lonigan	   40 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.32  0.06	    Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	      0.77 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	      1.00
Lizdale	   40   	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.08	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.43	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
86: Lonigan	     45   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00  0.30	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer	    0.98 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Ricrest	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage	    1.00  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping 	0.20	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
87: Manila	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.72	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
88: Manila	   80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
89: Manila	   85   	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.15	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
90: Manila	   50 	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.01	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Bancroft	   30   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Piping 	    0.64 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
91: Manila	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.72	  Not limited 	   	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Broadhead	   25 	  Not limited 	     	Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	  0.17 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
92: Manila	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.15	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Broadhead	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Slope 	    0.15	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack 	    0.17	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
93: Manila	   50   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	  0.72  0.21	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
93: Lonigan	30	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.21  0.06	    Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	      0.77 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
94: Manila	     55   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.01	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Yeates Hollow	   30   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.02	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	0.19	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
95: Maplecreek	95 95	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	  0.68    0.07	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
96: Maplecreek	     45   	  Very limited   Seepage 	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Seepage	    0.68    0.07	  Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
Layton	   35   	  Very limited   Seepage 	    1.00 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	    0.10 	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00
97: Merkley	     45 	  Very limited   Seepage	      1.00	  Very limited   Piping   Seepage	    1.00  0.08	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lago	   20   	  Very limited   Seepage 	    1.00 	Somewhat limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping	0.95	Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave   Depth to   saturated zone	  0.10  0.  0.02
Bear Lake	   15   	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Cutbanks cave	0.10
98: Moonlight	   40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.97	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Camelback	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.97	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.12	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
99: Niter	     60 	  Not limited 		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.79	    Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Brifox	20	Not limited 		Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.96	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	Aquifer-fed excavated ponds		
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value
100: Northwater	     35   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	    1.00  0.72  0.22	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	      0.31    0.22	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Foxol	   25   	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  1.00	  Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	    1.00    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Vitale	   20     	Very limited Slope Depth to bedrock Seepage	  1.00  0.91  0.04	Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    0.91	   Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
101: Northwater	     65   	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.28	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	0.31	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Povey	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.12	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.35	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
102: Northwater	     65 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	      0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	      0.31	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Povey	   15 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.35	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
103: Nyman	   50       	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	    0.97  0.72  0.65	  Very limited   Piping   Thin layer   Content of large   stones   Seepage	  1.00  0.65  0.13 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lonigan	   20   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.94  0.30	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	    0.98 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Copenhagen	   15   	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  0.94	  Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	  1.00  0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
104: Oxford	     45 	  Not limited 		    Very limited   Hard to pack	      0.99	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Banida	   35 	  Not limited   	     	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack 	0.81	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
105: Oxford	   45 	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Hard to pack	    0.99	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
105: Banida	35	    Not limited		    Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	      0.81	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
106: Oxford	50	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.15	  Very limited   Hard to pack	0.99	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Banida	35	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.15	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.81	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
107: Oxford	     65 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.72	  Very limited   Hard to pack	      0.99	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Gullied land	15	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.72	  Not rated 		  Not rated 	
108: Parkay	     45   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	    0.97  0.72  0.18	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	      0.18 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Povey	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.97	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.35	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
109: Parleys	     85	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
110: Parleys	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
111: Parleys, wet	90	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
112: Pavohroo	30	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	    0.83	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Sedgway	30	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	    0.38 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Toponce	20	Slope    Somewhat limited   Slope	0.72      0.28	    Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	      0.90	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
113: Picabo	     45     	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.72   	   Very limited   Piping   Depth to   saturated zone	    1.00  0.43	Somewhat limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave	0.28

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
113: Thatcherflats	30	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Piping   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave   Salinity and   saturated zone	1.00  0.54    0.10  0.06
114: Pits, gravel	100	  Not rated		  Not rated		  Not rated 	
115: Pollynot	   75   	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00 	  Very limited   Piping   Seepage	    1.00  0.06	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
116: Pollynot	   75   	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00 	  Very limited   Piping   Seepage	    1.00  0.06	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
117: Pollynot	   75 	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00	  Very limited   Piping   Seepage	    1.00  0.06	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
118: Pollynot	   75 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.01	  Very limited   Piping   Seepage	    1.00  0.06	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
119: Polumar	   45   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.97  0.72  0.22	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	0.88	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Ireland	   30     	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage	  0.99  0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	  0.99  0.52	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
120: Polumar	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.72  0.22	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	0.88	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Sprollow	   30   	  Very limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.72  0.52	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	    0.52  0.26	  Very limited   Depth to water   	1.00
Ireland	   20     	  Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage	  1.00  0.99  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	  0.99  0.52 	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
121: Povey	     35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.50	    Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.35	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	30	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.50	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hondoho	   15 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
122: Povey	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	      0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.35	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Parkay	   30   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.97  0.72  0.18	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer	    0.18 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
123: Preston	     90 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.31	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
124: Preston	90	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.31	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
125: Preston	     85   	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.08	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.31	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
126: Preston	     55 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.99	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.31	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Xerorthents	   20     	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    0.99  0.80 	   Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.65  0.04	   Very limited   Depth to water   	1.00
127: Ricrest	     90 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.20	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
128: Sanyon	     30 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    0.72  0.58	  Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	    1.00  0.35	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Staberg	   30     	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.72  0.02	   Somewhat limited   Piping   Thin layer   Seepage	  0.95  0.56  0.03	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Pond reservoir ar 	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
128: Kabear	     20 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.72	    Not limited 		    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
129: Smidale	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	      0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	      0.05	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
130: Smidale	   45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.88	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	0.05	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Staberg	   40     	   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.72  0.02	Somewhat limited   Piping   Thin layer   Seepage	  0.95  0.56  0.03	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
131: Sprollow	   45   	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.97  0.72  0.52	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	    0.52  0.26	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hondoho	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.97	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
132: Sprollow	   40   	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.97  0.72  0.52	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	    0.52  0.26	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hymas	   35     	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	  1.00  0.97	   Very limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.01	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
133: Sterling	     85 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
134: Sterling	   85 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
135: Sterling	   90   	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.03	  Not limited 	     	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
136: Sterling	     85   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.88  0.72	  Not limited 		  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and   limiting features	Value
137: Sterling	     50	    Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	    Not limited		    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Parleys	30	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
138: Thatcher	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.04	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Bearhollow	35	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	0.72	Somewhat limited   Piping	0.22	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
139: Toponce	     50 	  Somewhat limited   Slope	0.08	  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.90	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Broadhead	30	Somewhat limited   Slope	0.08	Somewhat limited   Hard to pack	0.17	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
140: Trenton	   50       	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	0.04	  Very limited   Hard to pack   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave Salinity and saturated zone	  1.00  0.25    0.10  0.01
Battle Creek	40     	  Not limited    -  -		Somewhat limited   Hard to pack  -	    0.77     	   Very limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00
141: Trenton, cool	   50         	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	    0.04     	   Very limited   Hard to pack   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave Salinity and saturated zone	  1.00  0.25    0.10  0.01
Battle Creek, cool	   40       	  Not limited   		  Somewhat limited   Hard to pack 	    0.77     	Very limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	1.00
142: Trenton	   45           	  Somewhat limited   Seepage 	  0.04     	  Very limited   Hard to pack   Depth to   saturated zone	1.00	Very limited Slow refill Depth to saturated zone Cutbanks cave Salinity and saturated zone	  1.00  0.25    0.10  0.01

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of	Pond reservoir ar	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
142: Parleys	     35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	      0.72	    Somewhat limited   Piping	      0.02	    Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
143: Valmar	   40   	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage	0.98 0.97 0.72	  Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    0.98	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Camelback	   25 	Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.97  0.72	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.12 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Hades	   20   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.97  0.04	  Not limited   	       	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
144: Vitale	   40   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock   Seepage	  0.97  0.91  0.04	  Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	  1.00    0.91	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Bergquist	   25     	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.97  0.03	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Thin layer	  0.57  0.03	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Rock outcrop	   15   	  Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  0.97	  Not rated 	     	  Not rated 	
145: Vitale	     35   	Somewhat limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope   Seepage	    0.99  0.32  0.04	   Very limited   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	    1.00    0.99	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Yeates Hollow	   25 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.04  0.02	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	    0.19 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Northwater	   15       	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  0.72  0.50  0.22		  0.31    0.22	   Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
146: Welby	   90 	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00	  Very limited   Piping	    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
147: Welby	   90 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Very limited   Piping	1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
148: Welby, wet	     85 	  Very limited   Seepage	    1.00	  Very limited   Piping	    1.00	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Pond reservoir ar   	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
149: Collinston	     40 	    Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.04	    Somewhat limited   Piping	0.24	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Wheelon	40	Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.04	Somewhat limited   Piping	0.50	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
150: Wheelon	     40 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.50	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Collinston	   35   	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.24	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
151: Wheelon	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.88	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.50	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Collinston	   30 	   Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	0.88	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.24	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
152: Windernot	     40 	  Very limited   Seepage	1.00	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.79	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Lewnot	   20   	   Very limited   Seepage	  1.00 	  Not rated 	     	Very limited Cutbanks cave Depth to saturated zone	1.00
Stinkcreek	   15       	   Very limited   Seepage	    1.00     	   Very limited   Depth to   saturated zone   Piping   Seepage	  1.00    1.00  0.86	   Very limited   Cutbanks cave	1.00
153: Winn	   90     	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	    0.72   	Somewhat limited   Piping   Depth to   saturated zone	  0.92  0.43 	Somewhat limited   Slow refill   Depth to   saturated zone   Cutbanks cave	0.28
154: Winwell	     80 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
155: Winwell	     45 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.72	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.02	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Collinston	   35 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage	0.04	  Somewhat limited   Piping	0.24	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	   Pond reservoir ar 	eas	   Embankments, dikes   levees	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	ls
	map  unit   	Rating class and limiting features	Value 	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
156: Wormcreek	   50 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    0.72  0.72  0.01	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	    0.16  0.13	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Copenhagen	   30   	   Very limited   Depth to bedrock   Slope	    1.00  0.72	  Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage	    1.00  0.07	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
157: Wormcreek	   45   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.82  0.72  0.01	Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	  0.16  0.13	  Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Lonigan	   35     	   Very limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.64  0.30	  Somewhat limited   Thin layer 	    0.98   	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
158: Wursten	     45 	  Very limited   Seepage   Slope	    1.00  0.15	  Somewhat limited   Piping	    0.60	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Dirtyhead	   35   	Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  0.72  0.15  0.02	Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Seepage	  0.56  0.22	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
159: Xerochrepts	     30 	  Somewhat limited   Seepage   Slope	    0.72  0.50	  Somewhat limited   Piping	      0.89	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Wormcreek	   25   	Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage   Depth to bedrock	  0.88  0.72  0.01	Somewhat limited   Thin layer   Content of large   stones	  0.16  0.13	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Xerorthents	   20   	   Very limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	  1.00  0.80 	Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage   Content of large   stones	  1.00  0.65  0.04	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
160: Xerorthents	   75       	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Depth to bedrock	    0.97  0.80 	   Very limited   Thin layer   Seepage   Content of large   stones	    1.00  0.65  0.04	  Very limited   Depth to water   	1.00
161: Yeates Hollow	   85     	  Somewhat limited   Slope   Seepage	    0.24  0.02	  Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	    0.19 	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00

## Soil Survey of Franklin County Area, Idaho

Table 19.--Water Management--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Pct. of map	Pond reservoir ar	eas	Embankments, dikes   levees 	, and	Aquifer-fed excavated pond	s
	unit	Rating class and limiting features	Value   	Rating class and limiting features	Value	Rating class and limiting features	Value
162:			İ		İ		İ
Yeates Hollow	40 	Somewhat limited Slope Seepage	0.32	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	1	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Manila	   25 	Somewhat limited Seepage Slope	  0.72  0.15	Not limited	     	  Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
Softback	   15   	Somewhat limited Seepage Slope	0.72	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones   Seepage	1	Very limited  Depth to water	1.00
163:	 						
Yeates Hollow	<b>4</b> 5   	Somewhat limited Slope Seepage	  0.82  0.02	Somewhat limited   Content of large   stones	!	Very limited   Depth to water 	1.00
Vitale	   35   	Somewhat limited Depth to bedrock Slope Seepage	  0.95  0.82  0.04	   Content of large   stones   Thin layer	1	   Very limited   Depth to water	1.00
164: Water	    100	Not rated		    Not rated		    Not rated	

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties

(Absence of an entry indicates that the data were not estimated.)

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Frag	ments	P€	ercentag sieve n		ng	  Liquid	   Plas
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	ticity
		l I	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct			   		Pct	
1:									 			
Airport	0 - 4	Silty clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100	100	1	91-99	1	19-25
		Silty clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100	100		1	38-49	19-25
	16-60	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7 	0	0	100	100	95-100 	91-99	38-49	19-25
2:				į					į			
Ant Flat	0-8	Silty clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100	1	90-100	1 -	1	19-25
	8-24	Clay, clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	1	80-100	1	1	25-40
	24-42 42-60	Clay, clay loam	CH, CL	A-7	0	0 0	100 100		80-100			25-40 19-25
	42-60	Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	   	A-6, A-7 			100	95-100	90-100   	/8-91   	38-47	19-25   
3:				İ					 			
Ant Flat	0-8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	1	90-100	1	1	19-25
		Clay, clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	1	80-100	1	1	25-40
	24-42	Clay, clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100 100	1	80-100	1	1	25-40
	42-60	Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL   	A-6, A-7   			100	95-100	90-100   	78-91   	38-47	19-25     
4:				į								
Ant Flat	0-8	Silty clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100	1	90-100	1	1	19-25
	8-24	Clay, clay loam	1 -	A-7	0   0	0 0	100	1 -	80-100	1	1	25-40
	24-42 42-60	Clay, clay loam  Silty clay	CH, CL	A-7 A-7, A-6	0	0	100 100	1 -	80-100  90-100	1	1	19-25
	42-60	loam, clay   loam   loam	   	A-/, A-6			100		90-100   	78-91   	38-47	19-25   
5:									ļ			
Ant Flat	0-8	Silty clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100		90-100			19-25
	8-24	Clay, clay loam		A-7	0	0	100		80-100			25-40
	24-42	Clay, clay loam	1	A-7	0	0	100	1	80-100	1	1	25-40
	42-60	Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL   	A-6, A-7 	0	0   	100	95-100	90-100   	78-91   	38-47   	19-25     
Oxford	0-5	Silty clay	СН	A-7	o	0	100	100	97-100	92-97	51-59	29-33
	5-26	Silty clay,	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100		1 -		29-40
	26-63	clay  Silty clay,   clay	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	80-100	77-100	50-74	29-48

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Frag	ments	1	rcentag sieve n	_	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity  index
		İ	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>	i	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	İ	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
6:									 			
Ant Flat		Silty clay loam		A-7	į o	0	100				41-53	
		Clay, clay loan		A-7	0	0	100		80-100		47-68	25-40
	24-42	Clay, clay loan		A-7	0	0	100		80-100			25-40
	42-60	Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100   	95-100   	90-100   	78-91   	38-47	19-25   
Oxford	0-5	  Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	  97-100	  92-97	51-59	29-33
	5-26	Silty clay,	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
		clay	İ	İ	j	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	İ	İ	İ
	26-63	Silty clay,   clay	CH 	A-7	0	0	100	100	80-100	77-100 	50-74	29-48
7:								 	ľ			
Arbone	0-8	Loam	CL	A-4	j 0	0	90-100	79-100	68-90	48-66	25-35	8-12
	8-21	Loam, silt loam	m CL	A-4	0	1	90-100	76-100	65-90	46-66	1	8-12
	21-60	Fine sandy   loam, silt   loam	SC, CL	A-2, A-4 	0	0   	85-100     	69-100     	61-98   	26-47   	18-31   	4-12   
8:			İ			İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Banida	0-6	Silty clay loam	m CL	A-7	j 0	0	100	95-100	90-100	85-97	43-53	22-28
	6-22	Silty clay,	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	51-68	29-40
		clay			ļ	ļ	ļ		ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ
	22-35	Silty clay,	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
	25 64	clay	   GTT		0	   0	100	   100		00 100	140 64	00 40
	35-64	Silty clay,   clay 	CH, CL	<b>A</b> - 7   		<b>0</b>   	100	100   	92-100   	   	49-64	29-40   
9:				į		į		İ	ļ	į	į	
Banida	0-6	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	1		1	43-53	1
	6-22	Silty clay,   clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	  92-T00	89-100	  2T-08	29-40
	22-35	Silty clay,	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
	55	clay		/								
	35-64	Silty clay,   clay	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Frag	ments	Pe		ge passi number	ng	  Liquid	
and soil name		 	Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity index
	In	<u> </u>			Pct	Pct		<u> </u>			   Pct	
10:			İ									
Battle Creek	0-8	Silty clay loam	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	90-98	45-58	22-28
	8-11	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH, CL	<b>A</b> -7	0	0	100	100	89-100	84-97	47-61   	23-32
	11-19	Silty clay,	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	19-40	Silty clay,	СН 	A-7	0	[ 0 [	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	40-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH   	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	85-100   	43-63	25-40
11:						 						 
Battle Creek	0-8 8-11	Silty clay loam  Silty clay,   silty clay	CH, CL  CH, CL 	A-7   A-7 	0 0	0   0	100 100	100		90-98  84-97 	45-58  47-61 	22-28
	11-19	loam  Silty clay,   clay	   CH 	A-7	0	   0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	  29-44 
	19-40	Silty clay,   clay	  CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	40-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	СН   	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	85-100   	43-63   	25-40
12:			 			 						 
Battle Creek	0 - 8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100			45-58	
	8-11	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH, CL 	A-7	0	0   	100	100	89-100	84-97 	47-61 	23-32
	11-19	Silty clay,   clay	   CH 	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	19-40	Silty clay,	СН 	A-7	0	0	100	100		86-100	İ	29-44
	40-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH   	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100   	85-100   	43-63	25-40   

Table	20Eng:	ineering	Index	Propert	lesConti	nued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	icatio	on		Fragi	nents		rcentage	_	ng	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name				1			>10	3-10					limit	
and boll name			Unified	AZ	ASHTO			inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>			Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
13:			 					 			 			
Bear Lake	0-11	Silty clay loam	ML	A-7,	A-4,	A-6	0	0	100	100	96-100	89-95	42-57	19-23
	11-20	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7			0	0	100	100	96-100	92-98	39-50	19-24
	20-26	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-4,	A-6,	A-7	0	0 	100	100	84-100 	78-97   	26-45	10-24
	26-60	Silty clay   loam, sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam	CL, GM, GP-	A-6,     	A-2,	A-4	0	0	100	100	84-100   	   78-97     	24-43	9-24
Chesbrook	0-2	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	   PT 	  A-8 			0	   0 	   	   	   	   		   
j	2-20	Silty clay loam		A-7			0	0	100	94-100	89-100	85-99	43-55	18-25
	20-48	Silty clay loam		A-7			0	0	100	94-100	91-100	87-98	45-58	25-28
	48-62	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	    CT	A-6,   	A-7		0	0   	94-100   	88-100   	79-100   	74-96   	31-44	13-23   
Picabo	0-4	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-4			0	l l 0	100	100	  97-100	  89-93	28-40	9-12
	4-16	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-6,	A-4		0	0	100	100	95-100	87-95	22-37	6-12
	16-45	Silt loam	CL	A-6,	A-4		0	0	100	100	95-100	87-95	20-31	6-12
	45-51	Silt loam	CL	A-6,	A-4		0	0	100	100	95-100	87-95	20-30	6-12
	51-65	Silt loam	CL	A-4			0	0	100	100	97-100	88-93	20-27	6-10
14:														
Bear Lake		Silty clay loam		A-7,	A-4,	A-6	0	0	100	100		89-95	1	19-23
	11-20	Silty clay loam		A-7			0	0	100	100	96-100	1	39-50	19-24
	20-26 	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL   	A-4,	A-6,	A-7	0	0   	100   	100   	84-100   	78-97   	26-45	10-24   
	26-60	Silty clay   loam, sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam	GM, GP-GM, SM, CL	A-2,	A-4,	A-6	0	0	100     	100   	84-100	78-97     	24-43	9-24     
Downata	0-1	  Slightly   decomposed   plant material	   PT 	  A-8 			0	   0 	   	   	   	   		   
	1-12	Silt loam	ML, CL-ML	A-6			0	l   0	100	94-100	88-100	81-98	28-47	7-16
	12-59	Silty clay loam		A-7,	A-6		0	0	100	1	90-100	1	39-50	19-24
	59-63	Silt loam	CL	A-6			0	0	100	1	90-100		28-41	12-19
			į	-			i -	į -						j

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	ficatio	on		Fragi	ments	Pe	ercentag sieve n	-	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			Unified	   A2	ASHTO		>10  inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity
				<u> </u>				İ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	İ	<u> </u>
	In						Pct	Pct					Pct	 
15:							 					 		 
Bear Lake	0-11	Silty clay loam		A-7,	A-4,	<b>A-6</b>	0	0	100	100	96-100	89-95	42-57	19-23
	11-20	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7			0	0	100	100	96-100	92-98	39-50	19-24
	20-26	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-4,	A-6,	A-7	0   	0   	100	100	84-100   	78-97   	26-45   	10-24   
	26-60	Silty clay   loam, sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam	GM, GP-GM, SM, CL	A-2,	A-4,	A-6	0	0     	100	100	84-100     	78-97     	24-43	9-24
Downata	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT	A-8			   0 	   0 			   	   	   	   
	1-12	Silt loam	ML, CL-ML	A-6			0	0	100	94-100	88-100	81-98	28-47	7-16
	12-59	Silty clay loam		A-7,	<b>A</b> -6		0	0	100	94-100	90-100	87-98	39-50	19-24
	59-63	Silt loam	CL	A-6			0	0	100	1	90-100		28-41	12-19
Thatcherflats	0 - 4	  Silt loam	CL	A-4			   0	0	100	100	  96-100	  87-94	23-35	   6-12
	4-16	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-6,	A-7		0	0	100	100	1	87-100 		20-31
	16-61	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-7 			0	0	100	100	94-100   	88-98   	37-48   	18-25   
16:				İ							İ		İ	İ
Bear Lake	0-11	Silty clay loam		A-7,	A-4,	<b>A-6</b>	0	0	100	100	96-100		42-57	
	11-20	Silty clay loam		A-7			0	0	100	100	96-100	1		19-24
	20-26	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-4,	A-6,	A-7	0   	0   	100	100   	84-100   	78-97   	26-45   	10-24   
	26-60	Silty clay   loam, sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam	GM, GP-GM, SM, CL	A-2,	A-4,	A-6	0	0	100	100	84-100     	78-97     	24-43	9-24

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi 	fication	Fragi	ments			e passi: umber	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	-	i			>10	3-10	İ				limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>                                       </u>	<u>                                     </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
16:			 			 		 		 		
Lago	0-9	Silt loam	CL	A-6	i o	0	100	100	95-100	88-96	33-44	11-18
_	9-16	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j o	0	100	100	95-100	88-96	29-42	12-18
	16-45	Silt loam,	CL	A-6	j o	0	100	100	95-100	90-100	32-46	15-25
		silty clay	j I	İ	İ	j i		į į	İ	j i	İ	į
	45-60	Sandy loam,	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	71-87	44-60	20-37	6-18
		fine sandy		,		i -						
		loam, silt	İ	i	i				i	i	i	İ
		loam				İ				ļ		
17:		 	 			l I		 		 		
Bearhollow	0 - 4	Gravelly loam	SC	A-4, A-2	0	0	70-83	49-83	42-76	30-56	25-33	8-12
· ·	4-9	Gravelly loam	SC, GC	A-4	į o	0	65-83	49-83	42-76	30-56	24-31	8-12
· ·	9-22	Gravelly loam	SC, CL-ML,	A-4	į o	0	69-83	49-83	41-76	30-56	20-28	6-10
· ·	İ	<u> </u>	GC-GM, GC	j	İ	j	İ	j	İ	j	İ	İ
	22-43	Gravelly loam	SC, CL-ML,	A-4, A-2	0	j 0	70-83	49-83	41-76	30-56	20-28	6-10
	43-60	Gravelly loam	SC, CL-ML,	A-4	0	0	69-83	49-83	41-76	30-56	22-30	6-11
			GC-GM, GC						/ -			
Brifox	0 - 7	  Silty clay	   СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	  85-95	51-66	29-36
!	7-18	Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	89-100	49-73	25-38
!		loam, silty										
!		clay										
!	18-60	Silty clay,	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	88-100	85-100	51-80	28-46
!		clay, silty										
		clay loam	 									
Iphil	0 - 8	  Silt loam	CL, ML	A-4	0	0	1	1	83-100	1	1	3-12
	8-15	Silt loam	CL	A-4	0	0			84-100		1	6-12
!	15-60	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-4	0	0	94-100	88-100	84-100	67-82	23-31	7-12

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	   Depth	USDA texture	Classification			Fragments			rcentag sieve n	Liquid	   Plas-		
and soil name	i -				i	>10	3-10	İ				ticity	
	   		Unified	AAS	внто і	1		4	10	40	200	-	index
	In					Pct	Pct	<u> </u>   			<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>   
18:	 							 					 
Bergquist	0-5	loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2	ĺ	0			İ	İ	19-41	20-35	3-12
	5-12   	Very cobbly   loam, very   gravelly loam,   very gravelly   sandy loam	GM, SM, SC-   SM, GC-GM   	A-2, A     	1-4       	0	13-22	33-44     	18-44       	15-41       	10-30     	18-35     	2-12     
	12-54     	Extremely   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   cobbly sandy   loam	GP-GM, GP-GC,   GW-GC   	A-1, A       	A-2       	0	8-26	17-55       	7-55       	5-45       	2-24       	0-26       	NP - 7       
	54-64	Unweathered   bedrock	 	- 	·			   					 
Rubble land	0-60	  Fragmental   material	   	-   				   					   
19:	! 		 					 		i		ì	
Bergquist	0-5	Very gravelly   loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2	j I	0	0-12	45-60	33-60	27-56	19-41	20-35	3-12 
	5-12	Very cobbly   loam, very   gravelly loam,   very gravelly   sandy loam	SC-SM, GM, SM, GC-GM	A-2, A     	1-4       	0	13-22	33-44	18-44       	15-41     	10-30	18-35     	2-12     
	12-54	Extremely   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   cobbly sandy   loam	GP-GC, GP-GM, GW-GC	A-1, A       	1-2       	0	8-26	         	7-55       	5-45       	2-24       	0-26	NP - 7       
	54-64   	Unweathered bedrock	   	-   				   					   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	Fragments		rcentag sieve n	  Liquid			
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	In	]		<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	
19:			] 									 
Softback	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT   	A-8	0	0	 	 				   
	1-4	Gravelly silt   loam	SC, CL-ML,	A-4	0	0	74-88	52-88	47-85	38-69	26-37	7-12
	4-10	Gravelly silt	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-4	0	0	74-88	52-88	47-85	38-69	26-37	7-12
	10-24	Very cobbly   silt loam	GC, GC-GM	A-4, A-6	0-19			32-88	28-87	23-74	26-41	9-17
	24-30	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC 	A-2, A-6	0-7	İ	İ	26-74	İ	21-62	30-39	13-19 
	30-39	Extremely   gravelly clay   loam, very   cobbly clay   loam	GC     	A-2, A-7     	0-18	9-22	42-76     	18-76	16-72	12-57     	37-47	19-25     
	39-63	Extremely   gravelly silty   clay loam,   extremely   cobbly silty   clay loam	GC       	A-2     	0-18	9-22       	42-76       	18-76	17-76     	15-69	37-47	19-25       
20:			 				 					 
Bergquist	0-5	Very gravelly   loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2 	0	İ	İ	33-60	İ	İ	İ	3-12
	5-12	Very cobbly   loam, very   gravelly loam,   very gravelly   sandy loam	SC-SM, GM, SM, GC-GM	A-2, A-4   	0	13-22       	33-44     	18-44	15-41	10-30	18-35	2-12     
	12-54	Extremely   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   cobbly sandy   loam	GP-GC, GP-GM, GW-GC	A-1, A-2	0	8-26       	17-55         	7-55	5-45       	2-24	0-26	NP - 7       
	54-64	Unweathered   bedrock	 	   			   					   

Table	20En	gineering	Index	Properties-	Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	 	Classif	icati	on		ments		rcentag sieve n	e passi: umber	ng	  Liquid	
and soil name	 		   t	Unified	   A	ASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	   4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity index
	In		<u>                                       </u>		<u>                                     </u>		Pct	Pct	<u>                                     </u>			<u>                                     </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
20:							ļ			ļ				
Vitale	0-1	  Extremely stony   loam	GC,	GC-GM, GM	   A-2 		18-42	  10-22 	  38-93 	29-91	24-82	  17-60	26-37	   7-12 
	1-15	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   extremely	sc,	GC	A-2,	A-6	4-32	30-44	46-77     	16-77     	14-72     	10-55   	31-45     	12-19     
	15-26	stony loam  Extremely   cobbly clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam,   extremely   stony loam	  sc,       	GC	   A-2,       	A-7	9-35	  26-38       	  45-100       	  17-100       	  15-96       	  11-77       	  36-47       	  17-25         
	26-36	-			     			   	   	   	   	   	   	   
21:					 			 	 			 		 
Bothwell	0-6 6-25	Silt loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	ML CL		A-4, A-7,		0 0	0   0 	100   100 	1 -	90-100  90-100 		34-43  34-51 	10-15  15-25 
		Silty clay loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL		A-6, A-6	A-7	0 0	0 0	100   100 	1 -	1 -		38-49 30-47	
22:					 			 	 			 		 
Bothwell	0-6 6-25	Silt loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	ML CL		A-4, A-7,		0 0	0   0 	100   100 	1 -	90-100  90-100 		34-43  34-51 	10-15  15-25 
	25-45 45-60	Silty clay loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL		A-6, A-6	A-7	0 0	0 0	100   100 	1		1	38-49 30-47	

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	   USDA texture	Classi 	fication	Fragi	nents		rcentag sieve n	ng	Liquid	   Plas-	
and soil name			Unified AASHTO		>10  inches	3-10 inches	4   10   40   200			200	_ limit	ticity
	In	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>		Pct	Pct		<u> </u> 			Pct	<u>                                     </u>
23:						 		 			 	 
Bothwell	0-6 6-25	Silt loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	ML   CL 	A-4, A-6  A-7, A-6	0 0	0   0 	100   100 	1 -	1	84-95 85-100	1	10-15  15-25 
	25-45 45-60	Silty clay loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0 0	0 0	100   100 		1 -	87-99  77-100 		19-25  12-25 
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL CL, GC	A-6 A-7	0 0	0 0-14	  86-100  69-82 	  74-100  56-82 	1		  29-41  36-45 	  12-17  18-25 
Justesen	0-6 6-37	Silt loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam, gravelly   silty clay   loam	CL, CL-ML  CL 	A-4 A-7, A-6	0 0	0 0-10	100  91-100 	ı	  83-97  77-100 	1	26-39  36-50 	7-13  16-24 
	37-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0-17	94-100	80-100	73-98	62-85	33-45	13-19
24:			 			 	 	 	 		l I	 
Bothwell	0-6 6-25	Silt loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	ML CL	A-4, A-6 A-7, A-6	0 0	0   0 	100   100 	1 -	1	84-95  85-100 	1	
	25-45 45-60	Silty clay loam	CT  CT	A-6, A-7 A-6	0 0	0 0	100 100	1 -	1 -	87-99 77-100		19-25  12-25 
Thatcher	0-8 8-21	  Loam  Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	  CL  CL	A-6  A-7, A-6	0 0	   0   0	1		  76-100  86-100 	  59-84  82-99 		  10-17  19-24 
	21-60	!	CL, CL-ML, SC-SM	A-6, A-4	0	   0 	95-100	  89-100 	  83-100   	  77-99   	  23-37 	   7-17 

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		_	ge passi: number	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In			İ	Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	
25:						 				 	 	 
Brifox	0 - 7	Silty clay	СН	A-7	i o	i o i	100	100	93-100	82-92	51-66	29-36
	7-18	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	СH 	A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	89-100   	49-73   	25-38
	18-60	Silty clay,   clay, silty   clay loam	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	88-100	85-100   	51-80 	28-46
Huffman	0 - 7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-42	12-19
	7-28	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	30-42	12-19
	28-60	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	91-99	37-46	19-25
26:									}		 	 
Brifox	0 - 7	Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	82-92	51-66	29-36
	7-18	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH	<b>A</b> -7 	0	0	100	100	93-100	89-100   	49-73   	25-38
	18-60	Silty clay,   clay, silty   clay loam	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	88-100	85-100   	51-80   	28-46
Huffman	0 - 7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	o	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-42	12-19
	7-28	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	30-42	12-19
	28-60	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	91-99	37-46	19-25
27:				İ								
Brifox	0 - 7	Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	1	82-92		
	7-18	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH   	A-7 	0	0   	100	100	93-100	89-100   	49-73   	25-38   
	18-60	Silty clay,   clay, silty   clay loam	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	88-100	85-100   	51-80   	28-46
Niter	0 - 8	Silty clay loam	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	84-94	43-57	21-29
	8-19	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH 	A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	90-100   	48-71	25-39
	19-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam, clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	  85-100   	  47-79   	25-46

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments			e passi:	ng	Liquid	   Plas
and soil name	Depth	ODDA CEACGIE		<u> </u>	>10	3-10	' 	preve n	uniber		limit	
and soll hame			   Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
		<u> </u>	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
	In				Pct	Pct				[	Pct	
28:												
Brifox	   0-7	  Silty clay	   CH	  A-7	0	   0	100	100	02 100	02 02	  51-66	20 36
BIIIOX		Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100		1 -	49-73	
		loam, silty   clay		/								
	18-60	Silty clay,	  CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	88-100	  85-100	51-80	28-46
	10 00	clay, silty		,			100	100				20 10
		clay loam	į	İ	į	į	į	į	į		ļ	
Niter	0-8	Silty clay loam	  CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	84-94	43-57	21-29
	8-19	Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	90-100	48-71	25-39
		loam, silty										
	10 60	clay  Silty clay,	  CH	  A-7	0	   0	100	100	00 100	   0E 100	  47-79	
	19-60 	silty clay,	CH	A-/	0	0	100	100		 	41-13	23-46
		loam, clay	İ		İ	İ			İ	İ		
29:												
Brifox	0-7	Silty clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	82-92	51-66	29-36
	7-18	Silty clay	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	89-100	49-73	25-38
		loam, silty			į	[	[					[
	10.60	clay	  CH		0	0	100	100			51-80	00.46
	18-60	Silty clay,   clay, silty	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	88-100	85-100	51-80	28-46
		clay loam	 				 					 
			į		į	į	İ		İ	İ		İ
Niter	0-8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100			43-57	1
	8-19	Silty clay   loam, silty	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	90-100	48-71	25-39
		clay	 				 					
	19-60	Silty clay,	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	85-100	47-79	25-46
	İ	silty clay	į	j	j	İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ
		loam, clay										
30:	[ 		 				 					 
Broadhead	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0-5	94-100	83-100	73-99	61-83	1	9-17
	7-10	Silty clay	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0-5	94-100	83-100	78-100	69-93	37-49	17-25
		loam, silt										
	   10-60	loam  Silty clay	CH, CL	  A-7	0	0-5	   95_100	  84_100	80-100	  76-100	46-64	  25-36
	1 10-00	loam, silty	CH, CH	4-7	0	0-5	 	  04-T00	190-100	   	120-04	25-36 
		clay	İ									
		_	į	İ	į	İ	į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ

Table	20	-Engineering	Index	Properties	Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		_	e passi: umber	_	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	i -				>10	3-10	i				limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	Pct	Pct		<u> </u>			Pct	
30:		 						 				
Hades	0-5	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	86-100	74-100	66-97	55-82	29-41	12-17
	5-60	Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL, GC 	A-7	0	0-14	69-82 	56-82	53-82	46-75 	36-45 	18-25
Yago	0-10	Extremely stony silty clay loam	CT	A-7	21-27	  21-44 	  64-94 	  40-94 	  38-94 	33-86	  41-53 	  19-25 
	10-45	Very stony   silty clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam	CH, CL, GC	A-7	25-37	13-26       	59-90       	41-90       	36-87	30-73	39-49       	19-25       
	45-60	Extremely stony silty clay loam, very stony clay loam	CL, GC	A-6, A-7	26-37	13-26     	58-90       	39-90       	37-90       	33-82	37-47	19-25     
31:												
Broadhead			CL  CL	A-6  A-7, A-6 	0 0	0-5   0-5 				61-83  69-93 		9-17  17-25 
	10-60		CH, CL	A-7	0	0-5	95-100   	84-100   	79-100   	75-100   	46-64   	25-36   
Yago	0-10	Extremely stony silty clay loam	CL	A-7	21-27	  21-44 	  64-94 	  40-94 	  38-94 	33-86	41-53	  19-25 
	10-45	Very stony   silty clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam	CH, CL, GC	A-7	25-37	13-26       	59-90     	41-90     	36-87	30-73	39-49	19-25       
	45-60	Extremely stony   silty clay   loam, very   stony clay   loam	CL, GC	A-6, A-7	26-37	13-26     	58-90     	39-90	37-90	33-82	37-47	19-25     

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Depth	USDA texture	Classif:	ication	Fragi	ments		_	-	_	  Liquid	   Plas-
	ļ			>10	3-10					limit	
		Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
In		ļ		Pct	Pct					Pct	
0-3	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
3-14	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
14-22		GC	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	34-42	15-18
22-32	1	GC   	   <b>A</b> -7 	   0 	0	31-67	28-66	27-66	24-59	39-46	  19-22 
32-50		GC	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	32-40	13-18
50-61	1	GC, SC	A-2 	0	0	38-66	36-65	30-61	21-45	24-35	9-16
0 - 8	Gravelly silt	GC-GM, GM, ML	   A-4 	   0 	0-9	61-72	37-72	34-72	30-67	18-33	2-12
8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0	0-8	41-61	25-61	24-61	19-51   	21-31	6-12   
11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very	GC   	A-1, A-2, A-4	0	0-26	51-82	24-82	22-82	20-80	21-34	6-15
24-34		   	   	   	   		   		   		     
0-3	  Very gravelly	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	   0	   0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	   7-12
3-14	silt loam	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	0	j I 0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	   7-12
	silt loam			,	0					34-42	15-18
	silt loam				İ				j		
22-32	very gravelly   silty clay   loam	GC   	<b>A-</b> 7   	0   	0   	31-67	28-66	27-66	24-59	39-46	19-22   
32-50	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	32-40	13-18
50-61	· ·	sc, GC	A-2	0	0	38-66	36-65	30-61	21-45	24-35	9-16
	In  0-3  3-14  14-22  22-32  32-50  50-61  0-8  8-11  11-24  24-34  0-3  3-14  14-22  22-32	In  O-3 Very gravelly silt loam  3-14 Very gravelly silt loam  14-22 Very gravelly silt loam  22-32 Very gravelly silty loam  32-50 Very gravelly silt loam  50-61 Very gravelly loam  O-8 Gravelly silt loam  Uery gravelly loam  11-24 Very gravelly silt loam, very gravelly silt loam, very gravelly loam, very flaggy loam  24-34 Weathered bedrock  O-3 Very gravelly silt loam  3-14 Very gravelly silt loam  14-22 Very gravelly silt loam  22-32 Very gravelly silt loam  22-30 Very gravelly silt loam  22-31 Very gravelly silt loam  32-50 Very gravelly silt loam  32-50 Very gravelly silt loam	Depth USDA texture    Unified	Depth	Depth	Depth	Depth	Depth	Depth	Depth	Depth   USDA texture

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	 	Classif	icati	on	<u> </u>	ments		rcentage sieve n			  Liquid	
and soil name	   		   1 	Unified	   A 	ASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches 	   4 	10	40	200	limit   	ticity  index 
	In						Pct	Pct		ļ		†	Pct	
33:	 		 		 			l I	 	 	l I			 
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL,	GC	A-6 A-7		0 0	0 0-14	1	74-100  56-82 		55-82  46-75	29-41 36-45	ı
Valmar	   0-9 	  Very cobbly   silt loam	GC,	GC-GM, GM	  A-6 		0-7	  27-31 	  63-86 	  42-86 	  37-83 	30-68	27-39	   8-13 
	9-14   	Very stony silt   loam, very   cobbly silt   loam	CL,	GC, GC-GM	A-6		0-7	27-32   	70-95   	53-95   	48-94   	41-81	32-42	13-19   
	14-24   	Extremely stony   silt loam,   extremely   flaggy silt   loam	sc,     	GC, GC-GM	A-6     		64-89	3-24   	49-100   	18-100   	16-98   	14-85	32-40	       
	24-34	Unweathered   bedrock	   		     			   	   	   	   			   
34:	 				 			 	 		l 			 
Cedarhill	0-8	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC,	GC-GM, GM	A-4,	A-2	0	0-14	47-67	33-67	30-64	24-52	22-34	6-10
	8-17   		sc,	GC	  A-2, 	A-4	0	0-13	  60-87   	  28-87   	  23-79   	16-57	22-32	   6-11 
	17-60		           		  A-1,     	A-2	0	0-27	30-67	   17-67     	  15-64     	11-50       	21-30	6-11     
35: Cedarhill	0-8	  Very gravelly	GC,	GC-GM, GM	    A-4,	A-2	0	     0-14	    47-67	    33-67	30-64	24-52	22-34	     6-10
	   8-17 	very gravelly loam, gravelly	İ	GC	  A-2, 	A-4	   0 	   0-13 	  60-87 	  28-87 	  23-79 	16-57	  22-32 	   6-11 
	   17-60     	silt loam  Extremely   gravelly loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   very gravelly   silt loam	   GC       		  A-1,       	A-2	0	   0-27       	  30-67         	  17-67         	  15-64         	  11-50       	  21-30         	   6-11       

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n			  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name				Unified	   A	ASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	   4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity index
	In	<u> </u>	<u>                                       </u>		<u>                                       </u>		Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	<u> </u> 		Pct	
35:			 					 		 	 			
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL CL,	GC	A-6  A-7 		0 0	1	86-100  69-82 	1		1	29-41  36-45	1
Ricrest	0 - 6	Gravelly silt	GC,	ML	A-6		0	   0 	  66-82 	  53-82 	  46-82 	38-69	28-45	   9-17 
	6-20	Clay loam, silt loam, gravelly silt loam			A-7,	A-6	0	0   	67-83   	53-83   	50-83 	43-74	36-51	16-22 
	20-60	Gravelly loam, gravelly clay loam, gravelly silt loam	İ	CL, GC	A-2,	A-6	0	0-7   	63-92   	33-92   	30-92   	26-81	31-47	13-21     
36:			   											
Cedarhill	0 - 8	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC,	GC-GM, GM	A-4, 	A-2	0	0-14 	47-67 	33-67	30-64 	24-52	22-34	6-10
	8-17	Gravelly loam, very gravelly loam, gravelly silt loam	İ	GC	A-2,	A-4	0	0-13	60-87   	28-87   	23-79   	16-57	22-32	6-11   
	17-60		GC       		A-1,       	A-2	0	0-27	30-67	17-67       	15-64       	11-50	21-30	6-11       
Hondoho	0-3 3-19	Stony silt loam  Gravelly silt  loam, very   gravelly silt  loam			  A-6  A-4, 	<b>A</b> -6	9-68		  50-92  48-76 			1	33-43	1
	19-60		GC       		A-2,     	<b>A</b> -6	0	5-27   	40-79   	  15-79     	  13-75     	11-63     	29-40	12-18

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classi	ficati	on		Fragi	ments		rcentag	-	ng	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name								>10	3-10	ļ				limit	ticity
			¹ 	Unified	A	ASHTO		inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Ţ			Pct	Pct	İ	<u> </u>			Pct	<u> </u>
36:			 						 		 	 			
Ridgecrest	0-14	Extremely stony silt loam	GC,	GM	A-2			16-28	9-22	44-79	31-79	27-78	21-63	23-37	4-12
	14-27	Extremely stony loam, extremely stony silt loam	GC     		A-2,	A-1,	A-4	34-68     	12-26       	35-87     	23-87	20-84	15-66     	20-31	4-12     
	27-37	Unweathered bedrock	<u> </u> 						 	 	 	 	 		 
37:			 					 	 		 	 			
Chesbrook	0-2	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT		A-8			0   	0   	   	   	   	   		   
		Silty clay loam			A-7			0	0	100	1	89-100	1		18-25
	20-48	Silty clay loam		CL	A-7			0	0	100	1	91-100	1	1	25-28
	48-62	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	    -		A-6,	A-7		0   	0   	94-100     	88-100     	79-100     	74-96     	31-44	13-23     
Bear Lake	0-11	Silty clay loam	ML		A-7,	A-4,	<b>A-6</b>	0	0	100	100	96-100	89-95	42-57	19-23
	11-20	Silty clay loam	CL		A-7			0	0	100	100	96-100	92-98	39-50	19-24
	20-26	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	     CL		A-4,	A-6,	A-7	0   	0   	100   	100   	84-100   	78-97   	26-45	10-24
	26-60	Silty clay   loam, sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam		GP-GM, , CL	A-2,	A-4,	A-6	0     	0     	100       	100       	84-100       	78-97       	24-43	9-24       
38:			İ						İ			İ	İ		
Cloudless	0-6	Silt loam		CL-ML	A-4,			0	1	1	83-100		1	1	7-15
	6-15	Silt loam	CL		A-6,	A-4		0   0	0	1	73-100		1	1 -	10-19
	15-21 21-60	Silty clay loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam		GC	A-7  A-7,	<b>A-</b> 6		0   0 	0   0 	1	74-100  53-82 	71-100  51-82 	63-91  45-76 	1	19-23  19-24 
Hades	0-5	  Silt loam	CL		  A-6			   0	   0	  86-100	  74-100	  66-97	  55-82	29-41	  12-17
	5-60	Gravelly silty   clay loam		GC	A-7			0	1	69-82		53-82	46-75	36-45	18-25

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif:	icatio	on	Fragi	ments		rcentago sieve n	-	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	-					>10	3-10	İ				limit	
and Boll name			Unified	   A2	ASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In			<u> </u>		Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	
39:			 	 			 		 	 			
Cloudless	0-6	Silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4,	A-6	0	0	94-100	83-100	73-98	59-81	28-43	7-15
	6-15	Silt loam	CL	A-6,	A-4	0	0		73-100		53-84	29-45	10-19
	15-21	Silty clay loam		A-7		0	0		74-100		1	39-49	19-23
	21-60	Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL, GC	A-7,	A-6	0	0	70-82 	53-82	51-82 	45-76	39-48	19-24
Hades	0-5	  Silt loam	  CL	  A-6		   0	   0	  86-100	  74-100	  66-97	  55-82	29-41	  12-17
	5-60	Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL, GC	A-7		0	0-14	69-82	56-82	53-82	46-75	36-45	18-25
Howcan	0 - 8	  Very gravelly   loam	GC-GM, GM	A-2,	A-4	0-8	   0 	  55-63 	43-63	  36-57 	25-41	23-35	4-10
	8-25	Very gravelly   loam	GC	A-2,	A-6	0-6	0-28	44-69	28-69	22-67	15-50	26-46	6-18
	25-36	Very cobbly	GC	A-2,	A-6	0-6	0-28	44-69	28-69	22-67	15-50	26-46	6-18
	36-60	Very stony   loam, very   cobbly loam	GC, GC-GM	A-4,   	A-2	8-27   	19-20   	55-79   	41-79   	34-73   	23-54	20-33	6-14
40:				 		 	 	 	İ	l İ			
Copenhagen	0 - 7	Very channery	GC	A-2		0	14-19	28-52	6-51	6-51	4-42	29-38	12-16
	7-13	Very gravelly   loam, very   channery loam, extremely   channery loam	GC   	A-2,	A-6	0	11-21   	31-61   	7-61   	7-61   	5-50   	28-38	12-16     
	13-23	Unweathered   bedrock		     		   	   	   	   	   			
Lonigan	0-8	Gravelly silt	GC-GM, GM, ML	A-4		   0 	   0-9 	  61-72 	  37-72 	  34-72 	30-67	18-33	2-12
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	0	0-8	41-61	25-61	24-61	19-51   	21-31	6-12
	11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   flaggy loam	GC	A-1, 	A-2, A-4	0	0-26	  51-82   	24-82   	  22-82   	20-80	21-34	6-15
	24-34	Weathered   bedrock	 	   		   	   	   	   	   			

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

	,		Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		rcentag		ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	\ <u></u>	1	10			sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	   4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity  index
					<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
	In				Pct	Pct 	 		 	 	Pct 	 
40:						İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Manila	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	1		67-85	1	12-19
	7-33	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	<b>A</b> - 7	0-8	0-8   	100   	88-100   	82-100   	78-100   	47-68   	23-36   
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam, silty clay loam, loam, clay loam	CL, SC	A-6	0-7	5-9     	85-94   	69-94	56-93     	41-72     	30-49	12-25     
41:							 					 
Delish	0-3	Fine sandy loam		A-4	0	0	100	100		42-51		3-10
	3-7	Silt loam,   loam, fine   sandy loam	CL-ML	A-4 	0	0	100   	100	84-91	51-58   	21-31	4-10
	7-61	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100	89-99	73-83	24-36	9-17
Cachecan	0-5	Silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	88-100	79-96	64-78	24-35	7-12
	5-20	Fine sandy   loam, silt   loam	CL, CL-ML, ML, SC-SM, SM	A-4	0	0   	100   	88-100	74-98	55-77   	17-35   	2-13
	20-37	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL	A-6	0	0 	100	89-100	85-100	75-91	34-43	17-22 
	37-61	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	100	89-100	84-100	80-98	41-50	22-29
Stinkcreek	0-11	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	100	88-100	84-100	80-99	43-55	18-25
	11-21	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	88-100	79-100	75-100 	31-51	12-25
	21-40	Very gravelly  loamy sand	GM, GP-GM	A-1	0	0	32-48	9-36	7-29	2-11	0-22	NP-2
	40-60	Extremely gravelly sand	GP	A-1	0	0	32-49	10-38	7-29	1-3	0-17	NP-1
42:												
Downata	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT	A - 8 	0	0 	   					
	1-12	Silt loam	ML, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	94-100	88-100	81-98	28-47	7-16
	12-59	Silty clay loam	-	A-7, A-6	0	0	100	94-100	90-100	87-98	39-50	19-24
	59-63	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	94-100	90-100	84-99	28-41	12-19

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentago sieve n	e passi: umber	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	 	10	40	200	limit 	ticity  index
	In	1			   Pct	   Pct	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>			   Pct	<u> </u>
					İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
43:												
Dranburn	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT   	A-8   	0	0   	   	   	   	   	   	   
	1-17	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0-9	100	88-100	80-97	66-82	33-45	11-16
	17-22	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	    CT	A-6, A-7   	0	0-10   	94-100	82-100   	78-100   	69-92   	38-51   	16-22   
	22-48	Silty clay loam, gravelly silty clay loam	CL	<b>A - 7</b>   	0	0   	82-90   	63-90   	61-90     	53-82   	39-49   	19-25   
	48-61	Silty clay   loam, gravelly   silty clay   loam	CL	A-7	0	0   	82-90   	63-90	61-90     	53-82   	38-47   	19-25     
Robin	0-2		  ML	   A-6	0	0	100	100	97-100	90-94	32-43	  10-13
		Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100		90-94		13-17
	23-27	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	1	90-94	1	13-17
	27-60		CT	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	1	90-100		17-25
44:							 	 		 	i i	 
Enochville	0-12	Silt loam	ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	33-47	9-17
	12-43	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0   	95-100   	89-100   	83-100   	78-100   	33-53   	13-25   
	43-60	Very cobbly   sandy loam,   very gravelly   sandy loam	GP-GC, GC	A-2	0-9	7-28     	53-86   	28-86     	21-69     	11-37     	23-30	8-12   
45:											İ	
Foxo1	0-3	Very stony loam	SC, SC-SM, GC	A-6	26-34	17-24	62-97	50-97	43-89	31-66	31-42	11-16
	3 - 9	Very stony loam	SC, GC	A-6	26-34	17-24	62-97	50-97	43-89	31-66	31-42	11-16
	9-17	Extremely stony loam	SC, GC-GM	A-2	38-49	22-25	66-100	36-100	30-94	22-71	29-41	12-19
	17-27	Unweathered bedrock				 	 	 	 	 	 	 

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments	1	rcentag	-	_	Liquid	
and soil name				Unified	   A	ASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	   In		<u>                                     </u>				Pct	   Pct	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>			Pct	<u> </u>
45:		]			 			l I	 	 				 
Vitale	0-1	Extremely stony	GC,	GC-GM, GM	A-2		18-42	10-22	38-93	29-91	24-82	17-60	26-37	7-12
	1-15	Very cobbly loam, extremely cobbly loam, extremely	sc,	GC	A-2,	A-6	4-32	30-44	46-77     	16-77     	14-72     	10-55	31-45	12-19     
	15-26	stony loam  Extremely   cobbly clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam,   extremely	  sc,       	GC	  A-2,     	A-7	9-35	  26-38     	  45-100       	  17-100       	  15-96       	  11-77     	  36-47       	  17-25       
	26-36	extremely   stony loam  Unweathered   bedrock			       			     	     	     	     			     
46:								ļ						
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL CL,	GC	A-6  A-7 		0 0	0   0-14 		74-100  56-82 	1	55-82  46-75 	1	12-17  18-25 
Camelback	0-3	  Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-	GM, GC	A-2,	A-4	0	   0 	  30-66 	  27-65 	  24-62 	20-51	26-37	   7-12 
	3-14	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-	GM, GC	A-2,	A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
	14-22	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC		A-2,	A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	34-42	15-18
	22-32	Very gravelly   silty clay   loam	GC		A-7		0	0	  31-67 	28-66	27-66	24-59	39-46	19-22
	32-50	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC		A-2,	A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	32-40	13-18
	50-61	Very gravelly   loam	sc,	GC	A-2		0	0	38-66	36-65	30-61	21-45	24-35	9-16

Table	20	-Engineering	Index	Properties	Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments			e passi: umber	ng	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		<u> </u>		Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Pct	<u> </u> 
46:		 	l I			 		 	 	 		 
Hondoho	0-3 3-19	Stony silt loam  Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	CL, SC GC, GC-GM	A-6 A-4, A-6	9-68	1	50-92  48-76 	1 -	15-89  19-75 	12-75  16-63 	33-43	12-17  10-17 
	19-60	Very gravelly silt loam, very gravelly loam, very cobbly loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	5-27     	40-79     	15-79       	13-75     	11-63	29-40	12-18     
47:												
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL  CL, GC 	A - 6   A - 7 	0 0	0   0-14 	86-100  69-82 			55-82  46-75 	29-41	12-17  18-25 
Lanoak	0-21	  Silt loam	  ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	  86-96	27-41	6-13
	21-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-45	12-19
Camelback	0-3	  Very gravelly   silt loam	  GC-GM, GC 	A-2, A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	  20-51 	26-37	   7-12 
	3-14	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	0	j 0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
	14-22	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	j 0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	34-42	  15-18 
	22-32	Very gravelly   silty clay   loam	GC   	A-7 	0	0   	31-67	28-66	27-66   	24-59   	39-46	19-22   
	32-50	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	32-40	13-18
	50-61	Very gravelly   loam	SC, GC 	A-2	0	0 	38-66	36-65	30-61	21-45	24-35	9-16 

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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			Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentag		ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture					!	sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10	ļ				limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	<u>4</u> 	10 	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
48:					 	 	 	 	 	 		 
Haploxerolls	0-6	Silt loam	CL-ML, GC-GM,	A-4	0 	0 	52-100 	14-100 	11-100 	9-85	20-45	2-17
	6-17	Gravelly loam,   very cobbly   sandy loam,   extremely   bouldery loam	SC, CL-ML,   GC-GM, GM,   ML 	<b>A - 4</b>     	0     	0     	52-96     	14-96     	11-95       	8-74     	18-41     	2-17     
	17-60	Stratified gravelly loamy sand to very gravelly loam	CL-ML, GC-GM, GM, ML	A-1, A-2, A-   3, A-4 	0     	0-29   	48-96     	7-96   	5-96   	4-85     	0-41	NP-19     
Xerorthents	0-3	Gravelly loam	SC, GC	A-4, A-6	0		26-94			13-66	20-37	6-17
	3-11 	Extremely   channery loam	SC, GC 	A-2 	0	27-45	7-65 	4-64	3-60 	2-45	20-37	6-17
	11-21	Weathered   bedrock		 	 	 	 	 	 	 		 
49:						! 	 	 	! 	 		 
Hendricks	0-5	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	1	91-100	1	1	13-17
	5-15	Silt loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0	100	1	91-100	1	1	13-17
	15-66 	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	94-100	89-100	85-99 	39-49	19-25
50:				 		İ	İ		İ			
Holmes	0-4	Gravelly silt	GC, GM, ML,	A-6	j 0	1-8	70-81	49-81	44-78	37-66	30-41	11-15
	4-20	Very gravelly   loam	GC	A-6, A-2	0-3	8-23	55-82	23-82	19-77	14-57 	30-42	12-18
	20-61	Very gravelly   loamy coarse   sand,   extremely   gravelly   coarse sand	GP, GM, GW- GM, SM, SW- SM	A-1       	3-30	10-30	51-91       	14-91       	6-46     	2-15       	0-20       	NP - 3       

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

	_		Classi	fication	Frag	ments		rcentag			Ī	Ī _
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture						sieve n	umber			Plas-
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	_ limit   	ticity
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	   Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
			İ	İ		į	į	į	İ		İ	į
51: Hondee	0-6	Gravelly loam	  GC, GC-GM	A-4, A-2	0	0-4	64 72	  50-72	42-65	30-47	26-37	   7-11
nondee	6-16	Gravelly loam	SC, GC-GM	A-4, A-2	0	0-4	67-76	52-76	43-70	30-47		4-12
	16-19	Very gravelly   loam	GC	A-2	0	0-4	32-60	19-60	15-55	11-40	20-31	4-12
	19-39	Very gravelly   sandy loam,   extremely   gravelly   coarse sandy   loam	GC-GM, GM	A-1	0	0-3	35-65	22-65	16-53       	8-29	16-28	2-9       
	39-60	Very gravelly   loamy coarse   sand	SM, GM	A-1	0	4-7	57 - 66   	42-66	24-41	10-18	0-21	NP-3
52:			 									
Hondee	0-6	Gravelly loam	GC, GC-GM	A-4, A-2	0	0-4	1	50-72	42-65	30-47	26-37	7-11
	6-16 16-19	Gravelly loam  Very gravelly   loam	sc, gc  gc 	A-2, A-4 A-2	0	0-4	67-76  32-60	52-76  19-60	43-70  15-55	30-51	21-35	4-12
	19-39	Very gravelly   sandy loam,   extremely   gravelly   coarse sandy   loam	GC-GM, GM	A - 1   	0	0-3	35-65     	22-65	16-53       	8-29	16-28	2-9     
	39-60	Very gravelly   loamy coarse   sand	SM, GM	A-1	0	4-7 	57 - 66   	42-66	24-41   	10-18	0-21	NP - 3   
53: Hondoho	0-3		l at a a	  A-6	9-68	0.10		16-92	15 00	12-75	33-43	110 17
	3-19	Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-4, A-6	0	1	48-76   	1	19-75     	16-63	28-43	1
	19-60	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   cobbly loam	GC       	A-2, A-6	0     	5-27       	40-79       	15-79       	13-75         	11-63	29-40	12-18       
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL GC	A-6 A-7	0 0	0   0-14	1	74-100  56-82	1	55-82	29-41	12-17  18-25 

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	ication	Frag	ments		rcentag sieve n			  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10	   4	10	40	200	limit	ticity
	In	Ī		<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>				Pct	
54:						 	 					
Hondoho	0-3 3-19	Stony silt loam  Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	CL, SC GC, GC-GM	A-6 A-4, A-6	9-68	1		16-92  21-76 	15-89  19-75 	12-75	1	12-17  10-17 
	19-60	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   cobbly loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0     	5-27     	40-79     	15-79       	13-75       	11-63	29-40	12-18       
Ricrest	0 - 6	Gravelly silt	GC, ML	A-6	0	0	66-82	53-82	46-82	38-69	28-45	9-17
	6-20	loam  Clay loam, silt   loam, gravelly   silt loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0	  67-83 	53-83	50-83	43-74	36-51	  16-22 
	20-60	Gravelly loam,   gravelly clay   loam, gravelly   silt loam	SC, CL, GC	A-2, A-6	0	0-7	63-92     	33-92	30-92	26-81	31-47	       
55:						į						
Hondoho	0-3 3-19	Stony silt loam  Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	CL, SC  GC, GC-GM 	A-6  A-4, A-6 	9-68		1	16-92  21-76 		12-75  16-63 	33-43	1
	19-60		GC	A-2, A-6	0	5-27   	40-79     	15-79     	  13-75     	11-63	29-40	12-18
Sprollow	0-3	Gravelly silt	GC, CL-ML,	A-4	0 - 7	0-7	60-87	36-87	32-82	26-67	24-34	7-11
	3-14	loam  Gravelly silt	GC-GM SC, CL-ML,	A-4	1-4	0-8	  69-87	37-87	34-82	27-67	23-32	7-11
	14-39	loam  Very cobbly	GC-GM	A-4	7-16	31-44	  79-97	48-97	  43-94	34-77	21-30	6-11
	39-49	silt loam Unweathered bedrock				   	   	   	   			   
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL  CL, GC	A-6   A-7	0 0	   0   0-14		  74-100  56-82 	1	1	29-41	  12-17  18-25 

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments		rcentage sieve n	-	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	-		ļ —	m. 151 - 3			>10	3-10	İ	10	1 40	1 200		ticity
				Unified	A	ASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				<u> </u>		Pct	Pct		<u> </u>			Pct	
56:			 					 	 		 			
Hondoho	0-3	Stony silt loam			A-6		9-68		1	16-92		1	1	12-17
	3-19	Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt	GC,	GC-GM	A-4,	A-6	0	0-12   	48-76   	21-76   	19-75   	16-63   	28-43	10-17   
	19-60	loam  Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   cobbly loam	  GC   		  A-2, 	A-6	0	   5-27   	  40-79     	  15-79     	  13-75     	  11-63   	29-40	  12-18     
Vitale	0-1	  Extremely stony   loam	  GC,	GC-GM, GM	A-2		18-42	  10-22 	  38-93 	  29-91 	  24-82 	  17-60	26-37	7-12
	1-15	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   extremely   stony loam	sc,     	GC	A-2,       	A-6	4-32	30-44	46-77       	  16-77     	  14-72     	10-55	31-45	12-19       
	15-26	· -	sc,       	GC	A-2,	A-7	9-35	26-38	45-100         	17-100           	15-96         	11-77             	36-47	17-25         
	26-36	Unweathered   bedrock	     					   	   					
57: Huffman	0-7 7-28 28-60	  Silt loam  Silt loam, loam  Silty clay loam			  A-6  A-6,	A-7	0 0	   0   0	   100   100   100	   100   100   100	  95-100  95-100  95-100	90-99	30-42	  12-19  12-19  19-25
58: Huffman	0-7 7-28				  A-6  A-6		   0   0	     0   0	   100   100	100	    95-100  95-100	90-99	30-42	1
59:	28-60	Silty clay loam	 		A-6,	A-/	0	U   	100	100	95-100 	    31-39	37-46	       19-25
Huffman	0-7 7-28 28-60	Silt loam  Silt loam, loam  Silty clay loam	!		A-6 A-6 A-6,	A-7	0 0	   0   0	   100   100   100	   100   100   100	  95-100  95-100  95-100	90-99	31-42 30-42 37-46	12-19

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	Eicati	on	Fragi	ments		rcentage sieve n	e passinumber	ng	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	_	İ				>10	3-10	i				limit	ticity
			Unified	A	ASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In			†		Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	<u> </u>
59 <b>:</b>		 	 			l I	l I	 	 	 			 
Dirtyhead	0-6	Very gravelly   loam	GC 	A-2,	A-4	0	j 0	52-61	34-61	29-56	20-40	22-35	6-12
	6-38	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam	GC   	A-1,	A-2	0	0   	41-52   	27 - 52   	20-43	13-28	21-31	6-12   
	38-48	Weathered   bedrock							 				
60:			 				 	 		 			 
Huffman	0 - 7	Silt loam	CL	A-6		0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-42	12-19
	7-28	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-6		0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	30-42	12-19
	28-60	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6,	A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	91-99	37-46	19-25
Harroun	0-7	  Very gravelly   loam	GC-GM, GM	A-2		0-4	5-14	64-80	45-80	38-73	26-52	20-33	3-10
	7-15	Very gravelly   loam	GC-GM, GM	A-2		0-3	14-20	45-80	30-80	25-73	17-53 	20-33	3-10
	15-28	Cemented   material	 										
	28-60	Extremely gravelly sandy loam, very gravelly sandy loam	GC-GM, GM       	A-1,   	A-2	0	12-22     	41-70     	21-70     	15-58     	7-32	17-28     	2-10
Lanoak	0-36	  Silt loam	  ML	A-4		0	   0	100	100	  94-100	  86-96	27-41	6-13
Halloak	36-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4		0	0	100	100	94-100		27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6		Ö	0	100	100	95-100			12-19
61:		 	 			İ	l I	 	 	 	 		 
Huffman	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6		i o	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-42	12-19
	7-28	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-6		i o	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	30-42	12-19
	28-60	Silty clay loam	СГ	A-6,	A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100	91-99	37-46	19-25
Wursten	0 - 5	  Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0	0	1	  78-100	1	  47-65	1	7-11
	5-17	Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0	0	1	78-100	1	46-67	1	7-13
	17-31	Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0	0		78-100	1		22-28	7-10
	31-60	Gravelly loam, loam, fine sandy loam	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-4		0	0-4   	67-91   	43-91   	36-82   	25-59   	20-28	6-10   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentag				_
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture						sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
62:			 	 	 	 						
Iphil	0-8	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-4	0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	75-96	20-35	3-12
	8-15	Silt loam	CL	A-4	0	0	94-100	88-100	84-100	77-95	22-33	6-12
	15-60	Silt loam, loam	CL	A-4	0	0	94-100	88-100	84-100	67-82	23-31	7-12
Lonigan	0-8	  Gravelly silt   loam	  GC-GM, GM, ML 	   A-4 	   0 	   0-9 	  61-72 	  37-72 	  34-72 	30-67	18-33	   2-12 
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0	0-8	41-61   	25-61	24-61	  19-51   	21-31	6-12
	11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   flaggy loam	GC	A-1, A-2, A-4	0	0-26     	51-82     	24-82	22-82     	20-80	21-34	6-15     
	24-34	Weathered   bedrock	   	   	   	   	   	   	   	   		   
63:							ļ					
Ireland	0-2	Very cobbly   loam		A-2, A-4 	0 	22-26	55-75	37-75 	İ	İ	28-39	9-13
	2-7	Gravelly loam		A-6, A-2, A-4	0	0-4	67-85	1	1	23-57	26-37	9-13
	7-14   	Very gravelly   loam, very   cobbly silt   loam	   	A-2, A-4   	0   	10-27     	53-89     	     	12-81   	9-59     	25-33	9-13     
		Extremely cobbly loam, extremely cobbly sandy loam, extremely stony loam Unweathered	SC, GC-GM, SC-SM, GC	A-2, A-4   	0-32	32-68	50-100         	11-100         	8-85	5-57         	21-34	6-15         
	23-33   	bedrock			<del></del>   	   	   	   	   			   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	 	Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n			  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			,	Unified		ASHTO	>10	3-10	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity
			'	Unified	A	ASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40 	200 	l	Index
	In						Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	<u> </u>   	   	Pct	
63:														
Polumar	0 - 6	Gravelly silt loam	sc,	CL	A-4		0	İ	İ	43-96	İ	İ	28-37	9-12
	6-11	Gravelly silt   loam, cobbly   loam	CL 		A-4   		0	3-30   	72-96   	43-96   	39-91   	32-75   	28-37	9-12
	11-18	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL,   	SC-SM, SC	A - 4   		4-13	37-45   	75-97   	49-97   	45-92   	36-76   	26-35	9-12
	18-22	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL,   	SC-SM	A-4   		4-13	37-45   	74-97     	54-97   	49-92   	39-76   	26-35	9-12
	22-46	Extremely cobbly loam	sc,	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	15-22	35-43	67-97	44-97	37-88 	26-64	23-31	7-12
	46-56	Unweathered   bedrock			 			 			 	 		
64:			 		 			l I			l I	 		 
Kabear	0 - 9	Very fine sandy   loam	ML		A-4		0	0 	100	89-100	82-100	46-62	20-34	1-9
	9-45	Fine sandy   loam, sandy   loam	ML,	SC-SM	A-4		0	0   	100   	89-100   	76-98   	35-52	17-34	1-11
	45-60	Fine sandy   loam, loamy   fine sand	SM 		A-2,	A-4	0	0   	100   	89-100   	78-95   	36-48   	0-26	NP-6
Staberg	0-10		CL,	CL-ML	A-4		0	0-4	85-95	71-95	59-87	41-63	25-37	6-12
	10-23	Gravelly loam	SC,		A-6		0	0 - 4	1	62-83		1	1	12-15
	23-33	Very cobbly	sc,     	CL	A-6   		0	28-49   	72-98     	45-98     	38-92   	28-70   	31-45   	12-19     
	33-38	Cobbly sandy   loam, very   cobbly sandy   loam	SC-1   	SM, ML	A-4   		0	32-51	66-100     	25-100   	18-83   	9-45   	17-28	2-10
	38-48	Weathered   bedrock	j I		j I			 	 		 	 		

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	   Depth	USDA texture	Classi	ficati	on	Fragi	ments	!	rcentag sieve n	-	ng	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	_					>10	3-10	İ				limit	
			Unified	A	ASHTO		inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	1	<u> </u> 			Pct	Pct					Pct	
64:							 	 	 	 	 		
Copenhagen	0-7	Very channery   loam	GC 	A-2		0	14-19 	28-52	6-51	6-51	4-42	29-38	12-16 
	7-13	Very gravelly   loam, very   channery loam, extremely   channery loam	GC     	A-2,	A-6	0	11-21     	31-61     	7-61     	7-61     	5-50     	28-38	12-16
	13-23	Unweathered   bedrock					 						
65:													
Kabear	0-9	Very fine sandy   loam	ML	A-4		0	0 	100	89-100 	82-100 	46-62	20-34	1-9 
	9-45	Fine sandy   loam, sandy   loam	SC-SM, ML   	A - 4		0	0   	100   	89-100   	76-98   	35-52   	17-34	1-11
	45-60	Fine sandy   loam, loamy   fine sand	SM   	A-2,	A-4	0	0   	100   	89-100   	78-95   	36-48   	0-26	NP - 6   
Staberg	0-10	Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4		0	0-4	85-95	71-95	59-87	41-63	25-37	6-12
	10-23	Gravelly loam  Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam	SC, CL  SC, CL 	A-6  A-6 		0 0	0-4  28-49 		62-83  45-98 	54-75  38-92 	39-56  28-70 		12-15  12-19 
	33-38	· -	SC-SM, ML	A - 4		0	  32-51   	  66-100   	  25-100   	  18-83   	9-45   	  17-28   	2-10
	38-48	Weathered   bedrock	 				   	   	   	   	   		 
Copenhagen	0-7	  Very channery   loam	GC	A-2		0	14-19	28-52	6-51	6-51	4-42	29-38	12-16
	7-13	Very gravelly   loam, very   channery loam, extremely   channery loam	   GC   	A-2,	A-6	0	  11-21   	31-61	   7-61   	   7-61   	   5-50   	  28-38     	  12-16     
	13-23	Unweathered   bedrock	 				   	   	   	   	   		   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Fragi	ments			e passi	ng	[	[
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture						sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10		1 10	1 10		limit	-
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4 	10	40	200		index
	In			İ	Pct	Pct		į	İ		Pct	İ
66:			 			 	 	<u> </u>		 	 	 
Kearns	0-16	Silt loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	88-96	30-42	10-16
	16-38	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	!	31-44	12-18
	38-60	Silt loam, very   fine sandy   loam	    CT	A-6, A-4 	0	0   	100   	100   	97-100   	89-93   	26-32	9-13   
67:						İ		İ			İ	
Kearnsar	0 – 9	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100		89-96	1	12-17
	9-23	Silty clay loam		A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	95-100		39-51	1 -
	23-27	Silty clay loam		A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100		91-99	1	19-25
	27-45	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL   	A - 6   	0	0   	100   	100   	98-100   	93-100   	35-45   	16-23   
	45-60	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CT	A - 6   	0	0   	100   	100   	98-100	93-100   	34-44   	16-23
Battle Creek	0 - 8	  Silty clay loam	CH, CL	  A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	  90-98	  45-58	  22-28
	8-11	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH, CL	<b>A-7</b> 	0	0 	100	100 	89-100	84-97   	47-61	23-32
	11-19	Silty clay,   clay	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	19-40	Silty clay,   clay	  CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	40-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH   	  A-7 	0	   0 	   100   	   100 	  89-100   	  85-100   	43-63	  25-40 
68:			 				 	 		 		 
Kidman	0-12	Fine sandy loam	SC-SM, SM	A-4	і о	0	95-100	89-100	78-96	38-51	22-35	3-10
	12-25	Fine sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam, loam	SC-SM, ML	A-4   	0	0   	95-100   	89-100   	78-99   	32-48   	18-33   	3-12
	25-44	!	CL-ML, ML	A-4   	0	0   	95-100	89-100   	83-100   	47-62 	  16-28   	2-10
	44-60	!	CL-ML, SC-SM,	A-4 	0	0	95-100	89-100   	83-100   	47-62	16-27	2-10

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	nents			e passi: umber		Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name		İ			>10	3-10	ĺ				limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In			<u> </u> 	Pct	Pct		<u>                                     </u>	<u>                                     </u>		Pct	
69:			 	 		 	 	 	 	 		
Kidman	0-12	Fine sandy loam	SC-SM, SM	A-4	j 0	0	95-100	89-100	78-96	38-51	22-35	3-10
	12-25	Fine sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam, loam	SC-SM, ML   	<b>A-4</b>   	0	0   	95-100   	89-100   	78-99   	32-48   	18-33   	3-12
	25-44	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam,   loam	CL-ML, ML	<b>A - 4</b>   	0	0   	95-100	89-100   	83-100   	47-62   	16-28	2-10
	44-60	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam	CL-ML, SC-SM, SM	A-4   	0	0	95-100	89-100   	83-100	47-62   	16-27	2-10
70:												
Kidman	0-12 12-25	Fine sandy loam  Fine sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam, loam	SC-SM, SM  SC-SM, ML 	A - 4   A - 4 	0 0	0   0 	ı	ı	78-96  78-99 	1	22-35  18-33 	3-10   3-12 
	25-44	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam,   loam	CL-ML, ML	   A-4 	0	0	95-100	89-100   	83-100	47-62   	16-28	2-10
	44-60	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam	CL-ML, SC-SM, SM	<b>A-4</b>   	0	0	95-100	89-100   	83-100	47-62   	16-27	2-10
71: Kidman, wet	0 12	  Fine sandy loam	CC CM CM	   A-4	j   0	j I 0	   05 100	   80 100	   78-96	20 51	122.25	3-10
Kidman, wet	12-25	Fine sandy   loam   loam, very   fine sandy   loam, loam   loam, loam	ML, SC-SM   	A-4   A-4 	0	0		89-100  89-100   		1	18-33	3-10
	25-44	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam,   loam	ML, CL-ML	A-4   	0	0	95-100	89-100   	83-100	47-62   	16-28	2-10
	44-60	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam	SC-SM, SM, CL-ML	A-4 	0	0   	95-100   	89-100   	83-100   	47-62   	16-27	2-10

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments	1	rcentag sieve n	e passi: umber	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name		İ	İ		>10	3-10	İ				limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	İ	index
	In		<u> </u>		Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Pct	<u> </u>
72:		 				 		 				 
Kidman	0-12	Fine sandy loam	SC-SM, SM	A-4	0	0	95-100	89-100	78-96	38-51	22-35	3-10
	12-25	Fine sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam, loam	SC-SM, ML	A - 4   	0   	0   	95-100     	89-100     	78-99     	32-48	18-33   	3-12   
	25-44	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam,   loam	CL-ML, ML   	A-4   	0   	0   	95-100   	89-100   	83-100   	47-62   	16-28   	2-10
	44-60	Very fine sandy   loam, fine   sandy loam	CL-ML, SC-SM, SM	<b>A-4</b>   	0	0   	95-100   	89-100   	83-100	47-62   	16-27   	2-10
Sterling	0-8	Gravelly loam	SC, ML	A-4	0	0	72-100	40-100	33-93	23-68	25-39	6-13
-	8-66	Very gravelly   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	GC   	A-2   	0     	0     	48-74   	16-74   	13-70   	9-51   	21-39	6-15     
73:			 	 						 		 
Lando	0-5	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	1	1	1	ı	33-44	1
	5-14	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL	A-6, A-7   	0	0   	95-100   	89-100   	79-100   	75-100   	31-49   	12-25   
	14-33	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	39-49	19-25
	33-60	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	95-100	89-100	83-100	80-100	37-53	19-29
74:			 	] ]						 		 
Lanoak	0-36	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	27-41	6-13
	36-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	ı	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-45	12-19
75:			 	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Lanoak	0-36	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	27-41	6-13
	36-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-45	12-19
76:		[	 			 		 		 		 
Lanoak	0-36	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	27-41	6-13
	36-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	ı	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-45	12-19

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n	-	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	ļ	index
	In				Pct	Pct	   	   	   	   	Pct	   
76:						 	 				 	
Broadhead	0 - 7	Silt loam	CL	A-6, A-4	0		94-100	1	1	1	29-43	9-17
	7-10	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	    CT	A-7, A-6 	0	0-5   	94-100   	83-100   	78-100   	69-93   	37-49   	17-25   
	10-60	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-7	0	0-5   	95-100   	84-100   	80-100   	76-100   	46-64   	25-36
77:						 	 	 			 	 
Lanoak	0-36	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	27-41	6-13
	36-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	1	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-45	12-19
Broadhead	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0-5	94-100	83-100	73-99	61-83	29-43	9-17
	7-10	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CT	A-7, A-6 	0	0-5   	94-100   	83-100   	78-100   	69-93   	37-49   	17-25   
	10-60	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-7	0	0-5   	95-100   	84-100   	80-100   	76-100   	46-64   	25-36   
Hades	0-5		CL	A-6	0	0	  86-100	  74-100	66-97	55-82	  29-41	12-17
	5-60	Gravelly silty clay loam	CL, GC	A-7	0	0-14	69-82	56-82	53-82	46-75	36-45	18-25
78:						! 	 				! 	
Lanoak		Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	1	27-41	6-13
	21-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	1	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0 	100 	100	95-100	90-99 	31-45	12-19
Hades	0-5	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	86-100	74-100	66-97	55-82	29-41	12-17
	5-60	Gravelly silty clay loam	CL, GC	A-7	0	0-14	69-82 	56-82	53-82	46-75	36-45	18-25
79:												
Lanoak		Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	1	27-41	1
	36-50	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	1	27-41	6-13
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	90-99	31-45	12-19

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Cla	ssif	icati	on		Fragi	ments		rcentago sieve n	_	_	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	Dopon							>10	3-10	' 	51010 11	JIII 01			ticity
			   Unifie	d	   A	ASHTO	İ		inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	]	<u> </u>		<u>                                     </u>			Pct	Pct	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	<u> </u> 
79:			 		 					 	 	l I	 		
Thatcher	0-8	Loam	CL		A-6,	Δ-4	ł	0	0	95-100	79-100	  76-100	59-84	30-41	10-17
	8-21	Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CT		A-7,		İ	0	0	1	89-100 		1	1	19-24
	21-60	Silt loam, fine   sandy loam,   loam	CL, CL-ML SC-SM	,	A-6,	A-4		0	0	95-100   	89-100   	83-100   	77-99   	23-37	7-17   
80:			 		 					 	 	l I	 		
Layton	0-13	Loamy fine sand	SC-SM, SM		A-2,	A-4	i	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	20-32	2-7
_	13-19	Loamy fine sand	SM		A-2,	A-4	j	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	0-31	NP-6
	19-34	Loamy sand	SM		A-2		j	0	0	100	100	77-84	19-26	0-24	NP-6
	34-64	Loamy sand	SM		A-2			0	0	100	100	77-84	19-26	0-24	NP-6
81:			 		 					 	 	 	 		
Layton	0-13	Loamy fine sand	SC-SM, SM		A-2,	A-4	i	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	20-32	2-7
	13-19	Loamy fine sand	SM		A-2,	A-4	j	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	0-31	NP-6
	19-34	Loamy sand	SM		A-2		j	0	0	100	100	77-84	19-26	0-24	NP-6
	34-64	Loamy sand	SM		A-2		ĺ	0	0	100	100	77-84	19-26	0-24	NP-6
82:			 		 					 	 	l I	 		
Lizdale	0-6	Very stony loam	SC, GM		A-6		i	18-28	5-22	70-89	55-89	47-81	33-59	28-39	9-13
	6-13	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC		A-2,	A-6	j	0	10-21	58-77 	33-77	30-74	24-61	26-37	9-13
	13-52	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam	GC-GM	,	A-2,   	A-4, A	A-6    	0-7	13-20	57-80   	30-80	22-67	13-45   	16-29	2-11
	52-64	Gravelly sandy	SC-SM, GM	, SM	A-1,	A-2	j	0	0-8	66-83	45-83	33-67	16-35	16-25	2-7
	64-76	Extremely gravelly sandy loam	SC-SM, GM GW-GC	,	A-2,	A-1	     	0	0-37	18-42   	7-36   	5-30   	2-16   	16-27	2-10

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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			Classif:	ication	Frag	ments	1	_	e passiı	ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture			<u> </u>		1	sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
		]	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	<b>4</b>	10	40	200		index
	In		   		Pct	Pct	   	<u> </u>   		   	Pct	<u> </u>   
83:			 			! 	 	 		 		 
Lizdale	0-6 6-13	Very stony loam  Very gravelly   silt loam		A-6  A-2, A-6 	18-28   0	1			47-81  30-74		28-39  26-37	9-13 9-13
	13-52	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam	SC-SM, GM, GC-GM	A-2, A-4, A-6	0-7	13-20	57-80   	30-80	22-67	13-45   	16-29   	2-11
	52-64	Gravelly sandy	SC-SM, GM, SM	A-1, A-2	0	0-8	66-83	45-83	33-67	16-35	16-25	2-7
	64-76	Extremely   gravelly sandy   loam	SC-SM, GM, GW-GC	A-2, A-1	0   	0-37	18-42   	7-36	5-30	2-16   	16-27   	2-10
Searla	0-9	Gravelly loam	SC, GC-GM,	   A-4 	0	0-12	  70-88 	  50-88 	42-81	  30-59 	26-39	7-13
	9-28	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very gravelly   sandy clay   loam, gravelly   clay loam	 	A-7, A-2, A-6	0	4-14     	57-76     	30-76	26-73     	20-57     	36-45	   18-25     
	28-60	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   gravelly sandy   loam	 	A-2, A-4	0	8-21       	42-100         	   11-100       	8-86         	5-59         	16-33         	2-15         
84: Logan	0-2	  Moderately   decomposed	   PT 	   A-8 	   0 	   0 	   	   	   	   	   	   
	2-15 15-28	plant material  Silty clay loam  Silty clay loam	мн	  A-7  A-6, A-7	   0   0	   0   0	   100   100	   100   100	1		  45-62  38-51	
		Silty clay loam  Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7  A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100		89-100	37-50	19-29

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	icati	on		Fragi	ments	Pe	rcentag	e passi	ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture								sieve n	umber		Liquid	Plas-
and soil name							>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	A	ASHTO		inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Pct	Pct			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
85:			 	 			 							 
Lonigan	0 - 8	Gravelly silt	GC-GM, GM, ML	A-4			0	0-9	61-72	37-72	34-72	30-67	18-33	2-12
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM   	A-2,   	A-4		0   	0-8	41-61   	25-61	24-61   	19-51   	21-31	6-12   
	11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   flaggy loam	GC     	A-1,     	A-2,	A-4	0	0-26     	51-82     	24-82	22-82	20-80	21-34	6-15     
	24-34	Weathered   bedrock					   	   	 					   
Lizdale		Very stony loam  Very gravelly   silt loam		A-6 A-2,	<b>A-6</b>		18-28 0	5-22  10-21	70-89  58-77	55-89  33-77	47-81 30-74	33-59 24-61	28-39	9-13 9-13
	13-52	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam	GC-GM	A-2,   	A-4,	A-6	0-7   	13-20   	57-80   	30-80	22-67	13-45	16-29	2-11   
	52-64	Gravelly sandy	SC-SM, GM, SM	A-1,	A-2		0 	0-8	66-83	45-83	33-67	16-35	16-25	2-7
	64-76	Extremely gravelly sandy loam		A-2,   	A-1		0	0-37	18-42   	7-36	5-30	2-16	16-27	2-10
86:							İ	İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ
Lonigan	0-8	Gravelly silt   loam	GC-GM, GM, ML	A-4 			0 	0-9 	61-72 	37-72 	34-72	30-67	18-33	2-12
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM   	A-2,   	A-4		0   	0-8   	41-61   	25-61	24-61	19-51   	21-31	6-12   
	11-24		GC	A-1,     	A-2,	A-4	0	0-26   	51-82   	24-82	22-82	20-80	21-34	6-15     
	24-34	Weathered   bedrock	 	   			   							

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments	Pe	rcentag	-	_	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	_	į			>10	3-10	<u> </u>				limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	 	index
	In				Pct	Pct		į		İ	Pct	
86:			 			 			 		 	 
Ricrest	0 - 6	Gravelly silt	GC, ML	A-6	0	0	66-82	53-82	46-82	38-69	28-45	9-17
	6-20	Clay loam, silt loam, gravelly silt loam	•	A-7, A-6	0	0   	67-83	53-83	50-83	43-74	36-51   	16-22   
	20-60	Gravelly loam, gravelly clay loam, gravelly silt loam		A-2, A-6	0	0-7   	63-92	33-92	30-92	26-81	31-47   	13-21   
87:			 			 			 		l İ	 
Manila	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100			67-85		12-19
	7-33	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL 	A - 7 	0-8	0-8 	100	88-100	82-100   	78-100 	47-68   	23-36
	33-50	Cobbly clay   loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	  19-28 
	50-60	Gravelly loam,   silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL, SC	A-6	0-7	5-9   	85-94   	69-94	56-93   	41-72     	30-49   	12-25     
88:			 			 			 		l I	 
Manila	0-7 7-33	Silt loam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CL CH, CL	A-6 A-7	0   0 - 8	0 - 8	100 100			67-85  78-100 		12-19  23-36 
	33-50	Cobbly clay	  CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	   0-15 	90-96	76-96	  65-94 	50-75	  39-55 	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam, silty clay loam, clay loam	CL, SC	A-6	0-7	5-9   	85-94   	69-94	56-93   	41-72   	30-49   	12-25   
89:												
Manila	0-7 7-33	Silt loam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CL  CH, CL 	A-6   A-7 	0   0-8	0 0-8	100   100 	1	1	67-85  78-100 	1	12-19  23-36 
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CT	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam, silty clay loam, clay loam	CL, SC	A-6	0-7	5-9   	85-94   	69-94	56-93   	41-72   	30-49	12-25   

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	   Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments	1	rcentago sieve no	-	ng	  Liquid	Dlag
	Deptn	USDA texture		1		1 2 40		sieve n	umber			
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity  index
	l Tn	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 		Pct	Pct		<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u> 	<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
			İ	İ				İ	İ			
90:		İ	İ	j	į	j	İ	j	j	j	j	İ
Manila	0 - 7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100			67-85		12-19
	7-33 	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL 	A-7 	0-8	0-8   	100   	88-100   	82-100   	78-100   	47-68   	23-36
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55 	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam,   silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL, SC	A - 6   	0-7	5-9   	85-94   	69-94   	56-93   	41-72     	30-49     	12-25     
Bancroft	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	100	  97-100	89-94	  29-37	9-13
		Silt loam,   silty clay	CL	A - 6	0	0	100	100		83-97		12-22
	37-60	Silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	100	94-100	86-96	21-33	6-13
91:						l I	 	 	l I		l I	 
Manila	0-7	Silt loam	CL	A-6	i o	0	100	88-100	79-99	67-85	33-47	12-19
	7-33	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-7	0-8	0-8   	100	88-100   	82-100   	78-100	47-68   	23-36
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam, silty clay loam, clay loam	CL, SC	A-6   	0-7	5-9   	85-94   	69-94	56-93	41-72     	30-49	12-25
Broadhead	   0-7	  Silt loam	CL	A-6, A-4	0	   0-5	   94 – 100	  83-100	  73-99	  61-83	  29-43	   9-17
	7-10	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0-5		83-100		1		17-25
	10-60	!	CH, CL	A-7	0	   0-5 	  95-100 	  84-100   	  80-100   	  76-100 	  46-64 	  25-36 

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragments		1	rcentago sieve n	ng	  Liquid		
and soil name			Unified	   AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	   4 	10	40	200	limit   	ticity  index
	In	]	1	<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	<u>                                     </u>	<u>                                     </u>			Pct	
92:		 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 
Manila	0-7 7-33	Silt loam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CL  CH, CL	A - 6   A - 7 	0 -8	0 -8	100   100 	1		67-85  78-100 	1	12-19 23-36
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	loam  Gravelly loam,   silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL, SC	   <b>A</b> -6 	   0-7   	   5-9   	  85-94   	  69-94   	  56-93   	  41-72     	  30-49   	12-25
Broadhead	0-7 7-10	Silt loam  Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL  CL	  A-6, A-4  A-7, A-6 	   0   0	0-5 0-5	1	83-100  83-100 		  61-83  69-93 	  29-43  37-49 	9-17  17-25
	10-60	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	   <b>A</b> -7 	0	0-5	95-100	84-100   	80-100   	  76-100   	46-64	25-36
93:				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	
Manila    	0-7 7-33	Silt loam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	1 -	A - 6   A - 7 	0   0-8 	0 0 - 8	1			67-85  78-100 	1	
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam,   silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL, SC	A - 6   	0-7	5 - 9 	  85-94   	69-94   	  56-93   	  41-72   	30-49	12-25
Lonigan	0 - 8	  Gravelly silt   loam	GC-GM, GM, ML	   A - 4 	   0 	   0-9 	  61-72 	  37-72	  34-72	  30-67	  18-33 	2-12
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0   	0-8	41-61   	25-61	24-61	  19-51   	21-31	6-12
	11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   flaggy loam	GC	A-1, A-2, A-4	0     	0-26	51-82     	24-82     	22-82	20-80	21-34   	6-15
	24-34	Weathered   bedrock										

Table	20En	gineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		_	e passi: umber	_	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name		 	Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	In	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Pct	   Pct	<u> </u> 	<u>                                     </u>	   		   Pct	 
94: Manila	0-7	    Silt loam	    CL	     <b>A</b> -6	0	     0	     100	    88-100	    79-99	    67-85	    33-47	    12-19
		Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-7	0-8	0-8	100   100 			78-100 		23-36
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam,   silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL, SC	<b>A</b> -6	0-7	5-9     	85-94     	69-94     	56-93     	41-72     	30-49     	12-25   
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	Cobbly silt	CL	A-4, A-6	0	  16-29 	  85-96 	  66-96 	61-91	50-76	30-39	10-13
	8-16	Extremely cobbly loam	GC, SC	A-2, A-6	8-18	42-46	64-93	45-93	39-87	29-66	33-42	13-19
	16-19	Extremely   cobbly clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam	GC, SC	A-2, A-7	9-32	35-37     	45-100       	15-100       	13-94       	10-74       	39-49     	19-25       
	19-29	Very cobbly   clay, very   cobbly clay   loam	CH, CL   	A-7	0-13	22-45   	65-98   	50-98   	43-98   	34-82   	46-62   	25-36   
	29-60		CH, CL, GC, SC	A-2, A-7	0	11-21         	62-100	22-100       	20-100	16-88         	45-62       	25-36         
95: Maplecreek	0-14	  Fine sandy loam	SC, ML, SM	  A-4	0	     0	     100	     100	    89-97	    39-47	    25-37	     6-12
	14-35 35-60	Fine sandy loam  Loamy fine   sand, fine   sandy loam		A-4  A-2, A-4	0   0 	0   0   	100   100 	100   100 	89-97  92-97 	1	21-33  16-23 	6-12 2-6
96: Maplecreek	0-14 14-35 35-60	  Fine sandy loam  Fine sandy loam  Loamy fine   sand, fine   sandy loam		A-4 A-4 A-2, A-4	0 0	   0   0   0	   100   100   100	   100   100   100	89-97	1	  25-37  21-33  16-23	   6-12   6-12   2-6

Table	20En	gineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classifi	lcation	Fragi	nents		rcentage	-	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	Берсп	ODDA CERCUIE			>10	3-10	 	31646 11	uniber			
and soll name			Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200	limit 	index
	In		1		Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	   Pct	<u> </u>
	111				PCT 	PCT 	 	 	 	 	PCT	
96:					İ	İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Layton	0-13	Loamy fine sand		A-2	0	0	100	100		1	20-32	2-7
	13-19	Loamy fine sand		A-2, A-4	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	0-31	NP-6
	19-34	Loamy sand	SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	77-84	19-26	0-24	NP-6
	34-64	Loamy sand	SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	77-84	19-26	0-24	NP-6
97 <b>:</b>					 	 	 	 		 	 	 
Merkley	0-5	Silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-6, A-4	0	0	100	88-100	83-100	76-96	26-41	7-15
- i	5-31	Silt loam, loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	100	90-100	87-100	65-79	20-29	6-11
i	31-50	Fine sandy	SC-SM, SM	A-4	0	0	100	91-100	79-96	36-49	0-25	NP-7
		loam, sandy			j 	j 	<u> </u> 	j 	j I	<u> </u> 	į į	j I
	50-61	Very gravelly   loamy sand	SW-SM, GM, SM	A-1, A-2	0 	0 	68-100 	27-100 	20-80 	7-31 	0-19	NP-2 
Lago	0 - 9	  Silt loam	CL	A-6	   0	   0	   100	   100	  95-100		33-44	  11-18
Lago	9-16	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0   0	0   0	100	100	95-100		29-42	12-18
	16-45	Silt loam,	1 -	A-6	0   0	0   0	100	100	1	90-100		15-25
	10 15	silty clay					100   	100   	   			
	45-60	!	CL, CL-ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	71-87	43-59	20-37	6-18
		loam, silt			     	     	     	     		     	     	     
Bear Lake	0-11	Silty clay loam	ML	A-7, A-4, A-6	0	l   0	100	100	96-100	89-95	42-57	19-23
	11-20	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100	96-100		39-50	19-24
i	20-26	Silt loam,		A-4, A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	84-100	78-97	26-45	10-24
		silty clay			j I	 	 	 	İ	İ		
	26-60	Silty clay	GM, GP-GM,	A-2, A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	84-100	78-97	24-43	9-24
		loam, sandy loam, very	SM, CL		<u> </u> 	 		 	<u> </u> 	 	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 
		fine sandy   loam			 	 		 				
98:					 	 		 	 	 		
Moonlight	0-1	Slightly   decomposed	PT	A-8	0	0	 	   	   	   		
İ		plant material			ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	İ	İ	İ	İ
İ	1-2	Moderately	PT	A-8	0	0						
		decomposed							[	[		
		plant material	!		ļ			ļ	[	[		ļ
	2-26	Silt loam	CL-ML, ML	A-4	0	0		76-91	68-87	55-72	31-42	7-12
	26-62	Silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	87-95	76-91	68-87	55-72	24-33	

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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			Classi	fication	Fragi	ments	Pe	rcentag	e passi	ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture						sieve n	umber		Liquid	Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		<u>                                     </u>		Pct	Pct				<u> </u> 	Pct	
98:						 	 			 		
Camelback	0-3	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
	3-14	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	0	0 	İ	27-65 	24-62	20-51 	26-37 	7-12 
	14-22	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC 	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	34-42	15-18
	22-32	Very gravelly   silty clay   loam	GC	A-7	0	0   	31-67	28-66	27-66	24-59   	39-46	19-22   
	32-50	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	j 0	j 0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	32-40	13-18
	50-61	Very gravelly   loam	sc, GC	A-2	j 0	0 	38-66	36-65	30-61	21-45	24-35	9-16
99:				İ							İ	
Niter	0-8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100	1 -		43-57	1
	8-19	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH 	A-7 	0	0 	100	100	94-100	90-100   	48-71 	25-39
	19-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam, clay	СН	A-7	0	0   	100	100	87-100	83-100   	47-79   	25-46
Brifox	0-7	Silty clay	CH	  A-7	0	0	100	100	93-100	  82-92	51-66	29-36
		Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100		85-100		25-38
	18-60	Clay  Silty clay,   clay, silty   clay loam	CH	A-7	0	   0 	100	100	88-100	  85-100   	  51-80   	28-46
100:										 		
Northwater	0-12	Gravelly very fine sandy loam	GM, SM	A-2, A-4	0	0-7	55-85	35-85	33-85	19-51 	23-35	2-7
	12-28		GM, GC-GM	A-2	9-31	0-42	31-92	11-92	9-84	6-60	25-37	6-11
	28-46		GC	A-2	7-31	  17-35 	28-61	11-61	10-56	   7-42 	31-38	14-18
	46-56	Unweathered   bedrock				   				   		

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Class	ifi	catio	on	Fragi	ments	1	rcentag	-	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			i					>10	3-10					limit	
			1	Unified	į	AZ	ASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		   					Pct	   Pct	   	   	   	<u> </u>   	Pct	<u> </u>   
100:									! 						 
Foxol	0-3	Very stony loam			GC	A-6		26-34	17-24	62-97	50-97	43-89	31-66	31-42	
	3-9	Very stony loam			- 1	A-6		1 .		1 -	50-97		31-66	1	11-16
	9-17	Extremely stony   loam	SC,	GC-GM	- [:	A-2		38-49	22-25	66-100	36-100	30-94	22-71	29-41	12-19
	17-27	Ioam  Unweathered   bedrock	 						   	   	   	   			   
Vitale	   0-1 	  Extremely stony   loam	GC,	GC-GM, (	GM	A-2		18-42	  10-22 	  38-93 	  29-91 	  24-82 	17-60	26-37	   7-12 
	1-15	Very cobbly loam, extremely cobbly loam, extremely stony loam	SC,       	GC		A-2,	A-6	4-32	30-44     	46-77       	16-77       	14-72       	10-55       	31-45       	12-19       
	15-26		sc,         	GC		A-2,	A-7	9-35	26-38	45-100       	17-100         	15-96         	11-77           	36-47	   17-25         
	26-36	Unweathered   bedrock	     						   	   	   	   			   
101:			į		į			į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
Northwater	0-12 	Gravelly very   fine sandy   loam	GM,	SM	-	A-2,	A-4	0	0-7 	55-85   	35-85	33-85   	19-51   	23-35	2-7
	12-28	Extremely gravelly loam	GM,	GC-GM		A-2		9-31	0-42	31-92	11-92	9-84	6-60	25-37	6-11
	28-46	Extremely   gravelly loam	GC			A-2		7-31	  17-35 	28-61	11-61	10-56	7-42	31-38	  14-18 
	46-56	Unweathered   bedrock			ļ				   	   	   	 			 

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol   and soil name	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	Fragi	ments	Pe	rcentag sieve n	Liquid	    Plas-			
			İ		>10	3-10	į			ticity		
		ļ	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	ĺ	index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	<u> </u>
101:			 									
Povey	0-17	Gravelly silt   loam 	SM, CL-ML, GC-GM, GM, ML	A-4 	0	0-4	73-85	51-85	45-82	36-67	27-40	6-12
	17-38	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam, very   cobbly loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2     	0-3	0-32	38-75       	14-75	12-69	8-51	25-43	6-13     
	38-60	Very gravelly   sandy loam,   extremely   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	GW-GC, GC-GM	A-1, A-2         	0-14	10-26         	27 - 85       	7-85       	5-69       	2-37	20-33	4-12         
102:		 	 								l	
Northwater	0-12	Gravelly very   fine sandy   loam	GM, SM   	A-2, A-4 	0	0-7	55-85	35-85	33-85	19-51	23-35	2-7
	12-28	Extremely gravelly loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2	9-31	0-42	31-92	11-92	9-84	6-60	25-37	6-11
	28-46	Extremely gravelly loam	GC	A-2	7-31	17-35	28-61	11-61	10-56	7-42	31-38	14-18
	46-56	Unweathered   bedrock	 	 		   	 					
Povey	0-17	Gravelly silt   loam	SM, CL-ML, GC-GM, GM,	A-4 	0	0-4	  73-85 	51-85	45-82	36-67	27-40	6-12
	17-38	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam, very   cobbly loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2   	0-3	0-32	38-75     	14-75	12-69	8-51	25-43	6-13     
	38-60		GW-GC, GC-GM	A-1, A-2	0-14	10-26         	27-85	7-85	5-69         	2-37	20-33	4-12           

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	Fragments		Percentage passing sieve number				Liquid	    Plas-		
			Unified	AASHTO		>10  inches	3-10  inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	   In	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 		   Pct	   Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 	Pct	<u> </u> 
			į	į		į	ļ	į	į	į	į	į	į
103: Nyman	0-1	  Slightly	  PT	  A-8		   0	   0	 					 
•		decomposed plant material	ļ	İ		į i	į į	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j i
	1-6	Channery silt	GM, ML	A-4		0	12-29	60-86	59-86	56-86	49-78	25-38	4-10
	6-12	loam  Channery loam,   channery silt   loam	SC-SM, GM,	  A-4 		   0-11 	  10-43 	26-89	24-88	23-88	18-71	23-36	   4-10 
	12-20	Channery loam	  GC-GM, GM,   CL-ML	A-2,	A-4	0-11	10-43	26-89	24-88	23-88	18-71	21-34	   4-10 
	20-25	  Very channery   loam	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	6-9	27-43	26-68	25-67	23-67	18-54	20-31	4-10
	25-36	Very channery	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	6-9	27-43	26-68	25-67	24-67	18-52	20-26	4-7
	36-46	Unweathered   bedrock		   		   	   						   
Lonigan	0 - 8	  Gravelly silt   loam	  GC-GM, GM, ML 	   A-4 		   0 	0-9	  61-72 	37-72	34-72	30-67	18-33	   2-12 
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	0   	0-8	41-61   	25-61	24-61	19-51	21-31	6-12   
	11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   flaggy loam	GC   	A-1,   	A-2, A-4	0   	0-26	51-82   	24-82	22-82	20-80	21-34	6-15     
	24-34	Haggy Hoam  Weathered   bedrock		   		   	   						   
Copenhagen	0-7	  Very channery   loam	  GC	A-2		0	14-19	28-52	6-51	6-51	4-42	29-38	12-16
	7-13	Yery gravelly   loam, very   channery loam,   extremely   channery loam	  GC 	A-2,     	A-6	   0   	  11-21   	  31-61   	7-61	7-61	5-50	28-38	  12-16   
	13-23	channery loam  Unweathered   bedrock	   	     		   	   	   					   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Depth 	USDA	texture	Classification			Fragments		Pe	rcentage sieve n	Liquid	   Plas		
				i			>10	3-10	1				limit	1
					Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In					<u> </u>	Pct	Pct				<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
104:								 			 	 		 
Oxford	0 - 5	Silty	clay	CH		A-7	0	0	100	100		92-97		29-33
	5-26	Silty		CH,	CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
	26-63	Silty		CH		  A-7	0	   0	100	100	   80_100	   77_100	  50-74	   20_48
	20-03	clay	-						100	100				23-40
Banida	0 - 6	Silty	clay loam	CL		A-7	0	   0	100	95-100	  90-100	  85-97	43-53	  22-28
	6-22	Silty		CH		A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	51-68	29-40
	22-35	Silty	clay,	CH,	CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	  89-100	49-64	29-40
	35-64	clay		CH	CL	  A-7	0	   0	100	100	   92-100	  89_100	49-64	  29_40
	33 01	clay			CL				100	100			15 01	23 10
105:								 			]	 		 
Oxford	0 - 5	Silty	-	CH		A-7	0	0	100	100			51-59	
	5-26	Silty		CH,	CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
	26-63	Silty		СН		A-7	0	o	100	100	80-100	77-100	50-74	29-48
		clay										 		 
Banida	0 - 6		clay loam			A-7	0	0	100	1			43-53	
	6-22	Silty		CH		A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	51-68	29-40
	22-35	Silty		CH,	CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
		clay												
	35-64	Silty   clay		CH,	CL	A-7 	0	0	100	100	92-100 	89-100 	49-64	29-40 
106:								 				 		 
Oxford	0-5	Silty	clay	СН		A-7	0	j o j	100	100	97-100	92-97	51-59	29-33
	5-26	Silty	clay,	CH,	CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
	26 62	clay	alan	CH		  A-7	0	   0	100	100	00 100	   77 100	  50-74	20 40
	20-03	clay		Cn					100	100		//-100	50-74	29-46
Banida	0 - 6	Silty	clay loam	CL		  A-7	0	   0	100	  95-100	  90-100	  85-97	43-53	  22-28
	6-22	Silty		СН		A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	51-68	29-40
	22 25	clay			CT.				100	100		00 100	140.54	
	22-35	Silty		CH,	CF	A-7	0	0   	100	100	  92-100	89-100 	49-64 	29-40
	35-64	Silty		CH,	CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	89-100	49-64	29-40
		clay					1	ı İ			1			

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	ments			e passi	ng	Liquid	Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	İ	index
	In			]	Pct	Pct				   	Pct	
107:												
Oxford	0-5 5-26	Silty clay  Silty clay,   clay	CH CH, CL	A-7   A-7	0 0	0 0	100	100	1	92-97  89-100	1	29-33
	26-63	Silty clay,   clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	80-100	77-100	50-74	29-48
Gullied land	0-60	Stratified loam   to silty clay   loam	   	     	   	   	   			     	   	   
108:										 		
Parkay	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT 	A-8 	0	0				 	 	 
	1-3	Gravelly silt   loam	SM, GM, ML	  A-6, A-4 	0	0	71-83	46-83	41-80	33-66	30-43	8-13
	3-12	Gravelly silt	SC, CL, GC	A-6	0	0-4	67-85	38-85	34-83	29-70	33-45	12-17
	12-21	Very gravelly silt loam	GC	A-6	0	9-18	56-69	35-69	32-67	26-57	33-45	12-17
	21-29	Very gravelly   loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	9-22	55-71	33-71	29-65	22-50	34-45	15-19
	29-47	Very gravelly   clay loam	GC	A-6, A-7, A-2	0	0-17	57-72	37-72	32-68	24-54	37-47	19-25
	47-57	Unweathered   bedrock										
Povey	0-17	Gravelly silt	SM, CL-ML, GC-GM, GM,	A-4 	0	0-4	73-85	51-85	45-82	  36-67 	  27-40 	6-12
	17-38	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam, very   cobbly loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2 	0-3	0-32	38-75     	14-75	12-69	8-51     	25-43     	6-13
	38-60	Very gravelly   sandy loam,   extremely   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	GW-GC, GC-GM	A-1, A-2       	0-14       	10-26       	27-85	7-85	5-69       	2-37	20-33	4-12         

	Table	20.	Engineering	Index	Properties Continued	Ŀ
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W	   Description	TIGDA	Classi	fication	Frag	ments		_	e passi	ng		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	ļ	1				sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name	 		Unified	AASHTO	>10	3-10	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity  index
				AADIITO			1	10	40	200		
	In				Pct	Pct	İ	į	İ		Pct	
109:	 		 									 
Parleys	0-4	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j 0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	30-44	10-18
	4-13	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j 0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	27-42	10-18
	13-18	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	j 0	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	38-49	19-25
	18-35	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	į o	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	38-47	19-25
	35-50	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7, A-6	i o	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	37-46	19-25
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	94-100	89-100	84-100	78-97	25-37	10-18
110:	 					 		 				 
Parleys	0-4	Silt loam	CL	A-6	i o	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	30-44	10-18
1	4-13	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	27-42	10-18
	13-18	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	1	1	85-100	1	38-49	19-25
	18-35	Silty clay loam	1	A-6, A-7	0	0	1	1	85-100	1	38-47	19-25
	35-50	Silty clay loam		A-7, A-6	0	0			85-100			19-25
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	1	1	84-100	1		10-18
111:												
Parleys, wet	0-4	  Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	04_100	   88_100	83-100	   77_97	30-44	10-18
raileys, wet	4-13	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	1 -	1	83-100	1	1	10-18
	13-18	Silty clay loam		A-6, A-7	0	0	1	1	85-100	1	1	19-25
	18-35	Silty clay loam	1	A-6, A-7	0	0	1	1	85-100	1	38-47	19-25
	35-50	Silty clay loam		A-7, A-6	0	0			85-100			19-25
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	1	1	84-100	1	25-37	10-18
			į			į	ļ	į	İ	į		į
112:											ļ	
Pavohroo	0-1	Slightly	PT	A-8	0	0						
	ļ	decomposed	ļ		ļ						!	
	ļ	plant material	1								!	
	1-3	Moderately	PT	A-8	0	0						
	ļ	decomposed			ļ	ļ			ļ	ļ		ļ
		plant material	1	ļ		!						!
	3-6	Silt loam	ML	A-4	0	0	89-94	1	69-91	55-75	27-45	4-11
	6-29	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0-10	89-94	77-94	70-92	58-77	29-41	12-17
	29-63	Loam, gravelly	SC, CL	A-6	0-13	0-16	75-96	50-96	42-89	31-66	28-37	12-17
		loam, stony		ļ								[
		loam		ļ								[
			İ									

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classi	ication	Fragi	ments			e passi			ļ <u> </u>
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture					1	sieve n	umber			Plas-
and soil name		 	Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	   4	10	40	200	limit 	ticity index
	In	1	<u> </u>	1	Pct	   Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	   Pct	<u> </u>
İ		İ		j			İ	İ	İ	İ		İ
112:								ļ	!		!	!
Sedgway	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT   	A-8	0	0	   	   	   	   	   	   
	1-2	Moderately   decomposed	PT	A-8	0	0	 	 	 	 	 	   
	2-7	plant material  Gravelly silt   loam	  CL	A-6	0	   0-9 	  75-82 	  64-82 	  57-81 	  47-68 	  29-43 	   9-17 
	7-23	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL, SC	A-6, A-4	4-14	27-34	68-93	46-93	38-86   	31-72   	26-39	9-17   
	23-62	Very cobbly   clay loam,   very cobbly   silty clay   loam	CL, GC	A-7, A-6	4-14	27-37     	56-88     	35-88	30-84	24-67     	37-46     	19-24     
Toponce	0-3	Silt loam	  ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	89-100	  78-100	69-99	57-83	33-47	9-17
-   	3-14	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-7	0	0 	89-100 	78-100 	71-100 	62-90	35-49	13-21
	14-60	1	CH, CL	A-7	0	0   	90-100	79-100   	60-100   	58-98   	46-72	25-44
113:		İ					 	! 		 		
Picabo	0 - 4	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-4	0	0	100	100		89-93	1	9-12
	4-16	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	!	22-37	6-12
ļ	16-45 45-51	Silt loam  Silt loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	100   100	95-100		20-31	6-12
	51-65	Silt loam	CL	A-4	0	Ö	100	100	97-100		20-27	6-10
Thatcherflats	0 - 4	  Silt loam	CL, CL-ML	  A-4	0	   0	100	   100	  96-100	  87-94	  23-35	   6-12
	4-16	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	1	87-100		20-31
	16-61	clay  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	  CL 	A-7	0	   0 	   100   	   100 	  94-100   	  88-98   	  37-48   	  18-25   
114:   Pits, gravel	0-60	    Gravel, cobbles				   	   	   	   	   	   	   

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication		ments		rcentag sieve n	e passi umber	ng	Liquid	
and soil name		   	   Unified 	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	   4 	10	40	200	limit   	ticity  index
	In		 		Pct	Pct					Pct	
115:			 				 			 		
Pollynot	0 - 9	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j o	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	28-42	9-15
į	9-13	Silt loam	CL	A-4, A-6	j o	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	26-37	9-16
j	13-15	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j o	0	90-100	71-100	63-99	54-85	28-39	12-19
j	15-26	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	90-100	71-100	68-100	59-90	37-46	19-25
j	26-44	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	64-97	53-82	27-36	12-17
ļ	44-61	Loamy fine sand	SM, SC-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	16-25	2-7
116:			 				 			 		
Pollynot	0 - 9	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	28-42	9-15
j	9-13	Silt loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	26-37	9-16
j	13-15	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	63-99	54-85	28-39	12-19
ļ	15-26	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	90-100	71-100	68-100	59-90	37-46	19-25
ļ	26-44	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	64-97	53-82	27-36	12-17
	44-61	Loamy fine sand	SM, SC-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	16-25	2-7
117:			 				 			 		
Pollynot	0 - 9	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	28-42	9-15
j	9-13	Silt loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	26-37	9-16
j	13-15	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	63-99	54-85	28-39	12-19
ļ	15-26	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	90-100	71-100	68-100	59-90	37-46	19-25
ļ	26-44	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	64-97	53-82	27-36	12-17
ļ	44-61	Loamy fine sand	SM, SC-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	16-25	2-7
118:			 				 	 		 		
Pollynot	0 - 9	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	28-42	9-15
-	9-13	Silt loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	0	100	88-100	79-98	65-82	26-37	9-16
	13-15	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	63-99	54-85	28-39	12-19
	15-26	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7	0	0	90-100	71-100	68-100	59-90	37-46	19-25
	26-44	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	90-100	71-100	64-97	53-82	27-36	12-17
j	44-61	Loamy fine sand	SM, SC-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	91-98	25-32	16-25	2-7

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	   Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on	Frag	ments		rcentag sieve n	-	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	Depen	ODDA CERCUIE	¦		Ι		>10	3-10	' 	51646 11	uniber		limit	
and soll name	   	   	.	Unified	   A 	ASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	]	<del>                                     </del>				Pct	Pct					Pct	
119:		 			<u> </u>					 				
Polumar	0-6	Gravelly silt	sc,	CL	A-4		0	3-30	72-96	43-96	39-91	32-75	28-37	9-12
	6-11   	Gravelly silt loam, cobbly loam	CL		A-4   		0	3-30	72-96   	43-96   	39-91   	32-75	28-37	9-12
	11-18   	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL,	SC-SM, SC	A-4   		4-13	37-45   	75-97     	49-97   	45-92   	36-76	26-35	9-12   
	18-22	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL,	SC-SM	A-4   		4-13	37-45   	74-97   	54-97   	49-92	39-76	26-35	9-12   
	22-46	Extremely cobbly loam	sc,	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	15-22	35-43	67-97	44-97	37-88	26-64	23-31	7-12
	46-56		į Į		   			 	   	   	 		 	 
Ireland	0-2	  Very cobbly   loam	GC,	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	0	22-26	  55-75 	  37-75 	32-68	23-50	28-39	9-13
	2-7	Gravelly loam	sc		A-6,	A-2, A-4	0	0-4	67-85	38-85	32-77	23-57	26-37	9-13
	7-14   	Very gravelly   loam, very   cobbly silt   loam	sc,	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	0	10-27   	53-89   	14-89     	12-81   	9-59	25-33	9-13   
	14-23	Extremely cobbly loam, extremely cobbly sandy loam, extremely stony loam		GC-GM, -SM, GC	A-2,	A-4	0-32	32-68	50-100         	11-100           	8-85         	5-57   	21-34	6-15         
	23-33   	Unweathered   bedrock			   			   	   	   	   			   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n	_	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name				r-161-4		3.03350	>10	3-10		1 10	1 40	1 000	limit	
				Unified	A 	ASHTO	inches	inches	4 	10	40	200		index
	In		İ				Pct	Pct		<u> </u>	İ	į	Pct	
120:					 			 	 					 
Polumar	0-6	Gravelly silt	sc,	CL	A-4		0	3-30	72-96	43-96	39-91	32-75	28-37	9-12
	6-11	Gravelly silt loam, cobbly loam	CL		A-4		0   	3-30 	72-96   	43-96	39-91	32-75	28-37	9-12
	11-18	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL,	SC-SM, SC	A-4		4-13	37-45	75-97   	49-97   	45-92   	36-76	26-35	9-12   
	18-22	Very cobbly   silt loam,   very cobbly   loam	CL,	SC-SM	A-4   		4-13	37-45	74-97   	54-97   	  49-92   	39-76	26-35	9-12   
	22-46	Extremely cobbly loam	sc,	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	15-22	35-43	67-97	44-97	37-88	26-64	23-31	7-12
Sprollow	46-56	Unweathered bedrock			 		 	 	 					 
Sprollow	0-3	Gravelly silt   loam		CL-ML,	   A-4 		0-7	   0-7 	  60-87 	36-87	32-82	26-67	24-34	   7-11 
į	3-14	Gravelly silt loam		CL-ML, -GM	A-4		1-4	0-8	69-87	37-87	34-82	27-67	23-32	7-11
	14-39	Very cobbly silt loam	CL,	CL-ML	A-4		7-16	31-44	79-97	48-97	43-94	34-77	21-30	6-11
	39-49	Unweathered bedrock			   		 	   	   					   
Ireland	0-2	  Very cobbly   loam	GC,	GC-GM	A-2,	A-4	0	22-26	  55-75 	37-75	32-68	23-50	28-39	9-13
	2-7 7-14	Gravelly loam Very gravelly loam, very cobbly silt loam	sc,	GC-GM	A-6,  A-2, 	A-2, A-4 A-4	0   0   	0-4  10-27 	67-85  53-89 	38-85  14-89 	32-77  12-81 	23-57	26-37	9-13 9-13
	14-23			GC-GM, -SM, GC	A-2,	A-4	0-32	32-68	50-100       	11-100         	8-85         	5-57       	21-34	6-15         
	23-33													

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	1   I	ragi	ments		rcentag			Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	į			1	>1	L 0	3-10	İ					ticity
			Unified	AAS	SHTO inc	ches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Po	ct	Pct	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	<u>                                       </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	<u>                                       </u>
121:	 		İ		ļ								
Povey	0.17	Gravelly silt	SM, CL-ML,	A-4		0	0-4	   72 05	51-85	45 02	26 67	27-40	6-12
rovey	0-17   	loam	GC-GM, GM,			U	U-4   	73-85   		<del>1</del> 5-62   		27-40	0-12
	17-38     	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam, very   cobbly loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2     	0-	-3	0-32	38-75     	14-75       	12-69     	8-51   	25-43	6-13     
	38-60	Very gravelly sandy loam, extremely gravelly sandy loam, extremely gravelly loam	GW-GC, GC-GM	A-1, A         	A-2 0-	-14	10-26         	27-85         	7-85         	5-69         	2-37	20-33	4-12       
Hades	   0-5	Silt loam	  CL	A-6		0	1	1	  74-100	1	1	29-41	1
	5-60 	Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL, GC 	A-7		0	0-14 	69-82 	56-82 	53-82	46-75	36-45	18-25 
Hondoho	0-3	Stony silt loam	CL, SC	A-6	9-	-68	0-10	50-92	16-92	15-89	12-75	33-43	12-17
	3-19   	Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-4, A   	A-6	0	0-12   	48-76   	21-76   	19-75   	16-63	28-43	10-17   
	19-60	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   cobbly loam	GC       	A-2, A       	A-6       	0	5-27       	40-79       	15-79       	13-75         	11-63         	29-40	12-18         

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments			e passi umber		  Liquid	   Plas
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	ticit
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct	 				Pct	
122:			 		 	 	 					 
Povey	0-17	Gravelly silt   loam	SM, CL-ML, GC-GM, GM, ML	A-4   	0   	0-4	73-85   	51-85	45-82	36-67	27-40	6-12   
	17-38	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam, very   cobbly loam	GM, GC-GM     	A - 2   	0-3	0-32	38-75       	14-75       	12-69     	8-51     	25-43     	6-13     
	38-60	Very gravelly   sandy loam,   extremely   gravelly sandy   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	GW-GC, GC-GM	A-1, A-2       	0-14       	10-26         	27-85         	7-85         	5-69           	2-37         	20-33	4-12         
Parkay	0-1	  Slightly   decomposed   plant material	  PT 	  A-8 	0	0	   					
	1-3	Gravelly silt	SM, GM, ML	A-6, A-4	   0 	0	  71-83 	46-83	41-80	33-66	30-43	8-13
	3-12	Gravelly silt	SC, CL, GC	A-6	0	0-4	67-85	38-85	34-83	29-70	33-45	12-17
	12-21	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-6	0	9-18	56-69	35-69	32-67	26-57	33-45	12-17
	21-29	Very gravelly   loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	9-22	55-71	33-71	29-65	22-50	34-45	15-19
	29-47	  Very gravelly   clay loam	GC	A-6, A-7, A-2	0	0-17	57-72	37-72	32-68	24-54	37-47	19-25
	47-57	Unweathered bedrock	 	 	 	 	 	 				 
123:												
Preston	0-8	Fine sand	SP-SM, SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	1	10-14	1	NP-2
	8-15 15-65	Fine sand  Loamy fine	SP-SM, SM	A-2   A-2	0   0	0   0	100   100	100	92-96	10-14	0-20	NP-2
	15-65	sand, fine sand, sand	SC-SM, SM   	A-Z   	0   	0   	100   	100   			0-23	NP - 6   
124:	0.0	Fine gond	CD CM CM		j 		100	100		10.14	0.20	ND 2
Preston	0-8 8-15 15-65	Fine sand  Fine sand  Loamy fine   sand, fine   sand, sand	SP-SM, SM  SP-SM, SM  SC-SM, SM	A-2   A-2   A-2 	0   0   0	0   0   0	100   100   100	100   100   100	92-96  92-96  91-98 	10-14  10-14  25-32	1	NP - 2   NP - 2   NP - 6

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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			Classi	fication	Frag	ments	Pe	_	e passi	_	Ī	ļ _
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture						sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10		1	1	1	limit	
	 		Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
125:												
Preston	0-8	Fine sand	SM, SP-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100		10-14	0-20	NP-2
	8-15	Fine sand	SM, SP-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100		10-14	0-20	NP-2
	15-65   	Loamy fine   sand, fine   sand, sand	SC-SM, SM   	A-2 	0	0	100   	100	91-98	25-32	0-23	NP - 6   
126:			! 									
Preston	0-8	Fine sand	SM, SP-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	92-96	10-14	0-20	NP-2
	8-15	Fine sand	SM, SP-SM	A-2	0	0	100	100	1	10-14	1	NP-2
	15-65   	Loamy fine sand, fine sand, sand	SC-SM, SM   	A-2   	0	0   	100   	100   	91-98     	25-32	0-23	NP - 6   
Xerorthents	0-3	Gravelly loam	sc, gc	A-4, A-6	0	0-12	26-94	23-94	18-88	13-66	20-37	6-17
	3-11	Extremely	SC, GC	A-2	0	27-45	7-65	4-64	3-60	2-45	20-37	6-17
		channery loam		ļ								
	11-21   	Weathered   bedrock	   				   					   
127:	İ				İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ		İ
Ricrest	0-6 	Gravelly silt   loam	GC, ML	A-6	0	0	66-82	53-82	46-82	38-69	28-45	9-17
	6-20 	Clay loam, silt loam, gravelly silt loam		A-7, A-6	0	0   	67-83	53-83	50-83	43-74	36-51	16-22   
	20-60	Gravelly loam, gravelly clay loam, gravelly silt loam		A-2, A-6	0     	0-7     	63-92     	33-92	30-92	26-81	31-47	13-21     
128:												
Sanyon	0-5 	Very gravelly   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0	0-14	51-67 	37-67	35-67	27-54	22-35	6-12
	5-17	Extremely gravelly loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2	0	16-55	20-63	8-63	8-63	6-51	21-31	6-12
	   17-27 	Unweathered bedrock	   									

Table 20Engineering Index PropertiesContinue	Table	able 20Engineer:	ing Index	Properties	Continue
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	ments		rcentag sieve n			  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			Unified	AASHTC	>10  inches	3-10  inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity  index
					<u>i</u>	İ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
128:	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
Staberg	0-10	Loam	CL, CL-ML	   A-4	0	0-4	  85-95	  71-95	  59-87	41-63	25-37	6-12
beaberg	10-23	Gravelly loam	SC, CL	A-6	0	0-4	75-83	62-83	54-75	39-56		12-15
	23-33	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam	SC, CL	<b>A</b>	0	1		45-98   	38-92	28-70	1	12-19     
	33-38	Cobbly sandy   loam, very   cobbly sandy   loam	SC-SM, ML	A-4   	0	32-51	66-100   	25-100   	18-83   	9-45	17-28	2-10
	38-48	Weathered   bedrock				 	 	 	 	 		 
Kabear	0 - 9	  Very fine sandy   loam	   ML 	A-4	0	0	100	  89-100 	82-100	46-62	20-34	1-9
	9-45	Fine sandy   loam, sandy   loam	ML, SC-SM	<b>A-4</b> 	0	0 	100	89-100 	76-98	35-52	17-34	1-11 
	45-60	Fine sandy   loam, loamy   fine sand	SM   	A-2, A-4	0	0   	100	89-100   	78-95   	36-48	0-26	NP-6
129:												
Smidale	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT 	A-8	0	j 0 	 	   	 	 		 
	1-9	Very channery   silt loam	SC-SM, ML, GM	A-4, A-6	0	25-35	48-68	47-67	42-66	34-56	32-47	8-16
	9-26	Very channery   silt loam,   very channery   loam	SC, SC-SM, CL, GC	A-4, A-6	0	24-34	49-69   	48-68   	42-68	35-57   	32-47	10-18   
	26-39	Very channery   silt loam,   very channery   loam	SC, CL, GC	A-6, A-7   	0	23-34	51-70	49-70   	45-68   	38-59	35-47	13-18   
	39-46	Very channery   silt loam,   very channery	SC, CL, GC	  A-2, A-7 	0	25-35	   47 - 67   	  46-66   	  44-66   	  37-57   	36-47	  16-21 
	46-61	clay loam  Very channery   silt loam,   very channery   clay loam,   extremely   channery loam	sc, gc	A-2, A-6	0	25-35	  48-67       	  47-67       	  45-67     	  39-58       	  36-43     	  17-21       

Table	20Er	ngineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	ments	1	rcentag sieve n	-	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			¦	I	>10	3-10	İ				limit	
<u> </u>			Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		<u> </u> 	<u>                                     </u>	Pct	Pct			<u>                                     </u>	   	Pct	
130:	 		 	 			 				l	 
Smidale	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT   	A-8 	0	0   	   	   	 			   
	1-9	Very channery   silt loam	SC-SM, ML, GM	A-4, A-6	0	25-35	48-68	47-67	42-66	34-56	32-47	8-16
	9-26   	Very channery   silt loam,   very channery   loam	SC, SC-SM, CL, GC	A-4, A-6   	0	24-34	49-69   	48-68	42-68	35-57   	32-47	10-18   
	26-39   	Very channery   silt loam,   very channery   loam	SC, CL, GC	A-6, A-7   	0	23-34	51-70   	49-70   	45-68   	38-59	35-47	13-18   
	39-46	Very channery   silt loam,   very channery   clay loam	SC, CL, GC	A-2, A-7   	0	25-35	47 - 67   	46-66	44-66	37-57	36-47	16-21   
	46-61     	Very channery silt loam, very channery clay loam, extremely channery loam	SC, GC	A-2, A-6	0	25-35	48-67       	47-67       	45-67       	39-58	36-43	17-21         
Staberg	0-10   10-23   23-33	Loam  Gravelly loam  Very cobbly   loam,   extremely	CL, CL-ML  SC, CL  SC, CL	A-4   A-6   A-6	0 0 0	0-4 0-4 28-49	75-83	71-95  62-83  45-98	54-75	1	29-39	   6-12  12-15  12-19 
	33-38	cobbly loam Cobbly sandy loam, very cobbly sandy	  SC-SM, ML 	   <b>A-4</b> 	0	  32-51   	  66-100   	  25-100   	  18-83   	   9-45   	  17-28   	   2-10   
	38-48	Weathered   bedrock	 			 						 

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Class	ification	Frag	ments		rcentag			Ī	
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture			1 . 10	1 2 10		sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name		   	Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity  index 
	In				Pct	Pct		<u> </u>			Pct	
131:												
Sprollow	0 - 3	Gravelly silt	GC, CL-ML,	A-4	0-7	0-7	60-87	36-87	32-82	26-67	24-34	7-11
į	3-14	Gravelly silt	SC, CL-ML,	A-4	1-4	0-8	69-87	37-87	34-82	27-67	23-32	7-11
	14-39	Very cobbly   silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	7-16	31-44	79-97	48-97	43-94	34-77	21-30	6-11
	39-49	Unweathered   bedrock	   						   			
Hondoho	0-3	Stony silt loam	CL, SC	A-6	9-68	0-10	50-92	16-92	  15-89	12-75	33-43	12-17
	3-19	Gravelly silt   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM   	A-4, A-6   	0	0-12	48-76   	21-76	19-75   	16-63   	28-43	10-17   
	19-60		GC	A-2, A-6	0	5-27     	40-79	15-79     	  13-75     	11-63	29-40	12-18
132:												
Sprollow	0-3	Gravelly silt   loam	GC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A - 4	0-7	0-7	60-87	36-87	32-82 	26-67	24-34	7-11
	3-14	Gravelly silt	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-4	1-4	0-8	69-87	37-87	34-82	27-67	23-32	7-11
į	14-39	Very cobbly   silt loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	7-16	31-44	79-97	48-97	43-94	34-77	21-30	6-11
	39-49	Unweathered bedrock	 						 			 
Hymas	0 - 3	  Very gravelly   silt loam	CL, GC	A-4, A-2	0-7	5-29	45-90	26-90	24-86	19-69	25-33	6-10
	3-14	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very	sc, gc	A-1, A-2, A-	4 0-6	5-29 	49-91   	11-91	9-88	7-72	22-33	6-12
	14-17	stony loam  Extremely   cobbly loam,   very cobbly   loam, very	  sc, gc   	A-4, A-1, A-	0-29	  10-40     	  37-100     	11-100	   9-92   	6-66	21-31	   6-12   
   	17-27	gravelly loam  Unweathered   bedrock	   				   		   			   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n	e passi: umber	ng	  Liquid	
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	In	<u> </u>		1	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
133:		 										 
Sterling	0-8 8-66	Gravelly loam   Very gravelly   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	SC, ML GC	A-4 A-2	0 0	0 0	1	40-100  16-74 	33-93  13-70 		25-39  21-39 	6-13   6-15 
134:												
Sterling	0-8 8-66	Gravelly loam  Very gravelly   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	SC, ML  GC   	A-4   A-2 	0 0	0   0   	1	40-100  16-74   	33-93  13-70 	1	25-39  21-39   	6-13   6-15 
135:			 					 				
Sterling	0-8 8-66	Gravelly loam Very gravelly loam, extremely gravelly loam	SC, ML  GC 	A-4  A-2 	0 0	0 0		40-100  16-74 	33-93  13-70 	23-68	25-39  21-39 	6-13 6-15
136:			 					 				
Sterling	0-8 8-66	Gravelly loam  Very gravelly   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	SC, ML  GC 	A - 4   A - 2 	0 0	0 0	1	40-100  16-74 	33-93  13-70 	23-68   9-51 	25-39  21-39 	6-13 6-15
137:			 									 
Sterling	0-8 8-66	Gravelly loam  Very gravelly   loam,   extremely   gravelly loam	SC, ML  GC 	A - 4   A - 2 	0 0	0 0	1	40-100  16-74   	33-93  13-70 	23-68   9-51 		6-13   6-15 
Parleys	0 - 4	  Silt loam	   CL	   <b>A</b> - 6	0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	  77-97	30-44	1
ļ	4-13	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	1	1	1	83-100	1	i	10-18
	13-18 18-35	Silty clay loam  Silty clay loam		A-6, A-7 A-6, A-7	0		95-100				1	19-25  19-25
	35-50	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	37-46	19-25
j	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	94-100	89-100	84-100	78-97	25-37	10-18

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	n	Fragi	nents		rcentage	e passin		Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	-					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AA:	ЭНТО	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Pct	Pct			<u>                                     </u>	   	Pct	   
138:			<u> </u>							 	 	 	 
Thatcher	0-8	Loam	CL	A-6, A	A-4	0	0	95-100	79-100	76-100	59-84	30-41	10-17
	8-29	Silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL	A-7, 2 	A-6	0	0	95-100	89-100	86-100	82-99 	38-47 	19-24
	29-58	Silt loam, silty clay	CL	A-6		0	0	95-100	89-100	88-100	83-100	35-45	  17-22 
	58-60	loam  Silt loam, fine   sandy loam,   loam	CL, CL-ML, SC-SM	  A-6, 1 	A - 4	0	0	95-100	  89-100 	  83-100 	  77-99   	23-37	   7-17 
Bearhollow	0-4	Gravelly loam	  SC, GC-GM	  A-2, 1	A-4	0	0	  70-83	  49-83	  42-76	  30-56	  25-33	   8-12
	4-9	Gravelly loam	SC, GC-GM, GC	A-4		0	0	65-83	49-83	42-76	30-56	24-31	8-12
	9-22	Gravelly loam	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM, GC	A-4		0	0		49-83	İ		20-28	6-10
	22-43	Gravelly loam	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-2, <i>1</i> 	A-4	0	0	70-83	49-83 	41-76 	30-56 	20-28	6-10 
	43-60	Gravelly loam	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM, GC	A-4		0	0	65-83	49-83	41-76 	30-56	22-30	6-11 
139:									<u> </u>	 	 	 	 
Toponce	0-3	Silt loam	ML	A-4, A	A-6	0	0	89-100	78-100	69-99	57-83	33-47	9-17
	3-14	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	A-7		0	0	89-100	78-100	71-100	62-90 	35-49	13-21
	14-60	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay, clay	CH, CL	A-7   		0	0	90-100	79-100	60-100	58-98   	46-72	25-44
Broadhead	0-7	Silt loam	  CL	  A-6, <i>1</i>		0				  73-99		  29-43	9-17
	7-10	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL	A-7, <i>1</i> 	A-6	0	0-5	94-100	83-100	78-100 	69-93 	37-49 	17-25 
	10-60	Ioam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-7 		0	0-5	95-100	84-100	80-100	  76-100 	46-64	  25-36 
140:			[ 							 	 	 	 
Trenton	0 - 8	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7		0	0	100	100	96-100	85-90	43-51	21-25
		Silty clay loam	CL	A-7		0	0	100	100	96-100	1	43-51	1
	32-46	Silty clay   loam, silty	CH, CL	A-7 		0	0	100	100	92-100	88-100	46-64	25-36
	46-60	clay  Silty clay	CH, CL	  A-7		0	0	   100	   100	  92-100	  87-100	  46-62	   25-36
	10 00			'			ŭ	=00	100	-2 -30		-0 02	

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	   Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Frag	ments	Pe		ge passi: number	ng	  Liquid	1
and soil name					>10	3-10		1 10	1 40		limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		<u> </u> 		Pct	Pct				   	Pct	
140:			 							 		 
Battle Creek	0-8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100	1		45-58	
	8-11   	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH, CL   	A-7 	0	0   	100 	100	89-100   	84-97   	47-61 	23-32   
	11-19	Silty clay,	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	19-40	Silty clay,   clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	40-60	Silty clay,  silty clay   loam	СH 	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	85-100 	43-63   	25-40
141:			 			 				 		 
Trenton, cool	0-8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	j o j	100	100			43-51	1
	8-32	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100		85-90		21-25
	32-46	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL   	A-7 	0	0   	100 	100	92-100	88-100   	46-64   	25-36   
	46-60	Silty clay	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	87-100	46-62	25-36
Battle Creek,						i i			İ			
cool	0 - 8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100	1 -		45-58	1
	8-11   	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH, CL   	A-7 	0	0	100 	100	89-100	84-97   	47-61 	23-32
	11-19	Silty clay,	СН	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	19-40	Silty clay,   clay	CH	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	86-100	50-70	29-44
	40-60	Silty clay,   silty clay   loam	CH 	A-7	0	0	100	100	89-100	85-100   	43-63   	25-40
142:			 							 		 
Trenton	0-8	Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100			43-51	1
		Silty clay loam		A-7	0	0	100	100			43-51	
	32-46	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL   	A-7 	0	0   	100 	100	92-100   	88-100   	46-64	25-36   
	46-60	Silty clay	CH, CL	A-7	0	0	100	100	92-100	87-100	46-62	25-36

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif:	ication	Fragi	nents		rcentage sieve n	-	ng	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name		İ			>10	3-10	İ				limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Pct	Pct		<u>                                       </u>	<u>                                     </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
142:			 			 		 	 			
Parleys	0 - 4	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j 0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	30-44	10-18
-	4-13	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	94-100	88-100	83-100	77-97	27-42	10-18
İ	13-18	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	38-49	19-25
İ	18-35	Silty clay loam	CL	A-6, A-7	0	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	38-47	19-25
İ	35-50	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0	95-100	89-100	85-100	81-99	37-46	19-25
	50-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	94-100	89-100	84-100	78-97	25-37	10-18
143:			 	 		 	 	 	 			
Valmar	0 - 9	Very cobbly   silt loam	GC, GC-GM, GM	A-6 	0-7	27-31 	63-86 	42-86 	37-83 	30-68	27-39	8-13
	9-14	Very stony silt   loam, very   cobbly silt   loam	CL, GC, GC-GM	<b>A</b> -6   	0-7	27-32	70-95   	53-95   	48-94   	41-81   	32-42	13-19   
	14-24	Extremely stony   silt loam,   extremely   flaggy silt   loam	SC, GC, GC-GM	<b>A-6</b>	64-89	3-24	49-100     	18-100     	16-98     	14-85     	32-40	13-19     
	24-34	Unweathered   bedrock	 			   	   	   	   	   		   
Camelback	0 – 3	  Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
	3-14	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC-GM, GC	A-2, A-4	0	0	30-66	27-65	24-62	20-51	26-37	7-12
	14-22	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	34-42	15-18
	22-32	Very gravelly   silty clay   loam	GC 	<b>A</b> -7 	0	0	31-67   	28-66   	27-66   	24-59	39-46	19-22
	32-50	  Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0	0	30-66	27-65	25-63	21-54	32-40	13-18
	50-61	Very gravelly   loam	SC, GC	A-2	0	0	38-66	36-65	30-61 	21-45	24-35	9-16
Hades	0-5 5-60	Silt loam  Gravelly silty   clay loam	CL CL, GC	  A-6  A-7	0	0 0-14	  86-100  69-82 	  74-100  56-82 			29-41	1

Table	20Er	ngineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n			  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name			Unified	AASHTO	>10 inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	In	<u> </u>	   	<u>                                     </u>	Pct	Pct	<u> </u> 			<u> </u> 	Pct	
144:					10.40	    10-22		00.01	04.00		06.25	
Vitale	0-1	Extremely stony   loam	GC, GC-GM, GM 	1   A-2	18-42	10-22 	38-93 	29-91	24-82	17-60	26-37	7-12
	1-15	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   extremely   stony loam	sc, gc	A-2, A-6   	4-32	30-44	46-77     	16-77       	14-72     	10-55	31-45	12-19     
	15-26	Extremely cobbly clay loam, extremely stony clay loam, extremely stony loam	sc, gc	A-2, A-7	9-35	26-38	  45-100       	  17-100         	  15-96         	11-77	36-47	   17-25         
	26-36	Unweathered   bedrock										
Bergquist	0-5	  Very gravelly   loam	  GM, GC-GM 	A-2	0	0-12	  45-60 	33-60	27-56	19-41	20-35	   3-12 
	5-12	Very cobbly   loam, very   gravelly loam,   very gravelly   sandy loam	SC-SM, GM, SM, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0	13-22   	33-44	  18-44     	  15-41     	10-30	18-35	2-12
	12-54		GW-GC, GP-GM	A-1, A-2	0	8-26     	  17-55       	7-55       	5-45       	2-24	0-26	NP - 7     
	54-64		 			 	   					 
Rock outcrop	0-60	Unweathered   bedrock				   	   					   

Table	20En	gineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classi	ficat	ion	Frag	ments		rcentag sieve n	-	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name		 	 	Unified		AASHTO	>10  inches	3-10		10	40	200	limit	ticity
					i				<u> </u>		İ		İ	
	In						Pct	Pct					Pct	
145:			 											 
Vitale	0-1	Extremely stony loam	GC,	GC-GM, G	M   A-2		18-42	10-22	38-93	29-91		17-60	26-37	7-12
	1-15	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,	sc,	GC	A-2     	, A-6	4-32	30-44   	46-77     	16-77     	14-72     	10-55     	31-45   	12-19     
	15-26	cobbly clay	sc,	GC	    A-2	, A-7	9-35	    26-38 	    45-100 	    17-100 	    15-96 	    11-77 	36-47	    17-25 
		loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam,   extremely						       	     		     			
	26-36	stony loam  Unweathered   bedrock						   	   	   	   	   		   
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	Cobbly silt	CL		A-4	, A-6	0	16-29	85-96	66-96	61-91	50-76	30-39	10-13
	8-16	Extremely cobbly loam	GC,	sc	A-2	, A-6	8-18	42-46	64-93	45-93	39-87	29-66	33-42	13-19
	16-19	Extremely   cobbly clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam	GC,	sc	A-2	, A-7	9-32	35-37	45-100       	15-100       	13-94       	10-74       	39-49	19-25       
	19-29	Very cobbly   clay, very   cobbly clay   loam	CH,	CL	A-7		0-13	22-45	65-98   	50-98     	43-98   	34-82   	46-62	25-36   
	29-60	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very cobbly   clay,   extremely   stony clay	CH, SC	CL, GC,	A-2	, A-7	0	11-21         	62-100         	22-100	20-100	16-88         	45-62	25-36

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			Classif	ication	Fragi	ments		rcentag	-	_		
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture						sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		<u> </u>		Pct	Pct	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	Pct	
145:				 		 	 			 		
Northwater	0-12	Gravelly very fine sandy loam	GM, SM	A-2, A-4	0	0-7	55-85 	35-85	33-85	19-51   	23-35	2-7
	12-28	Extremely gravelly loam	GM, GC-GM	A-2	9-31	0-42	31-92	11-92	9-84	6-60	25-37	6-11
	28-46	Extremely gravelly loam	GC	A-2	7-31	17-35	28-61	11-61	10-56	7-42	31-38	14-18
	46-56	Unweathered   bedrock				 			 			 
146:				 		 						
Welby		1		A-4	0	0	100	100	1	87-95	1	6-12
		Silt loam, loam		A-4	0	0	100	100	1	87-95	1	6-12
	40-60	Fine sandy loam	SC-SM, CL-ML,   ML	A - 4   	0	0   	100 	100	85-98   	41-54 	17-31	2-12
147:									İ			
Welby				A-4	0	0	100	100	1	87-95	1	6-12
	12-40	Silt loam, loam		A-4	0	0	100	100		87-95	1	6-12
	40-60	Fine sandy loam	SC-SM, CL-ML,   ML	A - 4 	0	0 	100	100	85-98 	41-54 	17-31	2-12
148:			<u> </u>	 		 	 			 		
Welby, wet	0-12	Silt loam	CL-ML	A-4	j 0	0	100	100	95-100	83-91	23-36	4-10
	12-40	Silt loam,   loam, very   fine sandy   loam	CL, CL-ML   	<b>A-4</b>   	0	0	100   	100   	95-100	87-95     	21-35	6-12
	40-60	Fine sandy   loam, very   fine sandy   loam	CL-ML, SC-SM	<b>A-4</b>   	0	0   	100     	100	87-97     	41-51     	16-28     	2-10
149:	0.0											
Collinston	0-8	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-6  A-6	0	0   0	100   100		88-100		31-43	12-15
	8-12	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	  -   CII	M-0 		<b>0</b>   	   	54-100   	    08-100	   	31-4/   	12-21   
	12-60	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL	<b>A</b> -6 	0	0	100	94-100	87-100   	82-99   	30-43	12-21

	Table	20Engineering	Index	PropertiesContinued
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Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments	Pe	rcentag sieve n	_	ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	-	<u> </u>	i		>10	3-10	İ				limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Pct	
149:			l I			 	 			 		
Wheelon	0-6	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	94-100	90-100	85-99	31-45	12-19
	6-60	Silt loam,	CL	A-6	0	0	100	95-100	93-100	88-100	35-46	16-24
		silty clay	 			<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 		<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 
150:			 			 	 			 		
Wheelon	0 - 6	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j 0	0	100		90-100			12-19
	6-60	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL   	A - 6   	0	0   	100   	95-100	93-100	88-100   	35-46   	16-24   
Collinston	0 - 8	Silt loam	CL, ML	A-6	0	0	100	94-100	91-100	85-94	31-43	12-15
	8-12	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CT	A-6	0	0 	100	94-100	88-100	83-100	31-47	12-21
	12-60	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL 	A - 6	0	0	100	94-100	87-100   	  82-99   	30-43	12-21
151:			 			 	 			 		
Wheelon	0 - 6	Silt loam	CL	A-6	į o	0	100	1	90-100	1		12-19
	6-60	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL   	<b>A</b> - 6   	0	0   	100   	95-100	93-100   	88-100   	35-46   	16-24   
Collinston	0-8		CL, ML	A-6	0	   0	100	94-100	91-100	  85-94	31-43	12-15
		Silt loam,	CL	A-6	0	0	100	1 -	88-100	1		12-21
		silty clay	İ	İ	į	ļ	į		İ	į	İ	į
	12-60	loam  Silt loam,	CL	  A-6	0	   0	   100		  87-100	   82 - 99	30-43	12-21
	12 00	silty clay   loam					100   					
152:			 			 	 					
Windernot	0 - 6	Gravelly sandy	SC-SM, SM	A-1	0	0 	71-83 	46-83	33-69	16-38 	20-35	2-10
	6-18	Gravelly sandy	SC-SM, SM	A-1, A-2	0	0	71-83	46-83	33-69	16-38	20-35	2-10
	18-23	Very gravelly   sandy loam	SC-SM, GM	A-1, A-2	0	0	58-64	39-64	29-53	14-29	18-33	2-10
	23-60	Extremely	GP, GP-GM	A-1	0	0	29-66	11-66	8-52	1-7	0-20	NP-2
		gravelly sand,   very gravelly   loamy sand	   			   	   			   		   

Table	20En	gineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

			Classif	ication	Fragi	nents			e passi	ng	[	
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture					8	sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In		<u> </u>		Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	
152:			 		 	 	 					 
Lewnot	0-10	Fine sandy loam	SC-SM. SM	  A-4	0	l   0	100	100	87-97	41-51	17-28	2-10
	10-38	Stratified fine   sandy loam to   loam to silt   loam		A-2, A-4, A-6   	0   0 	0	100   100 	100	     	     	20-36	6-17   
	38-60	Very gravelly   loamy sand	SP-SM, GC-GM, GM, SC-SM,	A-1, A-2	0	0-5	56-100   	11-100	9-80	3-30	0-19   	NP-2   
Stinkcreek	0-11	  Silty clay loam	   Ст.	  A-7	l I 0	l l 0	   100	  88-100	84-100	  80-99	43-55	  18-25
	11-21	Silty clay   loam, silt   loam	CL	A-6, A-7 	0	0	100		79-100	1		12-25
	21-40	Very gravelly  loamy sand	GM, GP-GM	  A-1 	   0 	   0 	32-48	9-36	7-29	2-11	0-22	   NP - 2 
	40-60	Extremely gravelly sand	GP	A-1 	0 	0 	32-49	10-38	7-29 	1-3 	0-17	NP-1 
153:			]	]	 	 	 	 		 		 
Winn	0-13	Silt loam	ML	  A-7	0	0	94-100	88-100	81-95	68-79	38-46	11-13
	13-60	Loam, silt loam, very fine sandy loam	CL	<b>A</b> -6	0     	0		89-100			29-35	12-13
154:				 	! 	 	! 					
Winwell		Silty clay loam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CL   CH 	A-7  A-7 	0   0 	0   0 	100   100 	100   100 	1 -	86-91  89-100 	39-49  50-64 	18-22  27-36 
	22-30	Silty clay	CH, CL	  A-7	0	0	100	100	94-100	90-100	47-58	28-36
	30-51	Silty clay loam	CL	A-7, A-6	0	0	100	100	95-100	83-91	35-44	18-25
	51-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	j 0	0	100	100	90-98	75-83	27-37	12-18
155:			[ 	 	 	 	 					 
Winwell	0-10 10-22	Silty clay loam  Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CL  CH	A-7  A-7 	0   0 	0   0 	100   100 	100   100 	1 -	86-91  89-100 	39-49  50-64 	18-22  27-36 
	22-30	Silty clay	CH, CL	  A-7	l I 0	l l 0	100	100	94-100	90-100	47-58	  28-36
	30-51	Silty clay loam		A-6, A-7	0	0	100	100	1	1	35-44	
	51-60	Silt loam	CL	A-6	0	0	100	100	90-98	1	1	12-18

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on		Fragi	ments		rcentag		ng	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name		 	ט	nified	   A	ASHTO		>10 inches	3-10 inches	4	10	40	200	limit	ticity index
	In	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		 			Pct	Pct	1	1	1	<u> </u>	   Pct	<u> </u>
	111				 			FCC					 		
155:								_							
Collinston	0-8 8-12	Silt loam  Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL,	ML	A-6  A-6 			0	0   0 	100   100 		91-100  88-100 			12-15  12-21 
	12-60	Silt loam,   silty clay   loam	CL		   A-6 			0	   0 	100	94-100	  87-100 	  82-99   	30-43	  12-21 
156:					 				 	 		 	 		 
Wormcreek	0 - 9	Gravelly clay	GC		A-7			0	5-8 	j		İ	İ	41-53	
	9-22	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very cobbly   clay loam	GC   		A-7,   	A-2,	<b>A-</b> 6	0	16-31   	51-75   	26-75	24-75   	20-65   	39-51   	19-25   
	22-48	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam	GC,	GC-GM	A-2			0-6	42-48	46-79   	15-79	14-79   	11-63	25-31	9-12
	48-58	Weathered   bedrock			   				   	   		   	   	   	   
Copenhagen	0-7	  Very channery   loam	GC		   A-2 			0	  14-19 	28-52	6-51	6-51	   4-42 	29-38	  12-16 
	7-13	Very gravelly	GC		A-2,	A-6		0	11-21     	31-61     	7-61	7-61     	5-50   	28-38     	12-16     
	13-23	-	ļ						 	   		 	 	 	
157: Wormcreek	0 - 9	    Gravelly clay	    GC		    A-7			0	     5-8	    65-80	    40-80	    38-80	    32-69	    41-53	    19-25
		loam			İ				İ		İ	İ	İ	İ	
	9-22	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very cobbly   clay loam	GC   		A-7,     	A-2,	A-6	0	16-31   	51-75     	26-75	24-75     	20-65   	39-51     	19-25   
	22-48	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam	GC,	GC-GM	A-2   			0-6	42-48	46-79	15-79	14-79   	11-63	25-31	9-12
	48-58	Cobbiy Idam  Weathered   bedrock			     				   	   		   	   	   	   

Table	20En	gineering	Index	Properties-	-Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classif	ication	Frag	ments		rcentag sieve n			  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name					>10	3-10					limit	ticity
		İ	Unified	AASHTO	inches	inches	4	10	40	200	Ì	index
	In	<u> </u>			Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Pct	<u> </u>
157:			 	<u> </u>			 					 
Lonigan	0 - 8	Gravelly silt	GC-GM, GM, ML	A-4	0	0-9	61-72	37-72	34-72	30-67	18-33	2-12
	8-11	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly silt   loam	GC, GC-GM	A-2, A-4	0   	0-8	41-61   	25-61	24-61	19-51	21-31	6-12   
	11-24	Very gravelly   silt loam,   very gravelly   loam, very   flaggy loam	GC     	A-1, A-2, A-4	0     	0-26     	51-82     	24-82       	22-82	20-80	21-34	6-15     
	24-34	Weathered   bedrock	 	 		   	   	   	   			   
158:			 	İ					İ			
Wursten	0-5	Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	89-100	78-100	67-90	47-65	26-37	7-11
	5-17	Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	89-100	78-100	66-92	46-67	24-35	7-13
	17-31	Loam	CL, CL-ML	A-4	0	0	89-100	78-100	67-90	47-64	22-28	7-10
	31-60	Gravelly loam,   loam, fine   sandy loam	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-4   	0	0-4	67-91   	43-91   	36-82	25-59	20-28	6-10   
Dirtyhead	0 - 6	  Very gravelly   loam	  GC 	A-2, A-4	0	0	52-61	34-61	29-56	20-40	22-35	6-12
	6-38	Very gravelly   loam, very   gravelly sandy   loam	GC   	A-1, A-2   	0   	0   	41-52     	27-52     	20-43	13-28	21-31	6-12   
	38-48	Weathered   bedrock 	   	   		   	   	   	   			   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture		Classif	icati	on		Fragi	ments		_	e passinumber	ng	Liquid	   Plas
and soil name		İ	İ					>10	3-10	İ				limit	ticity
			τ	Unified	A	ASHTO		inches	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				<u> </u>			Pct	Pct		<u> </u>		<u>                                     </u>	Pct	<u>                                     </u>
159:									 				 		 
Xerochrepts	0-8 8-14	Silt loam  Silt loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   very gravelly   silt loam	CL			A-2, A-4,			0 0	1	1	32-99  31-100   	1		9-17 6-19
	14-26	Silt loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   very gravelly   clay loam	CL,	sc	A-2,	A-4,	A-6	0	0     	64-100     	25-100   	21-100	   17-88   	20-40	6-21   
	26-60	Silt loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   very gravelly   silt loam	CL		A-2,	A-4,	A-6	0	0	64-100     	25-100     	21-100	17-86     	20-38	6-19     
Wormcreek	0-9	Gravelly clay	GC		A-7			0	   5-8 	65-80	40-80	38-80	  32-69 	41-53	  19-25 
	9-22	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very cobbly   clay loam	GC		A-7,	A-2,	A-6	0	16-31   	51-75   	26-75   	24-75   	20-65	39-51	19-25   
	22-48	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam	GC,	GC-GM	A-2			0-6	42-48   	46-79   	15-79   	14-79   	11-63   	25-31	9-12   
	48-58	Weathered   bedrock							   	   	   	   	   		   
Xerorthents	0-3 3-11	Gravelly loam  Extremely   channery loam	sc,		A-4, A-2	A-6		0	0-12 27-45	26-94 7-65	23-94	18-88 3-60	13-66 2-45	20-37	6-17 6-17
	11-21	Weathered   bedrock	   		   				   	   	   	   	   		   
160:		į	į		į				İ	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	į
Xerorthents	0-3 3-11	Gravelly loam  Extremely	SC,		A-4, A-2	A-6		0 0	0-12 27-45	26-94 7-65	23-94 4-64	18-88   3-60	13-66 2-45	20-37 20-37	6-17   6-17
	   11-21 	channery loam  Weathered   bedrock							   	   	   	   	   		   

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Frag	ments		rcentag sieve n	_	_	Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	i -	İ	i		>10	3-10	i				limit	ticity
			Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In				Pct	Pct					Pct	
161:							 			 		
Yeates Hollow	0-8	Cobbly silt   loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	16-29	85-96	66-96	61-91	50-76	30-39	10-13
	8-16	Extremely cobbly loam	GC, SC	A-2, A-6	8-18	42-46	64-93	45-93	39-87	29-66	33-42	13-19
	16-19	Extremely cobbly clay loam, extremely stony clay loam	GC, SC	A-2, A-7	9-32	35-37	45-100       	15-100       	13-94       	10-74	39-49	19-25       
	19-29	Very cobbly   clay, very   cobbly clay   loam	CH, CL	A-7	0-13	22-45	65-98   	50-98   	43-98	34-82	46-62	25-36
	29-60	Very gravelly clay loam, very cobbly clay, extremely stony clay	CH, CL, GC,	A-2, A-7	0       	11-21       	62-100       	22-100       	20-100       	16-88       	45-62	25-36       
162:							 			 		
Yeates Hollow	0-8	Cobbly silt   loam	CL	A-4, A-6	0	16-29	85-96	66-96	61-91	50-76	30-39	10-13
	8-16	Extremely cobbly loam	GC, SC	A-2, A-6	8-18	42-46	64-93	45-93	39-87	29-66	33-42	13-19
	16-19	Extremely cobbly clay loam, extremely stony clay loam	GC, SC	A-2, A-7		35-37	       	       	       	       		19-25       
	19-29   	Very cobbly   clay, very   cobbly clay   loam	CH, CL	A - 7   	0-13	22-45     	65-98   	50-98     	43-98   	34-82   	46-62	25-36   
	29-60	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very cobbly   clay,   extremely   stony clay	CH, CL, GC, SC	A-2, A-7   	0	11-21         	62-100         	22-100	20-100	16-88       	45-62	25-36

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	Classi	fication	Fragi	ments		rcentag sieve n	_	_	  Liquid	   Plas-
and soil name	Dopon				>10	3-10	 	D1010 11	u		limit	
			Unified	AASHTO	1	inches	4	10	40	200		index
	In	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Pct	<u> </u>
162:			 									 
Manila	0-7	  Silt loam	  CL	A-6	0	   0	100	88-100	  79-99	67-85	33-47	12-19
	7-33	Silty clay   loam, silty   clay	CH, CL	A-7	0-8	0-8	100	1		1	47-68	23-36
	33-50	Cobbly clay	CL	A-6, A-7	0-7	0-15	90-96	76-96	65-94	50-75	39-55	19-28
	50-60	Gravelly loam,   silty clay   loam, clay   loam	CL, SC     	<b>A</b> - 6     	0-7	5-9     	85-94     	69-94	56-93     	41-72     	30-49     	12-25     
Softback	0-1	Slightly   decomposed   plant material	PT 	A-8	0	0 	   		   	   	   	   
	1-4	Gravelly silt	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-4	0	j 0	74-88	52-88	47-85	38-69	26-37	7-12
	4-10	Gravelly silt	SC, CL-ML, GC-GM	A-4	0	[ 0 	74-88	52-88	47-85	38-69	26-37	7-12
	10-24	Very cobbly   silt loam	GC, GC-GM	A-4, A-6	0-19	10-32	52-88	32-88	28-87	23-74	26-41	9-17
	24-30	Very gravelly   silt loam	GC	A-2, A-6	0-7	10-27	50-74	26-74	24-72	21-62	30-39	13-19
	30-39	Extremely   gravelly clay   loam, very   cobbly clay   loam	GC     	A-2, A-7   	0-18	9-22     	42-76     	18-76	16-72     	12-57     	37-47     	19-25     
	39-63	Extremely   gravelly silty   clay loam,   extremely   cobbly silty   clay loam	GC         	A-2	0-18	9-22	42-76       	18-76	17-76         	15-69       	37-47	19-25       

Table 20.--Engineering Index Properties--Continued

			ļ	Classif	icati	on	Fragi	ments			e passi	ng	Ţ	ļ
Map symbol	Depth	USDA texture	ļ		1		1.10	3-10	:	sieve n	umber		Liquid	
and soil name				Unified	   A	ASHTO	>10  inches	3-10  inches	   4	10	40	200	limit	ticity  index
	In	1	<u>                                     </u>		<u>                                     </u>		Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>                                     </u>	Pct	
163:							ļ							
Yeates Hollow	0-8	Cobbly silt	CL		A-4,	A-6	0	  16-29 	  85-96 	66-96	61-91	  50-76 	30-39	  10-13 
	8-16	Extremely cobbly loam	GC,	sc	A-2,	A-6	8-18	42-46	64-93	45-93	39-87	29-66	33-42	13-19
	16-19	Extremely   cobbly clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay	GC,       	sc	A-2,	A-7	9-32	35-37	45-100     	15-100     	13-94     	10-74     	39-49	19-25     
	   19-29 	loam  Very cobbly   clay, very   cobbly clay   loam	   CH, 	CL	  A-7   		0-13	  22-45   	  65-98   	  50-98   	  43-98   	  34-82   	  46-62   	  25-36   
	29-60	Very gravelly   clay loam,   very cobbly   clay,   extremely   stony clay	CH, SC		A-2,	A-7	0	11-21	62-100     	22-100	20-100	16-88     	45-62       	25-36       
Vitale	0-1	  Extremely stony   loam	GC,	GC-GM, GM	A-2		18-42	10-22	  38-93 	29-91	24-82	  17-60	26-37	7-12
	1-15	Very cobbly   loam,   extremely   cobbly loam,   extremely   stony loam	sc,       	GC	A-2,       	A-6	4-32	30-44	  46-77     	  16-77     	  14-72   	  10-55     	31-45       	  12-19     
	15-26 26-36	Extremely   cobbly clay   loam,   extremely   stony clay   loam,   extremely   stony loam   Unweathered	sc,             	GC	A-2,           	A-7	9-35	26-38	45-100	17-100	15-96	11-77	36-47	17-25                   
164: Water.		bedrock   			     			       	       	       	       	       		       

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils

(Entries under "Erosion factors--T" apply to the entire profile. Entries under "Wind erodibility group" and "Wind erodibility index" apply only to the surface layer. Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	   Moist	Permea-	  Available		   Organic	Erosi	on factor	_ erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density	bility   (Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-   bility	matter   	   Kw		bility  group	bility  index
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct				<u> </u>   
1:		! 									
Airport	0-4		1.20-1.30	1	0.16-0.18	1	1.0-3.0	.43	.43   5	4L	86
	4-16 16-60		1.20-1.30  1.20-1.30	1	0.16-0.18  0.16-0.18	1	0.5-2.0	.49   .49	.49     .49		
2:		 		 	 	 	 				
Ant Flat	0 - 8	1	1.40-1.50	I .	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37   5	6	48
	8-24		1.35-1.45		0.15-0.20	1	1.0-2.0	.37	.37		
I	24-42 42-60		1.35-1.45  1.40-1.50	1	0.15-0.20 0.19-0.21	1	1.0-2.0	32	.32     .37		
3:						İ	İ	İ	į į	į	İ
Ant Flat	0 - 8	   27-35	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	37   5	6	48
	8-24		1.35-1.45	!	0.15-0.20	!	1.0-2.0	.37	.37		
I	24-42 42-60		1.35-1.45  1.40-1.50		0.15-0.20	1	1.0-2.0	32	.32     .37		
4:						 					
Ant Flat	0 - 8	27-35	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	   .37   5	6	48
j	8-24	35-55	1.35-1.45	0.06-0.2	0.15-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	j	İ
ļ	24-42		1.35-1.45		0.15-0.20		1.0-2.0	.32	.32	ļ	
	42-60	27-35 	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	37	.37		
5:		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	j j	İ	j
Ant Flat			1.40-1.50	1	0.19-0.21	1	2.0-4.0	.37	1	6	48
	8-24 24-42		1.35-1.45 1.35-1.45	1	0.15-0.20	1	1.0-2.0	37	.37     .32		
	42-60		1.40-1.50	1	0.19-0.21	1	0.5-1.0	.37	37		
Oxford	0 - 5	   40-45	  1.35-1.65	0.06-0.2	  0.11-0.17	   6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32		4	86
j	5-26	40-55	1.30-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.14-0.16	6.0-8.9	0.0-0.0	.37	.37	j	İ
	26-63	40-65	1.25-1.60	0.0015-0.06	0.11-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.37	37		
6:											
Ant Flat	0-8 8-24		1.40-1.50	1	0.19-0.21	1	2.0-4.0	.37	1	6	48
	8-24 24-42		1.35-1.45 1.35-1.45		0.15-0.20		1.0-2.0	37	.37     .32	l I	
	42-60		1.40-1.50		0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.37	.37		ļ
Oxford	0 - 5	   40-45	  1.35-1.65	0.06-0.2	  0.11-0.17	   6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32		4	86
į	5-26	40-55	1.30-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.14-0.16	6.0-8.9	0.0-0.0	.37	.37	j	j
	26-63	40-65	1.25-1.60	0.0015-0.06	0.11-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.37		
7:											
Arbone			1.30-1.50		0.16-0.18				!	5	56
I	8-21 21-60		1.35-1.55  1.25-1.35	1	0.16-0.18			37	.43		
į		ļ		ļ	ļ	ļ	ļ		ļ į		!
8:     Banida	0 - 6	   32-30	1 40-1 50	0.06-0.2	  0.14-0.18	3 0-5 9	   1.0-2.0		   .32   5	4	86
	6-22		1	0.0015-0.06			1.0-2.0	37	37	-	
İ	22-35	!	1	0.0015-0.06	t.	1	0.0-0.0	.37	.37	j	İ
į	35-64	40-55	1.30-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.14-0.16	6.0-8.9	0.0-0.0	.37	.37		

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	1	Organic	FLOSI	on fact	LOFS	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name			bulk	bility	water	extensi-	matter				bility	
		 	density	(Ksat)	capacity	bility		Kw	Kf	T 	group	index 
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	†		<u> </u>		İ
9:		 			 				 	 		 
Banida	0 - 6	32-39	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.14-0.18	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
j	6-22	40-55	1.30-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.14-0.16	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
	22-35	40-55	1	0.0015-0.06	1		0.0-0.0	.37	.37		!	ļ
	35-64	40-55	1.30-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.14-0.16	6.0-8.9	0.0-0.0	.37	.37	 		
10:		 		İ								İ
Battle Creek	0 - 8		1.20-1.40	1	0.19-0.21	!	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
	8-11	!	1.20-1.40	1	0.14-0.21		2.0-3.0	.32	.32			
	11-19 19-40	40-60 40-60	!	0.0000-0.06	!	!	0.5-1.0	32	32			
	40-60	35-55	1	0.0000-0.06	1		0.5-1.0	37	37	 		 
		İ	İ	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
11: Battle Creek	0 - 8	   32-40	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	  0.19-0.21	3.0-5 9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	   5	4	   86
	8-11	32-40	1.20-1.40		0.14-0.21		2.0-3.0	.32	.32		1	30
	11-19	40-60	!	0.0000-0.06	!	!	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	<u> </u>		İ
j	19-40	40-60	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.14-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	į
	40-60	35-55	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37	ĺ	į	
12:		 		 	 	 			 	 	 	 
Battle Creek	0 - 8	32-40	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
	8-11	32-45	1.20-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.14-0.21	6.0-8.9	2.0-3.0	.32	.32	į	İ	İ
	11-19	40-60	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.14-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
	19-40	40-60	1	0.0000-0.06	1		0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
	40-60	35-55 	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37	 		
13:		 		İ								İ
Bear Lake	0-11	28-34	1.20-1.30	!	0.19-0.21	!	3.0-7.0	.37	.37	5	8	0
	11-20	28-34	1.20-1.45	!	0.19-0.21	!	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	ļ		ļ
	20-26 26-60	15-34   15-34	1.30-1.45 1.45-1.75	!	0.19-0.21		0.0-0.5	.49	.49   .43			 
	20-00	13-34	1.45-1.75	2-20	0.04-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.24	.43			İ
Chesbrook	0-2	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	j	60-95			5	4L	86
	2-20	27-35	1.20-1.40	1	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	3.0-5.0	.32	.37			
	20-48	35-40	1.20-1.30	!	0.19-0.21	!	1.0-4.0	.43	.49			
	48-62	20-32 	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.55	<b>.</b> 55	 	 	 
Picabo	0 - 4	14-18	1.20-1.30	!	0.19-0.21		2.0-5.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
	4-16	10-18	1.25-1.50	!	0.19-0.21		1.0-4.0	.49	.49			
	16-45	10-18	1.40-1.50	1	0.19-0.21		0.0-1.0	.55	.55			
	45-51 51-65	!	1.40-1.50  1.30-1.50	!	0.19-0.21		0.0-0.5	1	.64	 	 	 
		İ	İ	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
14: Bear Lake	0-11	20_34	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	0 0-2 9	3.0-7.0	.37	   .37	   5	   8	   0
Dear Hake	11-20		1.20-1.30	!	0.19-0.21		1	.43	.43	]	"	0
	20-26		1.30-1.45	!	0.19-0.21	,		.49	.49	<u> </u>		İ
	26-60	15-34	1.45-1.75	2-20	0.04-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.24	.43	į	į	į
Downata	0-1	   0-25	0.10-0.30	   6-101	  0.30-0.60	 	   60-95		 	   5	8	   0
	1-12		1.20-1.55	!	0.18-0.21	,		.32	.32			i
i	12-59		1.20-1.55	!	0.17-0.20	!	1	.43	.43	i	İ	İ
	59-63		1.20-1.40	!	0.17-0.20		0.5-2.0	.43	.43	į	į	į
15:		 		 	 					[ [		[ 
Bear Lake	0-11	28-34	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-7.0	.37	.37	   5	8	0
j	11-20	28-34	1.20-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
ļ	20-26		1.30-1.45	!	0.19-0.21		1	.49	.49	ļ		ļ
	26-60	15-34	1.45-1.75	2-20	0.04-0.16	1 0 0 2 0	0.0-0.5	.24	.43	1	1	1

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	   Clay	Moist   bulk	Permea-	  Available   water	Linear	Organic matter		on fac		erodi-	
and soli name		   	density	(Ksat)	capacity	bility	macter	Kw	   Kf 	T		index
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
15:		 			 							
Downata	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95	j		5	8	0
	1-12	12-24	1.20-1.55	0.6-2	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-6.0	.32	.32			
	12-59	28-34	1.20-1.55	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.20	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	59-63	18-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.17-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.43			
Thatcherflats	0 - 4	11-18	1.10-1.20	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.55	.55	5	   4L	86
	4-16	28-43	1.40-1.50	0.0015-0.06	0.14-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.49	.49			
	16-61	25-35	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49			
16:		 			 							
Bear Lake	0-11	28-34	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-7.0	.37	.37	5	8	0
	11-20	28-34	1.20-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	20-26	15-34	1.30-1.45	0.2-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49			
	26-60	15-34	1.45-1.75	2-20	0.04-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.24	.43			
Lago	0 - 9	   18-26	1.15-1.25	0.6-2	  0.18-0.19	0.0-2.9	3.0-4.0	.37	.37	   5	8	0
	9-16	18-26	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.18-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	ĺ	İ	ĺ
	16-45	22-35	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
	45-60	10-26	1.35-1.60	0.6-6	0.11-0.19	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
17:		 		 	 	 			 			 
Bearhollow	0 - 4	13-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.11-0.15	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.49	5	5	56
	4 - 9	13-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.11-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.49			
	9-22	10-16	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.32	.49			
	22-43	10-16	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.32	.49			
	43-60	10-16	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.32	.49			
Brifox	0 - 7	40-50	1.15-1.30	0.06-0.2	  0.18-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	   5	4L	86
	7-18	35-50	1.20-1.40	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	9.0-25.0	1.0-2.0	.37	.37			
	18-60	38-60	1.20-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.15-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
Iphil	0 - 8	   7-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	5	   4L	86
	8-15	10-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.49	.49			
	15-60	12-18	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.49	.49	İ	į	
18:		<u> </u> 		 	 							
Bergquist	0 - 5	7-18	1.20-1.40	1	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37	3	8	0
	5-12	5-18	1.20-1.40		0.07-0.09	!	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	12-54 54-64	3-12 	1.30-1.50	2-20	0.04-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.05	.28			
	31 01										İ	
Rubble land	0-60				 							
19:										i		
Bergquist	0 - 5		1.20-1.40		0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37	3	8	0
	5-12	5-18	1.20-1.40	2-6	0.07-0.09	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	12-54		1.30-1.50	2-20	0.04-0.08	0.0-2.9			1	1		
	54-64				 							
Softback	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95			5	6	48
	1-4		1.20-1.40			0.0-2.9			1			
	4-10		1.20-1.40	1		0.0-2.9		1	1			
	10-24		1.20-1.40			0.0-2.9			1		[	
	24-30		1.20-1.40			0.0-2.9			1	ļ		
			1.25-1.45	1		3.0-5.9						
	39-63	27-35	1.25-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.04-0.07	3.0-5.9	0.0-1.0	.05	.43		1	1

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	1	   Organic	Erosi	on fact	tors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name	   	   	bulk   density	bility   (Ksat) 	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw	   Kf 	   T 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>				
20:	 	 			 	 	 		 	 		
Bergquist	0-5	7-18	1.20-1.40	2-6	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37	   3	8	0
	5-12	5-18	1.20-1.40	2-6	0.07-0.09	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37	İ	İ	İ
	12-54	3-12	1.30-1.50	2-20	0.04-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.05	.28	İ	İ	į
	54-64											
Vitale	   0-1	   12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	   2.0-4.0	.05	   .37	   2	   7	   38
	1-15	1	1.20-1.40	1	0.05-0.08		1.0-3.0	.05	.32	i -	,	
	15-26	1	1.20-1.40	1	0.06-0.08		0.5-1.0	.05	.32	İ	İ	i
	26-36							j			į	į
21:	 											
Bothwell	   0-6	16-22	1.20-1.35	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	3.0-4.0	.37	.37	   5	5	56
	6-25	1	1.30-1.40	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43	i	-	
	25-45	1	1.35-1.45	1	0.19-0.21	!	0.5-2.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	i
	45-60	18-35	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
22:												
Bothwell	   0-6	16-22	1.20-1.35	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	   3.0-5.9	3.0-4.0	.37	.37	   5	5	56
Dociiwell	6-25	1	1.30-1.40	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43	]	3	50
	25-45		1.35-1.45		0.19-0.21		0.5-2.0	.43	.43	İ		
	45-60	1	1.30-1.50	1	0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
0.0												
23: Bothwell	   0-6	   16-22	1.20-1.35	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	20 5 0	3.0-4.0	.37	   .37	   5	   5	   56
POCHMETT	0-6   6-25	1	1.30-1.40	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43	3	5	50
	25-45	1	1.35-1.45	1	0.19-0.21		0.5-2.0	.43	.43	l I		 
	45-60		1.30-1.50	1	0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.43		İ	
										_		
Hades	0-5 5-60	1	1.20-1.40	1	0.15-0.18 0.16-0.18		1.0-3.0	1.32	.43	5 	6 	48
	3-00	27-33		0.2-0.0			0.5-1.0	.13	.52			
Justesen	0-6	12-20	1.15-1.25	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	6-37	1	1.30-1.40	1	0.15-0.18		1.0-3.0	.37	.43			
	37-60	20-27	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
24:	<u> </u> 	 		 	 	 	 		 	 		 
Bothwell	0-6	16-22	1.20-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	3.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	6-25	22-35	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43		Ì	İ
	25-45	1	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		0.5-2.0	.43	.43			
	45-60	18-35	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
Thatcher	   0-8	   16-25	1.35-1.45	0.6-2	  0.17-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-3.0	.28	.28	   5	6	48
	8-21	:	1.35-1.45			0.0-2.9		.49	.49			i
	21-60	12-25	1.35-1.50	0.6-2	0.11-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.49	.49		į	į
25:	 											
Brifox	   0-7	   40-50	1 15_1 20	0.06-0.2	   0 10_0 20	   6 0-8 9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	   5	1 4	86
BIIIOX						9.0-25.0		37	37	3	4	00
	18-60			0.000-0.06		1	I .	.32	.32			
										_		
Huffman	0-7	1	1.30-1.40	1		3.0-5.9		.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-28 28-60		1.30-1.40	1	1	3.0-5.9		32	.32   .37	 		
	20-00	27-33		0.2-0.6		3.0-3.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
26:		İ	İ	į	į	į		į	İ		İ	İ
Brifox	0-7		1.15-1.30			6.0-8.9		.37	.37	5	4	86
	7-18			0.06-0.2		,		.37	.37		ļ	
	18-60	38-60	1.20-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.15-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
	l					1					1	

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	Linear	Organic		on fac			Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density	bility   (Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-   bility	matter 	Kw	   Kf	   T	bility  group	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct			   		
26:		! 		 	 	 			 	 		
Huffman	0 - 7	18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-28		1.30-1.40	1	0.19-0.21	1	0.5-2.0	.32	.32			
	28-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
27:		 		 	<u> </u> 	 				 	 	 
Brifox	0 - 7	40-50	1.15-1.30	0.06-0.2	0.18-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	5	4L	86
	7-18		1.20-1.40			9.0-25.0		.37	.37			
	18-60	38-60	1.20-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.15-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
Niter	0-8	   30-40	1.15-1.25	0.2-0.6	  0.17-0.20	   6.0-8.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	   5	   4L	86
	8-19	35-50	1.20-1.30	1		9.0-25.0		.28	.32	İ	İ	
	19-60	35-60	1.25-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.16-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.1-0.5	.32	.32	İ	İ	į
28:		 			 	 						
Brifox	0 - 7	40-50	1.15-1.30	0.06-0.2	0.18-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	   5	4	86
	7-18	35-50	1.20-1.40	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	9.0-25.0	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	İ	j	İ
	18-60	38-60	1.20-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.15-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
Niter	0 - 8	   30-40	1.15-1.25	0.2-0.6	  0.17-0.20	   6.0-8.9	   1.0-3.0	.37	   .37	   5	   4L	   86
1.2002	8-19	35-50	1.20-1.30	1		9.0-25.0		.28	.32			
	19-60	35-60	1.25-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.16-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.1-0.5	.32	.32	İ	į	į
29:												
Brifox	0-7	   40-50	1.15-1.30	0.06-0.2	  0.18-0.20	   6.0-8.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	   5	4	   86
22220	7-18	35-50	1.20-1.40	1		9.0-25.0		.37	.37		-	
	18-60	38-60	1.20-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.15-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	į	į	į
Niter	0 - 8	   30-40	  1.15-1.25	0.2-0.6	  0 17-0 20	   6.0-8.9	   1.0-3.0		   .37	   5	   4L	   86
Micei	8-19		1.20-1.30	1		9.0-25.0		.28	.32	]	12	00
	19-60	35-60	1.25-1.40	0.0000-0.06	0.16-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.1-0.5	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
30:		  -			 	 						
Broadhead	0-7	   15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	   5	6	48
	7-10	25-35	1.25-1.45	1	0.18-0.20	1	1.0-2.0	.28	.28	İ		
	10-60	35-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.24	.32	İ	İ	į
Hades	0 - 5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.15-0.18	   0 0-2 9	   1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	   48
nades	5-60	1	1.30-1.40	I .	0.16-0.18	1	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	]		40
		İ	į	į		į		į	į	į	į	į
Yago	0-10 10-45		1.20-1.40  1.25-1.50	1	0.09-0.12	1	2.0-4.0	1.15	.37   .43	3	8	0
	45-60		1.20-1.40	1	0.08-0.11	!	0.0-1.0	1 .17	.49	 		
										İ	İ	İ
31:										_		
Broadhead			1.20-1.40  1.25-1.45		0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9 3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	6	48
	10-60		1.30-1.50	1	0.16-0.18	1	0.5-2.0	.24	.32			
		į	İ	į	İ	į		į	į	į	į	į
Yago	0-10		1.20-1.40	1	0.09-0.12		2.0-4.0	1.15	.37	3	8	0
	10-45 45-60		1.25-1.50 1.20-1.40	1	0.08-0.11	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	1.17	.43	 	 	 
				j						İ	İ	
32:	0.2											
Camelback	0-3 3-14		1.20-1.40 1.20-1.40	1	0.10-0.14	1	2.0-4.0	1.17	.43	5	7	38
	14-22		1.20-1.40	1	0.10-0.14		1.0-2.0	1.17	.43			
	22-32		1.25-1.45	1	0.10-0.14		1.0-2.0	.17	.43	İ	i	i
	32-50		1.20-1.40			3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.20	.49			
	50-61	14-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.09-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.17	.43		1	

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available	1	Organic	FLOSI	on fac	LOIS	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density   	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	   <b>T</b> 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct			<u> </u>	İ	
32:												
Lonigan	0-8	!	0.95-1.05	2 - 6	0.17-0.19	1	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	5	56
	8-11	10-18	1.00-1.10	2-6	0.14-0.16	!	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	11-24 24-34	10-22	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			! !
33:						 	 			 	 	 
Camelback	0-3		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	1	2.0-4.0	.17	.43	5	5	56
	3-14		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	1	2.0-4.0	.17	.43			
	14-22 22-32		1.20-1.40   1.25-1.45	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	1	1.0-2.0	.17	.43			
	32-50		1.25-1.45	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.10-0.14	1	1.0-2.0	1.17	.43	 		 
	50-61		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	1	0.0-0.5	.17	.43			
Hades	0-5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	48
	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	į	į	į
Valmar	0 - 9	   13-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.24	.43	2	8	   0
	9-14	!	1.25-1.50	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	!	0.5-2.0	.20	.43			
	14-24 24-34	20-27	1.25-1.50	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.17	.49	 		
34:						ĺ	İ	İ			İ	İ
Cedarhill	0-8	10-16	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.12	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.43	5	7	38
j	8-17	10-17	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.17	.43	i	į	į
	17-60	10-17	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.03-0.05	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.49	İ	İ	İ
35:		į					ļ					
Cedarhill		1	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.12	1	1.0-3.0	.15	.43	5	8	0
i	8-17   17-60	10-17   10-17	1.30-1.40   1.30-1.40	0.6-2 2-6	0.10-0.13	1	1.0-2.0   0.5-1.0	1.17	.43   .49	 	 	 
Hades	   0-5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0		   .43	   5	   6	   48
	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	į	į	į
Ricrest	0 - 6	   14-25	1.25-1.50	0.6-2	0.14-0.17	0.0-2.9	2.0-5.0	.28	.32	   5	   6	   48
ļ	6-20	24-32	1.30-1.55	0.6-2	0.17-0.18	!	1.0-4.0	.24	.32		!	ļ
	20-60	20-30	1.40-1.70	0.6-2	0.15-0.17	3.0-5.9	0.0-3.0	.24	.49 	 	 	 
36:										_		
Cedarhill	0-8 8-17		1.30-1.40   1.30-1.40	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.10-0.12		1.0-3.0	1.15	.43	5	8	0
	17-60		1.30-1.40	2-6	0.10-0.13	!	0.5-1.0	1.15	.43   .49			ļ
Hondoho	0-3	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	3.0-5.9	2.0-3.0		   .32	   5	   6	   48
İ	3-19	15-25	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.20	.37	İ	İ	İ
	19-60 	18-26 	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.11	3.0-5.9	0.0-1.0	.17	32	 	 	 
Ridgecrest	0-14	8-18	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.24	.43	2	8	0
	14-27 27-37	8-18	1.35-1.60	0.6-2	0.05-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.20	.49	 	 	 
37 <b>:</b>						į	į		į	į	į	İ
Chesbrook	0-2	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95		 	   5	   4L	   86
j	2-20	27-35	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	3.0-5.0	.32	.37			
ļ	20-48	35-40		0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		1.0-4.0	.43	.49			
	48-62	20-32 	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55 	 	 	 
Bear Lake			1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21		3.0-7.0	.37	.37	5	8	0
	11-20		1.20-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	1	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			ļ
	20-26 26-60		1.30-1.45   1.45-1.75	0.2-2 2-20	0.19-0.21	1	0.0-0.5	.49	.49   .43	 	1	[ [
	20-00	13-34 		2-20	0.04-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	•44	.43			

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available		Organic		on fac	1	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw	   Kf 	   <b>T</b> 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
38:		 				 				 	 	
Cloudless	0 - 6	12-22	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
j	6-15	16-27	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
	15-21	27-32	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.37	İ	İ	İ
	21-60	27-34	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.20	.37			
Hades	0 - 5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	48
į	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	į	į	į
39:		 				 						
Cloudless	0 - 6	1 12-22	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	   3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	   5	5	56
010441055	6-15		1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	1	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	i		
	15-21		1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	1	1.0-3.0	.32	.37	i		i
	21-60	27-34	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.20	.37	İ	į	į
Hades	0 - 5	   18-25	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	   0 0-2 9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	6	   48
nades	5-60		1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18		0.5-1.0	1.15	.32			40
**	0.0		  1.30-1.40	2.6								
Howcan	0-8		1.35-1.45	2-6 0.6-2	0.14-0.18	1	2.0-4.0	1.10	.28 .28	5	7	38
	8-25 25-36		1.35-1.45	0.6-2	0.10-0.12	1	2.0-4.0	1.10	.28	l I		l
	36-60		1.35-1.45	0.6-2	0.08-0.10	1	0.0-1.0	1.10	37	 		
										İ	İ	
40:					ļ					!		
Copenhagen	0 - 7		0.80-1.00	0.6-2	0.06-0.08		1.0-2.0	.10	.37	1	5	56
	7-13 13-23	18-24 	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	1.10	.37			
	13-23	 				 				 		
Lonigan	0 - 8	5-18	0.95-1.05	2-6	0.17-0.19	1	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	3	86
	8-11		1.00-1.10	2-6	0.14-0.16	1	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	11-24 24-34	10-22	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	21-31									İ		
Manila	0 - 7		1.20-1.30		0.19-0.21	1	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.20	1	2.0-4.0	.32	.32			
	33-50		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18	1	1.0-3.0	.24	.24			
	50-60	18-35 	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9 	0.5-2.0	.20	.32	 	 	 
41:		İ	i i					İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Delish	0 - 3		1.25-1.35	2-6	0.13-0.15	1	2.0-4.0	.20	.20	5	8	0
	3 - 7	!	1.25-1.35	0.6-6	0.14-0.20	1	1.0-2.0	.43	.43			
	7-61	15-25 	1.35-1.40	0.6-2	0.16-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49 	 	 	 
Cachecan	0 - 5	12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49	5	5	56
	5-20	1	1.20-1.40		0.13-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.49			
			1.30-1.45		0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.43	ļ		
	37-61	32-40 	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9 	0.0-0.5	.37	.37	 	 	 
Stinkcreek	0-11		1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.20	1	3.0-5.0	.32	.32	3	8	0
	11-21	!	1.20-1.40		0.17-0.20		1	.37	.43		!	
	21-40 40-60	1-5   1-3	1.40-1.60   1.50-1.70	6-20 20-20	0.03-0.04			1.10	28			
	40-00	1-3		20-20	0.01-0.02	0.0-2.9		.02	.20			
42:										_		
Downata	0-1	1	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95			5	8	0
	1-12		1.20-1.55		0.18-0.21		3.0-6.0	.32	.32			
	12-59 59-63		1.20-1.55   1.20-1.40		0.17-0.20	1	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	1		
	33-03	10-2/	1 20 - 1 - 40	0.0-2	10.17-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	1 .43	.43		1	1

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	   Clay 	Moist     bulk	Permea- bility	Available water	   Linear  extensi-	Organic matter		on fac	Lors		Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	density	(Ksat)	water  capacity 	1	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	   T 	group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct		 			   
43:		İ	i i		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Dranburn	0-1		0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	1	60-95			5	6	48
	1-17		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.21		3.0-5.0	.37	.37	ļ		
	17-22		1.20-1.40	0.2-2	0.17-0.21	!	2.0-4.0	.32	.37			
	22-48 48-61		1.20-1.40   1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6 0.2-0.6	0.12-0.15		1.0-2.0	.28	.43			
į		į	į i		į			į	į	į _	į	į
Robin			1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.21		3.0-6.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	2-23 23-27		1.20-1.40   1.20-1.40	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.18-0.21		1.0-3.0	.37	.43	1		
	27-60		1.25-1.45	0.6-2	0.18-0.21	!	0.0-1.0	.43	.49			
		į	į		į		į	į	į	į	į	į
44: Enochville	0-12	   15-25		0.6-2	0.19-0.21	   0.0-2.9	4.0-6.0	.32	.32	   5	   5	56
	12-43		1.25-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.14-0.20		1.0-4.0	.37	.37			
	43-60	13-18	1.40-1.65	2-6	0.03-0.07		0.0-0.5	.15	.37	İ	į	
45:						 						
Foxol	0 - 3	18-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.07-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.32	1	8	0
j	3 - 9	18-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.32	İ	İ	İ
Ì	9-17	18-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.03-0.07	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.37	Ì	Ì	
	17-27											
Vitale	0-1	   12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.05	.37	2	7	38
	1-15	18-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.08	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.05	.32	İ	İ	i
j	15-26	25-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.06-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.32	İ	į	İ
	26-36									İ		į
46:		 				 						
Hades	0-5	18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	5	6	48
ļ	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	Ì		
Camelback	0-3	   12-18		0.6-2	0.10-0.14	   0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	1.17	.43	   5	   5	56
0402.040.1	3-14		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14		2.0-4.0	.17	.43			
	14-22	22-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14		1.0-2.0	.17	.43	İ	İ	i
	22-32	27-31	1.25-1.45	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.17	.43	Ì	Ì	Ì
	32-50		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14		0.5-1.0	.20	.49			
	50-61	14-24 	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.09-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.17	.43			
Hondoho	0-3		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		2.0-3.0	.17	.32	5	8	0
	3-19		1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		1.0-3.0	.20	.37	ļ	ļ	
	19-60	18-26 	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.11	3.0-5.9	0.0-1.0	.17	.32			
47:												İ
Hades	0 - 5		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18			.32	.43	5	6	48
	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32			
Lanoak	0-21	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	21-50		1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21		3.0-5.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
	50-60	18-27	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49	İ		į
Camelback	0-3	   12-18		0.6-2	0.10-0.14	   0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	1.17	.43	   5	   5	56
0402.040.1	3-14		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14		2.0-4.0	.17	.43	i		
	14-22		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14		1.0-2.0	.17	.43	İ	İ	İ
j	22-32	27-31	1.25-1.45	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.17	.43			
ļ	32-50		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14		0.5-1.0	.20	.49			
	50-61	14-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.09-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.17	.43			
48:												
Haploxerolls			1.25-1.55	0.6-6	0.02-0.10		2.0-5.0	.20	.43	5	6	48
	6-17		1.25-1.60	0.6-20	0.02-0.10	1	1.0-3.0	.28	.43	ļ	ļ	
	17-60	1-27	1.30-1.65	0.6-20	0.01-0.09	0.0-2.9	0.0-2.0	.20	.43	1	1	I

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea- bility	Available   water	Linear	Organic		on fac	1	1	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	density	(Ksat)	water  capacity 		matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	   <b>T</b> 	group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
48:						 				 		 
Xerorthents	0-3 3-11 11-21	10-25   10-25 	1.10-1.40   1.10-1.40  	0.2-6 0.2-6	0.09-0.16		0.0-1.0	.20 .15	.37 .37	3	8   	0
49:		 				 				 		
Hendricks	0-5		1.15-1.25	0.6-2	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	6	48
	5-15 15-66	1	1.15-1.25   1.25-1.35	0.6-2 0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18		1.0-2.0	.43	.43			
	13-66	27-35	1.25-1.35	0.2-0.6		3.0-3.9	1.0-2.0	.3/	.37	 		İ
50:		į	į į		į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
Holmes	0-4 4-20	1	1.20-1.40   1.20-1.40	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.13-0.16		2.0-4.0	.24	.43	3	6	48
	20-61	1-6	1.20-1.40	6-20	0.08-0.13		0.0-0.5	.15	.37 .15	 		l I
		İ	i i		j			İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
51: Hondee	0.6	10 17		0.6.0						   3	   6	   48
Hondee	0-6 6-16	12-17   8-18	1.25-1.35   1.20-1.25	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.11-0.14		2.0-4.0	.20	37	3 	6	48 
	16-19	1	1.20-1.25	0.6-2	0.12-0.14		0.5-1.0	.15	.32	i	İ	İ
	19-39		1.50-1.60	2 - 6	0.05-0.09		0.0-1.0	.05	.20	İ	İ	İ
	39-60	2-6	1.55-1.65	6-20	0.03-0.05	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.02	.05			
52:		 								 		 
Hondee	0 - 6	12-17	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.11-0.14	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	3	6	48
	6-16	1	1.20-1.25	0.6-2	0.14-0.16		1.0-3.0	.20	.32		]	ļ
	16-19 19-39	1	1.20-1.25   1.50-1.60	0.6-2 2-6	0.12-0.14		0.5-1.0	.15	.32			
	39-60	2-6	1.55-1.65	6-20	0.03-0.09		0.0-1.0	.03	.05	 		 
		ļ	į į		į	į	İ	į	į	į	į	į
53: Hondoho	0 - 3	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	20 5 0	2.0-3.0		.32	   5	8	   0
nondono	3-19	15-25	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		1.0-3.0	.20	37	]	0	i
	19-60	18-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.11		0.0-1.0	.17	.32	İ	į	
Hades	0 - 5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0 0-2 9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5		   48
nades	5-60		1.30-1.40	0.0-2	0.16-0.18		0.5-1.0	1.15	.32	]	0	40
		į	į į		į	į	į	į	į	į	į	į
54: Hondoho	0 - 3	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		2.0-3.0		.32	   5		   48
Hondono	3-19	15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		1.0-3.0	.20	37	<b>5</b> 	0	40 
	19-60	18-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.11		0.0-1.0	.17	.32		İ	İ
Di	0.6			0.6.0								
Ricrest	0-6 6-20	:	1.25-1.50   1.30-1.55	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.14-0.17		2.0-5.0	.28	32	5 	6 	48
	20-60		1.40-1.70	0.6-2	0.15-0.17		0.0-3.0	.24	1			İ
			į į		ļ							!
55: Hondoho	0-3	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	3 0-5 9	2.0-3.0	1.17	.32		   7	   38
nondono	3-19		1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.13-0.15			.20	.37	]	, ,	30
	19-60		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.11		0.0-1.0	.17	.32	į	į	į
Sprollow	0-3	12 17		0.6-2	0.13-0.18		1.0-3.0	.28	   .49	   2	5	   56
PPIOIIOM	3-14		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	!	0.5-2.0	.28	.49	<b>-</b>		36
	14-39		1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.13		0.5-1.0	.17	.55	i	İ	į
	39-49		ļ ļ									
Hades	0 - 5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0.0-2 0	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	   48
	5-60		1.30-1.40	0.0-2	0.16-0.18			1.15	.32			10
		İ				İ	İ	İ		İ	İ	İ

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	1	Organic		on fac		erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density 	bility   (Ksat) 	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	   <b>T</b> 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	İ		<u> </u>	İ	İ
56:		 			! 							
Hondoho	0-3		1.20-1.40		0.13-0.15		2.0-3.0	.17	.32	5	7	38
	3-19 19-60	15-25   18-26	1.20-1.30  1.20-1.40		0.13-0.15		1.0-3.0	.20	.37   .32	 	 	 
Vitale	   0-1	   12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.05	   .37	   2	   7	   38
	1-15	!	1.20-1.40		0.05-0.08		1.0-3.0	.05	.32	i -		
	15-26 26-36	25-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.06-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.32	 	į I	į I
57:			į		į į	į	į	į		į	į	į
Huffman	0-7	18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	   5	6	48
j	7-28	18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	28-60	27-35 	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37 			
58:								2.5	2.5			10
Huffman	0-7 7-28	18-27   18-27	1.30-1.40  1.30-1.40		0.19-0.21 0.19-0.21		1.0-2.0	37	37	5	6	48
	28-60		1.30-1.40		0.17-0.19		0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
59:					 	 	 			 	 	
Huffman	0 - 7		1.30-1.40	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-28 28-60		1.30-1.40  1.30-1.40		0.19-0.21 0.17-0.19		0.5-2.0	32	.32   .37			
	28-60	27-35		0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37	 		
Dirtyhead	0-6	10-18	1.40-1.50	!	0.07-0.10		1.0-3.0	.20	.37	3	6	48
	6-38 38-48	10-18 	1.45-1.55	0.6-2	0.05-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.37 	 	 	 
60:		 			 	 	 		 	 		
Huffman	0-7	18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	7	38
	7-28	18-27	1.30-1.40		0.19-0.21	!	0.5-2.0	.32	.32	ļ		
	28-60	27-35 	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19 	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37 	 		
Harroun	0-7		1.30-1.40		0.12-0.14		1.0-3.0	.17	.37	1	6	48
	7-15   15-28	7-15 	1.30-1.40	0.6-2 0.0015-0.06	0.11-0.13	,	1.0-3.0	.17	.43			
	28-60	5-15	1.50-1.60	1	0.03-0.05		0.5-1.0	.05	.24			
Lanoak	0-36	   10-20	  1.12-1.35	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	   .37	   5	   5	   56
	36-50		1		0.19-0.21		3.0-5.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
	50-60	18-27 	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49 	 		
61:					<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
Huffman	0-7 7-28		1.30-1.40  1.30-1.40		0.19-0.21 0.19-0.21		1.0-2.0	37	37	5	6	48
	28-60		1.30-1.40			3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
Wursten	0-5	   12-17	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	   .37	   5	   4L	   86
	5-17		1.20-1.40		0.14-0.18	,	1.0-2.0	.37	.37		[	
	17-31 31-60		1.20-1.40  1.30-1.45		0.14-0.18  0.11-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.37 .28	.37   .37	 	 	 
62:		 		 	 	 	<u> </u>					
Iphil	0-8	7-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
-	8-15	10-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.49	.49	İ	İ	İ
	15-60	12-18 	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.49	.49 			
Lonigan	0 - 8		0.95-1.05		0.17-0.19	,	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	5	56
	8-11	10-18	1.00-1.10		0.14-0.16	,	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	11-24 24-34	10-22 	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37	 	I 	
	51									i		i

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	   Clay	Moist   bulk	Permea-	  Available   water	   Linear  extensi-	Organic		on fact		!	Wind  erodi-
and soll name			bulk   density	bility   (Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-   bility	matter	Kw	   Kf	T	group	
	In	   Pct	   g/cc	   In/hr	   In/in	Pct	Pct	1		 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
					,							
63:			!	!		!	ļ			ļ		
Ireland	0-2		1.20-1.40	1	0.07-0.14	1	2.0-4.0	.15	.37	2	7	38
	2-7	14-20	1.20-1.40	1	0.11-0.15	!	1.0-3.0	.20	.37			
	7-14 14-23	14-20   10-22	1.30-1.50  1.30-1.50	I .	0.07-0.13	!	0.5-1.0	.15	.43   .37			
	23-33	10-22		0.6-2	0.02-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.37	 	 	1
		!			İ	İ	i			i		
Polumar	0 - 6	14-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	3	6	48
	6-11	14-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.11-0.17	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	ĺ		ĺ
	11-18	14-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.07-0.14	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	18-22	14-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.07-0.14	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	22-46	12-18	1.30-1.50	1	0.05-0.07	!	0.5-1.0	.10	.43			
	46-56											
64:		  -										
Kabear	0-9	   4-14	1.25-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.16	   0 0-2 0	2.0-4.0	.37	   .43	   5	   5	   56
Maneal	9-45	4-14   4-17	1.30-1.45	1	0.13-0.18		1.0-3.0	37	.43	, ,		30
	45-60	3-10	1.25-1.40	1	0.08-0.13	1	1.0-2.0	.24	.28			
							İ			İ	İ	İ
Staberg	0-10	10-18	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.37	3	5	56
	10-23	18-22	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.17	.32	ĺ	İ	ĺ
	23-33	18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.10	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.43			
	33-38	5-15	1.30-1.40	2 - 6	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.20			
	38-48											
											_	
Copenhagen	0-7	18-24	0.80-1.00		0.06-0.08	!	1.0-2.0	.10	.37	1	5	56
	7-13 13-23	18-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	10	.37			
	13-23	 								l I		
65:		! 			 	 	İ	İ	i İ		İ	İ
Kabear	0 - 9	4-14	1.25-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.16	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.43	5	3	86
	9-45	4-17	1.30-1.45	1	0.12-0.18	1	1.0-3.0	.37	.43			İ
	45-60	3-10	1.25-1.40	2-20	0.08-0.13	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.28	İ	İ	İ
Staberg	0-10	10-18	1.40-1.50	1	0.16-0.18	1	2.0-4.0	.28	.37	3	5	56
	10-23	18-22	1.40-1.50	1	0.13-0.15	1	1.0-3.0	.17	.32	ļ		
	23-33	18-27	1.30-1.40	!	0.08-0.10		1.0-3.0	.15	.43	ļ		
	33-38	5-15	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.10-0.13	!	0.5-1.0	.05	.20			
	38-48											
Copenhagen	0 - 7	   18-24	0.80-1.00	0.6-2	0.06-0.08	   0 0-2 9	1.0-2.0	.10	.37	   1	5	56
copennagen	7-13		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	!	0.5-2.0	.10	.37	-	]	30
	13-23									<u> </u>		İ
		İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
66:		ĺ	j		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ		
Kearns	0-16	16-24	1.20-1.30	1	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	5	56
			1.20-1.30	1	0.19-0.21			.32	.32			
	38-60	15-19	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
C.T.												
67: Kearnsar	0-9	10 25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	20 5 0	2.0-4.0	.37	   .37	   5	   4L	   86
kearnsar	9-23		1.25-1.45	!	0.19-0.21	!	!	37	37	3	1 47	00
	23-27	!	1.25-1.45	!	0.18-0.21			.43	.43	<u> </u>		
	27-45		1.25-1.45	!	0.18-0.21			.43	.43	i		
	45-60		1.25-1.45	!	0.18-0.21		!	.49	.49	i	İ	İ
		į	İ	İ	j	j	į	į	į	İ	į	į
Battle Creek	0 - 8	32-40	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
	8-11		1	!	0.14-0.21			.32	.32			
	11-19			0.0000-0.06				.32	.32	ļ		
	19-40	40-60	1	0.0000-0.06	0.14-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	ļ		
	40-60			0.0000-0.06			0.0-0.5	.37	.37			

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available		Organic	Erosi	on fac	cors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	   <b>T</b> 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	İ	İ		İ	
68:		İ			1	 				i i	İ	i İ
Kidman	0-12	7-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	3	86
	12-25	6-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.49	.49	i	İ	İ
į	25-44	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.55	.55	İ	į	İ
į	44-60	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49	İ	ĺ	ĺ
59:		 				 				 	l I	 
Kidman	0-12	7-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	3	86
İ	12-25	6-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.49	.49	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
	25-44	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.55	.55			
	44-60	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49		ļ	ļ
/O:		 				 			 	 	 	 
Kidman	0-12	7-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	3	86
į	12-25	6-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.49	.49			
İ	25-44		1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	1	0.0-1.0	.55	.55			
	44-60	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49			
/1:		! 				! 	I 				 	 
Kidman, wet	0-12	7-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	3	86
j	12-25	6-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.49	.49	İ	ĺ	ĺ
	25-44	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.55	.55			
	44-60	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49			
/2:		 				 			 	 	l I	 
Kidman	0-12	7-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	3	86
	12-25	6-18	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.49	.49			
	25-44	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.55	.55			
	44-60	5-15	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49			
Sterling	0 - 8	10-20	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.16	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.24	.37	   5	   6	   48
į	8-66	10-22	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.5-3.0	.10	.37	į	į	į
73:		 				 					 	 
Lando	0-5	18-26	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-3.0	.37	.37	5	   4L	86
i	5-14		1.30-1.50		0.19-0.21	1	1.0-2.0	.43	.43		i	İ
İ	14-33	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
į	33-60	27-40	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-2.0	.49	.49	į	į	į
7 <b>4:</b>		 								 	 	 
Lanoak	0-36	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	36-50	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37			
	50-60	18-27	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49			
75 <b>:</b>		 								 	 	 
Lanoak	0-36	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
j	36-50	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	İ	ĺ	ĺ
	50-60	18-27	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49			ļ
76 <b>:</b>		 				 			 	 	 	 
Lanoak	0-36	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	36-50	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37			
	50-60	18-27	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49			ļ
Broadhead	0 - 7	   15-25	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	   5	   7	   38
	7-10		1.25-1.45		0.18-0.20	1			.28	i	i	
į	10-60	!	1.30-1.50		0.16-0.18	!	!		.32	İ	İ	İ
_												ļ
7:   Lanoak	0-36	   10-20	  1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	   .37	   5	   5	   56
	36-50		1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21		3.0-5.0	1	.37	<u> </u>	i	
i	50-60		1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.49	.49	i	į	i
		İ	i i		i	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available		   Organic	Erosi	on fac	tors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name	 	 	bulk   density	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-	matter	Kw	   Kf	   T	bility  group	bility  index
	   In	   Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	   Pct	   Pct	<u> </u> 	<u> </u> 	<u>                                       </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
77:						 						 
Broadhead	0-7	15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	7	38
	7-10	25-35	1.25-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.18-0.20	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.28	.28	İ	İ	İ
	10-60	35-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.24	.32			
Hades	   0-5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	   0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	   48
	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	!	0.5-1.0	.15	.32		İ	
78:						 						
Lanoak	0-21	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	21-50	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	į
	50-60	18-27	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49			
Hades	0-5	18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	6	48
	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	į	į	į
79:	 	 				 	 			 		 
Lanoak	0-36	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.37	.37	5	5	56
	36-50	10-20	1.12-1.35	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	1	3.0-5.0	.37	.37			
	50-60 	18-27 	1.25-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.49	.49	 		
Thatcher	0-8	16-25	1.35-1.45	0.6-2	0.17-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-3.0	.28	.28	5	6	48
	8-21	1	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.15-0.18		1.0-2.0	.49	.49		ļ	!
	21-60	12-25	1.35-1.50	0.6-2	0.11-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.49	.49			
80:						! 						
Layton		1	1.45-1.55	6-20	0.09-0.11	1	2.0-4.0	.20	.20	5	2	134
	13-19   19-34	1	1.45-1.55	6-20 6-20	0.09-0.11	!	2.0-4.0	.20	.20			
	34-64	!	1.50-1.60	6-20	0.06-0.08		0.0-1.0	.32	.32			
81:						  -						
Layton	0-13	5-12	1.45-1.55	6-20	0.09-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.20	5	3	86
	13-19	1	1.45-1.55	6-20	0.09-0.11	1	2.0-4.0	.20	.20			
	19-34   34-64	3-10	1.50-1.60	6-20 6-20	0.06-0.08	1	0.0-1.0	.32	32			
	34-64	3-10		6-20	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.32	.32	 		
82:	į	ļ					<u> </u>	į	į	į _		į
Lizdale	0-6 6-13	14-20   14-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.09-0.12		2.0-4.0	1.15	.37 .49	5	6	48
	13-52	1	1.15-1.45	0.6-6	0.05-0.12	!	0.0-0.5	1.15	.43	l I	l I	 
	52-64	5-12	1.30-1.55	2-6	0.07-0.10		0.0-0.5	.17	.37	İ	į	İ
	64-76	5-15	1.35-1.60	2-6	0.03-0.05	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.05	.32			
83:						 						
Lizdale	!		1.20-1.40		0.09-0.12		2.0-4.0	.15	.37	5	6	48
	6-13		1.20-1.40		0.10-0.14			.17	.49			
	13-52   52-64	1	1.15-1.45		0.05-0.12		0.0-0.5	1.15	.43	 		 
	64-76		1.35-1.60	2-6	0.03-0.05	1	0.0-0.5	.05	.32			
Searla	   0-9		1.40-1.50	0.6-2	  0.13-0.16		2.0-4.0		   .28	   5	   6	   48
Searra	9-28		1.40-1.50		0.13-0.16	!	!	1.10	.24	5	0	40
	28-60	1	1.50-1.60	0.6-2	0.03-0.09		0.0-0.5	.05	.20		İ	İ
84:						 						
Logan	0-2	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	 	   60-95			   5	8	0
	2-15		1.20-1.30		0.17-0.19		4.0-8.0	.37	.37			!
	15-28		1.20-1.40		0.17-0.19			.37	.37			
	28-47 47-62		1.25-1.45		0.17-0.19		0.0-0.5	.43	.43	 		
	, -: <b></b>									i		i

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available		Organic	Erosi	on fact	ors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-   bility	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	Т	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>				
85:		 				 					 	
Lonigan	0-8	5-18	0.95-1.05	2-6	0.17-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	3	86
	8-11		1.00-1.10	2-6	0.14-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	11-24		1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	!	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			[
	24-34	 										 
Lizdale	0-6		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.09-0.12		2.0-4.0	.15	.37	5	6	48
	6-13		1.20-1.40		0.10-0.14	1	1.0-3.0	.17	.49			ļ
	13-52		1.15-1.45		0.05-0.12		0.0-0.5	.15	.43			
	52-64 64-76		1.30-1.55	2-6 2-6	0.07-0.10		0.0-0.5	.17	37			l I
	04-70	3-13						.03	.52			
86:												
Lonigan			0.95-1.05		0.17-0.19		1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	5	56
	8-11 11-24		1.00-1.10	2-6 2-6	0.14-0.16	!	0.5-1.0	.24	.37   .37			 
	24-34	10-22				0.0-2.9			.37			 
		İ			İ			i	İ		İ	İ
Ricrest	0 - 6		1.25-1.50		0.14-0.17		2.0-5.0	.28	.32	5	6	48
	6-20		1.30-1.55		0.17-0.18		1.0-4.0	.24	.32			!
	20-60	20-30	1.40-1.70	0.6-2	0.15-0.17	3.0-5.9	0.0-3.0	.24	.49			
87:												
Manila	0-7	18-27	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33	32-50	1.35-1.45	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	6.0-8.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32			
	33-50		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18	!	1.0-3.0	.24	.24			ļ
	50-60	18-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			
88:		l İ				 			 			İ
Manila	0-7	18-27	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.20		2.0-4.0	.32	.32			
	33-50		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18		1.0-3.0	.24	.24			
	50-60	18-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			l I
89:		İ			i				i			İ
Manila	0-7	18-27	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	1	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33	!	1.35-1.45		0.16-0.20		2.0-4.0	.32	.32			
	33-50		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18		1.0-3.0	.24	.24			
	50-60 	18-35 	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9 	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			l I
90:		İ			İ			i	İ		İ	İ
Manila	0 - 7		1.20-1.30		0.19-0.21		2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.20		2.0-4.0	.32	.32			!
	33-50 50-60		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18		1.0-3.0	.24	.24			
	50-60	10-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32 			 
Bancroft	0-7	15-20	1.50-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-3.0	.43	.43	5	5	56
	7-37		1.50-1.55		0.19-0.21			.43	.43			
	37-60	10-20	1.50-1.55	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.55	.55			
91:		! 	]	[ 		 	1		 			 
Manila	0-7	18-27	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33	32-50	1.35-1.45	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	6.0-8.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32			
	33-50		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18		1.0-3.0	.24	.24			ļ
	50-60	18-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			
Broadhead	0-7	   15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	   6	   48
	7-10		1.25-1.45		0.18-0.20		1.0-2.0	.28	.28	ĺ	į -	i
	10-60	35-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.24	.32			
					1							

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea- bility	Available	Linear	Organic matter	<u> </u>	I		erodi-	
		   	density	(Ksat)	capacity	bility		Kw	Kf	T	-	index
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
02:		 					 					 
Manila	0 - 7	18-27	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33	32-50	1.35-1.45	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	6.0-8.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	33-50	27-40	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.24	.24	ĺ	İ	ĺ
	50-60	18-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			
Broadhead	0 - 7	   15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	   5	6	48
	7-10	1	1.25-1.45		0.18-0.20	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.28	.28			
	10-60	35-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.24	.32			
3:		! 										
Manila	0 - 7		1.20-1.30		0.19-0.21		2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33	1	1.35-1.45		0.16-0.20		2.0-4.0	.32	.32			ļ
	33-50		1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18		1.0-3.0	.24	.24	!		!
	50-60	18-35 	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			 
Lonigan	0 - 8	5-18	0.95-1.05	2-6	0.17-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	4	86
	8-11	10-18	1.00-1.10	2-6	0.14-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	11-24	10-22	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	24-34											
4:		 				 	! 		 			 
Manila	0 - 7	18-27	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	6	48
	7-33	32-50	1.35-1.45	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	6.0-8.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32			
	33-50	27-40	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.24	.24			
	50-60	18-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.32			
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	   16-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.17	.32	4	6	48
	8-16	20-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.32	ĺ	İ	ĺ
	16-19	28-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.06-0.08	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.28			
	19-29	35-50	1.15-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.07-0.14	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.10	.28			
	29-60	35-50	1.10-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.09-0.13	6.0-8.9	0.0-1.0	.15	.32			
95:		 				 	! 		 			 
Maplecreek	0-14	10-18	1.25-1.45	2-6	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.20	5	3	86
	14-35	10-18	1.25-1.45	2-6	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32			
	35-60	5-10	1.25-1.45	2-6	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
96:		 					 		 			 
Maplecreek	0-14	1	1.25-1.45	2-6	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.20	5	3	86
	14-35	10-18	1.25-1.45	2-6	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32			
	35-60	5-10	1.25-1.45	2-6	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
Layton	0-13	5-12	1.45-1.55	6-20	0.09-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.20	5	2	13
	13-19	3-10	1.45-1.55	6-20	0.09-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.20			
	19-34	3-10	1.50-1.60	6-20	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.32	.32			
	34-64	3-10	1.50-1.60	6-20	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.32	.32			
7:		! 					! 					
Merkley	0-5	12-22	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.43	.49	4	4L	86
ĺ	5-31	10-17	1.50-1.60	0.6-2	0.16-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.55			
	31-50		1.55-1.70		0.11-0.15		0.0-0.5	.37	.43			
	50-61	1-5	1.60-2.00	6-20	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	1.15	.28			
Lago	0 - 9	18-26	1.15-1.25	0.6-2	0.18-0.19	0.0-2.9	3.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	8	0
j	9-16	18-26	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.18-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37			
j	16-45	22-35	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.19		0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
	45-60	10-26	1.35-1.60	0.6-6	0.11-0.19	0 0-2 9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37	1	1	1

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	   Moist	   Permea-	  Available	Linear	Organic	Erosi	on fac	tors		Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density 	bility   (Ksat) 	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter	Kw	   Kf	   T 	bility  group	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct					
0.7												
97: Bear Lake	0-11	   28-34	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	   0.0-2.9	3.0-7.0	.37	.37	   5	8	   0
2002 2000	11-20		1.20-1.45	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	20-26		1.30-1.45	0.2-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.49	.49	İ	İ	İ
	26-60	15-34	1.45-1.75	2-20	0.04-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.24	.43			
98:		 	 	 	 	 				l		l I
Moonlight	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95			5	5	56
	1-2		0.10-0.30	1	0.30-0.60		60-95			Ì	ĺ	ĺ
	2-26		1.30-1.60	1	0.19-0.21	!	4.0-6.0	.32	.37		ļ	
	26-62	12-18	1.30-1.60	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.49			 
Camelback	0-3	12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.17	.43	5	5	   56
j	3-14	12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.17	.43	İ	İ	İ
	14-22		1.20-1.40	1	0.10-0.14		1.0-2.0	.17	.43			[
	22-32		1.25-1.45	1	0.10-0.14		1.0-2.0	.17	.43	ļ		
	32-50 50-61		1.20-1.40  1.20-1.40	1	0.10-0.14		0.5-1.0 0.0-0.5	.20	.49	l I	1	l I
i	30-01	11-21		0.0-2		0.0-2.5	0.0-0.5	•=/	.13			
99:		j	İ	j	j			İ	i	İ	İ	j
Niter			1.15-1.25		0.17-0.20		1.0-3.0	.37	.37	5	4L	86
	8-19		1.20-1.30		1	9.0-25.0		.28	.32			
	19-60	35-60 	1.25-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.16-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.1-0.5	.32	.32	l		 
Brifox	0-7	40-50	1.15-1.30	0.06-0.2	0.18-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.37	5	4L	86
j	7-18	35-50	1.20-1.40	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.20	9.0-25.0	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
ļ	18-60	38-60	1.20-1.40	0.0015-0.06	0.15-0.18	9.0-25.0	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	ļ	ļ	ļ
100:						1						
Northwater	0-12	   5-12	1.20-1.40	2-6	0.07-0.11	   0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.10	.37	   4	5	   56
1.01 011.10 001	12-28		1.20-1.40	1	0.07-0.11	!	2.0-4.0	.15	.37	i		
j	28-46	21-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.04-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.37	İ	İ	İ
	46-56									ļ	ļ	[
Foxol	0-3	   18-24	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.07-0.11		2.0-4.0	1.10	.32	1	8	   0
FOXOI	3-9		1.20-1.40	1	0.07-0.11		2.0-4.0	1.10	32	-	•	0
	9-17	18-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.03-0.07	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.37	İ	İ	İ
ļ	17-27										ļ	[
*******		10 10	1 00 1 40				0040					
Vitale	0-1   1-15	!	1.20-1.40 1.20-1.40	!	0.05-0.07		2.0-4.0 1.0-3.0	.05	37	2	8	0 
	15-26		1.20-1.40	1	0.06-0.08		0.5-1.0	.05	.32	i		
j	26-36	i	j	i	j			j	j	İ	İ	İ
											ļ	
101: Northwater	0 12		1 20 1 40	1 2 6		   0.0-2.9	2050	1.10	   .37			   48
NOICHWater			1.20-1.40	!	!	0.0-2.9			1	]	0	40
			1.20-1.40	1		0.0-2.9			1	İ	İ	i
	46-56											[
<b>D</b>	0 17	10 10	1 00 1 40					04		-		
Povey		1	1.20-1.40  1.30-1.45	I .	t .	0.0-2.9		1	1	5 	6 	48 
			1.30-1.45	1	1	0.0-2.9		1	1			İ
		İ	j	j	j			İ	İ	İ	İ	į
102:	_	_										
Northwater				1	!	0.0-2.9			.37	5	6	48
			1.20-1.40  1.20-1.40	1	1	0.0-2.9		1	37	[ [	 	I I
i	46-56									ĺ		
j												

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available	1	Organic		on fact		erodi-	
and soil name		   	bulk   density 	bility   (Ksat) 	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 		bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct					
102:		 		 	 	 	 		 	 	 	 
Povey	0-17	10-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.18	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.24	.43	5	7	38
-	17-38	10-20	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-6.0	.15	.32	İ	İ	i
	38-60	8-18	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.15	.32	į	į	į
103:		l I		 	 	 	 			 	 	 
Nyman	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95	i		3	6	48
-	1-6	8-16	0.90-1.05	0.6-2	0.14-0.18	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.28	.49	İ	į	İ
	6-12	8-16	0.90-1.05	0.6-2	0.12-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.49	İ	İ	İ
	12-20	8-16	0.90-1.05	0.6-2	0.09-0.11	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.17	.49	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
	20-25	8-16	0.90-1.05	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.17	.49			
	25-36	8-12	0.90-1.05	0.6-2	0.07-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.17	.55			
	36-46											
Lonigan	0-8	   5-18	0.95-1.05	2-6	  0.17-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	   3	   5	   56
	8-11	10-18	1.00-1.10	2-6	0.14-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37	İ	İ	İ
	11-24	10-22	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37	į	İ	İ
	24-34										ĺ	ĺ
Copenhagen	   0-7	   18-24	0.80-1.00	0.6-2	  0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	1.10	   .37	   1	   5	   56
	7-13	18-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.10	.37	İ	İ	i
	13-23			i	j					į	į	į
104:		l I		 	 	 	 			 	 	 
Oxford	0-5	40-45	1.35-1.65	0.06-0.2	0.11-0.17	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
ONIOIG	5-26		1	0.0015-0.06	t.		0.0-0.0	.37	.37	]	i -	00
	26-63			0.0015-0.06			0.5-1.0	.37	.37			į
Banida	   0-6	   32-39	1.40-1.50	0 06-0 2	  0.14-0.18	3 0-5 9	   1.0-2.0	.32	   .32	   5	   4	   86
Danita	6-22			0.0015-0.06		,	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	<del>*</del> 	00
	22-35			0.0015-0.06		,	0.0-0.0	.37	.37		! 	i
	35-64			0.0015-0.06		,	0.0-0.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
105:		 			 	 	 		 	 	 	 
Oxford	0-5	40-45	1.35-1.65	0.06-0.2	0.11-0.17	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
	5-26			0.0015-0.06	1		0.0-0.0	.37	.37	-	i -	
	26-63	!	!	0.0015-0.06	!	!	0.5-1.0	.37	.37		İ	į
Banida	0-6	   32-39	1.40-1.50	0 06-0 2	  0.14-0.18	3 0-5 9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	   5	   4	   86
Daniida	6-22		1	0.0015-0.06			1.0-2.0	.37	.37	]	i -	00
	22-35			0.0015-0.06	1		0.0-0.0	.37	.37	i		<u> </u>
	35-64			0.0015-0.06	1		0.0-0.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	į
106:		 			 	 	 			 	 	 
Oxford	0-5	40-45	1.35-1.65	0.06-0.2	0.11-0.17	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	5	   4	   86
0111011				0.0015-0.06	1			.37	.37		i -	
	26-63			0.0015-0.06	1		0.5-1.0	.37	.37			į
Banida	   0-6	32-39	1 40-1 50	0.06-0.2	  0 14-0 18	3 0-5 9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	   5	   4	   86
Daniida			1	0.0015-0.06	t.		1.0-2.0	.37	.37	]	i -	00
				0.0015-0.06	1			.37	.37	i	<u> </u>	i
	35-64		1	0.0015-0.06	t.			.37	.37			į
107:		 				 	 			 	 	 
Oxford	0-5	40-45	1.35-1.65	0.06-0.2	0.11-0.17	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	5	   4	86
				0.0015-0.06	1			.37	.37	i	 i	
	26-63			0.0015-0.06	1		0.5-1.0	.37	.37	į		į
Gullied land	   0-60	 		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	   <b>_</b>	 
Guilled Talld	0-60		!									

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	1	   Organic	Erosi	on fact	tors	erodi-	
and soil name		   	bulk   density	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-   bility	matter   	   Kw	   Kf 	   T 	bility  group 	
<u> </u>	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct					
108:												
Parkay	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95			   3	6	48
larinay	1-3		1.20-1.40		0.13-0.18		3.0-6.0	.20	.37			10
	3-12		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18		2.0-4.0	.20	.37	i		i
	12-21		1.20-1.40		0.08-0.14		2.0-4.0	.15	.43	i	İ	i
	21-29	22-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37	i	İ	i
	29-47	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.07-0.14		0.0-1.0	.15	.37	i	İ	i
į	47-57	ļ	ļ ļ							į	į	į
Povey	0-17	   10-18	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.18	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.24	.43	   5	   6	   48
-	17-38	10-20	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.11		2.0-6.0	.15	.32	i	İ	i
į	38-60	8-18	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.15	.32	į	į	
109:		 					 			 		
Parleys	0 - 4	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	6	48
-	4-13	16-26	1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
į	13-18	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.43			
	18-35	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
	35-50	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.43			
	50-60	16-26	1.20-1.50	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55			
110:		 								 		
Parleys	0 - 4	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	6	48
	4-13	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	13-18	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.43			
	18-35	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
	35-50		1.30-1.50		0.19-0.21		0.0-0.5	.43	.43			
	50-60	16-26	1.20-1.50	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55			
111:												
Parleys, wet	0 - 4	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	6	48
	4-13	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	13-18	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.43			
	18-35	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
	35-50		1.30-1.50		0.19-0.21		0.0-0.5	.43	.43			
	50-60	16-26	1.20-1.50	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55			
112:												
Pavohroo	0-1		0.10-0.30		0.30-0.60		60-95			5	5	56
	1-3		0.10-0.30		0.30-0.60		60-95					
	3-6		1.20-1.40		0.16-0.19		4.0-8.0	.32	.37			
	6-29		1.20-1.40		0.16-0.19				.43			
	29-63	18-25 	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.12-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.28	.43	 	 	
Sedgway	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	j	60-95			5	5	56
İ	1-2	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95			ĺ	İ	İ
	2-7	15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.16	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.43			
	7-23	15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.09-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.43			
	23-62	27-34	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.08-0.10	3.0-5.9	0.0-1.0	.20	.37			
Toponce	0 - 3	   15-25	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	4.0-6.0	.37	.43	   5	   6	48
-	3-14		1.20-1.40		0.18-0.21			.37	.37	i	i	i
į	14-60	35-60	1.25-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18		0.5-2.0	.32	.32	į	į	
113:		 										
Picabo	0 - 4	   14-19	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2 9	2.0-5.0	.43	.43	   5	   4L	   86
	4-16		1.25-1.50		0.19-0.21		1.0-4.0	.49	.49		41	
	16-45		1.40-1.50		0.19-0.21			.55	.55	i	i	i
	45-51		1.40-1.50		0.19-0.21			.64	.64	i	i	i
	51-65		1.30-1.50		0.19-0.21		0.0-0.5	.64	.64	i	i	i
		į	į i		j	İ	İ	İ	į	İ	İ	į

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available	1	Organic		on fac		erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density 	bility   (Ksat) 	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	Kw	   Kf 	   T 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>	İ	İ		İ
113:												
Thatcherflats		!	1.10-1.20	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.55	.55	5	4L	86
	4-16 16-61	28-43 25-35	1.40-1.50  1.40-1.50	0.0015-0.06   0.06-0.2	0.14-0.17  0.16-0.18		0.5-1.0	.49   .49	.49   .49	 		 
 114:				 	 	 	[ [					
Pits, gravel	0-60	i		i	j	j	j		ļ			ļ
115:		Ì			Ì		İ					
Pollynot			1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21		2.0-4.0	.37	.43	5	7	38
	9-13 13-15		1.20-1.40 1.20-1.40	1	0.19-0.21 0.17-0.21	!	1.0-2.0	.49	.49   .49			
	15-15		1.25-1.45		0.17-0.21		0.0-0.5	32	.43			 
	26-44		1.20-1.40	1	0.17-0.21		0.0-0.5	.43	.49		İ	
	44-61		1.40-1.60	1	0.08-0.11		0.0-0.5	.17	.20	į		į
116:								!				
Pollynot			1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21		2.0-4.0	.37	.43	5	6	48
	9-13		1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21	!	1.0-2.0	.49	.49			
	13-15 15-26		1.20-1.40 1.25-1.45		0.17-0.21 0.16-0.19	!	0.0-0.5	.43	.49		1	 
	26-44	!	1.20-1.40		0.17-0.21		0.0-0.5	.43	.49		İ	İ
	44-61		1.40-1.60	1	0.08-0.11		0.0-0.5	.17	.20	ļ		
117:		 		 	 				 			 
Pollynot			1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21		2.0-4.0	.37	.43	5	6	48
	9-13		1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21		1.0-2.0	.49	.49			
	13-15 15-26		1.20-1.40 1.25-1.45		0.17-0.21 0.16-0.19		0.5-1.0	.43	.49			
	26-44		1.20-1.40	1	0.16-0.19		0.0-0.5	.32	.43		1	 
	44-61		1.40-1.60		0.08-0.11		0.0-0.5	.17	.20			
118:		 			 		 					
Pollynot	0 - 9	14-23	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.43	5	6	48
	9-13		1.20-1.40		0.19-0.21	!	1.0-2.0	.49	.49			
	13-15		1.20-1.40		0.17-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.49		ļ	
	15-26 26-44		1.25-1.45		0.16-0.19		0.0-0.5	.32	.43			
	44-61		1.20-1.40  1.40-1.60		0.17-0.21 0.08-0.11		0.0-0.5	1.43	.49   .20			
   119:		 		 	 	 			 	 		
Polumar	0 - 6	14-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	3	6	48
	6-11		1.20-1.40		0.11-0.17		2.0-4.0	.20	.37			
	11-18		1.30-1.50		0.07-0.14		1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	18-22		1.30-1.50	!	0.07-0.14		1.0-3.0	!	.37			
	22-46 46-56	12-18	1.30-1.50 	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0		.43			 
Ireland	0-2	   14-20	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.07-0.14	   0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0		   .37	   2	   7	   38
j	2-7	14-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.11-0.15	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.20	.37	İ	İ	į
	7-14		1.30-1.50		0.07-0.13		0.5-1.0	.15	.43			
	14-23 23-33	10-22	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.02-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.37			
120:		i I	İ	  -	i I	  -	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ	İ
Polumar	0 - 6	14-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	3	6	48
j	6-11		1.20-1.40		0.11-0.17	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	İ	İ	İ
	11-18		1.30-1.50		0.07-0.14		1.0-3.0		.37			
	18-22		1.30-1.50		0.07-0.14		1.0-3.0		.37		ļ	
	22-46		1.30-1.50		0.05-0.07		0.5-1.0		.43		Į.	
	46-56	 		 		 			 			
				1	·		·		i .			

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	   Moist	Permea-	Available		   Organic	Erosi	on fact	tors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density   	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw	   Kf 	   T 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct					
120:		l I				l I			l I	 	 	 
Sprollow	0-3	12-17	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.28	.49	2	5	56
	3-14	12-17	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	1	0.5-2.0	.28	.49	-		
	14-39	10-17	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.13	1	0.5-1.0	.17	.55	i	İ	İ
į	39-49	ļ	ļ ļ				j			į	į	
Ireland	0-2	   14-20	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.07-0.14	   0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	1.15	.37	   2	   7	38
j	2-7	14-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.11-0.15	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.20	.37	İ	İ	i
	7-14	14-20	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.07-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.43	İ	İ	İ
	14-23	10-22	1.30-1.50	0.6-2	0.02-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.37	ĺ	İ	İ
	23-33											
121:		 				 	 			 	 	
Povey	0-17	10-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.18	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.24	.43	5	7	38
	17-38	10-20	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-6.0	.15	.32	İ	İ	İ
ļ	38-60	8-18	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	.15	.32			
Hades	0-5	   18-25	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.15-0.18	   0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	   48
	5-60		1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	1	0.5-1.0	.15	.32			
Hondoho	0-3	   18-25	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	3 0-5 9	2.0-3.0	1.17		   5	   7	   38
nondono	3-19		1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		1.0-3.0	.20	.37	3	<i>'</i>	30
	19-60		1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.08-0.11	1	0.0-1.0	1.17	.32			
		ļ					[					
122: Povey	0-17	   10-18	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.18	   n n_2 9	3.0-5.0	.24	.43	   5	   6	   48
lovey	17-38		1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.11	1	2.0-6.0	.15	.32	]	0	40
	38-60		1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.06-0.08	1	0.5-2.0	.15	.32		İ	İ
Parkay	0-1	0-25	  0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	 	   60-95			   3	   6	   48
raikay	1-3		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	1	3.0-6.0	.20	.37	3	0	40
	3-12		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	1	2.0-4.0	.20	.37	i		i
	12-21		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.14	1	2.0-4.0	.15	.43	i	İ	i
	21-29	22-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37	İ	İ	i
	29-47	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.07-0.14	3.0-5.9	0.0-1.0	.15	.37	İ	İ	İ
	47-57											
123:		l I				 	l İ			 		 
Preston	0 - 8	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.24	5	1	310
	8-15	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	1	0.0-1.0	.24	.24			
	15-65	3-10	1.50-1.80	6-20	0.05-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.20	.20			
124:						! 						
Preston	0 - 8	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.24	5	1	310
	8-15	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	1	0.0-1.0	.24	.24			
	15-65	3-10	1.50-1.80	6-20	0.05-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.20	.20			
125:		! 				 	 			 		
Preston	0 - 8	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.24	5	2	134
	8-15	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.24	.24			
	15-65	3-10	1.50-1.80	6-20	0.05-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.20	.20			
126:		 				 	] 				[ 	
Preston	0 - 8	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.24	5	2	134
j	8-15	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.05-0.07		0.0-1.0	.24	.24	İ	İ	İ
	15-65	3-10	1.50-1.80	6-20	0.05-0.11	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.20	.20			
Xerorthents	0-3	   10-25	  1.10-1.40	0.2-6	0.09-0.16	   0.0-2 9	0.0-1.0	.20	   .37	   3	   8	   0
	3-11		1.10-1.40	0.2-6	0.05-0.12	!	0.0-1.0	1.15	37			
i	11-21									i	İ	İ
		İ	i i		İ		İ	İ	İ	i	İ	İ

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	   Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available		Organic		on fac		erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name	   	   	bulk   density   	bility (Ksat)	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	Kw	   Kf 	   T 	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	İ		<u> </u>	İ	
127:	 	 				 	 		 	 	 	 
Ricrest	0-6	14-25	1.25-1.50	0.6-2	0.14-0.17	0.0-2.9	2.0-5.0	.28	.32	5	6	48
	6-20	24-32	1.30-1.55	0.6-2	0.17-0.18	3.0-5.9	1.0-4.0	.24	.32	ĺ	İ	ĺ
	20-60	20-30	1.40-1.70	0.6-2	0.15-0.17	3.0-5.9	0.0-3.0	.24	.49			ļ
128:	 	l I				 				 		l I
Sanyon	0-5	10-18	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.08-0.12	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.24	.37	2	5	56
	5-17	10-18	1.10-1.20	0.6-2	0.06-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.17	.43			
	17-27											
Staberg	   0-10	   10-18	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.37	   3	   6	   48
	10-23	18-22	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15		1.0-3.0	.17	.32			İ
	23-33	18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.10	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.43	İ	İ	İ
	33-38	5-15	1.30-1.40	2 - 6	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.20			
	38-48											
Kabear	   0-9	   4-14	1.25-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.16	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.43	   5	3	   86
	9-45	4-17	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.12-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.37	.43	İ	İ	İ
	45-60	3-10	1.25-1.40	2-20	0.08-0.13	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.28	İ	į	į
129:	 											
Smidale	   0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60		60-95			   4	7	   38
	1-9		1.10-1.20	0.6-2	0.11-0.13		4.0-6.0	.10	.28	i -	i .	
	9-26	16-27	1.15-1.25	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.15	.32	İ	İ	İ
	26-39	20-27	1.20-1.35	0.6-2	0.08-0.12	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.15	.32	İ		ĺ
	39-46	24-30	1.30-1.45	0.6-2	0.08-0.12		2.0-4.0	.15	.32			
	46-61	26-30	1.35-1.45	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.10	.37			
130:	 	! 							 	 		İ
Smidale	0-1	0-25	0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	j	60-95	j		4	7	38
	1-9	14-24	1.10-1.20	0.6-2	0.11-0.13		4.0-6.0	.10	.28			
	9-26	16-27	1.15-1.25	0.6-2	0.10-0.13		3.0-5.0	.15	.32	ļ		ļ
	26-39	20-27	1.20-1.35	0.6-2	0.08-0.12		3.0-5.0	.15	.32			
	39-46 46-61	24-30	1.30-1.45   1.35-1.45	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.08-0.12		2.0-4.0	1.15	32	 	 	 
											İ	İ
Staberg	0-10	10-18	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.16-0.18	!	2.0-4.0	.28	.37	3	7	38
	10-23	18-22	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.13-0.15	!	1.0-3.0	.17	.32			
	23-33	18-27   5-15	1.30-1.40	0.6-2 2-6	0.08-0.10	!	1.0-3.0	1.15	.43			
	33-38 38-48		1.30-1.40	2-6	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.20	 		 
		İ			İ			İ			İ	İ
131:												
Sprollow	0-3 3-14		1.20-1.40   1.20-1.40	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.13-0.18		1.0-3.0	.28	.49   .49	2	5	56
	14-39	10-17	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.13		0.5-2.0	1.17	.55	 		 
	39-49											İ
11										_	_	
Hondoho	0-3   3-19		1.20-1.40   1.20-1.30	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.13-0.15		2.0-3.0	.17	.32   .37	5	7	38
	19-60		1.20-1.30	0.6-2	1	3.0-5.9	1	1.17	32	 	 	 
		İ						İ		İ	İ	İ
132:		10 17		0.6.2								
Sprollow	0-3 3-14	!	1.20-1.40   1.20-1.40	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.13-0.18		1.0-3.0	.28	.49   .49	2	5 	56
	14-39	10-17	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.08-0.13		0.5-1.0	1.17	.55	 		i i
	39-49										İ	
T7				0.6.0								   0
Hymas	0-3 3-14	10-15   10-18	1.25-1.35   1.35-1.45	0.6-2 0.6-2	0.13-0.16		2.0-3.0	1.15	.43	1	8	U
	3-14   14-17	!	1.35-1.45	0.6-2	0.09-0.12		0.5-1.0	1.10	.43	I I	1	 
	17-27									i		<u> </u>
	İ	į	i i		į	İ	į	j	į	İ	İ	į

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	1	Organic	Erosi	on fact	ors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	bulk   density 	bility   (Ksat) 	water  capacity 	extensi-   bility 	matter   	   Kw 	   Kf 	Т	bility  group 	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	İ			İ	į
133:		 		 	 	 						l I
Sterling	0-8 8-66	10-20 10-22	1.30-1.40  1.30-1.40	1	0.14-0.16 0.05-0.11		2.0-4.0	.24	37	5	   6 	   48 
134:		İ		İ		İ					İ	
Sterling	0-8 8-66		1.30-1.40	1	0.14-0.16		2.0-4.0	1.10	.37   .37	5	6 	48 
135:		! 		 	! 							
Sterling	0-8 8-66		1.30-1.40	1	0.14-0.16		2.0-4.0	.24	.37	5	5	56 
136:		 		 	 	 						l I
Sterling	0-8 8-66	10-20	1.30-1.40	1	0.14-0.16		2.0-4.0	.24	37	5	   	48 
137:		 		 	! 							İ
Sterling	0-8 8-66		1.30-1.40	1	0.14-0.16		2.0-4.0	.24	37	5	6	48
Parleys	0-4	   16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	   6	   48
	4-13		1.20-1.40	1	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	13-18		1.30-1.50	1	0.19-0.21		0.5-2.0	.43	.43			ļ
	18-35		1.30-1.50	1	0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
	35-50 50-60		1.30-1.50  1.20-1.50	1	0.19-0.21  0.19-0.21		0.0-0.5	.43	.43 .55			
138:		  -										
Thatcher	0-8	16-25	1.35-1.45	0.6-2	0.17-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-3.0	.28	.28	5	6	48
İ	8-29	28-35	1.35-1.45	I .	0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.49	.49		İ	İ
	29-58 58-60		1.35-1.45 1.35-1.50	1	0.15-0.18 0.11-0.17		1.0-2.0	.49   .49	.49   .49			
	38-60	12-25		0.6-2	0.11-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	•49	•49			İ
Bearhollow	0-4	13-18	1.20-1.40	I .	0.11-0.15		1.0-2.0	.24	.49	5	5	56
	4-9		1.20-1.40	1	0.11-0.15		0.5-1.0	.24	.49			
	9-22 22-43		1.20-1.40 1.20-1.40	1	0.10-0.15		0.0-0.5	32	.49   .49			 
	43-60		1.20-1.40		0.10-0.15		0.0-0.5	.32	.49			
139:		 		 	 							 
Toponce	0-3	15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	4.0-6.0	.37	.43	5	6	48
	3-14	!	1.20-1.40	!	0.18-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37			ĺ
	14-60 	35-60 	1.25-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32			
Broadhead	0-7	15-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.20	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.28	.28	5	6	48
	7-10		1.25-1.45  1.30-1.50	!	0.18-0.20	!	1.0-2.0	.28	.28			
	10-60	35-50		0.06-0.2	0.16-0.18 	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.24	32			 
140:										_		
Trenton	0-8 8-32		1.35-1.45 1.35-1.45	!	0.19-0.21 0.19-0.21	!	2.0-3.0	37	.37 .37	5	4L	86 
	32-46		1.40-1.50	!	0.17-0.21		0.5-2.0	32	32			İ
	46-60		1.40-1.50	1	0.15-0.17		0.5-1.0	.32	.32			į
Battle Creek	0-8	   32-40	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	  0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	4	   86
İ	8-11	!	1.20-1.40	!	0.14-0.21		2.0-3.0	.32	.32			ļ
	11-19			0.0000-0.06			0.5-1.0	.32	.32			ļ
	19-40 40-60			0.0000-0.06			0.5-1.0	32	.32 .37		1	I I
	10-00	33=33				3.0-3.9		.5,				i

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	  Available	1	   Organic	Erosi	on fac	tors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		ļ	bulk	bility	water	extensi-	matter	[	ļ	ļ	bility	
		 	density	(Ksat) 	capacity	bility 	 	Kw	Kf 	T 	group 	index 
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>				
141:		 			 	 	 		 		 	
Trenton, cool	0 - 8	30-35	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-3.0	.37	.37	5	4L	86
	8-32	30-35	1.35-1.45	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-3.0	.37	.37	İ	İ	İ
	32-46	35-50	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.17-0.20	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32	ĺ	İ	İ
	46-60	35-50	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.15-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	ĺ	ĺ	į
Battle Creek,		 			 	 	 		 		l I	 
cool	0 - 8	32-40	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	4	86
	8-11	32-45	1.20-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.14-0.21	6.0-8.9	2.0-3.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	11-19	40-60	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.14-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	19-40	40-60	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.14-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
	40-60	35-55	1.30-1.50	0.0000-0.06	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
142:		 			 	 	 		 	 	 	 
Trenton	0 - 8		1.35-1.45	!	0.19-0.21	!	2.0-3.0	.37	.37	5	4L	86
	8-32	30-35	1.35-1.45		0.19-0.21	1	2.0-3.0	.37	.37			
	32-46	35-50	1.40-1.50		0.17-0.20	6.0-8.9	0.5-2.0	.32	.32			
	46-60	35-50	1.40-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.15-0.17	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
Parleys	0 - 4	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.32	5	   6	48
	4-13	16-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
	13-18	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
	18-35	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ
	35-50	27-35	1.30-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.43			
	50-60	16-26	1.20-1.50	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55		ļ	ļ
143:		 	 		 	 	 		 	 	 	 
Valmar	0-9	13-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.24	.43	2	8	0
	9-14	20-27	1.25-1.50	0.6-2	0.10-0.15	3.0-5.9	0.5-2.0	.20	.43	İ	İ	İ
	14-24	20-27	1.25-1.50	0.6-2	0.07-0.12	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.17	.49			
	24-34											ļ
Camelback	0-3	   12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	1 .17	.43	   5	   5	   56
	3-14	12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.17	.43	i	İ	İ
	14-22	22-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.17	.43	İ	į	İ
	22-32	27-31	1.25-1.45	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.17	.43	ĺ	İ	İ
	32-50	20-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.20	.49			
	50-61	14-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.09-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.17	.43			ļ
Hades	0 - 5	   18-25	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.15-0.18	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.32	.43	   5	   6	   48
	5-60	27-35	1.30-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.15	.32	į	į	į
144:		 		 	 	 	 		 		 	 
Vitale	0-1	12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.05	.37	2	8	0
	1-15		1.20-1.40		0.05-0.08	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.05	.32	i	i	İ
	15-26	25-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.06-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.32	i	İ	İ
	26-36			ļ			ļ			į	į	į
Bergquist	0 - 5	   7_19	  1.20-1.40	2-6	  0.06-0.10	0 0-2 9	1.0-3.0	1.15	   .37	   3	   8	   0
Dergquist	5-12		1.20-1.40		0.00-0.10		1.0-3.0	1.15	37		i	3
	12-54	!	1.30-1.50		0.04-0.08	1	0.0-1.0	.05	.28		İ	İ
	54-64											
Rock outcrop	0-60	 			 	 		 	 	 	 	 
145.					 						ļ	
145: Vitale	0-1	   12-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	  0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.05	   .37	   2	   8	   0
-	1-15		1.20-1.40		0.05-0.08	1	1.0-3.0	.05	.32	i	i	i
	15-26	!	1.20-1.40		0.06-0.08	1	0.5-1.0	.05	.32	İ	İ	į
	26-36	i		i	i	i	j	j	i			1
		I					I				1	I

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol	Depth	   Clay	Moist	Permea-	Available	1	   Organic	Erosi	on fact	Lors	erodi-	Wind  erodi-
and soil name			bulk	bility	water	extensi-	matter				bility	: -
		 	density	(Ksat)	capacity	bility 		Kw	Kf 	T 	group	index
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	Ī	İ		İ	
145:		 				 	 				 	
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	16-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.17	.32	4	7	38
	8-16	20-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.32	İ	İ	İ
	16-19	28-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.06-0.08	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.28	ĺ	İ	İ
	19-29	35-50	1.15-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.07-0.14	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	1.10	.28			
	29-60	35-50	1.10-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.09-0.13	6.0-8.9	0.0-1.0	.15	.32			
Northwater	0-12	   5-12	1.20-1.40	2-6	0.07-0.11	0.0-2.9	3.0-5.0	.10	.37	   4	5	56
	12-28	10-17	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.07-0.11	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.15	.37	İ	İ	İ
	28-46	21-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.04-0.07	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.05	.37	ĺ		İ
	46-56											
146:		 				 	 				 	
Welby	0-12	10-18	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-3.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
	12-40	10-18	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.5-3.0	.43	.43	ĺ	İ	İ
	40-60	5-18	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.37			
147:		 				 				 	 	
Welby	0-12	10-18	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-3.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
- i	12-40	10-18	1.20-1.30	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.5-3.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	i
	40-60	5-18	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.13-0.15	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.37	.37	į	į	į
148:		 										
Welby, wet	0-12	8-16	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
	12-40	10-18	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.16-0.20	0.0-2.9	0.5-3.0	.55	.55			
	40-60	5-15	1.30-1.50	2-6	0.13-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.37	.43			
149:		<u> </u> 								 	 	
Collinston	0 - 8	18-22	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
	8-12	18-30	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	ĺ		İ
	12-60	18-30	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
Wheelon	0 - 6	   18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	   5	   4L	   86
	6-60	24-34	1.40-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43		į	į
150:		 										
Wheelon	0-6	   18-27	1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.19-0.21	3 0-5 9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	   5	   4L	86
	6-60	24-34	1.40-1.50	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
G-114	0.0			0 0 0 6								
Collinston	0-8 8-12	18-22   18-30	1.20-1.30   1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6 0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		1.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
	12-60	1	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		0.5-1.0	.43	.43			
			į į					į	į	ĺ	į	
151: Wheelon	0.6	10 07		0.6.0			1 0 2 0	42	42		4.	
wneelon	0 - 6 6 - 60	1	1.30-1.40   1.40-1.50	0.6-2 0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43	5 	4L 	86 
					İ						İ	
Collinston	0 - 8		1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	!	1.0-4.0	.43	.43	5	4L	86
	8-12 12-60	!	1.20-1.30   1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6 0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21		1.0-3.0	.43	.43			
	12-00	10-30		0.2-0.0				.43	.13			
152:				<u> </u>							_	
Windernot	0-6		1.20-1.40		0.07-0.11		2.0-4.0	.17	.32	3	5	56
	6-18	!	1.20-1.40   1.30-1.50	2-6	0.07-0.11		2.0-4.0	1.17	32			
	18-23 23-60	5-15   1-5	1.60-2.00	2-6 20-20	0.05-0.08		1.0-3.0	.15	.28			
	_	_	į	_		İ	į	į		į	į .	
Lewnot	0-10 10-38	!	1.25-1.45   1.25-1.45	2-6 0.6-6	0.13-0.15		0.5-1.0	.32	.24	3	3	86
	38-60	10-25   3-5	1.70-1.90	6-20	0.10-0.20		0.0-0.5	1.15	.34	l I		
	30-00	J - J	,0-1.50	J - Z U	0.02-0.07	1 0.0-2.9	1 0.0-0.5		. 2 -	!	1	1

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Clay	Moist	Permea- bility	Available	Linear extensi-	Organic matter	İ	on fac		erodi-	
and boll name		   	density	(Ksat)	capacity	bility		Kw	Kf	T		index
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct	<u> </u>		<u> </u> 		
152:		 			1	 	1			 	 	
Stinkcreek	0-11	27-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.17-0.20	   3 N_5 9	3.0-5.0	.32	.32	   3	8	   0
DCIIIKCI GEK	11-21		1.20-1.40	0.2-2	0.17-0.20		1.0-3.0	37	.43	]		0
	21-40	1-5	1.40-1.60	6-20	0.03-0.04		0.5-2.0	.10	.28	i		i
	40-60	1-3	1.50-1.70	20-20	0.01-0.02		0.0-0.5	.02	.20			ļ
.53:		 				 				 		 
Winn	0-13	18-20	1.20-1.25	0.6-2	0.18-0.19	0.0-2.9	5.0-7.0	.32	.32	5	4L	86
	13-60		1.30-1.40	0.6-2	0.16-0.18		1.0-2.0	.43	.43		į	
.54:		l I				 				 	 	 
Winwell	0-10	27-32	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	7	38
	10-22	38-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.6	0.14-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	22-30	40-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.14-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32	İ	İ	İ
	30-51	27-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.43	İ	İ	ĺ
	51-60	18-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55	į	į	į
55:		l I				<u> </u> 			 	 		 
Winwell	0-10	27-32	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.37	.37	5	7	38
	10-22	38-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.6	0.14-0.20	6.0-8.9	1.0-2.0	.32	.32			
	22-30	40-50	1.30-1.50	0.06-0.2	0.14-0.17	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.32	.32			
	30-51	27-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.43	.43			
	51-60	18-26	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.18-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.55	.55			
Collinston	0 - 8	18-22	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-4.0	.43	.43	   5	   4L	86
	8-12	18-30	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.43	.43	İ	İ	İ
	12-60	18-30	1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.19-0.21	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.43	.43		İ	
.56:		 				 			 	 	 	
Wormcreek	0 - 9	27-35	1.10-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.15-0.18	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.20	2	5	56
	9-22	27-35	1.00-1.20	0.2-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	22-48	14-18	1.00-1.10	0.6-2	0.05-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.10	.49			
	48-58											
Copenhagen	0 - 7	18-24	0.80-1.00	0.6-2	0.06-0.08	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.10	.37	   1	   5	   56
	7-13	18-24	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.10-0.13	0.0-2.9	0.5-2.0	1.10	.37			
	13-23											
57:		 				 			 	 	 	 
Wormcreek	0 - 9	27-35	1.10-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.15-0.18	3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	.10	.20	2	5	56
	9-22	27-35	1.00-1.20	0.2-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	22-48	14-18	1.00-1.10	0.6-2	0.05-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.10	.49			
	48-58											
Lonigan	0 - 8		0.95-1.05		0.17-0.19	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.24	.37	3	   5	   56
	8-11	10-18	1.00-1.10	2-6	0.14-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	11-24	10-22	1.30-1.40	2-6	0.08-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	.24	.37			
	24-34											
58:		 				 			 			
Wursten	0 - 5		1.20-1.40		0.16-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.32	.37	5	4L	86
	5-17	12-20	1.20-1.40		0.14-0.18			.37	.37			
	17-31	12-16	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.14-0.18	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.37	.37			
	31-60	10-16	1.30-1.45	0.6-6	0.11-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.28	.37			
Dirtyhead	0 - 6	10-18	1.40-1.50	0.6-2	0.07-0.10	0.0-2.9	1.0-3.0	.20	.37	3	   6	48
	6-38	10-18	1.45-1.55	0.6-2	0.05-0.08	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	1	.37			
	38-48	i	i i									

Table 21.--Physical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol   and soil name	Depth	   Clay	   Moist     bulk	Permea- bility	Available water	   Linear  extensi-	Organic matter		on fac	1	1	Wind  erodi-
and soil name		   	density	(Ksat)	water  capacity	extensi-   bility	matter   	Kw	   Kf	   T 	group	
	In	Pct	g/cc	In/hr	In/in	Pct	Pct					
159:		 	 			 		1		l I		
Xerochrepts	0 - 8	14-25	1.10-1.40	0.6-6	0.12-0.21	0.0-2.9	1.0-2.0	.37	.37	5	4L	86
	8-14	!	1.10-1.40		0.04-0.21	!	0.0-1.0	.24	.43		İ	
	14-26	10-30	1.10-1.40	0.2-2	0.04-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.32	.49	i	İ	i
į	26-60	10-27	1.10-1.40	0.6-2	0.04-0.21	0.0-2.9	0.0-0.5	.24	.49	į	į	į
Wormcreek	0 - 9	   27-35	  1.10-1.30	0.2-0.6	0.15-0.18	   3.0-5.9	2.0-4.0	1.10	.20	2	5	   56
	9-22	27-35	1.00-1.20	0.2-2	0.10-0.14	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.15	.37			
	22-48 48-58	14-18 	1.00-1.10	0.6-2	0.05-0.10	0.0-2.9	0.5-1.0	10	.49			 
									2.5			
Xerorthents	0-3	1	1.10-1.40		0.09-0.16	!	0.0-1.0	.20	.37	3	8	0
	3-11 11-21	10-25 	1.10-1.40	0.2-6	0.05-0.12	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.15	.37 			
 160:		 				 						
Xerorthents	0-3	   10-25	1.10-1.40	0.2-6	0.09-0.16	0.0-2.9	0.0-1.0	.20	.37	3	8	0
	3-11		1.10-1.40	0.2-6	0.05-0.12		0.0-1.0	.15	.37	-	i -	
į	11-21		j j							į		į
161:		 	 			 	 		 			
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	16-20	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.17	.32	4	8	0
	8-16	20-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	3.0-5.9	1.0-2.0	.05	.32			
	16-19		1.20-1.40		0.06-0.08		1.0-2.0	.05	.28			
	19-29		1.15-1.40		0.07-0.14	6.0-8.9	0.5-1.0	.10	.28			
	29-60	35-50 	1.10-1.40	0.06-0.6	0.09-0.13	6.0-8.9 	0.0-1.0	1.15	.32			
162:			į		ļ		į			ļ		
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	!	1.20-1.40		0.13-0.18	!	2.0-4.0	.17	.32	4	6	48
	8-16	!	1.20-1.40		0.05-0.07	!	1.0-2.0	.05	.32			
ļ	16-19 19-29	28-35 35-50	1.20-1.40   1.15-1.40		0.06-0.08		1.0-2.0	.05	.28	1		
	29-60	!	1.13-1.40		0.07-0.14	!	0.0-1.0	1.15	.32			
  Manila	0 - 7	   18-27	  1.20-1.30	0.2-0.6	  0.19-0.21	3 0-5 9	2.0-4.0		   .37	   5		   48
	7-33	32-50	1.35-1.45		0.16-0.20	!	2.0-4.0	.32	.32			10
i	33-50	27-40	1.35-1.45		0.16-0.18	!	1.0-3.0	.24	.24	ì	İ	i
į	50-60	18-35	1.25-1.35	0.6-2	0.14-0.15		0.5-2.0	.20	.32	į		į
Softback	0-1	   0-25	  0.10-0.30	6-101	0.30-0.60	 	   60-95	 	 	   5	6	48
	1-4	1	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18		2.0-4.0	.24	.37			
	4-10		1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18		2.0-4.0	.24	.37		!	
			1.20-1.40		0.08-0.14		1		1	ļ	ļ	
	24-30		1.20-1.40		0.08-0.14		1	.15	1			
	30-39 39-63	!	1.25-1.45   1.25-1.45		0.08-0.14		1	.10   .05	.32 .43			
   163:			ļ į			 						
Yeates Hollow	0 - 8	   16-20	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.13-0.18	0.0-2 9	2.0-4.0	1.17	.32	   4	8	0
	8-16		1.20-1.40		0.13-0.18		1	.05	.32	, <del>4</del>		
	16-19		1.20-1.40		0.06-0.08		1	.05	.28	i		i
	19-29		1.15-1.40		0.07-0.14		1	.10	.28	i	i	İ
	29-60	!	1.10-1.40		0.09-0.13		1	.15	.32	į	į	į
   Vitale	0-1	   12-18	  1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.07	0.0-2.9	2.0-4.0	.05	   .37	2	8	   0
į	1-15	18-27	1.20-1.40	0.6-2	0.05-0.08	3.0-5.9	1.0-3.0	.05	.32			
	15-26 26-36	25-35	1.20-1.40	0.2-0.6	0.06-0.08	3.0-5.9	0.5-1.0	.05	32			
	20-30											
164:			[ [									

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils
(Absence of an entry indicates that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol and soil name	   Depth 	Cation-  exchange  capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	   Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum     	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	   In	  meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
1:			 	 		ł		
Airport	0-4	10-30		7.4-8.4	5-25	0	4.0-32.0	5-15
	4-16	10-25		8.5-9.0	25-40	0	4.0-32.0	15-40
	16-60 	10-25	 	8.5-9.0	25-40	0	4.0-32.0	15-40
2:				İ		į		
Ant Flat	0-8	15-30		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-24 24-42	15-40 15-40	 	6.6-7.8	0-10	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0
	42-60	13-40	 	7.4-0.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	12 00	23 23			13 23	i	0.0 2.0	
3:		15.20						
Ant Flat	0-8 8-24	15-30 15-40	 	6.6-7.8	0   0-10	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0
	24-42	15-40	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0
	42-60	13-23		7.4-9.0	15-25	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
4								
4: Ant Flat	   0-8	15-30	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-24	15-40		6.6-7.8	0-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
	24-42	15-40	j	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0
	42-60	13-23		7.4-9.0	15-25	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
5:			 					
Ant Flat	0-8	15-30	j	6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-24	15-40		6.6-7.8	0-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
	24-42	15-40	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0
	42-60	13-23	 	7.4-9.0	15-25	U	0.0-2.0	0-5
Oxford	0-5	35-50		7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	5-26	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	26-63	30-45	 	7.4-8.4	1-15	1-10	2.0-4.0	0-5
6:								
Ant Flat	0-8	15-30		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-24	15-40		6.6-7.8	0-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
	24-42 42-60	15-40 13-23	 	7.4-8.4	15-35     15-25	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0 0 - 5
	42-00	13-23		7.4-3.0	15-25	U	0.0-2.0	0-5
Oxford	0-5	35-50		7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	5-26	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	26-63	30-45	 	7.4-8.4	1-15	1-10	2.0-4.0	0-5
7:			 					
Arbone	0-8	10-13	i	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	8-21	10-13		7.4-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	21-60 	7.0-10	 	7.4-8.4	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0
8:								
Banida	0-6	15-30		7.4-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-22	20-35		7.4-8.4	0-15	0-5	0.0-2.0	0
	22-35 35-64	15-35	 	7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0 0 - 5
	33-64	15-35		7.4-8.4	5-15	o į	2.0-4.0	0-5

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorption ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
0								
9: Banida	   0-6	15-30	 	   7.4-8.4	0 1	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-22	20-35		7.4-8.4	0-15	0-5	0.0-2.0	0
	22-35	15-35	j	7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	35-64	15-35		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
10:			l I	 				
Battle Creek	0-8	15-30		7.4-7.8	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	8-11	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-19	15-40		7.9-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	19-40	15-40		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	40-60	15-35		7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	2-8
11:			İ	İ	j j	İ		İ
Battle Creek	0-8	15-30		7.4-7.8	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	8-11	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-19	15-40		7.9-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	19-40 40-60	15-40 15-35		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-2
	40-00	15-35		7.9-9.0	13-30	0	0.0-2.0	2-0
12:			į		į į	į		į
Battle Creek	0-8	15-30		7.4-7.8	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	8-11 11-19	15-35 15-40		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-2
	19-40	15-40		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	40-60	15-35		7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	2-8
13:	 							
Bear Lake	0-11	12-30		   7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-20	15-25		7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	20-26	6.0-20		7.9-8.4	10-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	26-60	0.0-1.0		7.4-8.4	0-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
Chesbrook	0-2		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	2-20	13-25		7.9-9.0	25-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	20-48	9.0-25		7.9-9.0	40-75	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	48-62	7.0-20		7.9-9.0	25-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
Picabo	0-4	10-20		   7.9-9.0	20-50	0	2.0-4.0	13-25
	4-16	6.0-20		7.9-9.0	25-55	0	2.0-4.0	13-25
	16-45	4.0-15		7.9-8.4	40-70	0	0.0-4.0	1-8
	45-51	4.0-10		7.9-8.4	! !	0	0.0-4.0	0-8
	51-65	4.0-10		7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-4.0	0-8
14:								
Bear Lake	0-11	12-30	ļ	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-20	15-25		7.9-8.4	! !	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	20-26	6.0-20		7.9-8.4	10-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	26-60 	0.0-1.0		7.4-8.4	0-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
Downata	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-12	11-25	ļ	7.4-8.4	! !	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	12-59	15-25		7.4-8.4	! !	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	59-63	10-20		7.4-8.4	0-45	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
15:	! 							
Bear Lake	0-11	12-30	j	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-20	15-25	ļ	7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	20-26	6.0-20		7.9-8.4	! !	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	26-60	0.0-1.0		7.4-8.4	0-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth 	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u> 
15:								
Downata	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-12	11-25		7.4-8.4	5-35	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	12-59 59-63	15-25 10-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-4.0 0.0-2.0	0-5 0-5
mbataban 61 ata	0.4	6 0 15	į	7 0 0 0	0-5	0	0 0 0 0	- 1-
Thatcherflats	0-4 4-16	6.0-15 15-35		7.9-9.0	0-5	0	0.0-2.0 2.0-4.0	5-15
	16-61	15-35		8.5-9.0	5-25	0-5	4.0-8.0	45-120
16.	 		İ	į				ļ
16: Bear Lake	0-11	12-30		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-20	15-25	j	7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	20-26	6.0-20	ļ	7.9-8.4	10-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	26-60	0.0-1.0		7.4-8.4	0-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
Lago	0-9	15-25		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	0	0-5
	9-16	15-25		7.9-9.0	15-40	0	0	0-5
	16-45	15-30		7.9-9.0	15-40	0	0	0-5
	45-60 	4.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-40	0	0	0-5
17:	0-4	7.0.15		7.004			•	0.5
Bearhollow	0-4   4-9	7.0-15		7.9-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	4-9   9-22	6.0-15 4.0-10		7.9-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	22-43	4.0-10		7.9-9.0	15-25	0	0	0-13
	43-60	4.0-10		7.9-9.0	10-20	0	Ö	0-13
Brifox	   0-7	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	7-18	25-40		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	18-60	30-40		7.4-8.4	20-35	0-15	0.0-4.0	0-5
Iphil	   0-8	7.0-15	 	7.4-9.0	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
-	8-15	6.0-15		7.4-9.0	10-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-8
	15-60	6.0-15	ļ	7.4-9.0	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	5-15
18:				 				
Bergquist	0-5	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	5-12	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-54	1.0-9.0		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	54-64 							
Rubble land	0-60				ļ ļ			
19:				 				
Bergquist	0-5	4.0-15	j	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	5-12	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-54 54-64	1.0-9.0		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
Softback	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-4	9.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	4-10	9.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	10-24	8.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	24-30	10-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	30-39 39-63	10-25		6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	3,203	10-25		0.1-7.3		J	•	

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Depth   	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
20:	 							
Bergquist	0-5	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	5-12	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-54   54-64	1.0-9.0		6.6-7.8	0	0	0 	0
Vitale	   0-1	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
Vicaie	1-15	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	15-26	15-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	26-36							
21:	 		 	 				
Bothwell	0-6	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-25	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	25-45	15-25		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	45-60	10-20		6.6-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
22:	 							
Bothwell	0-6	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-25	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	25-45	15-25		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	45-60	10-20		6.6-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
23:	 							
Bothwell	0-6	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-25	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	25-45	15-25		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	45-60	10-20		6.6-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Justesen	   0-6	7.0-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	   0	0
	6-37	10-30		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	37-60	10-20		7.4-8.4	15-30	0	0	0
24:	 			 				
Bothwell	0-6	10-20	i	6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-25	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	25-45	15-25		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	45-60	10-20		6.6-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
Thatcher	0-8	5.0-15		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-21	11-21		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	21-60	5.0-15		7.4-9.0	15-25	0	0.0-2.0	0
25:								
Brifox	0-7	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	7-18	25-40		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	18-60	30-40		7.4-8.4	20-35	0-15	0.0-4.0	0-5
Huffman	0-7	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	7-28	8.0-20		7.4-9.0	0	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	28-60	11-20		7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
26:	 							
Brifox	0-7	25-35	i	7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	7-18	25-40	j	7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	18-60	30-40		7.4-8.4	20-35	0-15	0.0-4.0	0-5

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
26:			 	 				
Huffman	0-7	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	7-28 28-60	8.0-20 11-20		7.4-9.0	0   15-30	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-5
	28-00	11-20		7.4-3.0	15-30		0.0-2.0	0-5
27: Brifox	0-7	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
BITIOX	7-18	25-40		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	18-60	30-40		7.4-8.4	20-35	0-15	0.0-4.0	0-5
Niter	0-8	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0	0
11202	8-19	25-35		7.4-8.4	20-25	0	0	0
	19-60	30-45		7.4-8.4	20-25	0-5	0.0-2.0	0-5
28:			 	 				
Brifox	0-7	25-35	j	7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	7-18	25-40		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	18-60	30-40		7.4-8.4	20-35	0-15	0.0-4.0	0-5
Niter	0-8	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0	0
	8-19	25-35		7.4-8.4	20-25	0	0	0
	19-60	30-45		7.4-8.4	20-25	0-5	0.0-2.0	0-5
29:		İ	İ	İ	į į	İ		İ
Brifox	0-7	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	7-18 18-60	25-40 30-40		7.4-8.4	10-20	0 0-15	0.0-4.0 0.0-4.0	0-5
37 l b		05.35		7.40.4	10.00		•	
Niter	0-8 8-19	25-35 25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0	0
	19-60	30-45		7.4-8.4	20-25	0-5	0.0-2.0	0-5
30:			 	 				
Broadhead	0-7	10-25		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-10	10-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	10-60	15-35		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Yago	0-10	15-30		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	10-45	15-30		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
	45-60	10-25		6.6-7.8	1-10	0	0	0-2
31:	0.7	10.05	į				•	
Broadhead	0-7 7-10	10-25		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	10-60	15-35		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
Yago	0-10	15-30		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
- <del>3</del> -	10-45	15-30		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
	45-60	10-25		6.6-7.8	1-10	0	0	0-2
32:								
Camelback	0-3	9.0-20	ļ	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-14	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	14-22	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	22-32 32-50	15-25 10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0 0	0
	50-61	6.0-15		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	-, -,					-	•	
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Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
32:						ļ		
Lonigan	0-8	30-40		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	8-11 11-24	10-40	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0 2.0-4.0	0
	24-34							
33:				 				
Camelback	0-3	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-14	9.0-20	j	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	14-22	10-20	j	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	22-32	15-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	32-50	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	50-61	6.0-15		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Valmar	0 - 9	9.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	9-14	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	14-24 24-34	10-15	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
					į į	į		ļ
34:						ļ		ļ
Cedarhill	0-8	6.0-15		7.4-7.8	10-15	0	0	0
	8-17 17-60	6.0-13 4.0-10	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0 0	0
					į į	į		
35: Cedarhill	0-8	6.0-15	 	   7.4-7.8	10-15	0	0	0
Cedariiri	8-17	6.0-13	 	7.4-7.6	15-35	0	0	0
	17-60	4.0-10		7.9-8.4	15-35	0	Ö	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		   6.6-7.3		0	0	0
nades	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	ő	0
Ricrest	0-6	10-25		   7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0	0
1101000	6-20	11-25	i	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
	20-60	9.0-25		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0
36:				 				
Cedarhill	0 - 8	6.0-15	j	7.4-7.8	10-15	0	0	0
	8-17	6.0-13	j	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	17-60	4.0-10		7.9-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
Hondoho	0-3	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-19	8.0-20	i	7.4-8.4	5-30	0	0	0
	19-60	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
Ridgecrest	0-14	7.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0
j	14-27	4.0-10	j	7.4-8.4	40-70	о ј	0.0-2.0	j 0
	27-37							
37:				 				
Chesbrook	0-2		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	2-20	13-25		7.9-9.0	25-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	20-48	9.0-25		7.9-9.0	40-75	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	48-62	7.0-20	i	7.9-9.0	25-40	o i	0.0-2.0	0-3

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum     	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
37:				 				
Bear Lake	0-11	12-30		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-20 20-26	15-25	 	7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	26-60	6.0-20 0.0-1.0		7.9-8.4 7.4-8.4	10-35     0-15	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-2
38:			 	 				
Cloudless	0-6	9.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	6-15	15-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	15-21	20-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	21-60	13-25		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
39:				 				
Cloudless	0 - 6	9.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	6-15	15-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	15-21	20-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	21-60	13-25	 	6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20	i	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Howcan	0-8	7.0-15		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	8-25	8.0-25	j	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	25-36 36-60	8.0-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	30 00	0.0 15		0.0 7.3			Ü	
40: Copenhagen	0-7	10-20	 	   6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	7-13	10-20		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	13-23				ļ ļ			
Lonigan	0-8	30-40	 	   7.4-8.4	   0	0	0	0
J	8-11	10-40	i	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24	5.0-40	j	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	j 0
	24-34							
Manila	0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	33-50 50-60	20-35	 	6.6-7.8 7.4-8.4	0-15	0	0	0
			İ				· ·	
41: Delish	0-3	6.0-15	 	   7.9-8.4	10-15	0	2.0-8.0	0-5
2011011	3-7	5.0-15	 	7.9-9.0	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	7-61	5.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
Cachecan	0-5	7.0-15		   7.9-9.0	   1-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-13
	5-20	3.0-15		7.9-9.0	1-15	0	0.0-2.0	5-13
İ	20-37	10-20	i	7.9-9.0	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	5-13
	37-61	15-25		8.5-9.0	5-20	0	0.0-2.0	5-13
Stinkcreek	0-11	15-30	 	   9.1-11.0	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	13-30
		10.05	i	9.1-11.0	!	o i		13-30
	11-21	10-25		9.1-11.0	15-25	U	2.0-4.0	13-30
	21-40 40-60	1.0-7.0		7.9-11.0 7.9-11.0	10-20	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-13

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
42:				 				
Downata	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-12	11-25		7.4-8.4	5-35	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	12-59 59-63	15-25 10-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-4.0 0.0-2.0	0-5
							000 200	
43: Dranburn	0-1		20-30	   4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-17	15-25		6.1-7.3	i o i	o i	0	i o
	17-22	15-30		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	22-48	15-25		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	48-61	10-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
Robin	0-2	10-25		   6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	2-23	10-20		6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	23-27	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	27-60	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
44:				 				
Enochville	0-12	20-30		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
211001172220	12-43	20-35		6.6-8.4	0 1	0	0	0
	43-60	10-15		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
45:				 				
Foxol	0-3	10-20		   6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
F0X01		1		1	0 1	0	0	
	3-9	10-20	!	6.1-6.5	! -	- 1		0
	9-17 17-27	10-20		5.6-6.5 	0	0	0	0
**** - 7 -			į				•	
Vitale	0-1	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	1-15	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	15-26 26-36	15-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
4.5						į		
46:	0.5	10.00						
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Camelback	0-3	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-14	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	14-22	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	22-32	15-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	32-50	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	50-61	6.0-15	ļ	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
Hondoho	0-3	10-20		   7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
j	3-19	8.0-20	j	7.4-8.4	5-30	0	0	0
	19-60	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
47:				 				
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	j 0 j	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Lanoak	0-21	10-20		   6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
	21-50	10-20		6.1-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		6.6-8.4	0-15	o i	0	0

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium   carbon-    ate	Gypsum     	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	]
47:				 				
Camelback	0-3	9.0-20	j	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	j 0
	3-14	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	14-22	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	22-32	15-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	32-50 50-61	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0 0	0
		į	į	į	į į	į		İ
48: Haploxerolls	0-6	7.0-25	 	   6.6-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
hapioxeroris	6-17	5.0-25	 	6.6-8.4	0-20	0	0	0-5
	17-60	1.0-20		7.4-9.0	0-30	0	Ö	0-5
Xerorthents	0 - 3	4.0-20	 	   7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0	0
keror thents	3-11	4.0-20	i	7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	11-21							
49:								
Hendricks	0 - 5	13-20	 	6.1-7.3	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	5-15	13-20		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0.0-2.0	0
	15-66	15-22		6.1-7.3	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
50:				 				
Holmes	0 - 4	10-20		6.6-7.8	i o i	o i	0	0
	4-20	10-20		6.6-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	20-61	0.0-5.0		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
51:				 				
Hondee	0 - 6	9.0-20	i	7.4-8.4	j o j	0	0	j o
	6-16	5.0-15	j	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	16-19	4.0-10		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
	19-39	4.0-10		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	39-60	1.0-9.0		7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
52:				 				
Hondee	0 - 6	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	6-16	5.0-15		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	16-19	4.0-10		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
	19-39	4.0-10		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	39-60	1.0-9.0	 	7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
53:			į		į į	į		
Hondoho	0 – 3	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-19	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	5-30	0	0	0
	19-60	9.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
54:				! 				
Hondoho	0-3	10-20	j	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-19	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	5-30	0	0	0
	19-60	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
		1	į.	ļ.	į	ļ		!
Ricrest	0 - 6	10-25		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0	0
Ricrest	0-6 6-20	10-25 11-25	 	7.4-8.4 7.4-8.4	0-5 5-15	0	0 0	0

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
55:								
Hondoho	0-3 3-19	10-20	 	7.4-7.8	5-30	0	0 0	0
	19-60	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
Sprollow	0-3	7.0-15	 	   7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0
	3-14	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	20-45	0	0	0-5
i	14-39	5.0-10	i	7.9-9.0	40-75	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	39-49				ļ ļ			
Hades	0-5	10-20	 	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
56:			 	 				
Hondoho	0 - 3	10-20	i	7.4-7.8	j o j	0	0	0
İ	3-19	8.0-20	i	7.4-8.4	5-30	0	0	0
	19-60	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
Vitale	0-1	9.0-20	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
į	1-15	10-20	j	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
ĺ	15-26	15-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	26-36							
57:			 	 				
Huffman	0 - 7	9.0-20	i	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	7-28	8.0-20		7.4-9.0	0	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	28-60	11-20	 	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
58:								
Huffman	0 - 7	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	7-28	8.0-20		7.4-9.0	0	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	28-60	11-20	 	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
59:					į į			
Huffman	0 - 7	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	7-28 28-60	8.0-20 11-20	 	7.4-9.0	0     15-30	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-5
					j j			
Dirtyhead	0-6	6.0-15		7.4-8.4	10-25	0	0	0
	6-38 38-48	5.0-13	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	30 10							
60:     Huffman	0-7	9.0-20	 	   6.6-7.8		0	0	0
HUIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	7-28	8.0-20	 	7.4-9.0	0 1	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	28-60	11-20		7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
   Harroun	0-7	5.0-15	 	   7.4-8.4	20-30	0	0.0-2.0	0
larroun	7-15	5.0-15	 	7.4-8.4	25-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
	15-28							
	28-60	3.0-11		7.9-9.0	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
Lanoak	0-36	10-20	 	   6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
	36-50	10-20		6.1-7.8		o	0	0
	50-60	10-25		6.6-8.4	0-15	0	0	Ö
61:			 	 				
Huffman	0 - 7	9.0-20	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
¦	7-28	8.0-20		7.4-9.0	i o i	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
l	, 20							

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum     	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u> 
61:								
Wursten	0-5	9.0-20		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
	5-17	7.0-15		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0
	17-31 31-60	5.0-10 4.0-10	 	7.9-9.0	15-30     10-30	0   0	0 0	0-8 5-13
62:			 	 				
Iphil	0-8	7.0-15	i	7.4-9.0	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-15	6.0-15	j	7.4-9.0	10-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-8
	15-60	6.0-15		7.4-9.0	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	5-15
Lonigan	0 - 8	30-40		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	8-11	10-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24	5.0-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
	24-34		 	 				
63:						_	_	
Ireland	0-2	10-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	2-7 7-14	8.0-20 7.0-15	 	7.4-8.4	1-10	0	0	0
	14-23	5.0-15	 	7.4-8.4	10-35	0	0	0-5
	23-33							
Polumar	0-6	10-20	 	   7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
1 01 dilid1	6-11	10-20	i	7.4-8.4		0	0	0
	11-18	8.0-20	i	7.4-8.4	0 1	o i	0	0
	18-22	8.0-20	i	7.9-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	22-46 46-56	6.0-15	 	7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0-2
	40-30							
64: Kabear	0-9	6.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
Kapear	9-45	4.0-15	 	6.6-7.8	0	0 1	0.0-2.0	0
	45-60	3.0-10		6.6-7.8	0	o	0.0-2.0	0
Staberg	0-10	8.0-20	 	6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	10-23	10-20		6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	23-33	10-20	i	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	33-38	4.0-10	j	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	38-48							
Copenhagen	0-7	10-20		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	7-13 13-23	10-20	 	6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	13 23							
65:								
Kabear	0-9	6.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	9-45 45-60	4.0-15 3.0-10		6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0
			İ	İ	i i			
Staberg	0-10	8.0-20	i	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
İ	10-23	10-20	j	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	23-33	10-20	ļ	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	33-38	4.0-10		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	38-48		 	 				
Copenhagen	0 - 7	10-20		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	7-13	10-20		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	13-23		 	 				
	1	1	1	1	1			1

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
66:			 	 				
Kearns	0-16 16-38	10-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	38-60	5.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-25	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
67:			 			}		
Kearnsar	0-9	10-25		7.9-8.4	1-10	0	0	0
	9-23 23-27	15-30 10-25	 	7.9-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0 0-2
	27-45	10-20		7.9-9.0	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	45-60	10-20		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
Battle Creek	0 - 8	15-30	 	7.4-7.8	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	8-11	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-19	15-40		7.9-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	19-40 40-60	15-40 15-35	 	7.9-8.4	15-30     15-30	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-2
68:								
Kidman	0-12	7.0-15		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
ĺ	12-25	3.0-15		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0-3
	25-44 44-60	2.0-10		7.9-8.4	15-30   15-30	0	0 0	0-3
69:		İ	į	į	į į	į		į
Kidman	0-12	7.0-15		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
į	12-25	3.0-15	j	7.4-8.4	j 0 j	0	0	0-3
ĺ	25-44 44-60	2.0-10	 	7.9-8.4	15-30   15-30	0	0	0-3
	44-00	2.0-10		7.5-5.0	13-30		Ŭ	0-0
70: Kidman	0-12	7.0-15	 	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-25	3.0-15	i	7.4-8.4		0	Ö	0-3
	25-44	2.0-10		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0-3
	44-60	2.0-10	ļ	7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0	0-8
71:								
Kidman, wet	0-12	7.0-15		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-25 25-44	3.0-15	 	7.4-8.4	0     15-30	0	0	0-3
	44-60	2.0-10		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0-8
72:			 	 				
Kidman	0-12	7.0-15	ļ	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-25	3.0-15		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0-3
	25-44 44-60	2.0-10	 	7.9-8.4	15-30   15-30	0	0 0	0-3
Sterling	0 - 8	5.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
Jeer I Ing	8-66	6.0-20		7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0-5
73:			 					
Lando	0 - 5	15-20		7.4-7.8	5-10	0	0	0-8
ļ	5-14	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0	0-8
	14-33 33-60	15-25 10-30	 	7.4-8.4	15-30     15-30	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-8
74:						ļ		
/=:		!	!		!!!	ļ		!
Lanoak	0-36	10-20		6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
Lanoak	0-36 36-50 50-60	10-20 10-20 10-25		6.1-7.8   6.1-7.8   6.6-8.4	0	0	0 0 0	0

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
75:	0.26	10.00					•	
Lanoak	0-36 36-50	10-20	 	6.1-7.8	0	0	0 0	0
	50-60	10-25		6.6-8.4	0-15	0	0	Ö
76:			 	 				
Lanoak	0-36	10-20		6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
	36-50 50-60	10-20 10-25	 	6.1-7.8	0	0	0 0	0
Broadhead	0 - 7	10-25	j 	5.6-7.3	j j	0	0	j   0
	7-10	10-25		6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	10-60	15-35		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
77:								
Lanoak	0-36	10-20		6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
·	36-50 50-60	10-20	 	6.1-7.8	0	0	0 0	0
							·	
Broadhead	0 - 7	10-25		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-10 10-60	10-25 15-35		6.1-7.3	0	0	0 0	0
Hades	0-5	10.00			0 1	0	0	0
nades	5-60	10-20 15-25		6.6-7.3 6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
78:								
Lanoak	0-21	10-20	i	6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
	21-50	10-20		6.1-7.8	0	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25	 	6.6-8.4	0-15	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25	 	6.6-7.8 	0-5	0	0	0
79: Lanoak	0-36	10-20	 	6.1-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
Lanoak	36-50	10-20	 	6.1-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		6.6-8.4	0-15	0	0	0
Thatcher	0-8	5.0-15	 	6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-21	11-21		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	21-60	5.0-15		7.4-9.0	15-25	0	0.0-2.0	0
80:		İ	į		j j			
Layton	0-13	9.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	13-19	5.0-14	 	6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0 0	0
	19-34 34-64	3.0-10		7.4-8.4	5-20     0-10	0	0	0
81:								
Layton	0-13	9.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	13-19	5.0-14	i	6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	19-34 34-64	3.0-10	j	7.4-8.4	5-20	0   0	0 0	j 0 j 0
	34-04	∠.∪-/.∪	 	6.6-8.4	0-10	U	U	0
82:		10.55	į				_	
Lizdale	0-6	10-20	 	7.9-8.4	10-20	0	0	0-5
	6-13 13-52	8.0-20	 	7.9-9.0	25-40   40-70	0	0 0	0-5
	52-64	2.0-10	 	7.9-9.0	40-70	0	0	0-5

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Depth   	Cation- exchange capacity	1	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	   In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
83:	 					ľ		
Lizdale	0-6	10-20		7.9-8.4	10-20	0	0	0-5
	6-13	8.0-20		7.9-9.0	25-40	0	0	0-5
	13-52	2.0-10		7.9-9.0	40-70	0	0	0-5
	52-64 64-76	2.0-8.0		7.9-9.0	40-60 35-60	0	0	0-5
	04-70	2.0-10		7.9-9.0	33-00	0	O .	0-3
Searla	0-9	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	9-28	10-25	i	6.6-7.8	j 0 j	0	0	0
	28-60	4.0-15	ļ	7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
84:	 		l I	l I				
Logan	0-2		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
_050	2-15	20-40		7.9-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-3
	15-28	10-25		7.9-9.0	20-45	0	0.0-4.0	0-8
	28-47	10-25		8.5-9.0	30-45	0	0.0-4.0	5-13
	47-62	10-25	i	8.5-9.0	20-35	0	0.0-4.0	5-13
85:	l							
Lonigan	   0-8	30-40	 	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
Louigan	8-11	10-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24	5.0-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
	24-34							
		10.00					•	
Lizdale	0-6 6-13	10-20		7.9-8.4	10-20	0	0	0-5
	6-13   13-52	2.0-20		7.9-9.0	40-70	0	0	0-5
	52-64	2.0-10		7.9-9.0	40-70	0	0	0-5
	64-76	2.0-8.0		7.9-9.0	35-60	0	0	0-5
	İ	İ	j	į	j i	į		İ
86:							_	
Lonigan	0-8	30-40		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	8-11	10-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24 24-34	5.0-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
			İ	İ	j i			İ
Ricrest	0-6	10-25		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0	0
	6-20	11-25		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
	20-60	9.0-25		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0
87:	 							
Manila	0-7	10-25	j	6.6-7.3	j 0 j	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
88:	 			 				
Manila	0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
89:	 							
Manila	   0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3		0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	o i	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
	:	i	i	:	: :			1

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth 	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	  meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>   
90:				 				
Manila	0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
Bancroft	0-7	10-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	7-37	10-25		6.1-7.8	i o i	0	0.0-2.0	0
	37-60	5.0-15	ļ	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0
91:								
Manila	   0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	   0	0
-	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0 1	Ō	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	Ō	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
Dune dhee d		10.05				0	_	
Broadhead	0-7	10-25		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-10 10-60	15-35		6.1-7.3	0	0	0   0	0
	=0 00		İ			·		
92:		į	į	İ	į į			į
Manila	0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60 	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
Broadhead	0-7	10-25		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-10	10-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	10-60	15-35		6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
93:	 			 				
Manila	0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
Maiiiia	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
			ļ			_	_	
Lonigan	0-8	30-40		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	8-11	10-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24 24-34	5.0-40		7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
	24-34 						 	
94:			İ	İ	į i			
Manila	0-7	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	33-50	20-35		6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
Yeates Hollow	   0-8	10-20		   6.6-7.3	0	0	   0	0
101000 110110#	8-16	10-20		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	16-19	15-25		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	19-29	15-30		6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	29-60	15-30		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
0.5								
95: Maplecreek	   0-14	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	1-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
maprecreev	14-35	6.0-20		7.4-8.4	15-25	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
	35-60	1.0-5.0		7.9-9.0	5-20	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
	33,400	1.0-5.0		7.5-5.0	5-20	U	2.0-4.0	0-5
	I	I	I	I	1		I	1

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
96:								
Maplecreek	0-14	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	1-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
	14-35 35-60	6.0-15 1.0-5.0	 	7.9-9.0	15-25	0	2.0-4.0 2.0-4.0	0-5
	33 00	1.0 3.0		7.5 5.0	3 20		2.0 1.0	
Layton	0-13	9.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	13-19	5.0-14		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	19-34	3.0-10		7.4-8.4	5-20	0	0	0
	34-64	2.0-7.0		6.6-8.4	0-10	0	U	
97:		İ		İ	j j			İ
Merkley	0 - 5	9.0-20		7.9-8.4	0-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
	5-31	4.0-11		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	2.0-4.0	0-8
	31-50	1.0-8.0		7.9-9.0	0-10	0	2.0-4.0	0 - 8
	50-61	1.0-4.0		7.9-9.0	0-10	0	2.0-4.0	0-8
Lago	0-9	15-25		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	0	0-5
İ	9-16	15-25	j	7.9-9.0	15-40	0	0	0-5
	16-45	15-30		7.9-9.0	15-40	0	0	0-5
	45-60	4.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-40	0	0	0-5
Bear Lake	0-11	12-30	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-20	15-25	i	7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	20-26	6.0-20	i	7.9-8.4	10-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
İ	26-60	0.0-1.0		7.4-8.4	0-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
98:			 	 				l
Moonlight	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
j	1-2		20-30	4.5-5.5	j 0 j	0	0	0
į	2-26	18-25	j	5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	26-62	11-15		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
Camelback	0-3	9.0-20	 	   7.4-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
04	3-14	9.0-20	i	7.4-7.8		0	0	0
	14-22	10-20		7.4-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	22-32	15-25	i	7.4-7.8	j 0 j	0	0	0
j	32-50	10-20	j	7.4-7.8	j 0 j	0	0	0
İ	50-61	6.0-15	ļ	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
99:			 					
Niter	0-8	25-35		7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0	0
į	8-19	25-35	j	7.4-8.4	20-25	0	0	0
İ	19-60	30-45	ļ	7.4-8.4	20-25	0-5	0.0-2.0	0-5
Brifox	0 - 7	25-35	 	7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	7-18	25-40	 	7.4-8.4	10-20	0	0.0-4.0	0-5
	18-60	30-40		7.4-8.4	20-35	0-15	0.0-4.0	0-5
					ļ	İ		
100: Northwater	0-12	8.0-17	 	   6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
NOT CHWALEE	12-28	8.0-17	 	6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	28-46	10-20		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	46-56							
					l i	į		ļ
_ ,			i	1				
Foxol	0-3	10-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
Foxol	3 - 9	10-20		6.1-6.5	0	0	0	0
Foxol		1	!	1	! !	- 1		

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	  Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	   Soil  reaction   	  Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
	ļ	ļ				į		į
100: Vitale	   0-1	9.0-20	 	   6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
Vicale	1-15	10-20	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	15-26	15-25	i	6.6-7.8	0 1	o i	0	0
	26-36	j	j	j	j j	j		j
101:								ļ
Northwater	0-12	8.0-17		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	12-28	8.0-20	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	28-46	10-20	j	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	46-56		ļ					j
Povey	   0-17	10-20		   6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	17-38	10-25	 	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	38-60	4.0-15		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
						ļ		ļ
102: Northwater	   0-12	8.0-17		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
NOI CHWACCI	12-28	8.0-20	i	6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	28-46	10-20	i	6.1-7.3	0 1	o i	0	0
	46-56							
Povey	   0-17	10-20	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
rovey	17-38	10-25	i	6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	38-60	4.0-15		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
100								ļ
103: Nyman	   0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
Nyman	1-6	9.0-20	20-50	7.4-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	6-12	7.0-20		6.6-7.8		0	0	0
	12-20	5.0-15	i	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	20-25	4.0-15	j	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	25-36	4.0-9.0		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	36-46							
Lonigan	   0-8	30-40		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
3.	8-11	10-40	i	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24	5.0-40	j	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
	24-34							
Copenhagen	   0-7	10-20	 	   6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
copennagen	7-13	10-20	i	6.6-7.8	1 1	0	0	0
	13-23		i					
104								
104: Oxford	   0-5	35-50	 	7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
oni or a	5-26	15-35	i	7.4-8.4		0	0.0-2.0	0
	26-63	30-45		7.4-8.4	1-15	1-10	2.0-4.0	0-5
Banida	   0-6	15 20		7 4 0 4			0 0 2 0	
Daliiud	0-6   6-22	15-30 20-35	 	7.4-8.4	0	0 0-5	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0
	22-35	15-35	 	7.4-8.4		0	0.0-2.0	0
	35-64	15-35		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
105					ļ	į		
105: Oxford	   0-5	35-50		   7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
311014	5-26	15-35	 	7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	26-63	30-45		7.4-8.4	1-15	1-10	2.0-4.0	0-5
	i	i	i	i	i i	i		i

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	  meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
105:								
Banida	0-6	15-30		7.4-8.4	0 15	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-22 22-35	20-35 15-35		7.4-8.4	0-15	0-5	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0
	35-64	15-35		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
106:								
Oxford	0-5	35-50	j	7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	5-26	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	26-63	30-45		7.4-8.4	1-15	1-10	2.0-4.0	0-5
Banida	0-6	15-30		7.4-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-22	20-35		7.4-8.4	0-15	0-5	0.0-2.0	0
	22-35	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	35-64	15-35		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
107:			į		į į			ļ
Oxford	0-5	35-50		7.4-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	5-26	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
	26-63	30-45		7.4-8.4	1-15	1-10	2.0-4.0	0-5
Gullied land	0-60							
108:								
Parkay	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-3	12-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	3-12	10-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	12-21	10-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	21-29	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	29-47 47-57	10-25		6.6-7.8 				
Povey	0-17	10-20		6.6-7.8		0	0	0
rovey	17-38	10-25		6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	38-60	4.0-15		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
109:				 				
Parleys	0-4	10-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	4-13	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	13-18	10-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	18-35	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0	0-3
	35-50 50-60	10-20		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0-3
	30-00	5.0-15		7.9-0.4	10-30		O	0-3
110:	0.4	10.05					•	
Parleys	0-4 4-13	10-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0 0	0
	13-18	10-25		7.4-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	18-35	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0	0-3
	35-50	10-20		7.9-8.4	15-30	o i	0	0-3
	50-60	5.0-15		7.9-8.4	10-30	0	0	0-3
111:				 				
Parleys, wet	0-4	10-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	4-13	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	13-18	10-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
!					1			i -
	18-35	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0	0-3
	18-35 35-50 50-60	10-25 10-20 5.0-15	   	7.4-8.4 7.9-8.4 7.9-8.4	10-30     15-30     10-30	0   0   0	0 0 0	0-3 0-3 0-3

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
112:								
Pavohroo	0-1	j	20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-3		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	3 - 6	11-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	6-29	10-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	29-63	10-15	 	6.6-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0
Sedgway	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-2		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	2-7	10-25		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	7-23	10-20		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	23-62	10-20	 	5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
Toponce	0-3	15-25		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	3-14	10-25		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	14-60	15-35		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
113:								
Picabo	0-4	10-20		7.9-9.0	20-50	0	2.0-4.0	13-25
	4-16	6.0-20		7.9-9.0	25-55	0	2.0-4.0	13-25
	16-45	4.0-15		7.9-8.4	40-70	0	0.0-4.0	1-8
	45-51	4.0-10		7.9-8.4	20-40	0	0.0-4.0	0-8
	51-65	4.0-10	 	7.9-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-4.0	0-8
Thatcherflats	0-4	6.0-15		7.9-9.0	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	5-15
	4-16	15-35		8.5-9.0	0-5	0	2.0-4.0	20-30
	16-61	15-30		8.5-9.0	5-25	0-5	4.0-8.0	45-120
114:								
Pits, gravel	0-60							
115:								
Pollynot	0 - 9	10-20	i	7.4-8.4	i o i	0	0	0
-	9-13	8.0-20	j	7.4-8.4	j o j	0	0	0
	13-15	10-20	j	7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	15-26	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	26-44	10-15		7.9-9.0	15-25	0	0	1-13
	44-61	2.0-8.0		7.9-9.0	10-15	0	0	1-13
116:								
Pollynot	0 - 9	10-20	j	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	9-13	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	13-15	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	15-26	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	26-44	10-15		7.9-9.0	15-25	0	0	1-13
	44-61	2.0-8.0	 	7.9-9.0	10-15	0	0	1-13
117:			İ	İ	į į	İ		İ
Pollynot	0 - 9	10-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	9-13	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	13-15	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	15-26	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
		,	1		1 1			
	26-44 44-61	10-15	 	7.9-9.0	15-25	0	0	1-13

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth   	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	  meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
118:								
Pollynot	0-9	10-20	ļ	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	9-13	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	13-15	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	15-26	10-20		7.9-8.4	0	0	0	0
	26-44 44-61	10-15		7.9-9.0	15-25     10-15	0   0	0 0	1-13
119:			 	 				
Polumar	0-6	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
- 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0	6-11	10-20		7.4-8.4		o i	0	0
	11-18	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	18-22	8.0-20		7.9-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	22-46	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0-2
	46-56		j	ļ	ļ ļ	j		
Ireland	0-2	10-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	2-7	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	7-14	7.0-15		7.4-8.4	1-10	0	0	0
	14-23	5.0-15		7.9-8.4	10-35	0	0	0-5
					į į	į		
120:						_		
Polumar	0-6	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	6-11	10-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	11-18	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	18-22	8.0-20		7.9-8.4	1-15	0	0	0
	22-46 46-56	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	15-30   	0	0	0-2
Sprollow	   0-3	7.0-15		7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0
bp10110#	3-14	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	20-45	0	0	0-5
	14-39	5.0-10		7.9-9.0	40-75	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	39-49							
Ireland	   0-2	10-20	 	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
	2-7	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	j 0 j	0	0	i o
	7-14	7.0-15	j	7.4-8.4	1-10	o j	0	0
	14-23	5.0-15		7.9-8.4	10-35	0	0	0-5
	23-33							
121:								
Povey	0-17	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	17-38	10-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	38-60 	4.0-15		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
Hondoho	0-3	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-19   19-60	8.0-20 9.0-20		7.4-8.4	5-30   15-40	0	0 0	0
			į				-	
122: Povey	   0-17	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
- <u>4</u>	17-38	10-25		6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	38-60	4.0-15		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
					l i	į		

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	рН	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
		į		į	į į	į		İ
122: Parkay	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5		0	0	0
rarkay	1-3	12-25		6.6-7.3		0	0	0
	3-12	10-25	i	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	12-21	10-25	i	6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	21-29	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	29-47 47-57	10-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
		İ	İ	İ	i i	į		
123:								
Preston	0-8 8-15	1.0-5.0	 	7.4-7.8	0-1	0	0	0
	15-65	1.0-7.0	 	7.4-7.8	0-10	0	0	0-2
		į	İ	į	į į	į		
124: Preston	0-8	1.0-5.0		7.4-7.8	0-1	0	0	0
Preston	0-8 8-15	1.0-5.0	 	7.4-7.8	0-1	0	0	0
	15-65	1.0-7.0		7.4-8.4	0-10	0	0	0-2
		į	į	į	į į	į		
125:		1.0-5.0	 	7 4 7 0		0	0	
Preston	0-8 8-15	1.0-5.0	 	7.4-7.8	0-1	0	0	0
	15-65	1.0-7.0		7.4-8.4	0-10	0	0	0-2
		ļ						
126: Preston	0-8	1.0-5.0	 	   7.4-7.8	0-1	0	0	0
riescon	8-15	1.0-5.0	i	7.4-7.8	0-1	0	0	0
	15-65	1.0-7.0		7.4-8.4	0-10	0	0	0-2
Vananthanta		4 0 20		7 4 0 0	1 1 10	0	0	
Xerorthents	0-3 3-11	4.0-20	 	7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0.0-2.0	0 0 - 3
	11-21							
		ļ						
127: Ricrest	0-6	10-25	 	7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0	0
KICIESC	6-20	11-25	i	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
	20-60	9.0-25		7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0.0-2.0	0
100.								
128: Sanyon	0-5	6.0-15	 	7.9-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
2417, 411	5-17	4.0-10	i	7.9-8.4	10-20	o i	0	0
	17-27	ļ	ļ	ļ		[		
Staberg	0-10	8.0-20	 	6.6-7.3		0	0	0
Scaperg	10-23	10-20		6.6-7.3		0	0	0
	23-33	10-20	i	6.6-7.8	0 1	o i	0	0
	33-38	4.0-10	j	6.6-7.8	j 0 j	0	0	j 0
	38-48							
Kabear	0-9	6.0-15	 	6.6-7.8	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	9-45	4.0-15	i	6.6-7.8		0	0.0-2.0	0
	45-60	3.0-10		6.6-7.8	j 0 j	0	0.0-2.0	0
129:			 	 				
Smidale	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-9	14-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	9-26	10-25	j	6.6-7.3	j 0 j	0	0	j o
	26-39	15-25	ļ	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	39-46	15-25		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	46-61	10-20		6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity		Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	рН	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
130:			 	 				
Smidale	0-1		20-30	4.5-5.5	0	0	0	0
	1-9 9-26	14-25	 	6.1-7.3	0	0	0 0	0
	26-39	15-25	 	6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	39-46	15-25		6.6-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	46-61	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
Staberg	0-10	8.0-20	 	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	10-23	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	23-33	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	33-38 38-48	4.0-10		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
131:			į	į	į į	į		į
Sprollow	0-3	7.0-15		7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0
	3-14	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	20-45	0	0	0-5
	14-39	5.0-10		7.9-9.0	40-75	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	39-49		 					
Hondoho	0-3	10-20	j	7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-19	8.0-20		7.4-8.4	5-30	0	0	0
	19-60	9.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	15-40	0	0	0
32:								
Sprollow	0-3	7.0-15		7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0
	3-14	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	20-45	0	0	0-5
	14-39 39-49	5.0-10	 	7.9-9.0	40-75	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
Hymas	0-3	10-15	 	6.6-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
nymas	3-14	6.0-15	 	7.4-8.4	10-45	0	0	0
	14-17	5.0-15	i	7.4-9.0	40-50	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	17-27							
.33:				 				
Sterling	0-8	5.0-20	j	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	8-66	6.0-20		7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0-5
.34:								
Sterling	0-8	5.0-20		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	8-66	6.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0-5
35: Sterling	0.0	F 0 20	į	7 4 9 4		į	0	0.5
Sterling	0-8 8-66	5.0-20 6.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	0-00	6.0-20		7.4-0.4	10-40	0	U	0-5
36:						_	_	
Sterling	0-8 8-66	5.0-20 6.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0 0	0-5
			İ		-0 -0		·	
37: Sterling	0-8	5.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
sterling	8-66	6.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	10-40	0	0	0-5
Parleys	0-4	10-25		6.6-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
1411676	4-13	10-20	 	6.6-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	13-18	10-25		7.4-7.8	0	o	0	0
	18-35	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0	0-3
	35-50 50-60	10-20	i	7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0-3

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-    ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	   In	  meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
138:				 				
Thatcher	0-8	5.0-15	ļ	6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-29	11-21		6.6-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0
	29-58 58-60	15-19 5.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-15     15-25	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0
						i	****	
Bearhollow	0-4	7.0-15		7.9-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	4-9	6.0-15		7.9-8.4	5-15	0	0	0-5
	9-22	4.0-10		7.9-9.0	15-25	0	0	0-13
	22-43 43-60	4.0-10		7.9-9.0	15-25	0	0 0	0-13
	43-60 	4.0-10		7.9-9.0	10-20	0	U	0-13
139:		į				į		
Toponce	0-3	15-25		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	3-14	10-25		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
	14-60 	15-35		5.6-6.5	0	0	0	0
Broadhead	0-7	10-25		5.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	7-10	10-25	j	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	10-60	15-35	ļ	6.1-7.3	0-5	0	0	0
140:			 	 				
Trenton	0-8	20-30		7.4-8.4	5-15	o i	0.0-2.0	0
	8-32	20-30	i	7.4-8.4	5-15	o į	0.0-2.0	0
	32-46	20-40	j	7.4-9.0	5-25	0 [	2.0-8.0	13-45
	46-60	20-35	ļ	8.5-9.0	15-35	0	2.0-8.0	5-12
Battle Creek	   0-8	15-30		   7.4-7.8	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	8-11	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	o i	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-19	15-40		7.9-8.4	0-5	o i	0.0-2.0	0-2
	19-40	15-40	j	7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	40-60	15-35		7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	2-8
141:			 	 				
Trenton, cool	0-8	20-30		7.4-8.4	5-15	o i	0.0-2.0	0
	8-32	20-30	j	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
	32-46	20-40		7.4-9.0	5-25	0	2.0-8.0	13-45
	46-60	20-35		8.5-9.0	15-35	0	2.0-8.0	5-12
Battle Creek, cool	   0-8	15-30		   7.4-7.8	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
•	8-11	15-35		7.4-8.4	0-5	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	11-19	15-40		7.9-8.4	0-5	o i	0.0-2.0	0-2
	19-40	15-40	j	7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	40-60	15-35	ļ	7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	2-8
142:				 				
Trenton	0-8	20-30		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
	8-32	20-30		7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0
	32-46	20-40	j	7.4-9.0	5-25	0	2.0-8.0	13-45
	46-60	20-35	ļ	8.5-9.0	15-35	0	2.0-8.0	5-12
Parleys	   0-4	10-25		   6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
- <u>-</u>	4-13	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	o i	0	0
	13-18	10-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	18-35	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-30	0	0	0-3
	35-50	10-20	i	7.9-8.4	15-30	o i	0	0-3
	50-60	5.0-15	!	7.9-8.4	10-30	o i	0	0-3

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth   	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium carbon- ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	рН	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
	İ			_		į		į
143:	0.0							
Valmar	0-9 9-14	9.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	14-24	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	24-34							
Camelback	0-3	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	3-14	9.0-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	14-22	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	22-32	15-25		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	32-50	10-20		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
	50-61	6.0-15		7.4-7.8	0	0	0	0
Hades	0-5	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	5-60	15-25		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
144:	 			 		-		
Vitale	0-1	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	o i	0	0
	1-15	10-20	i	6.6-7.8	0	o į	0	j 0
	15-26	15-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	26-36							
Bergquist	0-5	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	5-12	4.0-15		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	12-54   54-64	1.0-9.0		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
Rock outcrop	0-60							
ROCK OULCTOP	0-60							
145:						ļ		
Vitale	0-1	9.0-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	1-15	10-20		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
	15-26   26-36	15-25		6.6-7.8	0	0	0	0
						İ		İ
Yeates Hollow	0-8	10-20		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	8-16	10-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	16-19	15-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	19-29	15-30		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	29-60 	15-30		0.1-7.3		0	U	
Northwater	!	8.0-17		6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
	12-28	8.0-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	28-46 46-56	10-20		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
				į		į		į
146: Welby	   0-12	8.0-15		   7.9-9.0	5-20	0	0.0-2.0	5-15
- 4	12-40	6.0-15		7.9-9.0		o i	0.0-2.0	5-20
	40-60	3.0-13		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	0.0-2.0	5-20
147.						ļ		
147: Welby	   0-12	8.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-20	0	0.0-2.0	5-15
METDA	12-40	6.0-15		7.9-9.0		0	0.0-2.0	5-15
	40-60	3.0-13		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	0.0-2.0	5-20
148:	 			 				
Welby, wet	0-12	7.0-15		7.9-9.0	1-20	0	0.0-2.0	0-10
	12-40	1			!	0	0.0-2.0	0-10
	40-60	2.0-10		7.9-9.0	10-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-10
	12-40	6.0-15		7.9-9.0	15-40	0	0.0-2.	. 0

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	   Depth   	Cation- exchange capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	   Soil  reaction 	  Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium adsorp- tion ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pН	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	<u> </u>
149:								
Collinston	0-8	10-20		7.4-9.0	10-20	0	0	0-5
	8-12	10-25	j	7.4-9.0	30-40	о ј	0.0-2.0	0-5
	12-60	10-15	 	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
Wheelon	0-6	10-20		7.4-8.4	12-20	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-60 	10-20	 	7.9-9.0	20-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-15
150:						į		
Wheelon	0-6	10-20		7.4-8.4	12-20	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-60 	10-20	 	7.9-9.0	20-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-15
Collinston	0-8	10-20		7.4-9.0	10-20	0	0	0-5
	8-12	10-25		7.4-9.0	30-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	12-60 	10-15	 	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
151:			İ	İ	į į	į		
Wheelon	0-6	10-20		7.4-8.4	12-20	0	0.0-2.0	0
	6-60 	10-20	 	7.9-9.0	20-35	0	0.0-2.0	0-15
Collinston	0-8	10-20	j	7.4-9.0	10-20	0	0	0-5
	8-12	10-25		7.4-9.0	30-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	12-60 	10-15	 	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
152:			İ	İ	į į	į		
Windernot	0-6	6.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	6-18	6.0-15 4.0-15	 	7.9-9.0	10-20	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	18-23   23-60	0.0-5.0	 	7.9-9.0 7.9-9.0	15-25     5-20	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-2
Lewnot	   0-10	3.0-10		7.9-8.4	   5-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
Hewito C	10-38	4.0-15		7.9-9.0	5-10	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
	38-60	1.0-4.0		7.9-9.0	1-10	0	2.0-4.0	0-5
Stinkcreek	   0-11	15-30	 	   9.1-11.0	   5-15	0	2.0-4.0	13-30
<b>5</b>	11-21	10-25		9.1-11.0	!!!	o i	2.0-4.0	13-30
	21-40	1.0-7.0	i	7.9-11.0	10-20	0	0.0-2.0	0-13
	40-60	1.0-3.0		7.9-11.0	1-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-13
153:	 					ľ		
Winn	0-13	20-35		7.4-8.4	1-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
	13-60 	7.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	1-10	0	0.0-2.0	0
154:			ļ		į į	į		
Winwell	0-10	15-30		7.4-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	10-22 22-30	15-35 3.0-15	 	7.4-8.4	0     1-15	0	0.0-2.0 0.0-2.0	0-2
	30-51	10-20		8.5-9.0	20-40	0	0.0-2.0	1-8
	51-60	5.0-15		8.5-9.0	15-35	0	0.0-2.0	1-8
155:	 		 	 		}		
Winwell	0-10	15-30		7.4-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	10-22	15-35	ļ	7.4-8.4	0	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	22-30	3.0-15		7.9-8.4	1-15	0	0.0-2.0	0-2
	30-51	10-20		8.5-9.0	20-40	0	0.0-2.0	1-8
	51-60 	5.0-15	 	8.5-9.0	15-35   	0	0.0-2.0	1-8
Collinston	0-8	10-20		7.4-9.0	10-20	0	0	0-5
	8-12	10-25		7.4-9.0	30-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-5
	12-60	10-15	i	7.4-9.0	15-30	0	0.0-2.0	0-5

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	exchange	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil  reaction 	Calcium  carbon-   ate	Gypsum	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	  meq/100 g	рН	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
156:								
Wormcreek	0-9	35-40		7.4-8.4	1-5	0	0	0
	9-22	20-30		7.9-8.4	20-35	0	0	0
	22-48 48-58	20-25	 	7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0	0
	40-30							}
Copenhagen	0-7	10-20		6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
3	7-13	10-20	i	6.6-7.8	0-5	0	0	0
	13-23		ļ	ļ	ļ j	j		ļ
157:			 	 				
Wormcreek	0-9	35-40		7.4-8.4	1-5	0	0	0
	9-22	20-30	i	7.9-8.4	20-35	0	0	0
	22-48	20-25	i	7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0	0
	48-58	j	j	ļ	j j	j		j
Lonigan	0-8	30-40	 	7.4-8.4	0	0	0	0
Lonigan	8-11	10-40	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	0	0
	11-24	5.0-40	 	7.4-8.4	15-35	0	2.0-4.0	0
	24-34							
		ļ						
158: Wursten	0-5	9.0-20	 	7.4-8.4	5-15	0	0	0
Warsten	5-17	7.0-15		7.9-8.4	15-30	0	0	0
	17-31	5.0-10	i	7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0	0-8
	31-60	4.0-10		7.9-9.0	10-30	0	0	5-13
Distriktord	0.6	6 0 15		7 4 0 4	10.05	0	0	
Dirtyhead	0-6 6-38	6.0-15 5.0-13	 	7.4-8.4	10-25	0	0	0
	38-48	5.0-13		7.4-0.4				
		j	į		j i			İ
159:							•	
Xerochrepts	0-8	8.0-20		7.9-9.0	1-40	0	0	0-5
	8-14 14-26	4.0-20	 	7.9-9.0	1-40	0	0	0-5
	26-60	4.0-20	 	7.9-9.0	1-40	0	0	0-5
	20-00	4.0-15		7.3-3.0	1-40	· i	O .	0-3
Wormcreek	0-9	35-40	j	7.4-8.4	1-5	0	0	0
	9-22	20-30		7.9-8.4	20-35	0	0	0
	22-48	20-25		7.9-9.0	15-30	0	0	0
	48-58							
Xerorthents	0-3	4.0-20	 	7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0	0
	3-11	4.0-20	i	7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	11-21							
160								
160: Xerorthents	0-3	4.0-20	 	7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0	0
	3-11	4.0-20		7.4-9.0	1-40	0	0.0-2.0	0-3
	11-21							
1.61					ļ	į		
161: Yeates Hollow	0-8	10-20	 	6.6-7.3	0	0	0	0
10410M	8-16	10-20	 	6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	16-19	15-25	 	6.1-7.3	0 1	0	0	0
	19-29	15-30		6.1-7.3		0	0	0
	29-60	15-30		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
		İ	İ	İ	į į			İ

Table 22.--Chemical Properties of the Soils--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Depth	Cation-  exchange  capacity	Effective   cation-  exchange  capacity	Soil reaction	Calcium   carbon-    ate	Gypsum     	Salinity	Sodium   adsorp-   tion   ratio
	In	meq/100 g	meq/100 g	pH	Pct	Pct	mmhos/cm	
162:			 	 				
Yeates Hollow	0-8	10-20	i	6.6-7.3	i o i	o i	0	0
	8-16	10-20	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
i	16-19	15-25	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	Ö
i	19-29	15-30	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	29-60	15-30		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
Manila	0-7	10-25	 	   6.6-7.3		0	0	0
	7-33	20-45		6.6-7.3		0	0	0
i	33-50	20-35	i	6.6-7.8	0-15	0	0	0
	50-60	10-25		7.4-8.4	10-15	0	0	0
Softback	0-1		   20-30	   4.5-5.5		0	0	0
	1-4	9.0-20	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
i	4-10	9.0-20		6.1-7.3		0	0	0
i	10-24	8.0-20	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	Ö
İ	24-30	10-20	i	6.1-7.3	i	o i	0	Ö
i	30-39	10-25	i	6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
	39-63	10-25		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
163:			 	 				
Yeates Hollow	0-8	10-20	i	6.6-7.3	i o i	0	0	0
	8-16	10-20	i	6.1-7.3	i o i	0	0	0
i	16-19	15-25	i	6.1-7.3	i o i	o i	0	i o
i	19-29	15-30	i	6.1-7.3	i o i	o i	0	i o
	29-60	15-30		6.1-7.3	0	0	0	0
 	0-1	9.0-20	 	   6.6-7.8		0	0	0
İ	1-15	10-20		6.6-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
İ	15-26	15-25		6.6-7.8	0 1	0	0	0
	26-36							
164:			 	 				
Water.		i	İ	İ	i i	i		i

#### Table 23.--Water Features

(See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Estimates of the frequency of ponding and flooding apply to the whole year rather than to individual months. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated.)

			Water	table		Ponding		Flooding		
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency   	Duration	Frequency	
	<u> </u>		In	In	In					
L:	 	 	 	 						
Airport	D	İ	İ	j	j j		į į		į	
		February					None		Rare	
		March					None		Rare	
		April	24-36	>72			None		Rare	
		May	24-36	>72			None		Rare	
		June	24-36	>72			None		None	
		July	24-36	>72			None		None	
		August	24-36	>72			None		None	
		September	24-36	>72			None		None	
: Ant Flat	     D	    Jan-Dec	   	   			   None		None	
	į	į	į	į	į į		į į		į	
3: Ant Flat	   D 	  Jan-Dec 	 	   			None		None	
1:	_		į		į į					
Ant Flat	D 	Jan-Dec 	 	 			None		None	
5: Ant Flat	   D	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None	
Oxford	   D	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None	
	į	İ	į	į	į į		į į		į	
5: Ant Flat	   D	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None	
Oxford	   D	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None	
7:										
Arbone	   B	Jan-Dec					None		None	
3:		 	ļ	 						
Banida	D 	Jan-Dec 	 	 			None		None	
): Banida	   D	Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None	
Danitua										
.0: Battle Creek										
	-	March	42-72	>72			None		None	
		April	42-72	>72			None		None	
		May	42-72	>72			None		None	
		June	42-72	>72			None		None	
		July	42-72	>72			None		None	
		August	42-72	>72			None		None	
11:		 	 	 						
Battle Creek	   D	İ							i	
	-	March	42-72	>72			None		None	
		April	42-72	>72			None		None	
		May	42-72	>72			None		None	
		June	42-72	>72			None		None	
		July	42-72	>72			None		None	
		August	42-72	>72	i i		None		None	
	1		i	· · · -						

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

		 	Water	table		Ponding	r	Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper limit	Lower   limit	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	<u> </u>		In	In	In				
12:	 			 					
Battle Creek	D	Jan-Dec					None		None
		!					İ İ		İ
l3: Bear Lake	5								
Bear Lake	D	February	0	   >72	0-6	Brief	  Occasional	Brief	Occasional
	 	March	0	>72	0-6	Brief	Occasional	Brief	Occasional
		April	0	>72	0-6	Brief	Occasional	Brief	Occasional
	İ	May	0	>72	0-6	Brief	Occasional		None
	į	June	0	>72	0-6	Brief	Occasional		None
		July	0	>72	0-6	Brief	Occasional		None
Chesbrook	   D			 					
0000	-	February	6-18	>72	i i		None		Rare
	İ	March	6-18	>72	i i		None		Rare
	İ	April	6-18	>72	j j		None		Rare
	į	May	6-18	>72	j j		None		Rare
		June	6-18	>72			None		None
		July	6-18	>72			None		None
Picabo	C			 					
	İ	February	24-48	>72	i i		None		Rare
	į	March	24-48	>72	j j		None		Rare
		April	24-48	>72			None		Rare
		May	24-48	>72			None		Rare
		June	24-48	>72			None		None
		July	24-48	>72			None		None
14:	 			 					
Bear Lake	D			! 					i
	-	January	i		i i		None	Brief	Frequent
	İ	February	0-18	>72	i i		None	Brief	Frequent
	į	March	0-18	>72	j j		None	Brief	Frequent
		April	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
		May	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
		June	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
Downata	   D			 					
	İ	January	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
	İ	February	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		March	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		April	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		May	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
	 	June	0	>72 	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
15:	İ			İ	į į		i i		İ
Bear Lake	D						į į	_	ļ
		January					None	Brief	Frequent
		February	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
	I I	March  April	0-18   0-18	>72   >72			None None	Brief Brief	Frequent Frequent
	1	May	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
		June	0-18	>72	i i		None	Brief	Frequent
Desmate									
Downata	D 	  January	0	   >72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		February	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
	İ	March	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
	i	April	j o	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		Lybrit	1	–	1 1				2
		May  June	0	>72 >72	0-12	Brief Brief	Frequent	Brief Brief	Frequent

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table		Ponding	Ť	Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency 	Duration	Frequency   
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	In	In	In		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
15:	 			 					
Thatcherflats	D						N		D
	 	February  March	36-48	   >72			None None		Rare Rare
		April	36-48	>72			None		Rare
	İ	May	36-48	>72	i i		None		Rare
	į	June	36-48	>72			None		None
		July	36-48	>72			None		None
16:	 								
Bear Lake	D		0.10				Name :	D	
		February  March	0-18	>72   >72			None None	Brief Brief	Occasional   Occasional
	 	April	0-18	>72   >72			None	Brief	Occasional
	 	May	0-18	>72			None		None
		June	0-18	>72	i i		None		None
	İ	July	0-18	>72	i i		None		None
		İ		[	!!!		ļ		
Lago	C		10.00	70					
		February  March	18-36	>72   >72			None None		Rare
	 	April	18-36   18-36	>72   >72			None		Rare Rare
	 	May	18-36	>72			None		Rare
		June	18-36	>72			None		None
	İ	July	18-36	>72	i i		None		None
	į	August	18-36	>72	ļ ļ		None		None
17:	 			 					
Bearhollow	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Brifox	C	  Jan-Dec					None		None
Iphil	   B	  Jan-Dec					None		None
18:	 	 		 					
Bergquist	В	Jan-Dec		ļ	i i		None		None
Rubble land	A	  Jan-Dec					None		None
19:									
Bergquist	B	Jan-Dec					None		None
Softback	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
20:	_			į					
Bergquist	B 	Jan-Dec 					None		None
Vitale	C	Jan-Dec		i	i i		None		None
21: Bothwell	     B	Jan-Dec		   			None		     None
							None		None
22: Bothwell	   B	  Jan-Dec					None		   None
23:		 		 					
Bothwell	B	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Hades	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Justesen	   B	  Jan-Dec					None		None
	İ	İ	İ	İ	i i		İ		

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water   depth	Duration	Frequency     	Duration	Frequency   
			In	In	In				
24: Bothwell	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		     None
Thatcher	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
25: Brifox	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		     None
Huffman	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
26: Brifox	     c	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None		     None
Huffman	   B	Jan-Dec		 			   None		None
27: Brifox	     c	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None		     None
Niter	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
28: Brifox	     C	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None		     None
Niter	   C	Jan-Dec		 			   None		None
29: Brifox	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		     None
Niter	C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
30: Broadhead	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		     None
Hades	   B	Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
Yago	c c	Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
31: Broadhead	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			 		     None
Yago	C	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
32: Camelback	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		   None
Lonigan	   B	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
33: Camelback	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		     None
Hades	   B	Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
Valmar	   C	  Jan-Dec		   			   None		   None
34: Cedarhill	     B 	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None		     None
35: Cedarhill	     B	    Jan-Dec 		   			   None		     None
Hades	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None 		   None 

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 		Water	table		Ponding	•	Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group 	   Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	<u>                                     </u>		In	In	In				
35:				 					
Ricrest	B	Jan-Dec					None		None
36:				 					
Cedarhill	B 	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Hondoho	В	Jan-Dec			ļ ļ		None		None
Ridgecrest	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
37:	 			 					
Chesbrook	D						N		D
	 	February  March	6-18	>72   >72			None None		Rare
	 	April	6-18	>72   >72			None		Rare
	 	May	6-18	>72			None		Rare
	 	June	6-18	>72			None		None
	 	July	6-18	>72			None		None
	 	oury	0-10	//2			None		None
Bear Lake	   D		1	 			1		
Dear Hake	D	February	0-18	   >72			None	Brief	Occasion
	 	March	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Occasion
	 	!	!	!	! !				!
		April	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Occasion
		May	0-18	>72			None		None
		June	0-18	>72			None		None
		July	0-18	>72			None		None
88:			ļ		!!!				
Cloudless	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
							ļ ļ		ļ
Hades	B 	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
39:		İ	İ		i i		į i		İ
Cloudless	C	Jan-Dec			j j		None		None
Hades	В	Jan-Dec	ļ				None		None
Howcan	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
40:	_								
Copenhagen	D 	Jan-Dec 		 			None		None
Lonigan	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Manila	C C	Jan-Dec					None		None
		!			ļ ļ		ļ .		1
41:	!	İ		!	i j		į į		İ
Delish	C	ļ			<u> </u>		į l		Ţ
Delibii	I	January	18-30	>72			None		None
Delibii	I		1 10 20	>72			None		Rare
Delisi	İ	February	18-30		! !				1010
Delish	   	February  March	18-30	>72	i i		None		Rare
Delish	     		:		 		!		:
Delish	       	March	18-30	>72	! !		None		Rare

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table		Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month 	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
		<u> </u>	In	In	In		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
41:		 		 					
Cachecan	C								ļ
		January	30-42	>72			None		None
		February	30-42	>72			None		Rare
		March	30-42	>72			None		Rare
		April	30-42	>72   >72			None None		Rare Rare
		May  June	30-42	>72			None		None
Stinkcreek	D I	  February	0-18	   >72			None		Rare
		March	0-18	>72			None		Rare
	i	April	0-18	>72	i i		None		Rare
	İ	May	0-18	>72	i i		None		Rare
		June	0-18	>72	ļ ļ		None		None
42:									
Downata	D		į	į	į į				İ
		January	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		February	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		March	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		April	0	>72	0-12	Brief	Frequent	Brief	Frequent
		May  June	0	>72 >72	0-12	Brief Brief	Frequent Frequent	Brief Brief	Frequent Frequent
43:									
Dranburn	B 	Jan-Dec 		 			None		None
Robin	B	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
44:	į	į	į	į	į į				į
Enochville	D		!		!!!				ļ
		February					None	Brief	Frequent
		March					None	Brief	Frequent
		April	12-24	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
		May	12-24	>72   >72			None	Brief	Frequent
		June 	12-24	>72			None	Brief	Frequent
45: Foxol	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Vitale	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
46:				 					
Hades	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Camelback	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Hondoho	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
47:		 							
Hades	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Lanoak	   B	  Jan-Dec					None		None
Camelback	   B	  Jan-Dec					None		None
48:									
Haploxerolls	B 	Jan-Dec 		 			None		None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table		Ponding		Flood	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface   water   depth	Duration	Frequency   	Duration	Frequency   
	   		In	In	In			   	<u>                                     </u>
48: Xerorthents	     D 	    Jan-Dec 		     	   		     None	     	     None 
49: Hendricks	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   	 		   None 	 	   None 
50: Holmes	   в	į	į	į	į		į		İ
HOIMES	•	February					None		Rare
	į	March					None		Rare
		April					None		Rare
	 	May 		 			None	 	Rare
51: Hondee	     B	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None	   	   None 
52: Hondee	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   	 		   None 	 	   None 
53: Hondoho	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			   None		   None
Hades	   B	Jan-Dec					None		None
54: Hondoho	     B	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None		     None
Ricrest	   B	Jan-Dec		 	 		None		   None
55: Hondoho	     B	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None	   	     None
Sprollow	   C	Jan-Dec		 	 		None		   None
Hades	   B	  Jan-Dec		 	 		   None		None
56: Hondoho	     B	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None	   	     None
Vitale	   C	  Jan-Dec		 	 		None		None
57: Huffman	     B	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None	   	     None
58: Huffman	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	 	     None
59: Huffman	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Dirtyhead	C	  Jan-Dec		 			   None		   None
60: Huffman	     B	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None		     None
Harroun	   D	  Jan-Dec		 	 		   None		None
Lanoak	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			   None	 	   None
61: Huffman	     B	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None	   	     None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table		Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month     	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency   	Duration	Frequency   
		]	In	In	In				
61: Wursten	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
62: Iphil	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Lonigan	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			   None	 	   None
63: Ireland	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Polumar	   B	Jan-Dec		 	 		None		   None
64: Kabear	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Staberg	į	Jan-Dec		 	 		None		None
Copenhagen	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None	 	   None
65: Kabear	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None		     None
Staberg	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Copenhagen	   D	  Jan-Dec 		   			None	   	   None
66: Kearns	     B	    Jan-Dec 		   			   None	   	     None
67: Kearnsar	     B								
		March  April	42-72	>72   >72			None None	 	None None
	 	May	42-72	>72			None	 	None
	İ	June	42-72	>72	i i		None		None
		ļ							ļ
Battle Creek	D	   Wassania	40.70				N	l	N
	1	March	42-72	>72   >72			None	 	None None
	I I	April  May	42-72	>72   >72			None None	 	None
	 	June	42-72	>72			None	 	None
		July	42-72	>72			None		None
		August	42-72	>72			None		None
68: Kidman	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		 			   None	 	   None
69: Kidman	     B	  Jan-Dec		 			   None		     None
70: Kidman	     B	    Jan-Dec 		   			     None	   	     None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

		 	Water	table		Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
			In	   In	In				
71:			<u> </u>	 					
Kidman, wet	В	!							
		January	42-72	>72			None		None
		February	42-72	>72			None		None
		March	42-72	>72			None		None
		April	42-72	>72			None		None
		May	42-72	>72   >72			None None		None None
	 	June  July	42-72	>72   >72			None		None
	 	August	42-72	>72			None		None
	 	September	42-72	>72			None		None
	1	October	42-72	>72			None		None
	 	November	42-72	>72			None		None
	ļ	December	42-72	>72			None		None
72:			 	 					
Kidman	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Sterling	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
7.2				  -					
'3: Lando	0			 					
Lando	C						N		37
		February	24-48	>72			None		None
		March	24-48	>72   >72			None None		None
		April 	24-40	>12			None		None
74:	İ	İ	İ	<u> </u>	i i		j i		İ
Lanoak	В	Jan-Dec			j j		None		None
	ĺ	İ	İ	ĺ	j j		į į		ĺ
75:									
Lanoak	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
76:									
Lanoak	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Broadhead	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
					!!!				ļ
77:					!!!				ļ
Lanoak	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
B 11 1									
Broadhead	D	Jan-Dec					None		None
Hades	   B	   Ton Don		 			None		None
nades	<b>B</b>	Jan-Dec					None		None
78:	 	 	 	 					
Lanoak	   B	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
nanoak	-	Dec		l 			None		I
Hades	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
		İ	!				[ [		ļ
79:		ļ							
Lanoak	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Thatcher	   B	   Tan Dog		  -			None		None
inacchef	5	Jan-Dec 	 	 			NOITE		None
30:	İ	į	į	İ	j		į i		İ
Layton	В	1			į į		j		
		April	42-60	>72	j j		None		None
		May	42-60	>72	j j		None		None
		June	42-60	>72	i i		None		None
	İ	İ	İ	ĺ	į i		į i		İ

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 		Water	table		Ponding		Floo	aing
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	Month     	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface   water   depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	 		In	In	In			<u>                                     </u>	
81:	 		 	 					 
Layton	В	ļ							
		April	42-60	>72			None		None
	 	May  June	42-60	>72   >72			None None	 	None   None
	! 		12 00	-/-					
82:	İ	İ	İ	İ	j j		į		İ
Lizdale	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
83:				 				 	
83: Lizdale	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None	 	None
nizuare	5	 							None
Searla	В	Jan-Dec			i i		None		None
	[	[	ļ	[	ļ į		<u> </u>		[
84:			ļ						
Logan	D	   <b>T</b>					N	l	D
		January		 			None None	 	Rare Rare
	 	February  March					None	 	Rare
	 	April					None	 	Rare
	 	May	0-12	>72			None		Rare
		June	0-12	>72			None		Rare
	<u> </u>	July	0-12	>72	i i		None		Rare
		August	0-12	>72	i i		None		Rare
	i	September	0-12	>72	j j		None		Rare
	İ	October		j	j i		None		Rare
		November					None		Rare
	!	December					None		Rare
0.5									
85: Lonigan	   B	  Jan-Dec	 	 			Name	 	None
Lonigan	<b>D</b>	Jan-Dec					None	<del></del>	None
Lizdale	   B	Jan-Dec					None		None
	-				i i				
86:	İ	İ	İ	<u> </u>	j i		İ		İ
Lonigan	В	Jan-Dec			j j		None		None
Ricrest	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
87: Manila		   T D					N	 	N
Maniia	C	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
88:	 	1	 	 				[ 	
Manila	C	Jan-Dec		i	i i		None		None
	İ		İ	İ	i i				
89:	İ	İ	İ	j	į į		İ		İ
Manila	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
	[	[	[	[					
90:			ļ						
Manila	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Bancroft	   B	  -Tan-Dog	1	 		_	None	 	Mono
Danciort	, <b>Б</b>	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
91:			i					 	
Manila	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
	į		İ	İ	j i				İ
Broadhead	C	Jan-Dec	i	i	i i		None		None
					l i				
92:	!	ļ	ļ		ļ I				!
Manila	C	Jan-Dec					None		None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 	 	Water	table		Ponding	•	Flooding	
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group 	Month     	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	   		In	In	In				
92:	 			! 					
Broadhead	C	Jan-Dec		j	i i		None		None
93:	 								
Manila	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Lonigan	   B 	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
94:				! 					
Manila	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Yeates Hollow	c	Jan-Dec					None		None
95:									
Maplecreek	C	  January	24-42	   >72			None		None
	 	February	24-42	>72			None		Rare
	! 	March	24-42	>72	i i		None		Rare
	İ	April	24-42	>72	i i		None		Rare
	ĺ	May	24-42	>72	i i		None		Rare
		June	24-42	>72			None		None
		July	24-42	>72			None		None
96:				! 					
Maplecreek	C								
		January	24-42	>72			None		None
		February	24-42	>72			None		Rare
		March	24-42	>72			None		Rare
		April	24-42	>72			None		Rare
		May	24-42	>72			None		Rare
		June	24-42	>72			None		None
	 	July 	24-42	>72 			None		None
Layton	В		12.60	. 70	 		N		N
	 	April	42-60	>72   >72			None None		None   None
	 	May  June	42-60	>72			None		None
97:	 			 					
Merkley	   B								
	ĺ	February	48-72	>72	i i		None		None
		March	48-72	>72			None		None
		April	48-72	>72			None		None
		May	48-72	>72			None		None
		June	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	July 	48-72	>72 			None		None
Lago	С	į	İ	İ	į į		į į		į
		February	18-36	>72			None		Rare
	!	March	18-36	>72			None		Rare
	!	April	18-36	>72			None		Rare
		May	18-36	>72			None		Rare
		June	18-36	>72			None		None
		July	18-36	>72			None		None
		August	18-36	>72			None		None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table		Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	Month     	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
			In	In	In				
97:	 	 		 					
Bear Lake	D				!!!		!!!		
		February	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Occasional
		March	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Occasional
		April	0-18	>72			None	Brief	Occasional
		May	0-18	>72			None		None
		June	0-18	>72			None		None
	 	July 	0-18	>72 			None		None
98:	İ	İ	į	İ	į į		j i		
Moonlight	B	Jan-Dec					None		None
Camelback	В	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
99:				! 			i		
Niter	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Brifox	C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
100:	 			 					
Northwater	В	Jan-Dec	ļ		ļ ļ		None		None
Foxol	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Vitale	   C	  Jan-Dec		 	 		None		None
101:				  -					
Northwater	   B	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
_	_	<u> </u>							
Povey	B 	Jan-Dec 		 			None		None
102:	į	į	į	į	į į		į į		
Northwater	B	Jan-Dec					None		None
Povey	В	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
		İ	ļ				! !		!
103:		ļ							
Nyman	C	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Lonigan	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Copenhagen	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
copemiagen									None
104:									
Oxford	D	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Banida	ם	Jan-Dec					None		None
105:				 					
0xford	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
	İ		į	İ	į į		į į		
Banida	D	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
106:									
Oxford	D	Jan-Dec					None		None
Banida	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
	į	į	į	į	į į				
107: Oxford	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
VAIUIU	עו	oan-bec					None		Mone

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

			Water	table		Ponding		Floc	ding
Map symbol and soil name	Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface   water   depth	Duration	Frequency   	Duration	Frequency
	<u> </u>   		In	In	In	<u> </u>		<u> </u> 	
107:								 	
Gullied land	A	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
108:									İ
Parkay	B	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
Povey	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
109:								 	İ
Parleys	В	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
110:									
Parleys	B	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
111:	į	į	į	İ			į		į
Parleys, wet	В	   Tamus amus	1 40 70				None		None
	 	January  February	48-72 48-72	>72 >72			None None	 	None   Rare
	 	March	48-72	>72			None	 	Rare
		April	48-72	>72			None		Rare
		May	48-72	>72			None		Rare
	İ	June	48-72	>72			None	i	None
	İ	July	48-72	>72			None	i	None
	İ	August	48-72	>72			None	i	None
	İ	September	48-72	>72			None	i	None
		October	48-72	>72			None		None
	į	November	48-72	>72			None		None
		December	48-72	>72			None		None
112:									
Pavohroo	B 	Jan-Dec 					None	 	None
Sedgway	В	Jan-Dec					None	 	None
Toponce	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
113:								 	
Picabo	C	İ	İ	İ	į į		İ	İ	İ
		February	24-48	>72			None		Rare
		March	24-48	>72			None		Rare
		April	24-48	>72			None		Rare
		May	24-48	>72			None		Rare
		June	24-48	>72			None		None
		July	24-48	>72			None		None
Thatcherflats	   D	I	1	1	1		I	 	I
inaccheffiats	ע ן ו	February					None	 	Rare
	1	March	36-48	>72			None	 	Rare
		April	36-48	>72			None	 	Rare
		May	36-48	>72			None		Rare
		June	36-48	>72			None		None
	İ	July	36-48	>72			None		None
114: Pits, gravel	   A	  Jan-Dec					None	 	None
115: Pollynot	   B	  Jan-Dec					None	 	None
-	8	ן שנו-טפני					None	_ <del></del>	None
116: Pollynot	   B	  Jan-Dec					None	 	None
	-						1.0116		1 10116

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

		   	Water	table	<u> </u>	Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	   Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface   water   depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency   
	   	<u> </u>   	In	In	In			<u>                                     </u>	<u>                                     </u>
117: Pollynot	     B 	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None	   	     None 
118: Pollynot	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   	 		   None	 	   None
119: Polumar	     B	  Jan-Dec 		 	 		   None	 	   None
Ireland	C	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
120: Polumar	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Sprollow	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None	 	   None
Ireland	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None	 	   None
121: Povey	     B	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Hades	   B	  Jan-Dec					None		   None
Hondoho	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None	 	   None
122: Povey	     B	    Jan-Dec		   	   		     None	   	     None
Parkay	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None	 	   None
123: Preston	     A	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None	   	     None
124: Preston	     A	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None	   	     None
125: Preston	     A 	  Jan-Dec 		   	 		   None 	   	   None 
126: Preston	   A 	  Jan-Dec 		   	 		   None	 	   None
Xerorthents	D	Jan-Dec			 		None		None
127: Ricrest	     B	    Jan-Dec 		   	 		     None	   	   None
128: Sanyon	     D	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None	   	     None
Staberg	   C	  Jan-Dec		 	 		None	 	   None
Kabear	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   	 		   None	 	   None
129: Smidale	     B 	    Jan-Dec 		   	   		     None	   	     None
130: Smidale	     B 	    Jan-Dec 		     	     		     None	   	     None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 	 	Water	table		Ponding		Floo 	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group 	   Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
			In	In	In				
130: Staberg	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
131: Sprollow	   c	    Jan-Dec		   			   None		   None
Hondoho	   B	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
132: Sprollow	     C	    Jan-Dec		   			     None	   	     None
Hymas	   D	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
133: Sterling	     B 	    Jan-Dec 		   			     None	   	     None
134: Sterling	     B	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None	   	   None
135: Sterling	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None	 	   None
136: Sterling	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None	 	   None
137: Sterling	   B 	  Jan-Dec 	i 	   	 		   None	 	   None
Parleys	B	Jan-Dec	j	i			None		None
138: Thatcher	   B 	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None	 	   None
Bearhollow	   B 	Jan-Dec		   			None		None
139: Toponce	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Broadhead	   c 	  Jan-Dec 		   			   None	   	   None
140: Trenton	   C 	    March	30-42	     >72			     None	   	     None
	 	April  May	30-42	>72 >72	 		None None	 	None None
		June	30-42	>72	i i		None		None
	 	July  August	30-42 30-42	>72 >72			None None	 	None None
Battle Creek	   D	    March	     42-72	     >72			     None	   	     None
		April	42-72	>72			None		None
	İ	May	42-72	>72	i i		None		None
		June	42-72	>72	j j		None		None
	[	July	42-72	>72			None		None
		August	42-72	>72			None		None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 	 	Water	table	 	Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	   Month   	Upper   limit	Lower limit	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency   	Duration	Frequency
		<u> </u>	In	In	In				
141:	 	 							
Trenton, cool	c	İ			i i		i i		i
,		March	30-42	>72	i i		None		None
	İ	April	30-42	>72	i i		None		None
	! 	May	30-42	>72	i i		None		None
	! 	June	30-42	>72			None		None
	! 	July	30-42	>72			None		None
	! 	August	30-42	>72			None		None
	_	į			į į		[ [		
Battle Creek, cool	D				!!!				
		March	42-72	>72			None		None
		April	42-72	>72			None		None
		May	42-72	>72			None		None
		June	42-72	>72			None		None
		July	42-72	>72	i i		None		None
	ĺ	August	42-72	>72			None		None
142: Trenton	     c	   	   						
	[	March	30-42	>72			None		None
	 	April	30-42	>72			None		None
	 	: -	30-42	>72 >72	!!!		! !		
	  -	May	1				None		None
		June	30-42	>72			None		None
		July	30-42	>72			None		None
	  -	August	30-42	>72			None		None
Parleys	   B	 			 				
_	İ	January	48-72	>72	i i		None		None
	İ	February	48-72	>72	i i		None		Rare
	! 	March	48-72	>72			None		Rare
	 	April	48-72	>72			None		Rare
	 	: -	48-72	>72			None		Rare
	  -	May	!		! !		! !		
		June	48-72	>72			None		None
		July	48-72	>72			None		None
		August	48-72	>72			None		None
		September	48-72	>72			None		None
		October	48-72	>72			None		None
		November	48-72	>72			None		None
	ĺ	December	48-72	>72	ļ ļ		None		None
43:	 	 							
Valmar	C	Jan-Dec			i i		None		None
	_								
Camelback	B 	Jan-Dec 					None		None
Hades	В	İ			i i		i i		İ
		Jan-Dec					None		None
144:									
Vitale	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Bergquist	   B	  Jan-Dec					   None		None
Poak outares	   D	  -Tan-Dog		 			None		Mone
Rock outcrop	ע ן	Jan-Dec 			 		Notife		None
145:	_				į į				
	C	Jan-Dec					None		None
Vitale	İ		1				1		
Vitale Yeates Hollow	   C	  Jan-Dec					None		None
		  Jan-Dec    Jan-Dec	     				None     None     None		None

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 		Water	table		Ponding	r	Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water     depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
			In	In	In				   
146:	 		 	 					
Welby	B	Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
147:	_								
Welby	B 	Jan-Dec 	 	 			None		None
148:	j   B	İ	ĺ	İ	į į		į į		İ
Welby, wet	B	Tanuare	   48-72	   >72			None		None
	 	January  February	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	March	48-72	>72   >72			None		None
	 	April	48-72	>72			None		None
		May	48-72	>72			None		None
	! 	June	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	July	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	August	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	September	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	October	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	November	48-72	>72			None		None
	 	December	48-72	>72			None		None
			10 /2	-/-					
149:	İ		İ	İ	i i		i i		i
Collinston	В	Jan-Dec	j	j	i i		None		None
Wheelon	   в	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
MILEGIOII	5	l					None		None
150:	j	į	İ	İ	j j		j i		İ
Wheelon	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Collinston	   B	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
151:									
Wheelon	В	Jan-Dec					None		None
Collinston	   B	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
1.50									
152: Windernot	   B	I I	 	 					
WINGELHOC	5	February	 				None		Rare
	! 	March	54-72	>72			None		Rare
	! 	April	54-72	>72			None		Rare
	! 	May	54-72	>72			None		Rare
		June	54-72	>72			None		None
	į	İ	ĺ	į	<u> </u>		į į		İ
Lewnot	C				ļ .				1
		January	24-42	>72			None		None
		February	24-42	!			None		Rare
		March	24-42	!			None		Rare
		April	24-42	!			None		Rare
		May	24-42	>72			None		Rare
	 	June	24-42	>72 			None		None
Stinkcreek	   D								
		February	0-18	>72	j j		None		Rare
	1	March	0-18	>72	j j		None		Rare
	1				ı i		ı i		l D
		April	0-18	>72			None		Rare
	   	April  May	0-18   0-18	>72   >72			None   None		Rare

Table 23.--Water Features--Continued

	 		Water	table		Ponding		Floo	ding
Map symbol and soil name	  Hydro-  logic  group	Month   	Upper   limit	Lower   limit 	Surface    water   depth	Duration	Frequency	Duration	Frequency
	<u> </u>		In	In	In				<u> </u>
153:			 	 					
Winn	C		İ		į į		İ		İ
		February					None		Rare
	[	March					None		Rare
	[	April	30-42	>72			None		Rare
		May	30-42	>72			None		Rare
		June	30-42	>72			None		None
		July	30-42	>72   >72			None None		None   None
		August  September	30-42	>72			None		None
154:			 	 					
Winwell	C	Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
155: Winwell		Ton Don	İ				None		None
winwell	C 	Jan-Dec 	 	 			None		None
Collinston	B 	Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
156: Wormcreek	     в	Jan-Dec	 	   	 		None		None
				 			None		None
Copenhagen	D 	Jan-Dec 		 			None		None
157: Wormcreek	   в	Jan-Dec	i i	 	j j		None		None
		Jan-Dec					None		None
Lonigan	B 	Jan-Dec		 			None		None
158: Wursten	   в	Jan-Dec	i i	 	j j		None		   None
	j	į	į	İ					
Dirtyhead	C 	Jan-Dec 	 	 			None		None
159: Xerochrepts	   в	  Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
	İ	į	į	İ	į į				
Wormcreek		Jan-Dec 	 	 	 		None		None
Xerorthents	D 	Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
160: Xerorthents	j 	Jan-Dec	i i	 	j j		None		None
		dan-bec					None		None
161: Yeates Hollow	   C	  Jan-Dec	 	 			None		None
162.	İ	İ	ĺ	İ	į į				İ
162: Yeates Hollow	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		None
Manila	   C	  Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
			İ	İ			İ		İ
Softback	B 	Jan-Dec	 	 	 		None		None
163: Yeates Hollow	   c	  Jan-Dec		 			None		   None
		į	į	İ			İ		İ
Vitale	C	Jan-Dec	 	 	 		None		None
164: Water	 	  Jan-Dec	 	 	 		None		   None

Table 24.--Soil Features

(See text for definitions of terms used in this table. Absence of an entry indicates that the feature is not a concern or that data were not estimated.)

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of corrosion		
and soil name	Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete	
		In	In				<u> </u>	
1:   Airport					    High	    High 	    High	
2: Ant Flat					  Moderate 	    High 	Low	
3:   Ant Flat			i i		  Moderate 	  High 	Low	
4: Ant Flat					  Moderate 	  High 	Low	
5:   Ant Flat					  Moderate 	  High 	Low	
Oxford					Moderate	  High	High	
6: Ant Flat					    Moderate	    High	Low	
Oxford					Moderate	  High	High	
7:   Arbone					    Moderate	    High 	Low	
8:   Banida					  Moderate	    High 	  High	
9:     Banida			i i		  Moderate 	  High 	  High	
10:   Battle Creek					  High 	  High 	Low	
11:   Battle Creek					  High 	  High 	Low	
12:   Battle Creek					  Moderate 	  High 	Low	
13:   Bear Lake					  High 	  High 	  Moderate	
Chesbrook		j			High	  High	Low	
Picabo					High	  High	Moderate	
14:   Bear Lake					    High	    High	Low	
   Downata					High	  High	Low	
15:   Bear Lake					    High	    High	Low	
Downata					High	  High	Low	
Thatcherflats					  High 	  High 	  High 	

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	 	Depth  to top	  Thickness	   Hardness	Fotential   for	   Uncoated   steel	Concrete
		In	In				
16:							
Bear Lake					High	High	Moderate
Lago					High	  High	Low
17:			 	 			
Bearhollow				 	Moderate	High	Low
Brifox					Moderate	  High	High
Iphil				 	High	  High	Low
18:				 			
Bergquist	Lithic bedrock	40-60		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Rubble land.			į		į	!	
19:						_	
Bergquist	Lithic bedrock	40-60		Indurated 	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Softback		ļ	j		Moderate	Moderate	Low
20:							
Bergquist	Lithic bedrock	40-60		Indurated 	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Vitale	Lithic bedrock	20-40	i	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low
21: Bothwell		i	i 	 	  High	  Moderate	Low
					ļ	Moderace	l
22: Bothwell			 	 	  High	  Moderate	Low
23:		1		 		 	
Bothwell					High	Moderate	Low
Hades					  Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Justesen			 		  Moderate	  High	Low
24:		İ		 	į		İ
Bothwell					High	Moderate	Low
Thatcher					  High	  High	Moderate
25:			 				
Brifox		ļ	j		Moderate	High	High
Huffman					High	  High	Low
26:				 			
Brifox	 	ļ	i	 I	Moderate	High	High
Huffman					High	  High	Low
27:							
Brifox	 			 	Moderate	High 	High
Niter			i		Moderate	  High	High
28:							
Brifox	 				Moderate	High 	High

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	     Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	Hardness	for  frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In				
28: Niter	   	   	   	   	  Moderate	    High 	    High 
29: Brifox	 	i 	 		Moderate	  High	  High
Niter					Moderate	  High	High
30: Broadhead	   	   	   	 	Moderate	    Moderate	    Moderate
Hades			 		Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate
Yago	 	 	 	 	  Moderate	  Moderate 	  Moderate
31: Broadhead	   	   			Moderate	    Moderate	    Moderate
Yago					Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate
32: Camelback	 	   	   	 	  Moderate	    Moderate	Low
Lonigan	  Paralithic   bedrock	20-40	   	Moderately cemented	  Moderate	  High 	Low
33: Camelback	 	   	   	 	Moderate	    Moderate	Low
Hades					Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate
Valmar	  Lithic bedrock 	   20-40 	   	  Indurated 	  Moderate	  Moderate 	  Low 
34: Cedarhill	 	   	 	 	Moderate	  High 	Low
35: Cedarhill	 	i 	 		  Moderate	  High	Low
Hades					Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate
Ricrest	   	   	   	   	  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 
36: Cedarhill	 	i 	 		Moderate	  High	Low
Hondoho					Moderate	  High	Low
Ridgecrest	  Lithic bedrock	20-40	 	  Indurated	  Moderate	  High 	  Low 
37: Chesbrook		i 			High	  High	Low
Bear Lake					High	  High	Moderate
38: Cloudless	   	   	   	   	    Moderate	    Moderate	Low
Hades		 	 		Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate
39: Cloudless	   	   	   	   	    Moderate	    Moderate 	    Low 

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Man symb-3		Restric	tive layer		Dott-1-7	Risk of	corrosion
Map symbol and soil name	 	Depth to top	  Thickness	   Hardness	_   Potential   for  frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In				
39:	 		 				
Hades			ļ		Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Howcan					Moderate	Moderate	Low
40:	 		 				
Copenhagen	Lithic bedrock	10-20 		Very strongly   cemented	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Lonigan	  Paralithic   bedrock 	   20-40 	   	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 
Manila					Moderate	Moderate	Low
41:							
Delish	 			 	High 	High 	High 
Cachecan	i	ļ	j		High	High	High
Stinkcreek					High	  High 	Low
42: Downata	   	   	   	 	  High	    High	  Low
43: Dranburn					Moderate	    Moderate	Low
Robin					High	Moderate	Low
44: Enochville	 	   	   	   	    High	    High 	    Low 
45: Foxol	  -  Lithic bedrock	14-20	   	    Indurated	Moderate	  Moderate	  Moderate
Vitale	  Lithic bedrock	20-40		  Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low
46: Hades	   			   	Moderate	    Moderate	    Moderate
Camelback					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Hondoho			 		Moderate	  High	Low
47:	 		 				
Hades	 		j	 	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Lanoak					High	Moderate	Low
Camelback	 			 	Moderate	  Moderate	Low
48: Haploxerolls		   	   		    Moderate	    High	Low
Xerorthents	  Paralithic   bedrock	   10-60 	   	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 
49: Hendricks	 	   	   	   	    High	    High 	    Moderate 
50: Holmes	 	   	 	 	  Moderate	  Moderate 	Low

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

### According to the composition of the composition	Map symbol	 	Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion		
Sit		     Kind		  Thickness	Hardness	for	!	Concrete		
Noderate			In	In						
Nondee		   	   	   	 	    Moderate 	    High 	  -  Low- 		
Hondoho		 	   	 	 	  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 		
54:         Rondoho		 	   	 	 	  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 		
Hondoho	Hades			i		Moderate	Moderate	Moderate		
Signature		 	   	   	   	    Moderate 	    Moderate 	    Low		
Hondoho	Ricrest	 !				  Moderate	  High	Low		
Hades		   	Sprollow	  Lithic bedrock	20-40		Indurated	  Moderate	  High	Low
Hondoho	Hades	 				  Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate		
57:         Huffman		   	   	   		    Moderate	    Moderate	    Low		
Huffman	Vitale	  Lithic bedrock	20-40		  Indurated	  Moderate	  Moderate	Low		
Huffman		   		 	   	   	 	    High 	    High 	    Low 
bedrock   cemented		 	   	 	 	  High 	  High 	  Low 		
Huffman	Dirtyhead	!	25-40	 	· -	  Moderate   	  High 	Low		
Lanoak High Moderate Low 61: Huffman High High Low Wursten Moderate High Low		   	Harroun	  Duripan 	10-20	2-15	  Strongly cemented	  Moderate	  High	Low
Huffman           High         High         Low           Wursten           Moderate         High         Low	Lanoak				 	  High	  Moderate	Low		
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		   	   		   	    High	    High	  -  Low		
	Wursten					  Moderate	  High	Low		
62: Iphil	62: Iphil	 	   		 	    High	    High	  -  Low		
Lonigan	Lonigan		20-40	   	_	  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 		
63:		    Lithic bedrock	     20-40		    Indurated	    Moderate	    High	Low		
PolumarLithic bedrock 40-60 Indurated Moderate High Low	Polumar	  Lithic bedrock	40-60		  Indurated	  Moderate	  High	Low		

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Man gymbol		Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
Map symbol and soil name	     Kind	Depth to top	  Thickness	   Hardness	for   for  frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
	 	In	In				   
64: Kabear	   	   		   	    Moderate	    Moderate	    Low
Staberg	  Paralithic   bedrock	   20-40 	   	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	  Low 
Copenhagen	  Lithic bedrock 	   10-20 	   	  Very strongly   cemented	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	  Low 
65:		 		 			
Kabear					Moderate	Moderate	Low
Staberg	  Paralithic   bedrock	20-40	   	  Moderately   cemented	Moderate	  Moderate 	Low
Copenhagen	  Lithic bedrock   	   10-20 	   	  Very strongly   cemented	Moderate	  Moderate 	  Low 
66: Kearns	 	   	   		    High 	    High 	  Low 
67: Kearnsar	 	   	 	 	    High	  High	  Low
Battle Creek					High	  High	Low
68: Kidman	 	   	   	 	    Moderate	    High 	    Low 
69: Kidman	   	   	   		  Moderate	    High 	    Low 
70: Kidman	   	   	   		  Moderate 	  High 	  Low 
71: Kidman, wet	   	   	i   	   	  High 	  High 	  Low 
72: Kidman	 	   	 	 	  Moderate	  High 	  Low 
Sterling	i	i	i		Moderate	  High	Low
73: Lando	 	   	   		  High 	  High	  Low 
74: Lanoak	 	   	   		  High 	  Moderate	  Low 
75: Lanoak	 	   	   		    High 	    Moderate 	    Low 
76: Lanoak	   	   	   	   	    High	    Moderate 	    Low 
Broadhead		 			Moderate	  Moderate	  Moderate
77: Lanoak	 	   			    High	    Moderate	    Low
Broadhead	   	   	   	   	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	  Low 

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	 	Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	   Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	   Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In		į		İ
77:	 		 			 	
Hades					Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
78:	 					 	
Lanoak					High	Moderate	Low
Hades	 			 	Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate
nades					Moderate		Moderace
79: Lanoak	 			 	  uiab	  Moderate	Low
Lanoak	 			 	High 	Moderate	LTOM
Thatcher					High	High	Moderate
80:	 		 			 	
Layton					Low	High	Low
81:	 		 	 		 	
Layton					Low	  High	Low
82:							
Lizdale					Moderate	  High	Low
22							
83: Lizdale	 			 	Moderate	  High	Low
	į	į	į			ĺ	į
Searla	 			 	Moderate	High 	Low
84:	į	į	į				į
Logan	 			 	High	High 	Moderate
35:		İ	İ				
Lonigan	Paralithic   bedrock	20-40		Moderately   cemented	Moderate	High	Low
	Dedicer			cemenced		 	
Lizdale					Moderate	High	Low
86:	 						
Lonigan		20-40		Moderately	Moderate	High	Low
	bedrock			cemented		 	
Ricrest					Moderate	  High	Low
87:	 		 			 	
Manila		i			Moderate	Moderate	Low
88:						 	
Manila					Moderate	  Moderate	Low
00							
89: Manila				 	Moderate	  Moderate	Low
	į	į	į			į	į
90: Manila					Moderate	  Moderate	Low
	İ		į			į	į
Bancroft					High	High	Low
91:							
Manila			ļ		Moderate	Moderate	Low
Broadhead					Moderate	  Moderate	  Moderate
	İ	i	i			İ	i

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	 	Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of corrosion		
and soil name	   Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	   Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete	
		In	In					
92:	 					 		
Manila					Moderate	Moderate	Low	
Broadhead					Moderate	  Moderate	Moderate	
93:	 					 		
Manila		ļ			Moderate	Moderate	Low	
Lonigan	  Paralithic   bedrock 	20-40		  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate   	  High 	Low	
94:								
Manila				 	Moderate	Moderate	Low	
Yeates Hollow					Moderate	  High	Low	
95:	 							
Maplecreek				 	High	High	Low	
96:		į						
Maplecreek	 			 	High 	High 	Low	
Layton	 	j		 	Low	High	Low	
97:		į						
Merkley	 			 	High 	High 	Low	
Lago		į			High	High	Low	
Bear Lake					High	  High	Moderate	
98:	 			 				
Moonlight					High	Moderate	Moderate	
Camelback					Moderate	Moderate	Low	
99:	 			 				
Niter	 			 	Moderate	High 	High	
Brifox					Moderate	  High	High	
100:								
Northwater	Lithic bedrock	40-60		Indurated	Moderate	High 	Low	
Foxol	Lithic bedrock	14-20		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	
Vitale	Lithic bedrock	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low	
101:	 			 	l I	 		
Northwater	 				Moderate	Moderate	Low	
Povey	 			 	Moderate	  Moderate	Low	
102:	 			 				
Northwater	 			 I	Moderate	Moderate	Low	
Povey	 				Moderate	  Moderate	Low	
103:	 			 				
Nyman	Lithic bedrock	20-40	i	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low	

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	 	Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	   Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness 	   Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In				
103: Lonigan	    Paralithic   bedrock	20-40	     	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	    High 	Low
Copenhagen	  Lithic bedrock   	10-20	   	  Very strongly   cemented	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	Low
104: Oxford	 		   	 	  Moderate	    High 	  High
Banida					Moderate	  High	High
105: Oxford	   		   	   	  Moderate	    High 	    High
Banida	 	j	i		Moderate	  High 	High
106: Oxford	 		   	 	  Moderate	  High 	  High
Banida					Moderate	  High	High
107: Oxford	 		   	 	  Moderate	    High 	  High
Gullied land.	 	į	į I		į	!	İ
108: Parkay	    Lithic bedrock 	40-60	   	    Indurated 	  Moderate	    Moderate 	Low
Povey					Moderate	Moderate	Low
109: Parleys	   		   	 	  High	    High 	Low
110: Parleys	   	 	   	   	  High 	  High 	Low
111: Parleys, wet	   		   	   	  High 	  Moderate 	Low
112: Pavohroo	   		   	   	  Moderate 	  High 	Low
Sedgway	 			 	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Toponce	 	i	 	 	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
113: Picabo	 		   	 	  High 	  High 	  Moderate
Thatcherflats			 		High	  High 	  High 
114: Pits, gravel.	     		     	     		     	
115: Pollynot	 		   	 	  Moderate	    High 	Low
116: Pollynot					Moderate	    High	Low

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	 	Restric	tive layer		Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	     Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness 	   Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In		İ		į
17:	 			 		 	
Pollynot	   			 	Moderate	  High 	Low
18: Pollynot	 		 	 	Moderate	  High	Low
.19:	 			 		 	
Polumar	Lithic bedrock	40-60		Indurated	Moderate	  High	Low
Ireland	  Lithic bedrock 	20-40		  Indurated	Moderate	  High 	Low
20:		İ			i	İ	İ
Polumar	Lithic bedrock 	40-60		Indurated	Moderate	High 	Low
Sprollow	Lithic bedrock	20-40		Indurated	Moderate	  High	Low
Ireland	  Lithic bedrock 	20-40		  Indurated 	Moderate	  High 	Low
.21:		į					
Povey	 			 	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Hades		į			Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Hondoho					Moderate	  Moderate	Low
.22:	 					 	
Povey		ļ			Moderate	Moderate	Low
Parkay	  Lithic bedrock	40-60		  Indurated	Moderate	  Moderate	Low
.23:	 					 	
Preston	 			 	Low	High 	Moderate
.24:		İ					
Preston	 			 	Low	High 	Moderate
.25:		į			į		į
Preston	 				Low	High 	Moderate
.26:		į			į		į
Preston	 			 	Low	High 	Moderate
Xerorthents	  Paralithic   bedrock	10-60		Moderately   cemented	Moderate	  High 	Low
.27:	 	1	 	 		 	
Ricrest		į			Moderate	High	Low
.28:	 			 		 	
Sanyon	Paralithic bedrock	10-20	 	Moderately cemented	Moderate	High 	Low
Staberg	  Paralithic   bedrock	20-40	   	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	Low
Kabear	   		 	 	  Moderate	  Moderate 	Low
29:							
Smidale					Moderate	Moderate	Low

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol	 	Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	   Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	   Hardness	for  frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In				
130: Smidale	   				    Moderate	    Moderate	Low
Staberg	  Paralithic   bedrock	20-40	   	Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	Low
131: Sprollow	    Lithic bedrock	20-40	   	    Indurated	    Moderate	    High	Low
Hondoho					Moderate	  Moderate	Low
132: Sprollow	    Lithic bedrock	20-40	   	    Indurated	    Moderate	    High	Low
Hymas	Lithic bedrock	10-20		  Indurated	Moderate	  High	Low
133: Sterling	 		   	   	Moderate	    High 	Low
134: Sterling	   		 		Moderate	  High 	Low
135: Sterling	 		   		  Moderate	  High	Moderate
136: Sterling	   		   	 	    Moderate	    High	Low
137: Sterling	   		   	 	    Moderate	    High	Low
Parleys					High	High	Low
l38: Thatcher	   		   		  High	    High	  Moderate
Bearhollow					Moderate	  High	Low
139: Toponce	 		   	   	    Moderate	    Moderate	    Moderate
Broadhead					Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
140: Trenton	   				    Moderate	    High	    High
Battle Creek					High	  High	Low
141: Trenton, cool	 				Moderate	    High	    High
Battle Creek, cool					  High	  High	Low
142: Trenton	 		   	 	Moderate	    High	  High
Parleys				 	  High	  Moderate	Low
143: Valmar	    Lithic bedrock	20-40	   	    Indurated	Moderate	    Moderate	Low
Camelback	   		   	   	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	Low
	I	1	1	I	I	I	I

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	     Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	Hardness	for  frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
		In	In				
143: Hades	   		   	   	    Moderate 	    Moderate 	    Moderate 
144: Vitale	  -  Iithic bedrock	20-40	i 	  Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Bergquist		40-60	 	Indurated	Moderate	    Moderate	Low
			į			į	
Rock outcrop	Lithic bedrock 	0		Indurated 			
145: Vitale	  Lithic bedrock 	20-40	   	  Indurated 	  Moderate 	  Moderate 	  Low 
Yeates Hollow	 I		i		Moderate	High	Low
Northwater	  Lithic bedrock	40-60		  Indurated	Moderate	  High	Low
146: Welby	   		   	   	    Moderate	    High 	  -  Low
147: Welby	 		   		  Moderate	    High 	  Low
148: Welby, wet	 		 	 	  High 	  High 	  Low 
149: Collinston	 		 		  High	  High 	Low
Wheelon					High	  High	Low
150: Wheelon	   		   	   	    High	    High 	  Low
Collinston					High	  High	Low
151: Wheelon	   		   	 	    High	    High	Low
Collinston					High	  High	Low
152: Windernot	   		   	   	Low	    High	Low
Lewnot	 			 	Moderate	  High	Low
Stinkcreek	 				  High	  High	Low
153: Winn	 		   	   	    High	    High	    Moderate
154: Winwell	 		   	 	    Moderate	    High	    Moderate
155: Winwell			   		    Moderate	    High	    Moderate
Collinston	 			 	  High	  High	Low
156: Wormcreek	    Paralithic   bedrock	   40-60 	     	Moderately cemented	  Moderate	    High 	Low

Table 24.--Soil Features--Continued

Map symbol		Restric	tive layer		   Potential	Risk of	corrosion
and soil name	Kind	Depth  to top	  Thickness	Hardness	for frost action	Uncoated steel	Concrete
	<u>                                     </u>	In	In	<u> </u>			
156: Copenhagen	    Lithic bedrock 	10-20	   	  Very strongly   cemented	    Moderate	    Moderate 	Low
L57 <b>:</b>			 				
Wormcreek	Paralithic   bedrock	40-60	 	Moderately cemented	Moderate	High 	Low
Lonigan	  Paralithic   bedrock 	20-40	   	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  High   	Low
158: Wursten			 		Moderate	  High	Low
Dirtyhead	  Paralithic   bedrock	25-40	   	Moderately cemented	  Moderate	  High 	Low
L59: Xerochrepts	   		   	   	    Moderate	    High	    Low
Wormcreek	  Paralithic   bedrock	   40-60 	   	  Moderately   cemented	  Moderate 	  High 	Low
Xerorthents	  Paralithic   bedrock	10-60	   	Moderately cemented	  Moderate	  High 	Low
160: Xerorthents	    Paralithic   bedrock	10-60	     	  Moderately   cemented	    Moderate 	    High 	Low
161: Yeates Hollow					Moderate	    High	Low
l62: Yeates Hollow	   		   	   	    Moderate	    High	Low
Manila	 			 	Moderate	  Moderate	Low
Softback	 			 	  Moderate	  Moderate	Low
.63: Yeates Hollow			   		Moderate	    High	Low
Vitale	Lithic bedrock	20-40	 	Indurated	Moderate	Moderate	Low
164: Water.	  - 	   	   	  - 		   	

#### Table 25.--Taxonomic Classification of the Soils

(An asterisk in the first column indicates a taxadjunct to the series. See text for a description of those characteristics that are outside the range of the series.)

Soil name	Family or higher taxonomic class
Airport	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Aquic Natrixerolls
	Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Calcic Argixerolls
Arbone	Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls
	Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Vertic Xerochrepts
	Fine, mixed, mesic Vertic Argixerolls
	Fine, mixed, frigid Vertic Argixerolls
	Fine-silty, frigid Typic Calciaquolls
	Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcixerollic Xerochrepts
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Haploxerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Chromic Calcixererts
	Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Vertic Argixerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Fluventic Xerochrepts
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls
	Fine-silty, frigid Typic Calciaquolls
	Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls
Collinston	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls
Copenhagen	Ashy-skeletal, frigid Lithic Haploxerolls
	Coarse-loamy, mixed (calcareous), mesic Oxyaquic Xerofluvents
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcixerollic Xerochrepts
	Fine-silty, mixed (calcareous), frigid Cumulic Endoaquolls
	Fine-loamy, mixed Argic Pachic Cryoborolls
	Fine-silty, mixed Cumulic Cryaquolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Lithic Haploxerolls
	Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls
Haploxerolls	
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid, shallow Typic Durixerolls Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Pachic Argixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Calcic Haploxerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Lithic Haploxerolls
	Coarse-silty, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Calcic Haploxerolls
Justesen	Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls
	Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Pachic Haploxerolls
Kearns	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Calcic Haploxerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Pachic Calcixerolls
Kidman	Coarse-loamy, mixed, mesic Calcic Haploxerolls
Lago	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Aquic Calcixerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Pachic Calcixerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Pachic Haploxerolls
	Sandy, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls
	Coarse-loamy over sandy or sandy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Aquic Xerochrepts Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Typic Calcixerolls
	Fine-silty, mesic Typic Calciaquolls
	Ashy-skeletal, frigid Vitrandic Haploxerolls
	Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Argixerolls
	Coarse-loamy, mixed, mesic Oxyaquic Calcixerolls
	Coarse-silty, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls
	Coarse-loamy, mixed Pachic Cryoborolls
	Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Calcixererts
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed Cryic Pachic Paleborolls
	Ashy-skeletal Vitrandic Cryoborolls
Oxford	Fine, montmorillonitic, frigid Vertic Xerochrepts
_	Transportation of the American Prophine Conscious 11 and 12 and 1
Parkay	Loamy-skeletal, mixed Argic Pachic Cryoborolls

Table 25.--Taxonomic Classification of the Soils--Continued

Soil name	Family or higher taxonomic class
Pavohroo	Fine-loamy, mixed Pachic Cryoborolls
	Coarse-silty, carbonatic, frigid Oxyaquic Calcixerolls
	Fine-loamy, mixed, mesic Calcic Argixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed Calcic Pachic Cryoborolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed Pachic Cryoborolls
	Mixed, mesic Typic Xeropsamments
	Fine-loamy, mixed, frigid Calcic Pachic Haploxerolls
	Fine-loamy, mixed, mesic Calcic Pachic Haploxerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Typic Calcixerolls
_	Fine-silty, mixed Cryic Pachic Paleborolls
	Ashy-skeletal, frigid, shallow Vitrandic Calcixerolls
-	Ashy-skeletal, Highd, shallow vitrandic calciverolis
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid taitit Argixeroffs
5 1	Loamy-skeletal, mixed Borarric Cryobororis
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Haploxerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, carbonatic, frigid Calcixerollic Xerochrepts
5	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Pachic Argixerolls
_	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls
	Fine-silty over sandy or sandy-skeletal, mesic Aeric Calciaquoll
	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Calcic Argixerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, frigid Typic Natrixeralfs
_	Fine, montmorillonitic Argic Vertic Cryoborolls
	Fine, mixed, mesic Typic Natrixerolls
	Fine, mixed, frigid Typic Natrixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls
	Loamy-skeletal, mixed, frigid Typic Argixerolls
	Coarse-silty, mixed, mesic Typic Calcixerolls
	Fine-silty, mixed, mesic Calcixerollic Xerochrepts
	Sandy-skeletal, mixed, mesic Pachic Calcixerolls
Winn	Fine-loamy, mixed, mesic Cumulic Haploxerolls
Winwell	Fine, mixed, mesic Calcic Pachic Argixerolls
Wormcreek	Ashy-skeletal, frigid Vitrandic Calcixerolls
Wursten	Coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid Typic Calcixerolls
Xerochrepts	Xerochrepts
Xerorthents	Xerorthents
Yago	Clayey-skeletal, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Argixerolls
Yeates Hollow	Clayey-skeletal, montmorillonitic, frigid Typic Argixerolls

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